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Nearly the whole of America’s partisan politics centers on a single question: Can markets solve our social problems? And for years this question has played out ferociously in the debates about how we should educate our children. Policy makers have increasingly turned to market-based models to help improve our schools, believing that private institutions—because they are competitively driven—are better than public ones. With *The Public School Advantage*, Christopher A. and Sarah Theule Lubienski offer powerful evidence to undercut this belief, showing that public schools in fact outperform private ones.

Decades of research have shown that students at private schools score, on average, at higher levels than students do at public schools. Drawing on two large-scale, nationally representative databases, the Lubienskis show, however, that this difference is more than explained by demographics—private school students largely come from more privileged backgrounds, offering greater educational support. After correcting for demographics, the authors go on to show that gains in student achievement at public schools are at least as great and often greater than those at private ones, and the very mechanism that market-based reformers champion—autonomy—may be the crucial factor that prevents private schools from performing better. Alternatively, those practices that these reformers castigate, such as teacher certification and professional reforms of curriculum and instruction, turn out to have a significant effect on school improvement. Offering facts, not ideologies, *The Public School Advantage* reveals that education is better off when provided *for* the public *by* the public.
Gardening can be frustratingly shrouded in secrecy. Fickle plants make seemingly spontaneous decisions to bloom or bust, seeds sprout magically in the blink of an eye, and deep-rooted mysteries unfold underground and out of sight. Understanding basic botany is like unlocking a horticultural code—but, fortunately, learning a little science can reveal the secrets of the botanical universe and shed some light on what’s really going on in your garden.

Practical Botany for Gardeners provides an elegant and accessible introduction to the world of botany. It presents the essentials that every gardener needs to know, connecting explanations of scientific facts with useful gardening tips. Flip to the roots section and you’ll not only learn how different types of roots support a plant but also find that adding fungi to soil aids growth. The pruning section both defines “lateral buds” and explains how far back on a shoot to cut in order to propagate them.

The book breaks down key areas and terminology with easy-to-navigate chapters arranged by theme, such as plant types, plant parts, inner workings, and external factors. “Great Botanists” and “Botany in Action” boxes delve deeper into the fascinating byways of plant science. This multifaceted book also includes two hundred botanical illustrations and basic diagrams that hearken to the classic roots of botany.

Part handbook, part reference, Practical Botany for Gardeners is a beautifully captivating read. It’s a must for garden lovers and backyard botanists who want to grow and nurture their own plant knowledge.

Geoff Hodge is a gardening and horticultural writer and the former gardening editor for Gardening News. His most recent books include The RHS Allotment Handbook, RHS Propagation Techniques, and RHS Pruning and Training.
For centuries herbs and spices have been an integral part of many of the world’s great cuisines. But spices have a history of doing much more than adding life to bland foods. They have been the inspiration for, among other things, trade, exploration, and poetry. Priests employed them in worship, incantations, and rituals, and shamans used them as charms to ward off evil spirits. Nations fought over access to and monopoly of certain spices, like cinnamon and nutmeg, when they were rare commodities. Not only were many men’s fortunes made in the pursuit of spices, spices at many periods throughout history literally served as currency.

In *Culinary Herbs and Spices of the World*, Ben-Erik van Wyk offers the first fully illustrated, scientific guide to nearly all commercial herbs and spices in existence. Van Wyk covers more than 150 species—from black pepper and blackcurrant to white mustard and white ginger—detailing the propagation, cultivation, and culinary uses of each. Introductory chapters capture the essence of culinary traditions, traditional herb and spice mixtures, preservation, presentation, and the chemistry of flavors, and individual entries include the chemical compounds and structures responsible for each spice or herb’s characteristic flavor. Many of the herbs and spices Van Wyk covers are familiar fixtures in our own spice racks, but a few—especially those from Africa and China—will be introduced for the first time to American audiences. Van Wyk also offers a global view of the most famous use or signature dish for each herb or spice, satisfying the gourmand’s curiosity for more information about new dishes from little-known culinary traditions.

People all over the world are becoming more sophisticated and demanding about what they eat and how it is prepared. *Culinary Herbs and Spices of the World* will appeal to those inquisitive foodies in addition to gardeners and botanists.

Ben-Erik van Wyk is professor of botany at the University of Johannesburg and the author of several best-selling books on plants and plant use.
A library is not just a collection of books, but also the building that houses them. As varied and inventive as the volumes they hold, such buildings can be much more than the dusty, dark wooden shelves found in mystery stories or the catacombs of stacks in the basements of academia. From the great dome of the Library of Congress, to the white façade of the Seinäjoki Library in Finland, to the ancient ruins of the library of Pergamum in modern Turkey, the architecture of a library is a symbol of its time as well as of its builders’ wealth, culture, and learning.

Architectural historian James W. P. Campbell and photographer Will Pryce traveled the globe together, visiting and documenting over eighty libraries that exemplify the many different approaches to thinking about and designing spaces for books. The result of their travels, The Library: A World History is one of the first books to tell the story of library architecture around the world and through time in a single volume, from ancient Mesopotamia to modern China and from the beginnings of the written word to the present day. As these beautiful and striking photos reveal, each age and culture has reinvented the library, molding it to reflect its own priorities and preoccupations—and in turn mirroring the history of civilization itself. Campbell’s authoritative yet readable text recounts the history of these libraries, while Pryce’s stunning photographs vividly capture each building’s structure and atmosphere.

James W. P. Campbell is a fellow and director of studies in architecture and history of art at Queens’ College, Cambridge. His most recent books include Brick: A World History (also with Will Pryce) and Building St Paul’s. Will Pryce is an award-winning photographer based in London who originally trained as an architect. His previous books include World Architecture: The Masterworks; Big Shed; and Architecture in Wood: A World History.
Together, Campbell and Pryce have produced a landmark book—the definitive photographic history of the library and one that will be essential for the home libraries of book lovers and architecture devotees alike.

Among the libraries included are

- Admont, Austria
- Beinecke Rare Book and Manuscript Library, Yale University
- Bibliothèque Nationale, Paris, France
- Fisher Fine Arts Library, University of Pennsylvania
- St Gallen, Switzerland
- George Peabody Library, Johns Hopkins University
- Glasgow School of Art, Scotland
- Laurentian Library, Florence, Italy
- Library of Congress, Washington, DC
- New York Public Library
- Reizei House, Kyoto, Japan
- Stockholm City Library, Sweden
From geraniums to begonias, the common plants that adorn backyard gardens are rarely native to our region. The same goes for many of the diverse and delicious fruits and vegetables that grace our dinner tables. We take their accessibility and ubiquity for granted, unaware of the great debt we owe to the naturalists and explorers who traveled the world in search of these then-unusual plants and brought back samples and seeds—along with fantastic stories. In The Plant Hunters, Carolyn Fry pays homage to those whose obsession with plants gave rise to our own passion for botanicals and gardening.

Lavishly illustrated with more than one hundred images from the archives at the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, The Plant Hunters offers an accessible history of plant exploration and discovery through short, informative entries. From the naturalists of Alexander the Great’s entourage to pioneering botanists such as Joseph Hooker, Joseph Banks, and Alexander von Humboldt, Fry’s history covers the globe in its celebration of our fascination with plants. She shows how coconut trees and numerous fruits and vegetables were spread from one country to many, and the significant role that newly discovered plants, including tulips, tea, and rubber, have played in economic history. The Plant Hunters also traces the establishment of botanical gardens and the many uses of plants in medicine. In addition to stunning botanical drawings, the book features several unique facsimiles, including a letter from Carl Linnaeus, the father of taxonomy; extracts from Joseph Hooker’s notebooks; an extract from the orchid sketchbook of John Day; and an original map of Kew Gardens made in 1740 by Jean Rocque.

This gorgeous and entertaining history will be a perfect gift for gardeners, and anyone fascinated by the intersection of the histories of science and discovery.

Carolyn Fry is a journalist and a former editor of Geographical, the magazine of the Royal Geographical Society.
The Golden Age of Botanical Art

The seventeenth century heralded a golden age of exploration, as intrepid travelers sailed around the world to gain firsthand knowledge of previously unknown continents. These explorers also collected the world’s most beautiful flora, and often their findings were recorded for posterity by talented professional artists. The Golden Age of Botanical Art tells the story of these exciting plant-hunting journeys and marries it with full-color reproductions of the stunning artwork they produced. Covering work through the nineteenth century, this lavishly illustrated book offers readers a look at 250 rare or unpublished images by some of the world’s most important botanical artists.

Truly global in its scope, The Golden Age of Botanical Art features work by artists from Europe, China, and India, recording plants from places as disparate as Africa and South America. Martyn Rix has compiled the stories and art not only of well-known figures—such as Leonardo da Vinci and the artists employed by Empress Josephine Bonaparte—but also of those adventurous botanists and painters whose names and work have been forgotten. A celebration of both extraordinarily beautiful plant life and the globe-trotting men and women who found and recorded it, The Golden Age of Botanical Art will enchant gardeners and art lovers alike.

“This is a superior article. The botanist author has selected numerous rare or unpublished flower paintings from Kew’s own collection, while the text is a jog through the history of botanical art, with an emphasis on plant collecting... This has to be the prize garden gift book of the year.”—Telegraph

Martyn Rix is a botanist and the editor of Curtis’s Botanical Magazine.
T once feared and revered, sharks have captivated people since our earliest human encounters. Children and adults alike stand awed before aquarium shark tanks, fascinated by the giant teeth and unnerving eyes. And no swim in the ocean is undertaken without a slight shiver of anxiety about the very real—and very cinematic—dangers of shark bites. But our interactions with sharks are not entirely one-sided: the threats we pose to sharks through fisheries, organized hunts, and gill nets on coastlines are more deadly and far-reaching than any bite.

A contributing photographer to National Geographic, Thomas P. Peschak is best known for his unusual photographs of sharks—his iconic image of a great white shark following a researcher in a small yellow kayak is one of the most recognizable shark photographs in the world. The other images gathered here are no less riveting, bringing us as close as possible to sharks in the wild. Alongside the photographs, Sharks and People tells the compelling story of the natural history of sharks. Sharks have roamed the oceans for more than four hundred million years, and in this time they have never stopped adapting to the ever-changing world—their unique cartilage skeletons and array of super-senses mark them as one of the most evolved groups of animals. Scientists have recently discovered that sharks play an important role in balancing the ocean, including maintaining the health of coral reefs. Yet, tens of millions of sharks are killed every year just to fill the demand for shark fin soup alone. Today more than sixty species of sharks, including hammerhead, mako, and oceanic white-tip sharks, are listed as vulnerable or in danger of extinction.

The need to understand the significant part sharks play in the oceanic ecosystem has never been so urgent, and Peschak’s photographs bear witness to the thrilling strength and unique attraction of sharks. They are certain to enthrall and inspire.
In *Sharks and People* acclaimed wildlife photographer Thomas Peschak presents stunning photographs that capture the relationship between people and sharks around the globe.

*Thomas P. Peschak* is a fellow of the International League of Conservation Photographers and a contributing photographer to *National Geographic Magazine*. He has won multiple World Press Photo and BBC Wildlife Photographer of the Year awards. His other books include *Currents of Contrast, South Africa’s Great White Shark, Wild Seas, Secret Shores of Africa*, and *Lost World*. 
American art museums flourished in the late twentieth century, and the impresario leading much of this growth was J. Carter Brown, director of the National Gallery of Art in Washington, DC, from 1969 to 1992. Along with S. Dillon Ripley, who served as Smithsonian secretary for much of that time, Brown reinvented the museum experience in ways that had important consequences for the cultural life of Washington and its visitors as well as for American museums in general. In Capital Culture, distinguished historian Neil Harris provides a wide-ranging look at Brown’s achievement and the growth of museum culture during this crucial period.

Harris combines his in-depth knowledge of American history and culture with extensive archival research, interviewing dozens of key players to reveal how Brown’s showmanship transformed the National Gallery. At the time of the Cold War, Washington itself was growing into a global destination, with Brown as its devoted booster. Harris describes Brown’s major role in the birth of blockbuster exhibitions, such as the King Tut show of the late 1970s and the National Gallery’s immensely successful Treasure Houses of Britain, which helped inspire similarly popular exhibitions around the country. He recounts Brown’s role in the creation of the award-winning East Building by architect I. M. Pei and the subsequent renovation of the West Building. Harris also explores the politics of exhibition planning, describing Brown’s courtship of corporate leaders, politicians, and international dignitaries.

In this monumental book, Harris brings to life a dynamic era and exposes the creation of Brown’s impressive but costly legacy, one that changed the face of American museums forever.

Neil Harris is the Preston and Sterling Morton Professor Emeritus of History and of Art History at the University of Chicago. He is the author of several books, including The Artist in American Society; Humbug: The Art of P. T. Barnum; Cultural Excursions: Marketing Appetites and Cultural Tastes in Modern America; and The Chicagouan: A Lost Magazine of the Jazz Age.

“Meticulously researched and thoughtfully written, Capital Culture places J. Carter Brown in his historical context and reveals the social, political, and economic issues he contended with during his long tenure at the National Gallery. Neil Harris also brings to life the way Brown used his rivalry with Tom Hoving and later Philippe de Montebello at the Metropolitan Museum of Art to animate the National Gallery and make it the cultural center of Washington, and for a time, the nation.”

—Glenn Lowry, director, MoMA
The Almanac of American Politics 2014

The Almanac of American Politics is the gold standard—the book that everyone involved, invested, or interested in American politics must have on their reference shelf. Continuing the tradition of accurate and up-to-date information, the 2014 almanac includes new and updated profiles of every member of Congress and every state governor. These profiles cover everything from expenditures to voting records, interest-group ratings, and, of course, politics. In-depth overviews of each state and house district are included as well, along with demographic data, analysis of voting trends, and political histories. The new edition contains Michael Barone’s sharp-eyed analysis of the 2012 election, both congressional and presidential, exploring how the votes fell and what they mean for future legislation. The almanac also provides comprehensive coverage of the changes brought about by the 2010 census and has been reorganized to align with the resulting new districts.

Like every edition since the almanac first appeared in 1972, the 2014 edition is helmed by veteran political analyst Michael Barone. Together with Chuck McCutcheon, collaborator since 2012, and two new editors, Sean Trende, senior elections analyst for RealClearPolitics, and Josh Kraushaar, managing editor at National Journal, Barone offers an unparalleled perspective on contemporary politics.

Full of maps, census data, and detailed information about the American political landscape, the 2014 Almanac of American Politics remains the most comprehensive resource for journalists, politicos, business people, and academics.

Michael Barone is a senior political analyst for the Washington Examiner and a Fox News Channel contributor. Chuck McCutcheon is a freelance writer and editor in Washington, DC. Sean Trende is a senior elections analyst for RealClearPolitics. Josh Kraushaar is the managing editor of politics at National Journal.
By 2050, the world population is expected to reach nine billion. And the challenge of feeding this rapidly growing population is being made greater by climate change, which will increasingly wreak havoc on the way we produce our food. At the same time, we have lost touch with the soil—few of us know where our food comes from, let alone how to grow it—and we are at the mercy of multinational corporations who control the crops and give little thought to the damage their methods are inflicting on the planet. Our very future is at risk.

In Consumed, Sarah Elton walks fields and farms on three continents, not only investigating the very real threats to our food, but also telling the little-known stories of the people who are working against time to create a new and hopeful future. From the mountains of southern France to the highlands of China, from the crowded streets of Nairobi to the banks of the St. Lawrence River in Quebec, we meet people from all walks of life who are putting together an alternative to the omnipresent industrial food system. In the arid fields of rural India we meet a farmer who has transformed her community by selling organic food directly to her neighbors. We visit a laboratory in Toronto where scientists are breeding a new kind of rice seed that they claim will feed the world. We learn about Italy’s underground food movement; how university grads are returning to the fields in China, Greece, and France; and how in Detroit, plots of vacant land planted with kale and carrots can help us see what’s possible.

Food might be the problem, but as Elton shows, it is also the solution. The food system as we know it was assembled in a few decades—and if it can be built that quickly, it can be reassembled and improved in the same amount of time. Elton here lays out the targets we need to meet by the year 2050. The stories she tells give us hope for avoiding a daunting fate and instead help us to believe in a not-too-distant future when we can all sit at the table.
Don’t Look, Don’t Touch, Don’t Eat
The Science Behind Revulsion

Every flu season, sneezing, coughing, and graphic throat-clearing become the day-to-day background noise in every workplace. And coworkers tend to move as far—and as quickly—away from the source of these bodily eruptions as possible. Instinctively, humans recoil from objects that they view as dirty and even struggle to overcome feelings of discomfort once the offending item has been cleaned. These reactions are universal, and although there are cultural and individual variations, by and large we are all disgusted by the same things.

In Don’t Look, Don’t Touch, Don’t Eat, Valerie Curtis builds a strong case for disgust as a “shadow emotion”—less familiar than love or sadness, it nevertheless affects our everyday lives. In disgust, biological and sociocultural factors meet in dynamic ways to shape human and animal behavior. Curtis traces the evolutionary role of disgust in disease prevention and hygiene, but also shows that it is much more than a biological mechanism. Human social norms, from good manners to moral behavior, are deeply rooted in our sense of disgust. The disgust reaction informs both our political opinions and our darkest tendencies, such as misogyny and racism. Through a deeper understanding of disgust, Curtis argues, we can take this ubiquitous human emotion and direct it toward useful ends, from combating prejudice to reducing disease in the poorest parts of the world by raising standards of hygiene.

Don’t Look, Don’t Touch, Don’t Eat reveals disgust to be a vital part of what it means to be human and explores how this deep-seatd response can be harnessed to improve the world.

Valerie Curtis is director of the Hygiene Centre at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine.

“An entertaining and informative book. The writing is clear and engaging. . . .
Valerie Curtis’s extensive professional experience in the world of hygiene and disease prevention give a nice personal touch throughout, as she has at hand both grabby examples and anecdotes, as well as compelling public health reasons for why we ought to attend to disgust.”
—Daniel M. T. Fessler, University of California, Los Angeles
The first known Chicago Tribune theater review appeared on March 25, 1853. An anonymous notice, it shared the page with two other announcements—one about a pair of thousand-pound hogs set to be slaughtered and another trumpeting the largest load of lumber ever to leave Chicago. “And thus Chicago’s priorities were starkly laid out right there on that page,” begins Chris Jones in the introduction to this new collection. “Hog butcher for the world and windy self-promoter, specializing in commerce-driven superlatives. The arts came a poor third. Critics would rail against that perceived set of civic priorities for years.”

The Chicago of today, on the other hand, is regarded as one of the world’s premier cities for theater, and no one has had a more consistent front-row seat to its ascendancy than the Chicago Tribune theater critics. Bigger, Brighter, Louder weaves together more than 150 years of Tribune reviews into a compelling narrative, pairing full reviews with commentary and history. With a sharp eye for telling details and a keen sense of historical context, Jones, longtime chief Tribune theater critic, takes readers through decades of highs and lows, successes and failures.

The book showcases fascinating early reviews of actors and shows that would go on to achieve phenomenal success, including a tryout of A Raisin in the Sun with newcomer Sidney Poitier and the first major review of The Producers. It also delves into the rare and the unusual, such as a previously unpublished Tennessee Williams interview and a long conversation with Edward Albee’s mother.

Bigger, Brighter, Louder offers a vital store of primary documents about Chicago arts and a riveting look at the history behind the city’s rise to theatrical greatness.

Chris Jones is chief theater critic for the Chicago Tribune, where he has reviewed and commented on culture, the arts, politics, and entertainment for more than fifteen years. He is also adjunct professor at the Theatre School at DePaul University.
Bears, Bulls, Cubs, Sox, Blackhawks—there’s no city like Chicago when it comes to sports. Generation after generation, Chicagoans pass down their almost religious allegiances to teams, stadiums, and players and their never-say-die attitude, along with the stories of the city’s best (and worst) sports moments. And every one of those moments—every come-from-behind victory or crushing defeat—has been chronicled by Chicago’s unparalleled sportswriters.

In *From Black Sox to Three-Peats*, veteran Chicago sports columnist Ron Rapoport assembles one hundred of the best pieces from the *Tribune*, *Sun-Times*, *Daily News*, *Defender*, and other papers to tell the unforgettable story of a century of Chicago sports. From Ring Lardner to Rick Telander, Westbrook Pegler to Bob Verdi, Mike Royko to Wendell Smith, Melissa Isaacson to Brent Musburger, and on, this collection reminds us that Chicago sports fans have enjoyed a wealth of talent not just on the field, but in the press box as well. Through their stories we relive the betrayal of the Black Sox, the cocksure power of the ’85 Bears, the assassin’s efficiency of Jordan’s Bulls, the Blackhawks’ stunning reclamation of the Stanley Cup, and the Cubs’ century of futility.

Sports are the most ephemeral of news events: once you know the outcome, the drama is gone. But every once in a while, there are those games, those teams, those players that make it into something more—and great writers can transform those fleeting moments into lasting stories that become part of the very identity of a city. *From Black Sox to Three-Peats* is Chicago history at its most exciting and celebratory. No sports fan should be without it.

**Ron Rapoport** was a sports columnist for the *Chicago Sun-Times* for more than twenty years and also wrote for the *Los Angeles Times*, *Los Angeles Daily News*, and the Associated Press. He served as the sports commentator for NPR’s *Weekend Edition* for two decades and has written a number of books about sports and entertainment.
“Where you stand depends on where you sit’ is a maxim seldom applied to the economic backgrounds of legislators. But Nicholas Carnes’s eye-opening study shows social class and work experience to be key determinants in shaping how Congress and state legislatures write laws and shape policies.”

—Timothy Noah, author of The Great Divergence: America’s Growing Inequality Crisis and What We Can Do About It

Eight of the last twelve presidents were millionaires when they took office. The figure is above fifty percent among current Supreme Court justices, all nine of whom graduated from either Harvard or Yale. Millionaires also control Congress, where a background in business or law is the norm and the average member of the House or Senate has spent less than two percent of his or her adult life in a working-class job. Why is it that most politicians in America are so much better off than the people who elect them—and does the social class divide between citizens and their representatives matter?

With White-Collar Government, Nicholas Carnes answers this question with a resounding—and disturbing—yes. Legislators’ socioeconomic backgrounds, he shows, have a profound impact not only on how they view the issues but also on the choices they make in office. Scant representation from among the working class almost guarantees that the policymaking process will be skewed toward outcomes that favor the upper class. It matters that the wealthiest Americans set the tax rates for the wealthy, that white-collar professionals choose the minimum wage for blue-collar workers, and that people who have always had health insurance decide whether to help those without. And while there is no one cause for this crisis of representation, Carnes shows that the problem does not stem from a lack of qualified candidates from among the working class. The solution, he argues, must involve a variety of changes, from the equalization of campaign funding to a shift in the types of candidates the parties support.

If we want a government for the people, we have to start working toward a government that is truly by the people. White-Collar Government challenges long-held notions about the causes of political inequality in the United States and speaks to enduring questions about representation and political accountability.

Nicholas Carnes is assistant professor of public policy in the Sanford School of Public Policy at Duke University. He lives in Durham, NC, and he has worked as a busboy, dishwasher, and construction worker.
Ideas Have Consequences

Expanded Edition

With a new Foreword by Roger Kimball and Afterword by Ted J. Smith III

Originally published in 1948, at the height of post–World War II optimism and confidence in collective security, Ideas Have Consequences uses “words hard as cannonballs” to present an unsparing diagnosis of the ills of the modern age. Widely read and debated at the time of its first publication, the book is now seen as one of the foundational texts of the modern conservative movement.

In its pages, Richard M. Weaver argues that the decline of Western civilization resulted from the rising acceptance of relativism over absolute reality. In spite of increased knowledge, this retreat from the realist intellectual tradition has weakened the Western capacity to reason, with catastrophic consequences for social order and individual rights. But Weaver also offers a realistic remedy. These difficulties are the product not of necessity but of intelligent choice. And, today, as decades ago, the remedy lies in the renewed acceptance of absolute reality and the recognition that ideas—like actions—have consequences.

This expanded edition of the classic work contains a foreword by New Criterion editor Roger Kimball that offers insight into the rich intellectual and historical contexts of Weaver and his work and an afterword by Ted J. Smith III that relates the remarkable story of the book’s writing and publication.

“This deeply prophetic book not only launched the renaissance of philosophical conservatism in this country, but in the process gave us an armory of insights into the diseases besetting the national community that is as timely today as when it first appeared. Ideas Have Consequences is one of the few authentic classics in the American political tradition.”—Robert Nisbet

Richard M. Weaver (1910–63) was an American scholar, revered conservative, and professor of English and rhetoric at the University of Chicago. He is the author of several books, including The Ethics of Rhetoric and Visions of Order: The Cultural Crisis of Our Time.
smart phones and GPS give us many possible routes to navigate our daily commute, warn us of traffic and delays, and tell us where to find a cup of coffee. But what if there were sea serpents and giant, man-eating lobsters waiting just off course if we were to lose our way? Would there be an app for that? In the sixteenth century, these and other monsters were thought to swim the northern waters, threatening seafarers who ventured too far from shore. Thankfully, Scandinavian mariners had Olaus Magnus, who in 1539 charted these fantastic marine animals in his influential map of the Nordic countries, the *Carta Marina*. In *Sea Monsters*, well-known expert on magical beasts Joseph Nigg brings readers face-to-face with these creatures, alongside the other magnificent components of Magnus’s map.

Nearly two meters wide in total, the map’s nine woodblock panels comprise the largest and first realistic portrayal of Northern Europe. But in addition to these important geographic elements, Magnus’s map goes beyond cartography to scenes both domestic and mystic. Close to shore, Magnus shows humans interacting with common sea life—boats struggling to stay afloat, merchants trading, children swimming, and fishermen pulling lines. But from the offshore deeps rise some of the most magical and terrifying sea creatures imaginable at the time or thereafter—like sea swine, whales as large as islands, and the Kraken. In this book, Nigg provides a thorough tour of the map’s cartographic details, as well as a colorful look at its unusual pictorial and imaginative elements. He draws on Magnus’s own text to further describe and illuminate the inventive scenes and to flesh out the stories of the monsters.

*Sea Monsters* is a stunning tour of a world that still holds many secrets for us land dwellers, who will forever be fascinated by reports of giant squid and the real-life creatures of the deep that have proven to be as bizarre and otherworldly as we have imagined for centuries. It is a gorgeous guide for enthusiasts of maps, monsters, and the mythic.

Joseph Nigg is the author of *The Book of Fabulous Beasts* and *How to Raise and Keep a Dragon*, among others.
Our Once and Future Planet
Restoring the World in the Climate Change Century

The environmental movement is plagued by pessimism. And that’s not unreasonable: with so many complicated, seemingly intractable problems facing the planet, coupled with a need to convince people of the dangers we face, it’s hard not to focus on the negative.

But that paints an unbalanced—and overly disheartening—picture of what’s going on with environmental stewardship today. There are success stories, and Our Once and Future Planet delivers a fascinating account of one of the most impressive areas of current environmental experimentation and innovation: ecological restoration. Veteran investigative reporter Paddy Woodworth has spent years traveling the globe and talking with people—scientists, politicians, and ordinary citizens—who are working on the front lines of the battle against environmental degradation. At sites ranging from Mexico to New Zealand and Chicago to Cape Town, Woodworth shows us the striking successes (and a few humbling failures) of groups that are attempting to use cutting-edge science to restore blighted, polluted, and otherwise troubled landscapes to states of ecological health—and, in some of the most controversial cases, to particular moments in historical time, before widespread human intervention. His firsthand field reports and interviews with participants reveal the promise, power, and limitations of restoration.

Ecological restoration alone won’t solve the myriad problems facing our environment. But Our Once and Future Planet demonstrates the role it can play, and the hope, inspiration, and new knowledge that can come from saving even one small patch of earth.

Paddy Woodworth was a staff journalist at the Irish Times from 1988 to 2002 and is the author of Dirty War, Clean Hands and The Basque Country.

“This is a great piece of investigative journalism, based on extensive research in many countries, on a topic vital to the future of people and biodiversity on Earth. Paddy Woodworth has captured the spirit and detail of contemporary ecological restoration, its strengths, weaknesses, controversies, and especially its message of hope. I would commend this book to all interested in the challenge of devising new ways of sustainably living with biodiversity in a rapidly changing world.”

—Stephen D. Hopper, former CEO and chief scientist, Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew
Despite extensive overtures from authors of trend pieces, Sergio de La Pava has not moved to Brooklyn.

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When we asked Sergio De La Pava about his aims as a writer, he said, “I want every novel I write to depart significantly into a new direction.” With Personae, he’s made good on that promise.

Whereas De La Pava’s debut, the critically acclaimed A Naked Singularity, was a shaggy, baggy monster of a book, Personae, nearly five hundred pages shorter, is lean and sharp. A Naked Singularity locked us into the unforgettable voice of its protagonist, Casi, while Personae shimmers and shifts—among different perspectives, locations, narrative techniques.

Yet at the same time, the two novels are clearly the work of the same hand. The sheer energy of De La Pava’s sentences, his eye for absurd humor, his commitment to the idea of justice—all will be familiar as they carry us from the tale of an obsessive, damaged psychic detective consumed by a murder case into a Sartrean drama that raises questions (and jokes) about responsibility, fate, death, and more. And when De La Pava eventually returns us to the investigation, this time seen from the other side, the lives and deaths bound up in it feel all the more real and moving, even as solid answers slip away into mist.

A Naked Singularity was one of the most lauded debut novels in years. The Wall Street Journal named it one of the ten best novels of the year, and Shelf Awareness declared that it “heralded the arrival of a tremendous talent.” In some ways, despite its brevity, Personae is even more surprising and challenging than A Naked Singularity—and, in its ambition and fierce intelligence, it’s proof that Sergio De La Pava is here to stay.

Despite extensive overtures from authors of trend pieces, Sergio De La Pava
Richard Wagner
A Life in Music
Translated by Stewart Spencer

Best known for the challenging four-opera cycle *The Ring of the Niblung*, Richard Wagner (1813–83) was a conductor, librettist, theater director, and essayist, in addition to being the composer of some of the most enduring operatic works in history, such as *The Flying Dutchman*, *Tannhäuser*, and *Tristan and Isolde*. Though his influence on the development of European music is indisputable, Wagner was also quite outspoken on the politics and culture of his time. To befit such a dynamic figure, acclaimed biographer Martin Geck offers here a Wagner biography unlike any other, one that strikes a unique balance between the technical musical aspects of Wagner’s compositions and his overarching understanding of aesthetics.

There are few, if any, scholars today who know more about Wagner and his legacy than Geck, who builds upon his extensive research and considerable knowledge as one of the editors of the *Complete Works* and the *Complete Letters* to offer a distinctive appraisal of the composer and his operas. Geck explores key ideas in Wagner’s life and works, while always keeping the music in the foreground.

This year will mark the bicentennial of Wagner’s birth, and there is no better testament to the composer’s enduring influence than this fresh, vivid, and authoritative work. *Richard Wagner: A Life in Music* is a landmark study of one of music’s most important figures, offering something new to opera enthusiasts, Wagnerians, and anti-Wagnerians alike.

**Martin Geck** is professor of musicology at the Technical University of Dortmund, Germany. His other books include *Johann Sebastian Bach: Life and Work* and *Robert Schumann: The Life and Work of a Romantic Composer*, the latter also published by the University of Chicago Press. **Stewart Spencer** is an independent scholar and the translator of more than three dozen books.

“A fine biography. . . . This is the most balanced account of Schumann’s life and work for more than a generation, one that makes us want to relisten to Schumann’s music, knowing better the man behind it.”
—Wall Street Journal, on Robert Schumann
For millennia humans have been inspired and motivated by visions of paradise. In the Hindu tradition, Mount Meru is topped by the paradise of Brahma. For the Inuit of the Arctic lands, paradise is a world in which seal meat is plenty and the sky is rich with berries. For others, paradise may be crystalline Caribbean waters and white sands as far as the eye can see. The notion of paradise is ubiquitous, and the world’s literature provides a bounty of lore about a heaven on Earth, where the weather is mild, wine and sex are readily available, and everyone enjoys eternal youth.

In *Maps of Paradise*, cultural historian Alessandro Scafi takes readers on a lush visual tour of these blissful places, charting how mapmakers have drawn from these tales to depict paradise in maps. Scafi guides readers from late antiquity to the present, describing each society’s vision of paradise and revealing how each struggled to translate these visions into map form. He pays particular attention to maps from the Middle Ages to the Renaissance, a period that witnessed a remarkable evolution of paradise from a remote place impossible to detect with any precision, to a locale that could be depicted in recognizable maps. In addition, Scafi traces the changing perception of paradise over time, drawing heavily on historical debates about faith versus reason and theology versus philosophy, and demonstrates how these affected the choices mapmakers made when constructing their maps.

With this gorgeously illustrated book, Scafi offers readers a rare glimpse of paradise as envisioned throughout our past—and perhaps, if we’re lucky, as a window into the future.

**Alessandro Scafi** is a lecturer in medieval and Renaissance cultural history at the Warburg Institute, University of London. He is the author of *Mapping Paradise: A History of Heaven on Earth*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.
Charles Marville
Photographer of Paris

Charles Marville (1813–79) is widely acknowledged as one of the most talented photographers of the nineteenth century. Accompanying a major retrospective exhibition at the National Gallery of Art to honor his bicentennial, Charles Marville: Photographer of Modernity surveys the artist’s entire career. This beautiful book, which begins with the city scenes and architectural studies Marville made throughout France and Germany in the 1850s, and also explores his landscapes and portraits, as well as his photographs of Paris both before and after many of its medieval streets were razed to make way for the broad boulevards, parks, and monumental buildings we have come to associate with the City of Light. Commissioned to record the city in transition, Marville became the official photographer of Paris.

Marville has long been an enigma in the history of photography, in part because many of the documents about his life were thought to have been lost in a fire that destroyed Paris’s city hall in 1871. Based on meticulous research, this volume offers many new insights into Marville’s personal and professional biography, including the central fact that Marville was not his given name. Born Charles-François Bossu in 1813, the photographer adopted the pseudonym when he began his career as an illustrator in the 1830s. With five essays by respected scholars, this book offers the first comprehensive examination of Marville’s life and career and delivers the much-awaited public recognition his work so richly deserves.

Sarah Kennel is associate curator of photography at the National Gallery of Art in Washington, DC.
FRANK F. FURSTENBERG

Behind the Academic Curtain

How to Find Success and Happiness with a PhD

More people than ever are going to graduate school to seek a PhD these days. When they get there, they discover a bewildering environment: a rapid immersion in their discipline, keen competition for resources, and uncertain options for their future, whether inside or outside of academia. Life with a PhD can begin to resemble an unsolvable puzzle. In Behind the Academic Curtain, Frank F. Furstenberg offers a clear and user-friendly map to this maze. Drawing on decades of experience in academia, he provides a comprehensive, empirically grounded, and, most important of all, practical guide to academic life.

While the greatest anxieties for PhD candidates and postgrads are often centered on getting that tenure-track dream job, each stage of an academic career poses a series of distinctive problems. Furstenberg divides these stages into five chapters that cover the entire trajectory of an academic life, including how to make use of a PhD outside of academia. From finding the right job to earning tenure, from managing teaching loads to conducting research, from working on committees to easing into retirement, he illuminates all the challenges and opportunities an academic can expect to encounter. Each chapter is designed for easy consultation, with copious signposts, helpful suggestions, and a bevy of questions that all academics should ask themselves throughout their career, whether at a major university, junior college, or a nonacademic organization. An honest and up-to-date portrayal of how this life really works, Behind the Academic Curtain is an essential companion for any scholar, at any stage of his or her career.

Frank F. Furstenberg is the Zellerbach Family Professor of Sociology Emeritus at the University of Pennsylvania. He is the author of many books, most recently Destinies of the Disadvantaged: The Politics of Teenage Childbearing.

“A lot of academics are going to find in this book just what they need to stimulate their own thinking and assessment of their career, whatever stage they’re in. Everyone who has worked in an academic position knows what these problems are, sort of, but a large number of professors and scholars refuse to think about them or to consider, calmly and with some reference to realities, what they should do about them. Behind the Academic Curtain will help them sort out what’s important to them. It provides a humane perspective on the insoluble dilemmas that inform a scholarly life.”

—Howard S. Becker, author of Writing for Social Scientists

Chicago Guides to Academic Life
Fred Turner is associate professor of communication at Stanford University. He is the author of *Echoes of Combat: The Vietnam War in American Memory* and *From Counterculture to Cyberculture: Stewart Brand, the Whole Earth Network, and the Rise of Digital Utopianism*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.
Joshua Mitchell

Tocqueville in Arabia
Dilemmas in a Democratic Age

The Arab Spring, with its calls for sweeping political change, marked the most profound popular uprising in the Middle East for generations. But if the nascent democracies born of these protests are to succeed in the absence of a strong democratic tradition, their success will depend in part on an understanding of how Middle Easterners view themselves, their allegiances to family and religion, and their relationship with the wider world in which they are increasingly integrated.

Many of these same questions were raised by Alexis de Tocqueville during his 1831 tour of America, itself then a rising democracy. Joshua Mitchell spent years teaching Tocqueville’s classic account, *Democracy in America*, in America and the Arab Gulf and, with *Tocqueville in Arabia*, he offers a profound personal take. One of the reasons for the book’s widespread popularity in the region is that its commentary on the challenges of democracy and the seemingly contradictory concepts of equality and individuality continue to speak to current debates. While Mitchell’s American students tended to value individualism and commercial self-interest, his Middle Eastern students had grave doubts about individualism and a deep suspicion for capitalism, which they saw as risking the destruction of long-held loyalties and obligations. Mitchell describes modern democratic man as becoming what Tocqueville predicted: a “distinct kind of humanity” that would be increasingly isolated and alone. Whatever their differences, students in both worlds were grappling with a sense of disconnectedness that social media does little to remedy.

We live in a time rife with mutual misunderstandings between America and the Middle East, and *Tocqueville in Arabia* offers a guide to the present, troubled times, leavened by the author’s hopes about the future.

Joshua Mitchell is professor of political theory in the Department of Government at Georgetown University. From 2005 to 2010, he taught first at Georgetown University’s School of Foreign Service in Qatar, and then at the American University of Iraq, Sulaimani. He is the author of several books, including *The Fragility of Freedom: Tocqueville on Religion, Democracy, and the American Future*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.
In this newest installment in Chicago’s series of Jacques Derrida’s seminars, the renowned philosopher attempts one of his most ambitious goals: the first truly philosophical argument against the death penalty. While much has been written against the death penalty, Derrida contends that Western philosophy is massively, if not always obviously, complicit with a logic in which a sovereign state has the right to take a life. Haunted by this notion, he turns to the key places where such logic has been established—and to the place it has been most effectively challenged: literature.

With his signature genius and patient yet dazzling readings of an impressive breadth of texts, Derrida examines everything from the Bible to Plato to Camus to Jean Genet, with special attention to Kant and post–World War II juridical texts, to draw the landscape of death penalty discourses. Keeping clearly in view the death rows and execution chambers of the United States, he shows how arguments surrounding cruel and unusual punishment depend on what he calls an “anaesthetic logic,” which has also driven the development of death penalty technology from the French guillotine to lethal injection. Confronting a demand for philosophical rigor, he pursues provocative analyses of the shortcomings of abolitionist discourse. Above all, he argues that the death penalty and its attendant technologies are products of a desire to put an end to one of the most fundamental qualities of our finite existence: the radical uncertainty of when we will die.

Arriving at a critical juncture in history—especially in the United States, one of the last Christian-inspired democracies to resist abolition—The Death Penalty is both a timely response to an important ethical debate and a timeless addition to Derrida’s esteemed body of work.

**Jacques Derrida** (1930–2004) was director of studies at the École des hautes études en sciences sociales, Paris, and professor of humanities at the University of California, Irvine. He is the author of many books published by the University of Chicago Press. **Peggy Kamuf** is the Marion Frances Chevalier Professor of French and Comparative Literature at the University of Southern California. She has written, edited, or translated many books, by Derrida and others, and is coeditor of the series of Derrida’s seminars at the University of Chicago Press.
In 1903, a young woman sailed from India to Guiana as a “coolie” — the British name for indentured laborers who replaced the newly emancipated slaves on sugar plantations all around the world. Pregnant and traveling alone, this woman, like so many coolies, disappeared into history. Now, in *Coolie Woman*, her great-granddaughter Gaiutra Bahadur embarks on a journey into the past to find her. Traversing three continents and trawling through countless colonial archives, Bahadur excavates not only her great-grandmother’s story but also the repressed history of some quarter of a million other coolie women, shining a light on their complex lives.

Shunned by society, and sometimes in mortal danger, coolie women were generally either runaways, widows, or outcasts. Many of them left husbands and families behind to migrate alone in epic sea voyages — traumatic “middle passages” — only to face a life of hard labor, dismal living conditions, and, most notably, sexual exploitation. As Bahadur explains, however, it is precisely their sexuality that makes coolie women stand out as figures in history. Greatly outnumbered by men, they were able to use sex with their overseers to gain various advantages, an act that often incited fatal retaliations from coolie men and sometimes larger uprisings of laborers against their overlords. Complex and unpredictable, sex was nevertheless a powerful tool.

Examining this and many other facets of these remarkable women’s lives, *Coolie Woman* is a meditation on survival, a gripping story of a double diaspora — from India to the West Indies in one century, Guyana to the United States in the next — that is at once a search for one’s roots and an exploration of gender and power, peril and opportunity.

**Gaiutra Bahadur** is a journalist and book critic whose work has appeared in the *New York Times Book Review*, the *Washington Post*, *Ms.*, and the *Nation*, among other publications.
Dori Katz is a Jewish Holocaust survivor who thought that her lost childhood years in Belgium were irrecoverable. But after a chance viewing of a documentary about hidden children in German-occupied Belgium, she realized that she might, in fact, be able to unearth those years. Looking for Strangers is the deeply honest record of her attempt to do so, a detective story that unfolds through one of the most horrifying periods in history in an attempt to understand one’s place within it.

In alternating chapters, Katz resurrects her multiple pasts, setting details from her mother’s stories that have captivated her throughout her life alongside an account of her own return to Belgium forty years later—against her mother’s urgings—in search of greater clarity. She reconnects her sharp but fragmented memories: being sent by her mother in 1942, at the age of three, to live with a Catholic family under a Christian identity; then being given up, inexplicably, to an orphanage in the years immediately following the war. Only after that, amid postwar confusion, was she able to reconnect with her mother. Following this trail through Belgium to her past places of hiding, Katz eventually finds herself in San Francisco, speaking with a man who claimed to have known her father in Auschwitz—and thus known his end. Weighing many other stories from the people she meets along her way—all of whom seem to hold something back—she attempts to stitch thread after thread into a unified truth, to understand the countless motivations and circumstances that determined her remarkable life.

A story at once about self-discovery, the transformation of memory, a fraught mother-daughter relationship, and the oppression of millions, Looking for Strangers is a book of both historical insight and imaginative grasp. It is a book in which the past, through its very mystery, becomes alive, immediate—of the most urgent importance.
In 1965 English scientist James Lovelock had a flash of insight: the Earth is not just teeming with life; the Earth, in some sense, is life. He mulled this revolutionary idea over for several years, first with his close friend the novelist William Golding, and then in an extensive collaboration with the American scientist Lynn Margulis. In the early 1970s, he finally went public with the Gaia hypothesis, the idea that everything happens for an end: the good of planet Earth. Lovelock and Margulis were scorned by professional scientists, but the general public enthusiastically embraced Lovelock and his hypothesis. People joined Gaia groups; churches had Gaia services, sometimes with new music written especially for the occasion. There was a Gaia atlas, Gaia gardening, Gaia herbs, Gaia retreats, Gaia networking, and much more. And the range of enthusiasts was—and still is—broad.

In The Gaia Hypothesis, philosopher Michael Ruse, with his characteristic clarity and wit, uses Gaia and its history, its supporters and detractors, to illuminate the nature of science itself. Gaia emerged in the 1960s, a decade when authority was questioned and status and dignity stood for nothing, but its story is much older. Ruse traces Gaia’s connection to Plato and a long history of goal-directed and holistic—or organicist—thinking and explains why Lovelock and Margulis’s peers rejected it as pseudoscience. But Ruse also shows why the project was a success. He argues that Lovelock and Margulis should be commended for giving philosophy firm scientific basis and for provoking important scientific discussion about the world as a whole, its homeostasis or—in this age of global environmental uncertainty—its lack thereof.

Melding the world of science and technology with the world of feeling, mysticism, and religion, The Gaia Hypothesis will appeal to a broad range of readers, from students and scholars of the history and philosophy of science to anyone interested in New Age culture.

**Michael Ruse** is the Lucyle T. Werkmeister Professor of Philosophy and director of the Program in the History and Philosophy of Science at Florida State University. He is the author or editor of nearly thirty books, including *Science and Spirituality* and *The Darwinian Revolution*, the latter published by the University of Chicago Press.
verything that lives will die. That’s the fundamental fact of life. But not everyone dies at the same age: people vary wildly in their patterns of aging and their life spans—and that variation is nothing compared to what’s found in other animal and plant species. A giant fungus found in Michigan has been alive since the Ice Age, while a dragonfly lives but four months, a mayfly half an hour.

What accounts for these variations—and what can we learn from them that might help us understand, or better manage, our own aging?

With *The Long and the Short of It*, biologist and writer Jonathan Silvertown offers readers a fascinating tour through the scientific study of longevity and aging. Dividing his daunting subject by theme—death, life span, aging, heredity, evolution, and more—Silvertown draws on the latest scientific developments to paint a picture of what we know about how life span, senescence, and death vary within and across species. At every turn, he addresses fascinating questions that have far-reaching implications: What causes aging, and what determines the length of an individual life? What changes have caused the average human life span to increase so dramatically—fifteen minutes per hour—in the past two centuries? If evolution favors those who leave the most descendants, why haven’t we evolved to be immortal? The answers to these puzzles and more emerge from close examination of the whole natural history of life span and aging, from fruit flies to nematodes, redwoods, and much more.

*The Long and the Short of It* pairs a perpetually fascinating topic with a wholly engaging writer, and the result is a book that will reward curious readers of all ages.

**Jonathan Silvertown** is professor of ecology at the Open University, UK, and the author or editor of numerous books, including, most recently, *An Orchard Invisible*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.

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**Praise for *An Orchard Invisible***

“A fabulous book. . . . Jonathan Silvertown’s skills are in telling stories. Expect wonders, too. . . . In this book, Silvertown has produced a gem. . . . Read it as a gardener, scientist, food aficionado, historian, botanist, or naturalist, and you’ll not be disappointed.”

—*Times Higher Education*

“Seeds may look small and boring, yet tricks, bribes and devious deceptions lie at the heart of their evolution, as ecologist Jonathan Silvertown entertainingly recounts in this fascinating celebration of the green world upon which all human life depends.”

—*New Scientist*, Best Books of the Year
On a warm summer’s night in Athens, Georgia, Patrik Keim stuck a pistol into his mouth and pulled the trigger. Keim was an artist, and the room in which he died was an assemblage of the tools of his particular trade: the floor and table were covered with images, while a pair of large scissors, glue, electrical tape, and some dentures shared space with a pile of old medical journals, butcher knives, and various other small objects. Keim had cleared a space on the floor, and the wall directly behind him was bare. His body completed the tableau. Art and artists often end in tragedy and obscurity, but Keim’s story doesn’t end with his death.

A few years later, 180 miles from Keim’s grave, a bulldozer operator uncovered a pine coffin in an old beaver swamp down the road from Allen C. Shelton’s farm. He quickly reburied it, but Shelton, a friend of Keim’s who had a suitcase of his unfinished projects, became convinced that his friend wasn’t dead and fixed in the ground, but moving between this world and the next in a traveling coffin in search of his incomplete work.

In Where the North Sea Touches Alabama, Shelton ushers us into realms of fantasy, revelation, and reflection, paced with a slow unfurling of magical correspondences. Though he is trained as a sociologist, this is a genre-crossing work of literature, a two-sided ethnography: one from the world of the living and the other from the world of the dead.

What follows isn’t a ghost story but an exciting and extraordinary kind of narrative. The psychosociological landscape that Shelton constructs for his reader is as evocative of Kafka, Bataille, and Benjamin as it is of Weber, Foucault, and Marx. Where the North Sea Touches Alabama is a work of sociological fictocriticism that explores not only the author’s relationship to the artist but his physical, historical, and social relationship to northeastern Alabama, in rare style.

Allen C. Shelton is an associate professor of sociology at Buffalo State College, SUNY, and the author of Dreamworlds of Alabama. He lives in Buffalo, New York, next to Billy Sunday’s first church and an old Italian grocery store, and within a half-mile of an abandoned nineteenth-century asylum. There are no pine trees.
All art and the love of art,” Victor Brombert writes at the beginning of Musings on Mortality, “allow us to negate our nothingness.” As a young man returning from World War II, Brombert came to understand this truth as he immersed himself in literature. Death can be found everywhere in literature, he saw, but literature itself is on the side of life. With delicacy and insight, Brombert traces the theme of mortality in the work of a group of authors who wrote during the past century and a half, teasing out and comparing their views of death as they emerged from different cultural contexts.

Leo Tolstoy, Thomas Mann, Franz Kafka, Virginia Woolf, Albert Camus, Giorgio Bassani, J. M. Coetzee, and Primo Levi—these are the writers whose works Brombert plumbs, illuminating their views on the meaning of life and the human condition. But there is more to their work, he shows, than a pervasive interest in mortality: they wrote not only of physical death but also of the threat of moral and spiritual death—and as the twentieth century progressed, they increasingly reflected on the traumatic events of their times. He probes the individual struggle with death, for example, through Tolstoy’s Ivan Ilych and Mann’s Aschenbach, while he explores the destruction of whole civilizations in Bassani, Camus, and Primo Levi. Throughout the book, Brombert roots these writers’ reflections in philosophical meditations on mortality. Ultimately, he reveals that by understanding how these authors wrote about mortality, we can grasp the full scope of their literary achievement and vision.

Drawing deeply from the well of Brombert’s own experience, Musings on Mortality is more than mere literary criticism: it is a moving and elegant book for all to learn and live by.

Victor Brombert is the Henry Putnam University Professor Emeritus of Romance and Comparative Literatures at Princeton University. He is the author of many books, including In Praise of Antiheroes: Figures and Themes in Modern European Literature, 1830–1980, also published by the University of Chicago Press, and the wartime memoir Trains of Thought.
The Way of the Shovel

On the Archaeological Imaginary in Art

Contemporary art is often obsessed with the new, but it has recently begun to turn to projects centering on research and delving into archives, all in the name of seeking and questioning historical truth. From filmmakers to sculptors to conceptualists, artists of all stripes are digging into the rubble of the past. In this catalog that accompanies an exhibition at the Museum of Contemporary Art Chicago in the fall of 2013, Dieter Roelstraete gathers a diverse range of international artists to explore the theme of melding archival and experiential modes of storytelling—what he calls “the archaeological imaginary”—particularly in the wake of 9/11.

*The Way of the Shovel* offers a well-constructed balance among excursions into the situation of contemporary art, broad philosophical arguments around the subjects of history and the archive, and cultural analysis. Roelstraete’s opening essay maps the critical terrain, while Ian Alden Russell explores the roots of archaeology and its manifestations in twentieth-century art, Bill Brown examines artistic practices that involve historical artifacts and archival material, Sophie Berrebi offers a critique of the “document” as seen in art after the 1960s, and Diedrich Diederichsen writes on the monumentalization of history in European art. The book features work by both established and young artists, and thoughtful entries by Roelstraete accompany the exhibition catalog, along with statements from artists Moyra Davey, Rebecca Keller, Joachim Koester, Hito Steyerl, and Zin Taylor.

The first exhibition to showcase this innovative approach to some of the most intriguing art of the past decade, *The Way of the Shovel* is indispensable for anyone seeking to understand the forces driving contemporary art.

Dieter Roelstraete is the Manilow Senior Curator at the Museum of Contemporary Art Chicago and an editor of *Afterall*. He is the author of *Richard Long: A Line Made by Walking*.
For more than a century, Harlem has been the epicenter of black America, the celebrated heart of African American life and culture—but it has also been a byword for the problems that have long plagued inner-city neighborhoods: poverty, crime, violence, disinvestment, and decay.

Photographer Camilo José Vergara has been chronicling the neighborhood for forty-three years, and *Harlem: The Unmaking of a Ghetto* is an unprecedented record of urban change. Vergara began his documentation of Harlem in the tradition of such masters as Helen Levitt and Aaron Siskind, and he later turned his focus on the neighborhood’s urban fabric, both the buildings that compose it and the life and culture embedded in them. By repeatedly returning to the same locations over the course of decades, Vergara is able to show us a community that is constantly changing—some areas declining, as longtime businesses give way to empty storefronts, graffiti, and garbage, while other areas gentrify, with corporate chain stores coming in to compete with the mom-and-pop shops. He also captures the ever-present street life of this densely populated neighborhood, from stoop gatherings to graffiti murals memorializing dead rappers to impersonators honoring Michael Jackson in front of the Apollo, as well as the growth of tourism and racial integration.

Woven throughout the images is Vergara’s own account of his project and his experience of living and working in Harlem. Taken together, his unforgettable words and images tell the stories of how Harlem and its residents navigated the segregation, dereliction, and slow recovery of the closing years of the twentieth century and the boom and racial integration of the twenty-first. A deeply personal investigation, *Harlem* will take its place with the best portrayals of urban life.

*Camilo José Vergara* is a photographer and writer, a MacArthur fellow, and the author of many books.
The idea of a missing link between humanity and our animal ancestors predates evolution and popular science and actually has religious roots in the deist concept of the Great Chain of Being. Yet the metaphor has lodged itself in the contemporary imagination, and new fossil discoveries are often hailed in headlines as revealing the elusive transitional step, the moment when we stopped being “animal” and started being “human.” In *The Accidental Species*, Henry Gee, longtime paleontology editor at *Nature*, takes aim at this misleading notion, arguing that it reflects a profound misunderstanding of how evolution works and, when applied to the evolution of our own species, supports mistaken ideas about our own place in the universe.

Gee presents a robust and stark challenge to our tendency to see ourselves as the acme of creation. Human exceptionalism, Gee argues, is an error that can infect scientific thought. Touring the many features of human beings that have recurrently been used to distinguish us from the rest of the animal world, Gee shows that our evolutionary outcome is one possibility among many, one that owes more to chance than to an organized progression to supremacy. He starts with bipedality, which he shows could have arisen entirely by accident, as a by-product of sexual selection, moves on to technology, large brain size, intelligence, language, and, finally, sentience. He reveals each of these attributes to be alive and well throughout the animal world—they are not, indeed, unique to our species.

*The Accidental Species* combines Gee’s firsthand experience on the editorial side of many incredible paleontological findings with healthy skepticism and humor to create a book that aims to overturn popular thinking on human evolution—the key is not what’s missing, but how we’re linked.

*Henry Gee* is a senior editor at *Nature* and the author of such books as *Jacob’s Ladder*, *In Search of Deep Time*, *The Science of Middle-Earth*, and *A Field Guide to Dinosaurs*, the last with Luis V. Rey.
Armchair travel may seem like an oxymoron. Doesn’t travel require us to leave the house? And yet, anyone who has lost herself for hours in the descriptive pages of a novel or the absorbing images of a film knows the very real feeling of having explored and experienced a different place or time without ever standing up from the couch. No passport, no currency, no security screening required—the luxury of armchair travel is accessible to us all. In *Traveling in Place*, Bernd Stiegler celebrates this convenient, magical means of transport in all its many forms.

Organized into twenty-one “legs”—or short chapters—*Traveling in Place* begins with a consideration of Xavier de Maistre’s 1794 *Voyage autour de ma chambre*, an account of the forty-two-day “journey around his room” Maistre undertook as a way to entertain himself while under house arrest. Stiegler is fascinated by the notion of exploring the familiar as though it were completely new and strange. He engages writers as diverse as Roussel, Beckett, Perec, Robbe-Grillet, Cortázar, Kierkegaard, and Borges, all of whom show how the everyday can be brilliantly transformed. Like the best guidebooks, *Traveling in Place* is more interested in the idea of travel as a state of mind than as a physical activity, and Stiegler reflects on the different ways that traveling at home have manifested themselves in the modern era, from literature and film to the virtual possibilities of the Internet, blogs, and contemporary art.

Reminiscent of the pictorial meditations of Sebald, but possessed of the intellectual playfulness of Calvino, *Traveling in Place* offers an entertaining and creative Baedeker to journeying at home.

**Bernd Stiegler** is professor of twentieth-century German literature and of literature and media at the University of Konstanz. **Peter Filkins** is a poet and teaches literature at Bard College.
In the early 1600s, in a haunting tale titled *New Atlantis*, Sir Francis Bacon imagined the discovery of an uncharted island, home to the descendants of the lost realm of Atlantis, who had organized themselves to seek “the knowledge of Causes, and secret motions of things; and the enlarging of the bounds of Human Empire, to the effecting of all things possible.” Bacon’s make-believe island was not an empire in the usual sense, marked by territorial control; instead, it was the center of a vast general expansion of human knowledge and power.

Rosalind Williams uses Bacon’s island as a jumping-off point to explore the overarching historical event of our time: the rise and triumph of human empire. Confronting an intensely humanized world was a singular event of consciousness, which Williams explores through the lives and works of three writers of the late nineteenth century: Jules Verne, William Morris, and Robert Louis Stevenson. As the century drew to a close, these writers were unhappy with the direction in which their world seemed to be headed and worried that organized humanity would use knowledge and power for unworthy ends. In response, Williams shows, each engaged in a lifelong quest to make a home in the midst of human empire, to transcend it, and most of all to understand it. They accomplished this first by taking to the water: in life and in art, this shift offered them release from the condition of human domination. At the same time, each writer experimented with romance and fantasy and how these traditions allowed them to express their growing awareness of the need for a new relationship between humans and Earth.

As environmental consciousness rises in our time, along with evidence that our seeming control over nature is pathological and unpredictable, Williams’s history is one that speaks very much to the present.

**Rosalind Williams** is the Bern Dibner Professor of the History of Science and Technology at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. She is past president of the Society for the History of Technology and the author of several books, most recently, *Retooling: A Historian Confronts Technological Change*. 


**MICHAEL NORTH**

**Novelty**

A History of the New

If art and science have one thing in common, it’s a hunger for the new—new ideas and innovations, new ways of seeing and depicting the world. But that desire for novelty carries with it a fundamental philosophical problem: If everything has to come from something, how can anything truly new emerge? Is novelty even possible?

In *Novelty*, Michael North takes us on a dazzling tour of more than two millennia of thinking about the problem of the new, from the puzzles of the pre-Socratics all the way up to the art world of the 1960s and ’70s. The terms of the debate, North shows, were established before Plato, and have changed very little since: novelty, philosophers argued, could only arise from either recurrence or recombination. The former, found in nature’s cycles of renewal, and the latter, seen most clearly in the workings of language—between them we have accounted for nearly all the ways in which novelty has been conceived of in Western history, including reformation, renaissance, invention, revolution, and even evolution. As he pursues this idea through centuries and across disciplines, North exhibits astonishing range, drawing on figures as diverse as Charles Darwin and Robert Smithson, Thomas Kuhn and Ezra Pound, Norbert Wiener and Andy Warhol, all of whom offer different ways of grappling with the idea of originality.

Novelty, North demonstrates, remains a central problem of contemporary science and literature—an ever-receding target that, in its complexity and evasiveness, continues to inspire and propel the modern. A heady, ambitious intellectual feast, *Novelty* is rich with insight, a masterpiece of perceptive synthesis.

Michael North is professor of English at the University of California, Los Angeles, and the author of several books.

“*Novelty* is an indispensable account of the extraordinary persistence and power of ideas about novelty and the new in our culture. It is very well researched, clearly written, and above all sustains a compelling narrative. Michael North surveys a wide field of intellectual and cultural history, and provides pithy, often witty, summaries of complex ideas. The result is a book that is bold in its claims, and sure to stimulate discussion.”

—Peter Middleton, University of Southampton
Law school can be a joyous, soul-transforming challenge that leads to a rewarding career. It can also be an exhausting, self-limiting trap. It all depends on making smart decisions. When every advantage counts, *A Student’s Guide to Law School* is like having a personal mentor available at every turn.

As a recent graduate and an appellate lawyer, Andrew B. Ayers knows how high the stakes are—he’s been there, and not only did he survive the experience, he graduated first in his class. In *A Student’s Guide to Law School* he shares critical insights about how to make a law school journey successful. Originating in notes Ayers jotted down while commuting to his first clerkship with then-Judge Sonia Sotomayor, and refined throughout his first years as a lawyer, *A Student’s Guide* offers a unique balance of insider’s knowledge and professional advice.

Organized into four parts, the book begins with a section on tests and grades, explaining what’s expected and exploring the choices students must make on exam day. The second part discusses the skills needed to be a successful law student, giving the reader easy-to-use tools to analyze legal materials and construct clear arguments. The third part contains advice on studying, classwork, and note-taking. Ayers closes with a look beyond the classroom, showing students how the choices they make in law school will affect their career—and even determine the kind of lawyer they become.

The first law school guide written by a recent top-ranked graduate, *A Student’s Guide to Law School* is relentlessly practical and thoroughly relevant to the law school experience of today’s students. With the tools and advice Ayers shares here, students can make the most of their investment in law school, and turn their valuable learning experiences into a meaningful career.

Andrew B. Ayers is an appellate lawyer in Albany, NY. He graduated first in his law school class at Georgetown in 2005 and clerked for the Honorable Sonia Sotomayor and the Honorable Gerard E. Lynch.
Corporate accountability is never far from the front page, and as the world’s most elite institution for business education, Harvard Business School trains many of the future leaders of Fortune 500 companies. But how does HBS formally and informally ensure faculty and students embrace proper business standards? Making unprecedented use of his position as a Harvard Business School faculty member, Michel Anteby takes readers inside HBS in order to draw vivid parallels between the socialization of faculty and of students.

In an era when many organizations are focused on principles of responsibility, Harvard Business School has long tried to promote better business standards. Anteby’s rich account reveals the surprising role of silence and ambiguity in HBS’s process of codifying morals and business values. As Anteby describes, at HBS specifics are often left unspoken; for example, teaching notes given to faculty provide much guidance on how to teach but are largely silent on what to teach. Manufacturing Morals demonstrates how faculty and students are exposed to a system that operates on open-ended directives that require significant decision-making on the part of those involved, with little overt guidance from the hierarchy. Anteby suggests that this model—which tolerates moral complexity—is perhaps one of the few that can adapt and endure over time.

Manufacturing Morals is a perceptive must-read for anyone looking for insight into the moral decision-making of today’s business leaders and those influenced by and working for them.

Michel Anteby is associate professor and the Marvin Bower fellow in the organizational behavior unit at Harvard Business School. He is the author of Moral Gray Zones: Side Productions, Identity, and Regulation in an Aeronautic Plant.
The Accounts
KATIE PETERSON

Earth

I didn’t come here to make speeches.
I didn’t come here to make trouble.
I didn’t come here to be somebody’s mother.
I didn’t come here to make friends.
I didn’t come here to teach.
I didn’t come here to drag the space heater
from the house in summer with an extension
cord out to the orchard because
the peach trees we planted
in a climate that couldn’t take them
didn’t thrive, couldn’t sweeten
their fruit in a place like this.

The death of a mother alters forever a family’s story of itself.
Indeed, it taxes the ability of a family to tell that story at all.
The Accounts narrates the struggle to speak with any clear
understanding in the wake of that loss. The title poem at-
ttempts three explanations of the departure of a life from
the earth—a physical account, a psychological account,
and a spiritual account. It is embedded in a long narrative
sequence that tries to state plainly the facts of the last days of
the mother’s life, in a room that formerly housed a televi-
sion, next to a California backyard. The visual focus of that
sequence, a robin’s nest, poised above the family home, sings
in a kind of lament, giving its own version of ways we can
see the transformation of the dying into the dead. In other
poems, called “Arguments,” two voices exchange uncertain
truths about subjects as high as heaven and as low as crime.
Grief is a problem that cannot be solved by thinking, but
that doesn’t stop the mind, which relentlessly carries on,
trying in vain to settle its accounts. The death of a well-loved
person creates a debt that can never be repaid. It reminds the
living of our own psychological debts to each other, and to the
dead. In this sense, the death of this particular mother and
the transformation of this particular family are evocative of a
greater struggle against any changing reality, and the loss of
all beautiful and passing forms of order.

“The narrator of Katie Peterson’s book The Accounts has
strayed into a myth in which no guiding figures remain, and
with no way to prove or save herself. Who knew the complex-
ity of grief could be drawn with such shocking simplicity and
masterful depth?”—Mary Kinzie, A Poet’s Guide to Poetry

Katie Peterson is professor of the practice of poetry at Tufts University. She is the author of two other collections of poetry, This One
Tree and Permission.

El Dorado
PETER CAMPION

Letter from Ohio

The green so green it must be chemical.
Faint drift of charcoal smoke. Rock radio.
The pink azaleas thrusting at the blue.
And all the same desires come crashing back:
incredible X-ed out scenes and afterward
the whoosh of traffic surf, our bodies bathed
in the whole sweep of towers and freeways and
meadows of blanket flowers. I want it all:
heat puddle in the chest, moments like handfuls
of honeycomb, split, dribbling . . . Enough.
We’ve lived apart for weeks now and your voice
cracks from the cell reception, hums and dips
and breaks for seconds, as evening peaks to orange
in the sycamores, and the need to see you stretches
into the days that follow: stray lifetime spent
in office rooms and parks and station halls
as they fall to the curve of earth, the ocean.

In El Dorado, Peter Campion explores what it feels like to
live in America right now, at the beginning of the twenty-
first century. Splicing cell-phone chatter with translations of
ancient poems, jump-cutting from traditional to invented
forms, and turning his high-res lens on everything from box
stores to trout streams to airport lounges, Campion renders
both personal and collective experience with capacious and
subtle skill.

Praise for Peter Campion

“Because his language is so alive and spicy, Peter Cam-
pion can write about almost anything and make it memora-
ble. His poems are equally at home in the cities of today and
in the wreck we’ve made of nature. Reading him, you feel the
whole weight of American poetry from Whitman through
Hart Crane to Kenneth Koch ennobling his lines and giving
them both their form and their crackle.”—American Academy
of Arts and Letters

Peter Campion teaches in the MFA program at the University of Min-
nesota. He is the author of two previous collections of poems, Other
People and The Lions, both published by the University of Chicago
Press.

OCTOBER 88 p. 51/2 x 81/2
Paper $18.00 / £12.50
POETRY
BOOKS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

CHICAGO
German artist Kurt Schwitters (1887–1948) is best known for his pioneering work in fusing collage and abstraction, the two most transformative innovations of twentieth-century art. Considered the father of installation art, Schwitters was also a theorist, a Dadaist, and a writer whose influence extends from Robert Rauschenberg and Eva Hesse to Thomas Hirschhorn. But while his early experiments in collage and installation from the interwar period have garnered much critical acclaim, his later work has generally been ignored. In the first book to fill this gap, Megan R. Luke tells the fascinating, even moving story of the work produced by the aging, isolated artist under the Nazi regime and during his years in exile.

Combining new biographical material with archival research, Luke surveys Schwitters’s experiments in shaping space and the development of his *Merzbau*, describing his haphazard studios in Scandinavia and the United Kingdom and the smaller, quieter pieces he created there. She makes a case for the enormous relevance of Schwitters’s aesthetic concerns to contemporary artists, arguing that his pieces continue to imprint themselves in viewers’ memories. Ultimately, Ubl reveals, Ernst was interested in the construction and phenomenology of both collective and individual modern history and memory. Shedding new light on Ernst’s working methods and the reasons that his pieces continue to imprint themselves in viewers’ memories, Prehistoric Future is an innovative work of critical writing on a key figure of surrealism.

**Prehistoric Future**

Max Ernst and the Return of Painting between the Wars

RALPH UBL

Translated by Elizabeth Tucker

One of the most admired artists of the twentieth century, Max Ernst was a proponent of Dada and founder of surrealism, known for his strange, evocative paintings and drawings. In *Prehistoric Future*, Ralph Ubl approaches Ernst like no one else has, using theories of the unconscious—surrealist automatism, Freudian psychoanalysis, the concept of history as trauma—to examine how Ernst’s construction of collage departs from other modern artists.

Ubl shows that while Picasso, Braque, and Man Ray used scissors and glue to create collages, Ernst employed techniques he himself had forged—rubbing and scraping to bring images forth onto a sheet of paper or canvas to simulate how a screen image or memory comes into the mind’s view. In addition, Ernst scoured the past for obsolete scientific illustrations and odd advertisements to illustrate the rapidity with which time passes and to simulate the apprehension generated when rapid flows of knowledge turn living culture into artifact. Ultimately, Ubl reveals, Ernst was interested in the construction and phenomenology of both collective and individual modern history and memory. Shedding new light on Ernst’s working methods and the reasons that his pieces continue to imprint themselves in viewers’ memories, *Prehistoric Future* is an innovative work of critical writing on a key figure of surrealism.

**Kurt Schwitters**

Space, Image, Exile

MEGAN R. LUKE

Translated by Elizabeth Tucker

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Winnie Wong is a junior fellow in the Society of Fellows at Harvard University. She lives in Cambridge, MA, and Shanghai.

In the Guangdong province in southeastern China lies Dafen, a village that houses thousands of workers who paint Van Goghs, Da Vincis, Warhols, and other Western masterpieces, producing an astonishing five million paintings a year. To write about life and work in Dafen, Winnie Wong infiltrated this world, investigating the claims of conceptual artists who made projects there; working as a dealer; apprenticing as a painter; surveying merchants in Europe, Asia, and America; establishing relationships with local leaders; and organizing a conceptual art show for the Shanghai World Expo. The result is *Van Gogh on Demand*, a fascinating book about a little-known aspect of the global art world—one that sheds surprising light on our understandings of art, artists, and individual genius.

Confronting difficult questions about the definition of art, the ownership of an image, and the meaning of imitation and appropriation, Wong shows how a plethora of artistic practices joins Chinese migrant workers, propaganda makers, and international artists together in a global supply chain of art and creativity. She examines how Berlin-based conceptual artist Christian Jankowski, who collaborated with Dafen’s painters to reimagine the Dafen Art Museum, unwittingly appropriated a photojournalist’s intellectual property. She explores how Zhang Huan, a radical performance artist from Beijing’s East Village, prompted propaganda makers to heroize the female artists of Dafen village. Through these cases, Wong shows how Dafen’s workers force us to reexamine our expectations about the cultural function of creativity and imitation, and the role of Chinese workers in redefining global art.

Providing a valuable account of art practices in a period of profound global cultural shifts and an ascendant China, *Van Gogh on Demand* is a rich and detailed look at the implications of a world that can offer countless copies of everything that has ever been called “art.”
In late seventeenth-century London, the most provocative images were produced not by artists, but by scientists. Magnified fly-eyes drawn with the aid of microscopes, apparitions cast on laboratory walls by projection machines, cut-paper figures revealing the “exact proportions” of sea monsters—all were created by members of the Royal Society of London, the leading institutional platform of the early Scientific Revolution. *Wicked Intelligence* reveals that these natural philosophers shaped Restoration London’s emergent artistic cultures by forging collaborations with court painters, penning art theory, and designing triumphs of baroque architecture such as St Paul’s Cathedral.

Offering an innovative approach to the scientific image-making of the time, Matthew C. Hunter demonstrates how the Restoration project of synthesizing experimental images into scientific knowledge, as practiced by Royal Society leaders Robert Hooke and Christopher Wren, might be called “wicked intelligence.” Hunter uses episodes involving specific visual practices—for instance, concocting a lethal amalgam of wax, steel, and sulfuric acid to produce an active model of a comet—to explore how Hooke, Wren, and their colleagues devised representational modes that aided their experiments. Ultimately, Hunter argues, the craft and craftiness of experimental visual practice both promoted and menaced the artistic traditions on which they drew, turning the Royal Society projects into objects of suspicion in Enlightenment England.

The first book to use the physical evidence of Royal Society experiments to produce forensic evaluations of how scientific knowledge was generated, *Wicked Intelligence* rethinks the parameters of visual art, experimental philosophy, and architecture at the cusp of Britain’s imperial power and artistic efflorescence.

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"No study in recent years on the arts in early modern Britain is as intelligent and inventive as *Wicked Intelligence*. Always attuned to the elusiveness of objects and their capacity to stimulate unexpected thoughts, Matthew C. Hunter follows Latourian hybrids as they circulate through Restoration experimental culture and brilliantly articulates the material intelligence at work in the Royal Society. Hunter’s writing is compelling and witty, and this book exemplifies the very wicked intelligence that he traces through Restoration experimental philosophy.”

—Michael Gaudio, University of Minnesota

**MATTHEW C. HUNTER**

**Wicked Intelligence**

Visual Art and the Science of Experiment in Restoration London

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*Matthew C. Hunter* is assistant professor in the Department of Art History and Communication Studies at McGill University. He is coeditor of *Beyond Mimesis and Convention: Representation in Art and Science* and *The Clever Object* and an editor of *Grey Room*.  

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**SEPTEMBER 304 p., 10 color plates, 66 halftones 7 x 10**  
**Cloth $55.00s/£38.50**  
**ART SCIENCE**
If one had looked for a potential global city in Europe in the 1540s, the most likely candidate would have been Antwerp, which had emerged as the center of the German and Spanish silver exchange as well as the Portuguese spice and Spanish sugar trades. It almost certainly would not have been London, an unassuming hub of the wool and cloth trade with a population of around 75,000, still trying to recover from the onslaught of the Black Plague. But by 1700 London’s population had reached a staggering 575,000—and it had developed its first global corporations, as well as relationships with non-European societies outside the Mediterranean. What happened in the span of a century and a half? And how exactly did London transform itself into a global city?

London’s success, Robert K. Batchelor argues, lies not just with the well-documented rise of Atlantic settlements, markets, and economies. Using his discovery of a network of Chinese merchant shipping routes on John Selden’s map of China as his jumping-off point, Batchelor reveals how London also flourished because of its many encounters, engagements, and exchanges with East Asian trading cities. Translation plays a key role in Batchelor’s study—translation not just of books, manuscripts, and maps, but also of meaning and knowledge across cultures—and Batchelor demonstrates how translation helped London understand and adapt to global economic conditions. Looking outward at London’s global negotiations, Batchelor traces the development of its knowledge networks back to a number of foreign sources and credits particular interactions with England’s eventual political and economic autonomy from church and king.

London offers a much-needed non-Eurocentric history of London, first by bringing to light and then by synthesizing the many external factors and pieces of evidence that contributed to its rise as a global city. It will appeal to students and scholars interested in the cultural politics of translation, the relationship between merchants and sovereigns, and the cultural and historical geography of Britain and Asia.

Robert K. Batchelor is associate professor of history at Georgia Southern University.
"The present is a year productive of strange and surprising events," a newspaper editorialist wrote on July 4, 1861. 'It is one prolific of revolution and abounding in great and startling novelties. . . . We are entering, to say the least, upon a new and important epoch in the history of the world.' Today, when we look at Civil War images across the gulf of a century and a half, it is clear that those war years would prove to be an era not just of revolution, but also of revelation: the passing of timeworn realities and the intimation of things to come."

—Adam Goodheart, author of 1861

More than one hundred and fifty years after Confederates fired on Fort Sumter, the Civil War still occupies a prominent place in the national collective memory. Paintings and photographs, plays and movies, novels, poetry, and songs portray the war as a battle over the future of slavery, focusing on Lincoln’s determination to save the Union, or highlighting the cruelty of brother fighting brother. Battles and battlefields occupy us, too: Bull Run, Antietam, and Gettysburg all conjure up images of desolate landscapes strewn with war dead. Yet battlefields were not the only landscapes altered by the war. Countless individuals saw their daily lives upended while the entire nation suffered.

*Home Front* reveals this side of the war as it happened, comprehensively examining the visual culture of the Northern home front. Through contributions from leading scholars, we discover how the war influenced household economies and the cotton industry; how the absence of young men from the home changed daily life; how war relief work linked home fronts and battlefronts; why Indians on the frontier were pushed out of the riven nation’s consciousness during the war years; and how wartime landscape paintings illuminated the nation’s past, present, and future.

A companion volume to a collaborative exhibition organized by the Newberry Library and the Terra Foundation for American Art, *Home Front* is the first book to expose the visual culture of a world far removed from the horror of war yet intimately bound to it.

*Peter John Brownlee* is associate curator at the Terra Foundation for American Art. *Sarah Burns* is the Ruth N. Halls Professor Emerita in the Department of the History of Art at Indiana University Bloomington. *Diane Dillon* is director of the Scholarly and Undergraduate Programs Department at the Newberry Library. *Daniel Greene* is vice president for research and academic programs at the Newberry Library and an affiliated faculty member of the history department at the University of Illinois at Chicago. *Scott Manning Stevens* is director of the D’Arcy McNickle Center for American Indian and Indigenous Studies at the Newberry Library.
What sets the practice of rigorously tested, sound science apart from pseudoscience? In this volume, the contributors seek to answer this question, known to philosophers of science as “the demarcation problem.” This issue has a long history in philosophy, stretching as far back as the early twentieth century and the work of Karl Popper. But by the late 1980s, scholars in the field began to treat the demarcation problem as impossible to solve and futile to ponder. However, the essays that Massimo Pigliucci and Maarten Boudry have assembled in this volume make a rousing case for the unequivocal importance of reflecting on the separation between pseudoscience and sound science.

Moreover, the demarcation problem is not a purely theoretical dilemma: it affects parents’ decisions to vaccinate children and governments’ willingness to adopt policies that prevent climate change. Pseudoscience often mimics science, using the superficial language and trappings of actual scientific research to seem more respectable. Even a well-informed public can be taken in by such questionable theories dressed up as science. Pseudoscientific beliefs compete with sound science on the health pages of newspapers for media coverage and in laboratories for research funding. Now more than ever the ability to separate genuine scientific findings from spurious ones is vital, and Philosophy of Pseudoscience provides ground for philosophers, sociologists, historians, and laypeople to make decisions about what science is or isn’t.

Massimo Pigliucci is professor of philosophy at the Graduate Center, CUNY. He has written many books, including Nonsense on Stilts: How to Tell Science from Bunk and, most recently, Answers for Aristotle: How Science and Philosophy Can Lead Us to a More Meaningful Life. Maarten Boudry is a postdoctoral fellow of the Flemish Fund for Scientific Research at Ghent University.

Life Out of Sequence
A Data-Driven History of Bioinformatics

HALLAM STEVENS

Thirty years ago, biologists worked at laboratory benches, peering down microscopes, surrounded by petri dishes. Today, they are just as likely to be found in an office, poring over lines of code on computers. The use of computers in biology has radically transformed who biologists are, what they do, and how they understand life. In Life Out of Sequence, Hallam Stevens looks inside this new landscape of digital scientific work.

Stevens chronicles the emergence of bioinformatics—the mode of working across and between biology, computing, mathematics, and statistics—from the 1960s to the present, seeking to understand how knowledge about life is made in and through virtual spaces. He shows how scientific data moves from living organisms into DNA sequencing machines, through software, and into databases, images, and scientific publications. What he reveals is a biology very different from the one of predigital days: a biology that includes not only biologists but also highly interdisciplinary teams of managers and workers; a biology that is more centered on DNA sequencing, but one that understands sequence in terms of dynamic cascades and highly interconnected networks. Life Out of Sequence thus offers the computational biology community a welcome context for their own work while also giving the public a frontline perspective of what is going on in this rapidly changing field.

“Life Out of Sequence challenge[s] the prestige of the compounded ethnographic and historical narrative shows how the nature of the biological experiment has changed with the increasing use of the tools of information technology in life science and biomedicine.”

—Hannah Landecker, University of California, Los Angeles
Sex Itself
The Search for Male and Female in the Human Genome

Human genomes are 99.9 percent identical—with one prominent exception. Instead of a matching pair of X chromosomes, men carry a single X, coupled with a tiny chromosome called the Y. Tracking the emergence of a new and distinctive way of thinking about sex represented by the unalterable, simple, and visually compelling binary of the X and Y chromosomes, Sex Itself examines the interaction between cultural gender norms and genetic theories of sex from the beginning of the twentieth century to the present, postgenomic age.

Using methods from history, philosophy, and gender studies of science, Sarah S. Richardson uncovers how gender has helped to shape the research practices, questions asked, theories and models, and descriptive language used in sex chromosome research. From the earliest theories of chromosomal sex determination, to the mid-century hypothesis of the aggressive XYY supermale, to the debate about Y chromosome degeneration, to the recent claim that male and female genomes are more different than those of humans and chimpanzees, Richardson shows how cultural gender conceptions influence the genetic science of sex.

Richardson shows how sexual science of the past continues to resonate, in ways both subtle and explicit, in contemporary research on the genetics of sex and gender. With the completion of the Human Genome Project, genes and chromosomes are moving to the center of the biology of sex. Sex Itself offers a compelling argument for the importance of ongoing critical dialogue on how cultural conceptions of gender operate within the science of sex.

Sarah S. Richardson is assistant professor of the history of science and of studies of women, gender, and sexuality at Harvard University. She is coeditor of Revisiting Race in a Genomic Age. She lives in Chester, CT.
Reading Darwin in Arabic, 1860–1950
MARWA ELSHAKRY

In *Reading Darwin in Arabic*, Marwa Elshakry questions current ideas about Islam, science, and secularism by exploring the ways in which Darwin was read in Arabic from the late 1860s to the mid-twentieth century. Borrowing from translation and reading studies and weaving together the history of science with intellectual history, she explores Darwin’s global appeal from the perspective of several generations of Arabic readers and shows how Darwin’s writings helped alter the social and epistemological landscape of the Arab learned classes.

Elshakry shows how, in an age of massive regional and international political upheaval, these readings were suffused with the anxieties of empire and civilizational decline. The politics of evolution infiltrated Arabic discussions of pedagogy, progress, and the very sense of history. They also led to a literary and conceptual transformation of notions of science and religion themselves. Darwin thus became a vehicle for discussing scriptural exegesis, the conditions of belief, and cosmological views more broadly. The book also acquaints readers with Muslim and Christian intellectuals, bureaucrats, and theologians, and concludes by exploring Darwin’s waning influence on public and intellectual life in the Arab world after World War I.

Marwa Elshakry is associate professor in the Department of History at Columbia University, where she specializes in the history of science, technology, and medicine in the modern Middle East. She lives in New York.

Was Hitler a Darwinian?
Disputed Questions in the History of Evolutionary Theory
ROBERT J. RICHARDS

In tracing the history of Darwin’s accomplishment and the trajectory of evolutionary theory during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, most scholars agree that Darwin introduced blind mechanism into biology, thus banishing moral values from the understanding of nature. According to the standard interpretation, the principle of survival of the fittest has rendered human behavior, including moral behavior, ultimately selfish. Few doubt that Darwinian theory, especially as construed by the master’s German disciple, Ernst Haeckel, inspired Hitler and led to Nazi atrocities.

In this collection of essays, Robert J. Richards argues that this orthodox view is wrongheaded. A close historical examination reveals that Darwin, in more traditional fashion, constructed nature with a moral spine and provided it with a goal: man as a moral creature. The book takes up many topics—including the character of Darwin’s chief principles of natural selection and divergence, his dispute with Alfred Russel Wallace over man’s big brain, the role of language in human development, his relationship to Herbert Spencer, how much his views had in common with Haeckel’s, and the general problem of progress in evolution. Moreover, Richards takes a forceful stand on the timely issue of whether Darwin is to blame for Hitler’s atrocities. *Was Hitler a Darwinian?* is intellectual history at its boldest.

Robert J. Richards is the Morris Fishbein Distinguished Service Professor of the History of Science and Medicine; professor in the Departments of History, Philosophy, and Psychology and in the Committee on Conceptual and Historical Studies of Science; and director of the Fishbein Center for the History of Science and Medicine, all at the University of Chicago. He is the author of numerous books, including, most recently, *The Tragic Sense of Life*, also published by the University of Chicago Press. He lives in Chicago.

“A novel and important contribution to our understanding of the globalization of science in the nineteenth century. Marwa Elshakry’s study will appeal not only to scholars of the modern intellectual and political history of the Middle East but also to an audience in the history of science, especially those working on imperial and colonial histories of science.”

—Timothy Mitchell, author of *Colonising Egypt*

“These essays display the impressive range of Robert J. Richards’s abilities as an intellectual historian and historian of science, as they explore the disparate sources of Darwinian thought in romanticism, theology, ethics, aesthetics, and linguistics.”

—Sander Giloff, Indiana University
“Through deep research, acute perception, and lovely writing, Conevery Bolton Valencius has taken one of the great natural events of early America and made of it a revelation of its time—its scientific practice and thinking and its people’s understanding of the land, of themselves, and even of their spirituality and relation to the divine. A masterful blend of the history of science and society.”

—Elliott West, University of Arkansas

The Lost History of the New Madrid Earthquakes

From December 1811 to February 1812, massive earthquakes shook the middle Mississippi Valley, collapsing homes, snapping large trees mid-trunk, and briefly but dramatically reversing the flow of the continent’s mightiest river. For decades, people puzzled over the causes of the quakes, but by the time the nation began to recover from the Civil War, the New Madrid earthquakes had essentially been forgotten.

In *The Lost History of the New Madrid Earthquakes*, Conevery Bolton Valencius remembers this major environmental disaster, demonstrating how events that have been long forgotten, even denied and ridiculed as tall tales, were in fact enormously important at the time of their occurrence, and continue to affect us today. Valencius weaves together scientific and historical evidence to demonstrate the vast role the New Madrid earthquakes played in the United States in the early nineteenth century, shaping the settlement patterns of early western Cherokees and other Indians, heightening the credibility of Tecumseh and Tenskwatawa for their Indian League in the War of 1812, giving force to frontier religious revival, and spreading scientific inquiry. Moving into the present, Valencius explores the intertwined reasons—environmental, scientific, social, and economic—why something as consequential as a major earthquake can be lost from public knowledge, offering a cautionary tale in a world struggling to respond to global climate change amid widespread willful denial.

Engagingly written and ambitiously researched—both in the scientific literature and the writings of the time—*The Lost History of the New Madrid Earthquakes* will be an important resource in environmental history, geology, and seismology, as well as history of science and medicine and early American and Native American history.

Conevery Bolton Valencius is assistant professor at the University of Massachusetts Boston, where she teaches environmental history, history of science and medicine, and the American Civil War. She is the author of *The Health of the Country: How American Settlers Understood Themselves and Their Land*. 
Galileo wrote that “nature cannot produce a horse as large as twenty ordinary horses or a giant ten times taller than an ordinary man unless by miracle or by greatly altering the proportions of his limbs and especially of his bones”—a statement that wonderfully captures a long-standing scientific fascination with body size. Why are organisms the size that they are? And what determines their optimum size?

This volume explores animal body size from a macroecological perspective, examining species, populations, and other large groups of animals in order to uncover the patterns and causal mechanisms of body size throughout time and across the globe. The chapters represent diverse scientific perspectives and are divided into two sections. The first includes chapters on insects, snails, birds, bats, and terrestrial mammals and discusses the body size patterns of these various organisms. The second examines some of the factors behind, and consequences of, body size patterns and includes chapters on community assembly, body mass distribution, life history, and the influence of flight on body size.

Felisa A. Smith is professor of biology at the University of New Mexico and lives in Santa Fe, NM. S. Kathleen Lyons is a research scientist in the Department of Paleobiology at the National Museum of Natural History and lives in Arlington, VA.

Life Atomic
A History of Radioisotopes in Science and Medicine
ANGELA N. H. CREAGER

After World War II, the US Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) began mass-producing radioisotopes, sending out nearly 64,000 shipments of radioactive materials to scientists and physicians by 1955. Even as the atomic bomb became the focus of Cold War anxiety, radioisotopes represented the government’s efforts to harness the power of the atom for peace—advancing medicine, domestic energy, and foreign relations.

In Life Atomic, Angela N. H. Creager tells the story of how these radioisotopes, which were simultaneously scientific tools and political icons, transformed biomedicine and ecology. Government-produced radioisotopes provided physicians with new tools for diagnosis and therapy, specifically cancer therapy, and enabled biologists to trace molecular transformations. Yet the government’s attempt to present radioisotopes as marvelous dividends of the atomic age was undercut in the 1950s by the fallout debates, as scientists and citizens recognized the hazards of low-level radiation. Creager reveals that growing conscious-

Angela N. H. Creager is the Philip and Beulah Rollins Professor of History at Princeton University. She is the author of The Life of a Virus and coeditor of Feminism in Twentieth-Century Science, Technology, and Medicine, both published by the University of Chicago Press.
Today we are all familiar with the iconic pictures of the nebulae produced by the Hubble Space Telescope’s digital cameras. But there was a time, before the successful application of photography to the heavens, in which scientists had to rely on handmade drawings of these mysterious phenomena. 

Observing by Hand sheds entirely new light on the ways in which the production and reception of hand-drawn images of the nebulae in the nineteenth century contributed to astronomical observation. Omar W. Nasim investigates hundreds of unpublished observing books and paper records from six nineteenth-century observers of the nebulae: Sir John Herschel; William Parsons, the third Earl of Rosse; William Lassell; Ebenezer Porter Mason; Ernst Wilhelm Leberecht Tempel; and George Phillips Bond. Nasim focuses on the ways in which these observers created and employed their drawings in data-driven procedures, from their choices of artistic materials and techniques to their practices and scientific observation. He examines the ways in which the act of drawing complemented the acts of seeing and knowing, as well as the ways that making pictures was connected to the production of scientific knowledge.

An impeccably researched, carefully crafted, and beautifully illustrated piece of historical work, Observing by Hand will delight historians of science, art, and the book, as well as astronomers and philosophers.

Omar W. Nasim is a senior research fellow at the Chair for Science Studies at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zürich, a member of the Iconic Criticism project at the University of Basel, and the author of Bertrand Russell and the Edwardian Philosophers.
Zookeepers are responsible for the care and welfare of animals in zoos and aquariums and also serve as public ambassadors for the animals. As species extinction, environmental protection, animal rights, and workplace safety issues come to the fore, zoos and aquariums need keepers who have the technical expertise and scientific knowledge to keep animals healthy, educate the public, and create regional, national, and global conservation and management communities. This textbook offers a comprehensive and practical overview of the profession geared toward new animal keepers and anyone who needs a foundational account of the topics most important to the day-to-day care of zoo and aquarium animals. The editors, all three experienced in zoo animal care and management, have put together a cohesive and broad-ranging book that tackles each of its subjects carefully and thoroughly. The contributions cover professional zookeeping, evolution of zoos, workplace safety, animal management, taxa-specific animal husbandry, animal behavior, veterinary care, public education and outreach, and conservation science. Using the newest techniques and research gathered from around the world, Zookeeping is a progressive textbook that seeks to promote consistency and the highest standards within global zoo and aquarium operations.

Mark D. Irwin is a licensed veterinarian and associate professor who leads the Zoo Technology program at Jefferson Community College, SUNY, in Watertown, NY, where he trains future zookeepers. John B. Stoner has decades of experience in zoo animal care as a keeper and animal care manager at the Toronto Zoo and is an adjunct faculty member of Sheridan College in Brampton, Ontario, where he teaches exotic animal science. Aaron M. Cobaugh is associate professor and coordinator of the Animal Management program at Niagara County Community College, SUNY, in Sanborn, NY, where he teaches zoo-related courses that train future zookeepers, and is a former keeper himself.

Grace Yen Shen is assistant professor of Chinese history at Fordham University.

Zookeeping
An Introduction to the Science and Technology
Edited by MARK D. IRWIN, JOHN B. STONER, and AARON M. COBAUGH

Unearthing the Nation
Modern Geology and Nationalism in Republican China
GRACE YEN SHEN

Questions of national identity have long dominated China’s political, social, and cultural horizons. So in the early 1900s, when diverse groups in China began to covet foreign science in the name of new technology and modernization, questions of nationhood came to the fore. In Unearthing the Nation, Grace Yen Shen uses the development of modern geology to explore this complex relationship between science and nationalism in Republican China.

Shen shows that Chinese geologists—in battling growing Western and Japanese encroachment of Chinese sovereignty—faced two ongoing challenges: how to develop objective, internationally recognized scientific authority without effacing native identity, and how to serve China when China was still searching for a stable national form. Shen argues that Chinese geologists overcame these obstacles by experimenting with different ways to associate the subjects of their scientific study, the land and its features, with the object of their political and cultural loyalties. This, in turn, led them to link national survival with the establishment of scientific authority in Chinese society.

The first major history of modern Chinese geology, Unearthing the Nation introduces the key figures in the rise of the field, as well as several key organizations, such as the Geological Society of China, and explains how they helped bring Chinese geology onto the world stage.

Grace Yen Shen is assistant professor of Chinese history at Fordham University.

“A rich, innovative, and finely crafted historical study of Chinese geology and society during the Republican period. It creatively combines political history, cultural analyses, and the history of science in tracing the development of the Chinese geoscientific community and related institutions, with special attention to the transnational dimensions of the enterprise. It will be recognized as a major contribution not only to the history of Chinese geology but also to modern Chinese history and the history of modern science in general.”

—Zuoyue Wang,
California State Polytechnic University, Pomona


ZOOKEEPING SCIENCE REFERENCE


SCIENCE HISTORY

special interest 55
The Ornaments of Life
Coevolution and Conservation in the Tropics
THEODORE H. FLEMING and W. JOHN KRESS

The average kilometer of tropical rainforest is teeming with life; it contains thousands of species of plants and animals. As The Ornaments of Life reveals, many of the most colorful and eye-catching rainforest inhabitants—toucans, monkeys, leaf-nosed bats, and hummingbirds, to name a few—are an important component of the infrastructure that supports life in the forest. These fruit-and-nectar eating birds and mammals pollinate the flowers and disperse the seeds of hundreds of tropical plants, and unlike temperate communities, much of this greenery relies exclusively on animals for reproduction.

Synthesizing recent research by ecologists and evolutionary biologists, Theodore H. Fleming and W. John Kress demonstrate the tremendous functional and evolutionary importance of these tropical pollinators and frugivores. They shed light on how these mutually symbiotic relationships evolved and lay out the current conservation status of these essential species. In order to illustrate the striking beauty of these “ornaments” of the rainforest, the authors have included a series of breathtaking color plates and full-color graphs and diagrams.

Science from Sight to Insight
How Scientists Illustrate Meaning
ALAN G. GROSS and JOSEPH E. HARMON

John Dalton’s molecular structures. Scatter plots and geometric diagrams. Watson and Crick’s double helix. The way in which scientists understand the world—and the key concepts that explain it—is undeniably bound up in not only words, but images. Moreover, from PowerPoint presentations to articles in academic journals, scientific communication routinely relies on the relationship between words and pictures.

In Science from Sight to Insight, Alan G. Gross and Joseph E. Harmon present a short history of the scientific visual, and then formulate a theory about the interaction between the visual and textual. With great insight and admirable rigor, the authors argue that scientific meaning itself comes from the complex interplay between the verbal and the visual in the form of graphs, diagrams, maps, drawings, and photographs. The authors use a variety of tools to probe the nature of scientific images, from Heidegger’s philosophy of science to Peirce’s semiotics of visual communication. Their synthesis of these elements offers readers an examination of scientific visuals at a much deeper and more meaningful level than ever before.

Alan G. Gross is professor of communication studies at the University of Minnesota—Twin Cities. He is the author or coauthor of several books, including The Rhetoric of Science and Starring the Text: The Place of Rhetoric in Science Studies. Joseph E. Harmon works as a science writer and editor at Argonne National Laboratory. He is coauthor, with Alan G. Gross, of several books, including Communicating Science, The Scientific Literature: A Guided Tour, and The Craft of Scientific Communication.
In Search of Mechanisms
Discoveries across the Life Sciences
CARL F. CRAVER and LINDLEY DARDEN

Neuroscientists investigate the mechanisms of spatial memory. Molecular biologists study the mechanisms of protein synthesis and the myriad mechanisms of gene regulation. Ecologists study nutrient cycling mechanisms and their devastating imbalances in estuaries such as the Chesapeake Bay. In fact, much of biology and its history involves biologists constructing, evaluating, and revising their understanding of mechanisms.

With In Search of Mechanisms, Carl F. Craver and Lindley Darden offer both a descriptive and an instructional account of how biologists discover mechanisms. Drawing on examples from across the life sciences and through the centuries, Craver and Darden compile an impressive toolbox of strategies that biologists have used and will use again to reveal the mechanisms that produce, underlie, or maintain the phenomena characteristic of living things. They discuss the questions that figure in the search for mechanisms, characterizing the experimental, observational, and conceptual considerations used to answer them, all the while providing examples from the history of biology to highlight the kinds of evidence and reasoning strategies employed to assess mechanisms. At a deeper level, Craver and Darden pose a systematic view of what biology is, how biology makes progress, of how biological discoveries are and might be made, and of why knowledge of biological mechanisms is important for the future of the human species.

Carl F. Craver is associate professor in the Philosophy-Neuroscience-Psychology Program at Washington University in St. Louis. Lindley Darden is professor of philosophy at the University of Maryland in College Park. She lives in Greenbelt, MD.

Coming to Mind
The Soul and Its Body
LENN E. GOODMAN and D. GREGORY CARAMENICO

How should we speak of bodies and souls? In Coming to Mind, Lenn E. Goodman and D. Gregory Caramenico pick their way through the minefields of materialist reductionism to present the soul not as the brain’s rival but as its partner. What acts, they argue, is what is real. The soul is not an ethereal wisp but a lively subject, emergent from the body but inadequately described in its terms.

Rooted in some of the richest philosophical and intellectual traditions of Western and Eastern philosophy, psychology, literature, and the arts as well as the latest findings of cognitive psychology and brain science—Coming to Mind is a subtle manifesto of a new humanism and an outstanding contribution to our understanding of the human person. Drawing on new and classical understandings of perception, consciousness, memory, agency, and creativity, Goodman and Caramenico frame a convincing argument for a dynamic and integrated self capable of language, thought, discovery, caring, and love.

Lenn E. Goodman is professor of philosophy and Andrew W. Mellon Professor in the Humanities at Vanderbilt University. His books include Creation and Evolution; Islamic Humanism; In Defense of Truth; Jewish and Islamic Philosophy: Crosspollinations in the Classic Age; Avicenna; On Justice; and Love Thy Neighbor as Thyself. He lives in Nashville, TN.

D. Gregory Caramenico is an independent scholar and researcher in New York City.

“Carl F. Craver and Lindley Darden eloquently describe the discovery of mechanisms and reasoning about them and show how mechanisms provide an integrative way of understanding the unity of biology. This book ranges across many areas of biology and is highly readable, with rich examples and a minimum of philosophical jargon. It substantially advances the philosophy and history of science, and can seriously help biologists to understand their own work.”

—Paul Thagard, University of Waterloo

“Drawing sophisticated connections between contemporary emergence theory and Aristotelian ontology, Lenn E. Goodman and D. Gregory Caramenico employ a range of philosophical arguments and scientific detail to argue for the reality of the soul in an original and congenial style. High marks.”

—Philip Clayton, Claremont School of Theology
Abramo Basevi published his study of Verdi’s operas in Florence in 1859, in the middle of the composer’s career. The first thorough, systematic examination of Verdi’s operas, it covered the twenty works produced between 1842 and 1857—from Nabucco and Macbeth to Il trovatore, La traviata, and Aroldo. But while Basevi’s work is still widely cited and discussed—and nowhere more so than in the English-speaking world—no translation of the entire volume has previously been available. The Operas of Giuseppe Verdi fills this gap, at the same time providing an invaluable critical apparatus and commentary on Basevi’s book.

As a contemporary of Verdi and a trained musician, erudite scholar, and critic conversant with current and past operatic repertories, Basevi presented pointed discussion of the operas and their historical context, offering today’s readers a unique window into many aspects of operatic culture, and culture in general, in Verdi’s Italy. He wrote with precision on formal aspects, use of melody and orchestration, and other compositional features, which made his study an acknowledged model for the growing field of music criticism. Carefully annotated and with an engaging introduction and detailed glossary by editor Stefano Castelvecchi, this translation illuminates Basevi’s musical and historical references as well as aspects of his language that remain difficult to grasp even for Italian readers.

Making Basevi’s important contribution to our understanding of Verdi and his operas available to a broad audience for the first time, The Operas of Giuseppe Verdi will delight scholars and opera enthusiasts alike.

Abramo Basevi (1818–85) was a composer, music promoter, scholar, and critic who played a major role in the cultural life of nineteenth-century Florence. He published extensively on music and philosophy and founded the periodical L’armonia, in which his study of Verdi’s operas first appeared. Edward Schneider studied music at Oxford and has translated several books on music and cooking. Stefano Castelvecchi is a lecturer in music at the University of Cambridge and a fellow of St John’s College, Cambridge. He is the editor of critical editions of works by Rossini and Verdi and the author of Sentimental Opera: Questions of Genre in the Age of Bourgeois Drama.
Always connect—that is the imperative of today’s media. But what about those moments when media cease to function properly, when messages go beyond the sender and receiver to become excluded from the world of communication itself—those messages that state: “There will be no more messages”? In this book, Alexander R. Galloway, Eugene Thacker, and McKenzie Wark turn our usual understanding of media on its head by arguing that these moments reveal the ways the impossibility of communication is integral to communication itself—instances they call excommunication.

In three linked essays, Excommunication pursues this elusive topic by looking at mediation in the face of banishment, exclusion, and heresy, and by contemplating the possibilities of communication with the great beyond. First, Galloway proposes an original theory of mediation based on classical literature and philosophy, using Hermes, Iris, and the Furies to map out three of the most prevalent modes of mediation today—mediation as exchange, as illumination, and as network. Then, Thacker goes boldly beyond Galloway’s classification scheme by examining the concept of excommunication through the secret link between the modern horror genre and medieval mysticism. Finally, Wark evokes the poetics of the infuriated swarm as a queer politics of heresy that deviates from both media theory and the traditional left.

Reexamining commonplace definitions of media, mediation, and communication, Excommunication offers a glimpse into the realm of the nonhuman to find a theory of mediation adequate to our present condition.

Alexander R. Galloway is associate professor of media studies at New York University. He is the author of four books on digital media and critical theory, most recently, The Interface Effect. Eugene Thacker is associate professor in the School of Media Studies at the New School. He is the author of many books, including After Life, also published by the University of Chicago Press. McKenzie Wark is professor of liberal studies at the New School. His books include A Hacker Manifesto and Gamer Theory.
The Idea of Hegel’s *Science of Logic*

STANLEY ROSEN

Although Hegel considered *Science of Logic* essential to his philosophy, it has received scant commentary compared with the other three books he published in his lifetime. Here philosopher Stanley Rosen rescues the *Science of Logic* from obscurity, arguing that its neglect is responsible for contemporary philosophy’s fracture into many different and opposed schools of thought. Through deep and careful analysis, Rosen sheds new light on the precise problems that animate Hegel’s overlooked book and their tremendous significance to philosophical conceptions of logic and reason.

Rosen’s overarching question is how, if at all, rationalism can overcome the split between monism and dualism. Monism—which claims a singular essence for all things—ultimately leads to nihilism, while dualism, which claims multiple, irreducible essences, leads to what Rosen calls “the endless chatter of the history of philosophy.” The *Science of Logic*, he argues, is the fundamental text to offer a new conception of rationalism that might overcome this philosophical split. Leading readers through Hegel’s book from beginning to end, Rosen’s argument culminates in a masterful chapter on the Idea in Hegel. By fully appreciating the *Science of Logic* and situating it properly within Hegel’s oeuvre, Rosen in turn provides new tools for wrangling with the conceptual puzzles that have brought so many other philosophers to disaster.

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Deconstructing Dignity

A Critique of the Right-to-Die Debate

SCOTT CUTLER SHERSHOW

The right-to-die debate has gone on for centuries, playing out most recently as a spectacle of protest surrounding figures such as Terry Schiavo. In *Deconstructing Dignity*, Scott Cutler Shershow offers a powerful new way of thinking about it philosophically. Focusing on the concepts of human dignity and the sanctity of life, he employs Derridean deconstruction to uncover self-contradictory and damaging assumptions that underlie both sides of the debate.

Shershow examines texts from Cicero’s *De Officiis* to Kant’s *Groundwork of the Metaphysics of Morals* to court decisions and religious declarations. Through them he reveals how arguments both supporting and denying the right to die undermine their own unconditional concepts of human dignity and the sanctity of life with a hidden conditional logic, one often tied to practical economic concerns and the scarcity or unequal distribution of medical resources. He goes on to examine the exceptional case of self-sacrifice, closing with a vision of a society—one whose conditions we are far from meeting—in which the debate can finally be resolved. A sophisticated analysis of a heated topic, *Deconstructing Dignity* is also a masterful example of deconstructionist methods at work.

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“Stanley Rosen’s undertaking in The Idea of Hegel’s ‘Science of Logic’ is an important and unique contribution to philosophical literature. It closes an important circle to his earlier and much-remembered work, *Nihilism*, a book that analyzed the problem announced by its title but was not as ambitious as to suggest a solution—it is precisely this ambition to which this newest book returns.”

—Omri Boehm, New School

“Deconstructing Dignity is an excellent book. It is well conceived and wonderfully executed. It not only intervenes in this particular debate on the right to die but takes up important and long-standing concepts and problems in the history of philosophy and culture; it dismantles vapid truisms and opens onto the possibility of a thought of life—and death—that is not always already lost within life’s supposed dignity and sanctity.”

—David E. Johnson, University at Buffalo, SUNY

*Stanley Rosen* is the Borden Parker Bowne Professor and University Professor Emeritus at Boston University. He is the author of many books, most recently *Plato’s Republic: A Study.*

*Scott Cutler Shershow* is professor of English at the University of California, Davis. He is the author of *Puppets and “Popular” Culture* and *The Work and the Gift*, the latter published by the University of Chicago Press, and is also coeditor of *Marxist Shakespeares.*
There is a fair amount of philosophical literature about whether Hegel could accommodate modern, post-1840s art within his philosophy, but that field usually divides into the ‘Yes, he can,’ and ‘No, he cannot’ camps. Both camps generally argue on the basis of canonical Hegelian texts, differing only on the implications they draw from those texts. In After the Beautiful, Robert B. Pippin, looking at modernist paintings by artists such as Édouard Manet and Paul Cézanne through Hegel’s lens, does what Hegel never had the chance to do.

While Hegel could never engage modernist painting, he did have an understanding of modernity, and in it art was “a thing of the past,” no longer an important vehicle of self-understanding and no longer an indispensable expression of human meaning. Pippin offers a sophisticated exploration of Hegel’s position and shows that, had Hegel known how the social institutions of his day would ultimately fail to achieve his own version of genuine equality—a mutuality of recognition—he would have had to explore a different role for art in modernity. After laying this groundwork, Pippin goes on to illuminate the dimensions of Hegel’s aesthetic approach via the works of Manet, drawing on art historians T. J. Clark and Michael Fried, and concludes with a look at Cézanne to explore the relationship between Hegel and the philosopher who would challenge Hegel’s account of both modernity and art—Martin Heidegger.

Elegantly interweaving philosophy and art history, After the Beautiful is a stunning reassessment of the modernist project and what it means in general for art to have a history. It is a testament, via Hegel, to the distinctive philosophical achievements of modernist art in the unsettled, tumultuous era we have inherited.

Robert B. Pippin is the Evelyn Stefansson Nef Distinguished Service Professor in the John U. Nef Committee on Social Thought, the Department of Philosophy, and the College at the University of Chicago. He is the author of several books, including Nietzsche, Psychology, and First Philosophy, also published by the University of Chicago Press, and, most recently, Fatalism in American Film Noir: Some Cinematic Philosophy.
“The Enduring Importance of Leo Strauss offers a major and provocative contribution to Strauss scholarship, but this is not the most important thing it offers. Laurence Lampert makes a persuasive case for the ‘new history of philosophy,’ which invites us to radically rethink the whole ‘tradition.’”

—David Janssens, Tilburg University

“The Romantic Absolute is an excellent book. Dalia Nassar has a superb command of the very difficult materials she deals with and makes a strong case for the significance of ‘romantic philosophy’ by offering extensive readings of Novalis (Friedrich von Hardenberg), Friedrich Schlegel, and Friedrich Schelling. Not simply carving out a little niche but addressing the core issue in Germany around 1800, she thinks along with these thinkers, unfolding how they explore different versions of the ‘absolute.’”

—John H. Smith, University of California, Irvine

In *The Enduring Importance of Leo Strauss*, Laurence Lampert takes on the crucial task of separating what is truly important in the work of Leo Strauss from the ephemeral politics associated with his school. Lampert focuses on exotericism—the use of artful rhetoric to simultaneously communicate a socially responsible message to the public at large and a more radical message of philosophic truth to a smaller, more intellectually fit audience. Largely forgotten after the Enlightenment, exotericism, he shows, deeply informed Strauss both as a reader and as a philosopher.

Examining Strauss’s most important books and essays through this exoteric lens, Lampert reevaluates not only Strauss but the philosophers—from Plato to Homer to Halevi to Nietzsche—with whom Strauss most deeply engaged. Ultimately he shows that Strauss’s famous distinction between ancient and modern thinkers is primarily rhetorical, one of the great examples of Strauss’s own exoteric craft. Celebrating Strauss’s achievements but recognizing one main shortcoming—a lack of proper grounding in modern science, which Nietzsche would remedy—Lampert illuminates Strauss as having even greater philosophic importance than generally realized.

Laurence Lampert is professor emeritus of philosophy at Indiana University–Purdue University Indianapolis. He is the author of several books, most recently *How Philosophy Became Socratic*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.

The absolute was one of the most significant philosophical concepts in the early nineteenth century, particularly for the German romantics. Its exact meaning and its role within philosophical romanticism remain, however, a highly contested topic among contemporary scholars. In *The Romantic Absolute*, Dalia Nassar offers an illuminating new assessment of the romantics and their understanding of the absolute. In doing so, she fills an important gap in the history of philosophy, especially with respect to the crucial period between Kant and Hegel.

Scholars today interpret philosophical romanticism along two competing lines: one emphasizes the romantics’ concern with epistemology, the other their concern with metaphysics. Through careful textual analysis and systematic reconstruction of the work of three major romantics—Novalis, Friedrich Schlegel, and Friedrich Schelling—Nassar shows that neither interpretation is fully satisfying. Rather, she argues, one needs to approach the absolute from both perspectives. Rescuing these philosophers from frequent misunderstanding, and even dismissal, she articulates not only a new angle on the philosophical foundations of romanticism but on the meaning and significance of the notion of the absolute itself.

Dalia Nassar is assistant professor of philosophy at Villanova University and an Australian Research Council Fellow at the University of Sydney.
Secularism is usually thought to contain the project of self-deification, in which humans attack God’s authority in order to take his place. Julie E. Cooper overturns this conception through an incisive analysis of the early modern justifications for secular politics. While she agrees that secularism is a means of empowerment, she argues that we have misunderstood the sources of secular empowerment and the kinds of strength to which it aspires.

Contemporary understandings of secularism, Cooper contends, have been shaped by a limited understanding of it as a shift from vulnerability to power. But the works of the foundational thinkers of secularism tell a different story. Analyzing the writings of Hobbes, Spinoza, and Rousseau at the moment of secularism’s inception, she shows that all three understood that acknowledging one’s limitations was a condition of successful self-rule. And while all three invited humans to collectively build and sustain a political world, their invitations did not amount to self-deification. Cooper establishes that secular politics as originally conceived does not require a choice between power and vulnerability. Rather, it challenges us—today as then—to reconcile them both as essential components of our humanity.

Julie E. Cooper is assistant professor of political science at the University of Chicago.

al-Ghazālī’s Moderation in Belief
AL-GHAZĀLĪ
Translated by Aladdin M. Yaqub

Centuries after his death, al-Ghazālī remains one of the most influential figures of the Islamic intellectual tradition. Although he is best known for his Incoherence of the Philosophers, Moderation in Belief is his most profound work of philosophical theology. In it, he offers what scholars consider to be the best defense of the Ash‘arite school of Islamic theology that gained acceptance within orthodox Sunni theology in the twelfth century, though he also diverges from Ash‘arism with his more rationalist approach to the Qur‘ān. Together with The Incoherence of the Philosophers, Moderation in Belief informs many subsequent theological debates, and its influence extends beyond the Islamic tradition, informing broader questions within Western philosophical and theological thought.

The first complete English edition of Moderation in Belief, this new annotated translation by Aladdin M. Yaqub draws on the most esteemed critical editions of the Arabic texts and offers detailed commentary that analyzes and reconstructs the arguments found in the work’s four treatises. Explanations of the historical and intellectual background of the texts also enable readers with a limited knowledge of classical Arabic to fully explore al-Ghazālī and this foundational text for the first time.

With the recent resurgence of interest in Islamic philosophy and the conflict between philosophy and religion, this new translation will be a welcome addition to the scholarship.

Aladdin M. Yaqub is associate professor of philosophy at Lehigh University in Pennsylvania. He is the author of The Liar Speaks the Truth and An Introduction to Logical Theory.

Julie E. Cooper has undertaken an impressive survey of the historical and contemporary literatures to elucidate and explain the limitations posed by the mistaken presumption that self-aggrandizement is a corollary of secularization. An erudite and truly excellent study, Secular Powers is positioned to make an extremely important contribution to contemporary arguments about the fortunes and possibly the future of secularism in political life.”

—Samantha L. Frost, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

“Given the significance of al-Ghazālī as one of the leading Muslim thinkers in the Sunni world, it’s remarkable that this important text has not yet been available in English-language translation in one place. Aladdin M. Yaqub provides such a translation, splendidly reconciling the Arabic texts and augmenting them with accurate notes that offer a helpful guide. This is sure to become the standard English edition.”

—Oliver Leaman, University of Kentucky
From the outset of Napoleon’s career, the charismatic Corsican was compared to mythic heroes of antiquity like Achilles, and even today he remains the apotheosis of French glory, a value deeply embedded in the country’s history. From this angle, the Napoleonic era can be viewed as the final chapter in the battle of the Ancients and Moderns. In this book, Robert Morrissey presents a literary and cultural history of glory and its development in France and explores the “economy of glory” Napoleon sought to implement in an attempt to heal the divide between the Old Regime and the Revolution.

Examining how Napoleon saw glory as a means of escaping the impasse of Revolutionary ideas of radical egalitarianism, Morrissey illustrates the challenge the leader faced in reconciling the antagonistic values of virtue and self-interest, heroism and equality. He reveals that the economy of glory was both egalitarian, creating the possibility of an aristocracy based on merit rather than wealth, and traditional, being deeply embedded in the history of aristocratic chivalry and the monarchy—making it the heart of Napoleon’s politics of fusion. Going beyond Napoleon, Morrissey considers how figures of French romanticism such as Chateaubriand, Balzac, and Hugo constantly reevaluated this legacy of glory and its consequences for modernity. Available for the first time in English, *The Economy of Glory* is a sophisticated and beautifully written addition to French history.

**Dreamland of Humanists** is a deeply researched, well-structured, and elegantly written work of history that brings to life the city of Hamburg, a place which, thanks to its unique Hanseatic economic and political traditions, served as a welcome home for the Warburg Library and the three German Jewish intellectuals most closely associated with its name. Emily J. Levine should be commended.”

——Peter E. Gordon, author of *Continental Divide: Heidegger, Cassirer, Davos*

Called by Heinrich Heine a city of dull and culturally limited merchants where poets only go to die, Hamburg would seem an improbable setting for a major new intellectual movement. Yet it was there, at a new university in an unintellectual banking city at the end of World War I, that a trio of innovative thinkers emerged. Together, Aby Warburg, Ernst Cassirer, and Erwin Panofsky developed new avenues of thought in cultural theory, art history, and philosophy, changing the course of cultural and intellectual history not just in Weimar Germany, but throughout the world.

**Dreamland of Humanists**  
Warburg, Cassirer, Panofsky, and the Hamburg School  
**EMILY J. LEVINE**

In *Dreamland of Humanists*, Emily J. Levine considers not just these men, but the historical significance of the time and place where their ideas first took form. Shedding light on the origins of their work in the Renaissance and the Enlightenment, Levine clarifies the social, political, and economic pressures faced by German-Jewish scholars on the periphery of Germany’s intellectual world. And by examining the role that this context plays in our analysis of their ideas, Levine confirms that great ideas—like great intellectuals—must come from somewhere.

**Emily J. Levine** is assistant professor of history at the University of North Carolina at Greensboro. Born in New York City, she lives in Durham, NC.
It is a truth widely acknowledged that if you're pregnant and can afford one, you're going to pick up a pregnancy manual. From *What to Expect When You're Expecting* to *Pregnancy for Dummies*, these guides act as portable mentors for women who want advice on how to navigate each stage of pregnancy. Yet few women consider the effect of these manuals—how they propel their readers into a particular system of care or whether the manual they choose reflects or contradicts current medical thinking.

Using a sophisticated rhetorical analysis, Marika Seigel works to deconstruct pregnancy manuals while also identifying ways to improve communication about pregnancy and health care. She traces the manuals’ evolution from early twentieth-century tomes that instructed readers to unquestioningly turn their pregnancy management over to doctors, to those of the women’s health movement that encouraged readers to engage more critically with their care, to modern online sources that sometimes serve commercial interests as much as the mother’s.

The first book-length study of its kind, *The Rhetoric of Pregnancy* is a must-read for both users and designers of our prenatal systems—doctors and doulas, scholars and activists, and anyone interested in encouraging active, effective engagement.

Marika Seigel is associate professor of rhetoric and technical communication at Michigan Technological University. She lives in Houghton, MI.

Located in the crowded center of seventeenth-century London, the rough community of Coleman Street Ward was a hotbed of political and religious unrest. There among diverse and contentious groups of puritans a seething republican underground developed as the political means to a more perfect Protestant Reformation. While some prominent revolutionaryies led England’s imperial expansion by investing deeply in the slave trade and projects of colonial conquest, other Coleman Street puritans crossed and recrossed the ocean as colonists and revolutionaries, circulating new ideas about the liberty of body and soul. These radicals promoted social justice as the cornerstone of a republican liberty opposed to both political tyranny and economic slavery, and their efforts, Donoghue argues, provided the ideological foundations for the abolitionist movement that swept the Atlantic world over a century later.

John Donoghue is associate professor at Loyola University Chicago, where he specializes in the history of the early modern Atlantic world. He lives in Chicago.

"The Rhetoric of Pregnancy connects and extends important scholarly conversations while advancing the ethical development of technical documentation and the practices (health care and otherwise) this documentation shapes. Practitioners, advocates, and pregnant women themselves will find this book accessible and instructive."

—J. Blake Scott, author of *Risky Rhetoric: AIDS and the Cultural Practices of HIV Testing*

"John Donoghue’s book is powerfully and beautifully written. He is a gifted writer with an impressive ability to recreate the poignancy and drama of the Atlantic world of the seventeenth century, and *Fire under the Ashes* is the best depiction that I have read of the multiple strands of republicanism that developed, emerged, and circulated in the 1630s."

—Alison Games, author of *The Web of Empire: English Cosmopolitans in an Age of Expansion, 1560–1660*
Until Choice Do Us Part
Marriage Reform in the Progressive Era

CLARE VIRGINIA EBY

For centuries, people have been thinking and writing—and fiercely debating—about the meaning of marriage. Today, politicians speak often of “defending” or “protecting” this institution, but just a hundred years ago, Progressive-era reformers embraced marriage not as a time-honored repository for conservative values, but as a tool for social change.

In Until Choice Do Us Part, Clare Virginia Eby offers a new account of marriage as it appeared in fiction, journalism, legal decisions, scholarly work, and private correspondence at the start of the twentieth century. Beginning with reformers like sexologist Havelock Ellis and anthropologist Elsie Clews Parsons—who argued that spouses should be “class equals” joined by private affection, not public sanction—Eby guides us through the stories of three literary couples—Upton and Meta Fuller Sinclair, Theodore and Sara White Dreiser, and Neith Boyce and Hutchins Hapgood—who sought to reform marriage in their lives and in their writings, with mixed results. With this focus on the intimate side of married life, Eby gives readers a view into a historical moment that changed the nature of American marriage—and which continues to shape marital norms today.

Sacred Relics
Pieces of the Past in Nineteenth-Century America

TERESA BARNETT

A piece of Plymouth Rock. A lock of George Washington’s hair. Wood from the cabin where Abraham Lincoln was born. Various bits and pieces of the past—often called “association items”—may appear to be eccentric odds and ends, but they are valued because of their connections to prominent people and events in American history. Kept in museum collections large and small across the United States, such objects are the touchstones of our popular engagement with history.

In Sacred Relics, Teresa Barnett explores the history of private collections of items like these, illuminating how Americans view the past. She traces the relic-collecting tradition back to eighteenth-century England, then on to articles belonging to the founding fathers and through the mass collecting of artifacts that followed the Civil War. Ultimately, Barnett shows how we can trace our own historical collecting from the nineteenth century’s assemblages of the material possessions of great men and women.

Clare Virginia Eby is professor of English at the University of Connecticut. She is the author of Dreiser and Veblen, Saboteurs of the Status Quo and an editor of The Cambridge History of the American Novel.

Teresa Barnett is director of the UCLA Center for Oral History Research, where she has worked for twenty years. She lives in Los Angeles.
Protocols of Liberty
Communication Innovation and the American Revolution

WILLIAM B. WARNER

The fledgling United States fought a war to achieve independence from Britain, but as John Adams said, the real revolution occurred "in the minds and hearts of the people" before the armed conflict ever began. Putting the practices of communication at the center of this intellectual revolution, Protocols of Liberty shows how American patriots—the Whigs—used new forms of communication to challenge British authority before any shots were fired at Lexington and Concord.

To understand the triumph of the Whigs over the Brit-friendly Tories, William B. Warner argues that it is essential to understand the communication systems that shaped pre-Revolution events in the background. He explains the shift in power by tracing the invention of a new political agency, the Committee of Correspondence; the development of a new genre for political expression, the popular declaration; and the emergence of networks for collective political action, with the Continental Congress at its center. From the establishment of town meetings to the creation of a new postal system and, finally, the Declaration of Independence, Protocols of Liberty reveals that communication innovations contributed decisively to nation-building and continued to be key tools in later American political movements, like abolition and women's suffrage, to oppose local custom and state law.

William B. Warner is professor of English at the University of California, Santa Barbara. He is the author of three books, most recently, Chance and the Text of Experience: Freud, Nietzsche, and Shakespeare's 'Hamlet'.

American Capitals
A Historical Geography

CHRISTIAN MONTÈS

State capitals are an indelible part of the American psyche, spatial representations of state power and national identity. Learning them by heart is a rite of passage in grade school, a pedagogical exercise that emphasizes the importance of committing place-names to memory. But geographers have yet to analyze state capitals in any depth. In American Capitals, Christian Montès takes us on a well-researched journey across America—from Augusta to Sacramento, Albany to Baton Rouge—shedding light along the way on the historical circumstances that led to their appointment, their success or failure, and their evolution over time.

While all state capitals have a number of characteristics in common—as symbols of the state, as embodiments of political power and decision making, as public spaces with private interests—Montès does not interpret them through a single lens, in large part because of the differences in their spatial and historical evolutionary patterns. Some have remained small, while others have evolved into bustling metropolises, and Montès explores the dynamics of change and growth. All but eleven state capitals were established in the nineteenth century, thirty-five before 1861, but, rather astonishingly, only eight of the fifty states have maintained their original capitals. Despite their revered status as the most monumental and historical cities in America, capitals come from surprisingly humble beginnings, often plagued by instability, conflict, hostility, and corruption. Montès reminds us of the period in which they came about, "an era of pioneer and idealized territorial vision," coupled with a still-evolving American citizenry and democracy.

Christian Montès is professor of geography at the Université Lumière Lyon 2.
How Reason Almost Lost Its Mind
The Strange Career of Cold War Rationality
PAUL ERICKSON, JUDY L. KLEIN, LORRAINE DASTON, REBECCA LEMOV, THOMAS STURM, and MICHAEL D. GORDIN

In the United States at the height of the Cold War, roughly between the end of World War II and the early 1980s, a new project of redefining rationality commanded the attention of sharp minds, powerful politicians, wealthy foundations, and top military brass. Its home was the human sciences—psychology, sociology, political science, and economics, among others—and its participants enlisted in an intellectual campaign to figure out what rationality should mean and how it could be deployed.

How Reason Almost Lost Its Mind brings to life the people—Herbert Simon, Oskar Morgenstern, Herman Kahn, Anatol Rapoport, Thomas Schelling, and many others—and places, including the RAND Corporation, the Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences, the Cowles Commission for Research and Economics, and the Council on Foreign Relations, that played a key role in putting forth a “Cold War rationality.” Decision makers harnessed this picture of rationality—optimizing, formal, algorithmic, and mechanical—in their quest to understand phenomena as diverse as economic transactions, biological evolution, political elections, international relations, and military strategy. The authors chronicle and illuminate what it meant to be rational in the age of nuclear brinkmanship.

Bitter Roots
The Search for Healing Plants in Africa
ABENA DOVE OSSEO-ASARE

For over a century, plant specialists worldwide have sought to transform healing plants from African countries into pharmaceuticals. And for equally as long, conflicts over these medicinal plants have endured. In Bitter Roots, Abena Dove Osseo-Asare draws on publicly available records and extensive interviews with scientists and healers in Ghana, Madagascar, and South Africa to interpret how African scientists and healers, rural communities, and drug companies—including Pfizer, Bristol-Myers Squibb, and Unilever—have sought since the 1880s to develop drugs from Africa’s medicinal plants.

Osseo-Asare recalls the efforts to transform six plants into pharmaceuticals: rosy periwinkle, Asiatic pennywort, grains of paradise, Strophanthus, Cryptolepis, and Hoodia. Through the stories of each plant, she shows that herbal medicine and pharmaceutical chemistry have simultaneous and overlapping histories that cross geographic boundaries. At the same time, Osseo-Asare sheds new light on how various interests have tried to manage the rights to these healing plants and probes the challenges associated with assigning ownership to plants and their biochemical components.

A fascinating examination of the history of medicine in colonial and post-colonial Africa, Bitter Roots will be indispensable for scholars of Africa; historians interested in medicine, biochemistry, and society; and policy makers concerned with drug access and patent rights.

Abena Dove Osseo-Asare is assistant professor of history at the University of California, Berkeley.
The Birth of Territory
STUART ELDEN

Territory is one of the central political concepts of the modern world and, indeed, functions as the primary way the world is divided and controlled politically. Yet territory has not received the critical attention accorded to other crucial concepts such as sovereignty, rights, and justice. While territory continues to matter politically, and territorial disputes and arrangements are studied in detail, the concept of territory itself is often neglected today. Where did the idea of exclusive ownership of a portion of the earth’s surface come from, and what kinds of complexities are hidden behind that seemingly straightforward definition?

_The Birth of Territory_ provides a detailed account of the emergence of territory within Western political thought. Looking at ancient, medieval, Renaissance, and early modern thought, Stuart Elden examines the evolution of the concept of territory from ancient Greece to the seventeenth century to determine how we arrived at our contemporary understanding. Elden addresses a range of historical, political, and literary texts and practices, as well as a number of key players—historians, poets, philosophers, theologians, and secular political theorists—and in doing so sheds new light on the way the world came to be ordered and how the earth’s surface is divided, controlled, and administered.

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_The Politics of Dialogic Imagination_ is an extraordinarily sophisticated and brilliant look at the political effects of an emergent popular culture. The larger significance of Katsuya Hirano’s ‘local’ study is the way it demonstrates the actual politicality of cultural production in its aptitude for generating new forms of representation on a scale infinitely more numerous than politics itself.

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“What Mastering the Niger achieves is hugely impressive as a contribution to the history of geographical thought, the history of slavery and abolitionism, and Atlantic history.”
—Robert Mayhew, University of Bristol

Mastering the Niger
James MacQueen’s African Geography and the Struggle over Atlantic Slavery
DAVID LAMBERT

In Mastering the Niger, David Lambert recalls Scotsman James MacQueen (1778–1870) and his publication of A New Map of Africa in 1841 to show that Atlantic slavery—as a practice of subjugation, a source of wealth, and a focus of political struggle—was entangled with the production, circulation, and reception of geographical knowledge. Without ever setting foot on the continent, MacQueen took on the task of solving the “Niger problem,” that is, to successfully map the course of the river and its tributaries, and thus breathe life into his scheme for the exploration, colonization, and commercial exploitation of West Africa.

David Lambert is a reader of Caribbean history in the Department of History at the University of Warwick, UK, and director of the Yesu Persaud Centre for Caribbean Studies. He is the author of White Creole Culture, Politics and Identity during the Age of Abolition and coeditor of Colonial Lives Across the British Empire. He lives in Reading, UK.

Sites of the Unconscious
Hypnosis and the Emergence of the Psychoanalytic Setting
ANDREAS MAYER
Translated by Christopher Barber

In the late nineteenth century, scientists, psychiatrists, and medical practitioners began employing a new experimental technique for the study of neuroses: hypnosis. Though their efforts to transform hypnosis into a laboratory science failed, soon thereafter Sigmund Freud took up the heritage of hypnotism when establishing psychoanalysis. In Sites of the Unconscious, Andreas Mayer examines the relationship between hypnosis and psychoanalysis, showing how the theories and experimental techniques of hypnosis paved the way for the familiar psychoanalytic setting established by Freud.

Mayer analyzes Jean-Martin Charcot’s research program in Paris and the so-called Nancy school led by Hippolyte Bernheim, stressing their divergent views on the relation between clinical practice and knowledge and their different ways of deploying hypnosis. Mayer then reconstructs the reception of French hypnotism in German-speaking countries, arguing that Freud’s abandonment of hypnosis and subsequent development of the psychoanalytic setting was less a flash of singular genius than a fitting response to the issues raised by the French controversies.

In addition, Mayer addresses the distinctive features of Freud’s psychoanalytic setting, revealing how Freud’s couch emerged out of the clinical laboratories and private consulting rooms of the practitioners of hypnosis.

Andreas Mayer is a research scholar at the Max Planck Institute for the History of Science in Berlin. He is coauthor of Dreaming By the Book. Christopher Barber’s recent translations include Freud Verbatim and The Secession Talks.
Sovereignty and the Responsibility to Protect
A New History
LUKE GLANVILLE

In 2011, the United Nations Security Council adopted Resolution 1973, authorizing its member states to take measures to protect Libyan civilians from Muammar Gadhafi’s forces. In invoking the “responsibility to protect,” the resolution draws on the principle that sovereign states are responsible and accountable to the international community for the protection of their populations and specifies that the international community can act to protect populations when national authorities fail to do so. The idea that sovereignty includes the responsibility to protect is often seen as a departure from the classic definition, but it actually has deep historical roots.

In Sovereignty and the Responsibility to Protect, Luke Glanville argues that this responsibility extends back to the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, and that states have since been accountable to God, the people, and the international community. Over time, the right to national self-governance came to take priority over the protection of individual liberties, but the noninterventionist understanding of sovereignty was only firmly established in the twentieth century, and it remained for only a few decades before it was challenged by renewed claims that sovereigns are responsible for protection.

Glanville traces the relationship between sovereignty and responsibility from the early modern period to the present day, and offers a new history with profound implications for the present.

Luke Glanville is a fellow in the Department of International Relations at the Australian National University. He lives in Canberra, Australia, and is coeditor of several books, including Protecting the Displaced and The Responsibility to Protect and International Law.

Mixed Emotions
Beyond Fear and Hatred in International Conflict
ANDREW A. G. ROSS

In recent years, it has become increasingly clear that emotion plays a central role in global politics. For example, people readily care about acts of terrorism and humanitarian crises because they appeal to our compassion for human suffering. These struggles also command attention where social interactions have the power to produce or intensify the emotional responses of those who participate in them.

From passionate protests to poignant speeches, Andrew A. G. Ross analyzes high-emotion events with an eye to how they shape public perception and finds that there is no single answer. The politically powerful play to the public’s emotions to advance their political aims, and such appeals to emotion often serve to sustain existing values and institutions. But the affective dimension can also produce profound change, particularly when a struggle in the present can be shown to line up with emotionally resonant events from the past. Extending his findings to well-studied conflicts, including the “war on terror” and the violence in Rwanda and the Balkans, Ross identifies important sites of emotional impact missed by earlier research focused on identities and institutional interests.

Andrew A. G. Ross is assistant professor in the Department of Political Science and affiliated faculty with the Center for Law, Justice, and Culture at Ohio University. He lives in Baltimore, MD, and Athens, OH.
“Power in Concert offers a sophisticated theoretical argument about the origins of international cooperation and speaks to some of the liveliest and most important debates in the field—debates about sources of international cooperation and changing state interests and strategies. Jennifer Mitzen has written an important book that will have far-reaching implications in international relations and the study of global governance.”

—Martha Finnemore,
George Washington University

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“A rich account of constitutional politics in Iraq informed by the author’s firsthand knowledge of the major events. In contrast with the view that emphasizes the United States as the dominant actor in shaping and implementing the Iraqi Constitution, Haider Ala Hamoudi gives emphasis to local agency, arguing persuasively that the Constitution was adapted to meet local needs.”

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CURRENT EVENTS
POLITICAL SCIENCE

Power in Concert
The Nineteenth-Century Origins of Global Governance
JENNIFER MITZEN

How states cooperate in the absence of a sovereign power is a perennial question in international relations. With Power in Concert, Jennifer Mitzen argues that global governance is more than just the cooperation of states under anarchy: it is the formation and maintenance of collective intentions, or joint commitments among states to address problems together. The key mechanism through which these intentions are sustained is face-to-face diplomacy, which keeps states’ obligations to one another salient and helps them solve problems on a day-to-day basis.

Mitzen argues that the origins of this practice lie in the Concert of Europe, an informal agreement among five European states in the wake of the Napoleonic wars to reduce the possibility of recurrence. The Concert first institutionalized the practice of jointly managing the balance of power, through its many successes, and Mitzen shows that the words and actions of state leaders in public forums contributed to collective self-restraint and a shared commitment to problem solving—and at a time when communication was considerably more difficult than it is today. Despite the Concert’s eventual breakdown, the practice it introduced—of face-to-face diplomacy as a mode of joint problem solving—survived and is the basis of global governance today.

Jennifer Mitzen is associate professor of political science at Ohio State University. She lives in Columbus, OH.

Negotiating in Civil Conflict
Constitutional Construction and Imperfect Bargaining in Iraq
HAIDER ALA HAMOUDI

In 2005, Iraq drafted its first constitution and held the country’s first democratic election in more than fifty years. Even under ideal conditions, drafting a constitution can be a prolonged process marked by contentious debate, and conditions in Iraq are far from ideal: the country has long been racked by ethnic and sectarian conflict, which intensified following the American invasion and continues today. This severe division, which often erupted into violence, would not seem to bode well for the fate of democracy. So how is it that Iraq was able to surmount its sectarianism to draft a constitution that speaks to the conflicting and largely incompatible ideological view of the Sunnis, Shi’ah, and Kurds?

Haider Ala Hamoudi served in 2009 as an adviser to Iraq’s Constitutional Review Committee, and he argues here that the terms of the Iraqi Constitution are sufficiently capacious to be interpreted in a variety of ways, allowing it to appeal to the country’s three main sects despite their deep disagreements. While some say that this ambiguity avoids the challenging compromises that ultimately must be made if the state is to survive, Hamoudi maintains that to force these compromises on issues of central importance to ethnic and sectarian identity would almost certainly result in the imposition of one group’s views on the others. Drawing on the original negotiating documents, he shows that this feature of the Constitution was not an act of evasion, as is sometimes thought, but a mark of its drafters’ awareness in recognizing the need to permit the groups the time necessary to develop their own methods of working with one another over time.

Haider Ala Hamoudi is associate professor of law at the University of Pittsburgh School of Law. He is the author of the memoir Howling in Mesopotamia and lives in Pittsburgh.
China’s rising status in the global economy alongside recent economic stagnation in Europe and the United States has led to considerable speculation that we are in the early stages of a transition in power relations. Commentators have tended to treat this transitional period as a novelty, but history is in fact replete with such systemic transitions—sometimes with perilous results. Can we predict the future by using the past? And, if so, what might history teach us?

With Transition Scenarios, David P. Rapkin and William R. Thompson identify some predictors for power transitions and take readers through possible scenarios for future relations between China and the United States. Each scenario is embedded within a particular theoretical framework, inviting readers to consider the assumptions underlying it. Despite recent interest in the topic, the probability and timing of a power transition—and the processes that might bring it about—remain woefully unclear. Rapkin and Thompson’s application of the theoretical tools of international relations to crucial transitions in history helps clarify the current situation and also sheds light on possible future scenarios.

Global Rivalries
Standards Wars and the Transnational Cotton Trade

As the economies of China, India, and other Asian nations continue to grow, these countries are seeking greater control over the rules that govern international trade. Setting the rules carries with it the power to establish advantage, so it’s no surprise that everyone wants a seat at the table—or that negotiations over rules often result in stalemates at meetings of the World Trade Organization.

Nowhere is the conflict over rule setting more evident than in the simmering “standards wars” over the rules that define quality and enable the adjudication of disputes. In Global Rivalries, Amy A. Quark explores the questions of how rules are made, who makes them, and how they are enforced, using the lens of cotton—a simple commodity that has become a potent symbol of both the crisis of Western rule-making power and the potential for powerful new rivals to supplant it. Quark traces the strategies for influencing rule-making processes employed not only by national governments but also by transnational corporations, fiber scientists, and trade associations from around the globe.

Quark analyzes the efficacy of their approaches and the implications for more marginal actors in the cotton trade, including producers in West Africa.

By placing the current contest within the historical development of the global capitalist system, Global Rivalries highlights a fascinating interaction of politics and economics.

“While there is no shortage of books concerned with US-China relations and the potential for conflict with China’s rise, Transition Scenarios is the first to systematically employ a scenario-building or ‘forward reasoning’ methodology—and it does so carefully and to great effect, advancing a growing literature in the field of international relations.”

—Steve Chan, University of Colorado

“With Global Rivalries, Amy A. Quark offers a fascinating account of the evolution of standards setting in the international cotton trade, bringing this seemingly technocratic but intensely political process to life without sacrificing careful and erudite scholarship. More importantly, she shows convincingly that these issues matter greatly in an increasingly global marketplace.”

—Susan K. Sell, George Washington University
“Kevin Arceneaux and Martin Johnson debunk conventional wisdom concerning the divisive effects of cable programming by showing that the availability of consumer choice dampens the effects of exposure to partisan news sources on a variety of beliefs and attitudes. *Changing Minds or Changing Channels?* will have a significant impact on research in American politics and political communication for years to come.”

—Shanto Iyengar, Stanford University

*Changing Minds or Changing Channels?* is a groundbreaking study of the role of media in shaping political attitudes and behavior. The authors, Kevin Arceneaux and Martin Johnson, argue persuasively that partisan media matter to political attitudes—and that their influence extends far beyond the relatively few people who actually watch such programs. This is an important contribution to a topic that is critical to understanding the present and future of political communication in America, and Levendusky brings together rigorous research with lively prose and compelling anecdotes.”

—Matthew Baum, Harvard University

*Changing Minds or Changing Channels?* is published by the University of Chicago Press. It is available in hardcover for $75.00, paper for $22.50, and as an e-book for $17.50. For more information, visit www.press.uchicago.edu.

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## Changing Minds or Changing Channels? Partisan News in an Age of Choice

**KEVIN ARCENEAUX and MARTIN JOHNSON**

We live in an age of media saturation, where with a few clicks of the remote—or mouse—we can tune in to programming where the facts fit our ideological predispositions. But what are the political consequences of this vast landscape of media choice? Partisan news has been roundly castigated for reinforcing prior beliefs and contributing to the highly polarized political environment we have today, but there is little evidence to support this claim, and much of what we know about the impact of news media come from studies that were conducted at a time when viewers chose from among six channels rather than scores.

Through a series of innovative experiments, Kevin Arceneaux and Martin Johnson show that such criticism is unfounded. Americans who watch cable news are already polarized, and their exposure to partisan programming of their choice does not significantly change their initial position. In fact, the opposite is true: viewers become more polarized when forced to watch programming that opposes their beliefs. A much more troubling consequence of the ever-expanding media environment, the authors show, is that it has allowed people to tune out the news: the four top-rated partisan news programs draw a mere three percent of the total number of people watching television.

Overturning much of the conventional wisdom, *Changing Minds or Changing Channels?* demonstrates that the strong effects of media exposure found in past research are simply not applicable in today’s more saturated media landscape.

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*Kevin Arceneaux* is associate professor of political science and an affiliate of the Institute for Public Affairs at Temple University. *Martin Johnson* is associate professor in the Department of Political Science and directs the Media and Communication Research Lab at the University of California, Riverside.

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## How Partisan Media Polarize America

**MATTHEW LEVENDUSKY**

Forty years ago, viewers who wanted to watch the news could only choose from among the major broadcast networks, all of which presented the same news without any particular point of view. Today we have a much broader array of choices, including cable channels offering a partisan take. With partisan programs gaining in popularity, some argue that they are polarizing American politics, while others counter that only a tiny portion of the population watches such programs and that their viewers tend to already hold similar beliefs.

In *How Partisan Media Polarize America*, Matthew Levendusky confirms—but also qualifies—both of these claims. Drawing on experiments and survey data, he shows that Americans who watch partisan programming do become more certain of their beliefs and less willing to weigh the merits of opposing views or to compromise. And while only a small segment of the American population watches partisan media programs, those who do tend to be more politically engaged, and their effects on national politics are therefore far-reaching.

In a time when politics seem doomed to partisan discord, *How Partisan Media Polarize America* offers a much-needed clarification of the role partisan media might play.

*Matthew Levendusky* is assistant professor of political science at the University of Pennsylvania and the author of *The Partisan Sort: How Liberals Became Democrats and Conservatives Became Republicans*, also published by the University of Chicago Press. He lives in Philadelphia.
Making the News
Politics, the Media, and Agenda Setting
AMBER E. BOYDSTUN

Media attention can play a profound role in whether or not officials act on a policy issue, but how policy issues make the news in the first place has remained a puzzle. Why do some issues go viral and then just as quickly fall off the radar? How is it that the media can sustain public interest for months in a complex story like negotiations over Obamacare while ignoring other important issues in favor of stories on “balloon boy”?

With Making the News, Amber E. Boydstun offers an eye-opening look at the explosive patterns of media attention that determine which issues are brought before the public. At the heart of her argument is the observation that the media have two modes: an “alarm mode” for breaking stories and a “patrol mode” for covering them in greater depth. While institutional incentives often initiate alarm mode around a story, they also propel news outlets into the watchdog-like patrol mode around its policy implications—until the next big news item breaks. What results from this pattern of fixation followed by rapid change is skewed coverage of policy issues, with a few receiving the majority of media attention while others receive none at all. Boydstun documents this systemic explosiveness and skew through analysis of media coverage across policy issues, including in-depth looks at the waxing and waning coverage around two issues: capital punishment and the “war on terror.”

Making the News shows how the seemingly unpredictable day-to-day decisions of the newsroom produce distinct patterns of operation with implications—good and bad—for national politics.

Amber E. Boydstun is assistant professor of political science at the University of California, Davis. She lives in Davis, CA, and is coauthor of The Decline of the Death Penalty and the Discovery of Innocence.

Timing and Turnout
How Off-Cycle Elections Favor Organized Groups
SARAH F. ANZIA

Public policy in the United States is the product of decisions made by more than 500,000 elected officials, the vast majority of them elected on days other than Election Day. And because far fewer voters turn out for off-cycle elections, that means the majority of officials in America are elected by a politically motivated minority of Americans. Sarah F. Anzia is the first to systematically address the effects of election timing on political outcomes, and her findings are eye-opening.

The low turnout for off-cycle elections, Anzia argues, increases the influence of organized interest groups like teachers’ unions and municipal workers. While such groups tend to vote at high rates regardless of when the election is held, the low turnout in off-cycle years enhances the effectiveness of their mobilization efforts and makes them a proportionately larger bloc. Throughout American history, the issue of election timing has been a contentious one. Anzia’s book traces efforts by interest groups and political parties to change the timing of elections to their advantage, resulting in the electoral structures we have today. Ultimately, what might seem at first glance to be mundane matters of scheduling are better understood as tactics designed to distribute political power, determining who has an advantage in the electoral process and who will control government at the municipal, county, and state levels.

Sarah F. Anzia is assistant professor of public policy at the Goldman School of Public Policy at the University of California, Berkeley. She lives in Berkeley, CA.
"Theoretically rich and innovative, The Politics of Belonging tackles its subject matter in an original and thought-provoking manner, deftly weaving a historical narrative of the creation of America’s immigration laws with the country’s racial hierarchy.”

—Marisa A. Abrajano, University of California, San Diego

The Politics of Belonging
Race, Public Opinion, and Immigration
NATALIE MASUOKA and JANE JUNN

The United States is once again experiencing a major influx of immigrants. Questions about who should be admitted and what benefits should be afforded to new members of the polity are among the most divisive and controversial contemporary political issues.

Using an impressive array of evidence from national surveys, The Politics of Belonging illuminates patterns of public opinion on immigration and explains why Americans hold the attitudes they do. Rather than simply characterizing Americans as either nativist or nonnativist, this book argues that controversies over immigration policy are best understood as questions of political membership and belonging to the nation. The relationships between citizenship, race, and immigration drive the politics of belonging in the United States and represent a dynamic central to understanding patterns of contemporary public opinion on immigration policy. Beginning with a historical analysis, the book documents why this is the case by tracing the development of immigration law and the formation of the American racial hierarchy. Then, through a comparative analysis of public opinion among white, black, Latino, and Asian Americans, it identifies and tests the critical moderating role of racial categorization and group identity in variation in public opinion on immigration.

Natalie Masuoka is assistant professor of political science at Tufts University. She lives in Boston. Jane Junn is professor of political science at the University of Southern California in Los Angeles. She is coauthor of Education and Democratic Citizenship in America.

Trading Democracy for Justice
Criminal Convictions and the Decline of Neighborhood Political Participation
TRACI BURCH

The United States imprisons far more people, total and per capita, than any other country in the world. Among the more than 1.5 million Americans currently incarcerated, minorities and the poor are disproportionately represented. What’s more, they tend to come from just a few of the most disadvantaged neighborhoods in the country. While the political costs of this phenomenon remain poorly understood, it’s become increasingly clear that the effects of this mass incarceration are much more pervasive than previously thought, extending beyond those imprisoned to the neighbors, family, and friends left behind.

For Trading Democracy for Justice, Traci Burch has drawn on data from neighborhoods with imprisonment rates up to fourteen times the national average to chart demographic features that include information about imprisonment, probation, and parole, as well as voter turnout and volunteerism. She presents powerful evidence that living in a high-imprisonment neighborhood significantly decreases political participation. Similarly, people living in these neighborhoods are less likely to engage with their communities through volunteer work. What results is the demobilization of entire neighborhoods and the creation of vast inequalities—even among those not directly affected by the criminal justice system.

The first book to demonstrate the ways in which the institutional effects of imprisonment undermine already disadvantaged communities, Trading Democracy for Justice speaks to issues at the heart of democracy.

Traci Burch is assistant professor of political science at Northwestern University and research professor at the American Bar Association. She is coauthor of Creating a New Racial Order. She lives in Chicago.
often overstated and misplaced. critiques of established disciplines are of interdisciplinarity is illusory and that Jerry Jacobs contends that the promise of integrated research and effective teaching, academic fields promotes more interdisciplinary scholarship and necessary clarity and clarification in these pages. His critique of some of the most egregious assaults on the disciplines is especially noteworthy and the case studies are valuable. This is a book on the war and domestic policies that would have been unattainable in times of peace. But, contrary to popular belief, there are also times when war has little effect on a president’s influence in Congress. The Vietnam and Gulf Wars, for instance, did not nationalize our politics nearly so much, and presidential influence expanded only moderately.

Built on groundbreaking research, The Wartime President offers one of the most significant works ever written on the wartime powers presidents wield at home. It is the nature of war to increase the executive at the expense of the legislative authority,” wrote Alexander Hamilton in the Federalist Papers. The balance of power between Congress and the president has been a powerful thread throughout American political thought since the time of the Founding Fathers. And yet, for all that has been written on the topic, we still lack a solid empirical or theoretical justification for Hamilton’s proposition. For the first time, William G. Howell, Saul P. Jackman, and Jon C. Rogowski systematically analyze the question. Congress, they show, is more likely to defer to the president’s policy preferences when political debates center on national rather than local considerations. Thus, World War II and the post-9/11 wars in Afghanistan and Iraq significantly augmented presidential power, allowing the president to enact foreign and domestic policies that would have been unattainable in times of peace. But, contrary to popular belief, there are also times when war has little effect on a president’s influence in Congress. The Vietnam and Gulf Wars, for instance, did not nationalize our politics nearly so much, and presidential influence expanded only moderately.

Built on groundbreaking research, The Wartime President offers one of the most significant works ever written on the wartime powers presidents wield at home.

William G. Howell is the Sydney Stein Professor in American Politics at the Harris School of Public Policy Studies and professor of political science in the College at the University of Chicago. He is the author or coauthor of several books, including, most recently, Thinking about the Presidency: The Primacy of Power and While Dangers Gather: Congressional Checks on Presidential War Powers. Saul P. Jackman is a fellow at the Brookings Institution in Washington, DC. Jon C. Rogowski is assistant professor in the Department of Political Science at Washington University in St. Louis.

In Defense of Disciplines
Interdisciplinarity and Specialization in the Research University

JERRY JACOBS

Calls for closer connections among disciplines can be heard throughout the world of scholarly research, from major universities to the National Institutes of Health. In Defense of Disciplines presents a fresh and daring analysis of the argument surrounding interdisciplinarity. Challenging the belief that blurring the boundaries between traditional academic fields promotes more integrated research and effective teaching, Jerry Jacobs contends that the promise of interdisciplinarity is illusory and that critiques of established disciplines are often overstated and misplaced.

Drawing on diverse sources of data, Jacobs offers a new theory of liberal arts disciplines such as biology, economics, and history that identifies the organizational sources of their dynamism and breadth. Illustrating his thesis with a wide range of case studies, including the diffusion of ideas between fields, the creation of interdisciplinary scholarly journals, and the rise of new fields that spin off from existing ones, Jacobs upends many of the existing criticisms to mount a powerful defense of the enduring value of liberal arts disciplines. This will become one of the anchors of the case against interdisciplinarity for years to come.

Jerry Jacobs is professor of sociology at the University of Pennsylvania. He is coauthor, with Ann Boullis, of The Changing Face of Medicine: Women Doctors and the Evolution of Health Care in America and, with Kathleen Gerson, of The Time Divide: Work, Family, and Gender Inequality, among others. He lives near Philadelphia.
In *Realizing Educational Rights*, Anne Newman examines two educational rights questions that arise at the intersection of political theory, educational policy, and law: What is the place of a right to education in a participatory democracy, and how can we realize this right in the United States? Tracking these questions across both philosophical and pragmatic terrain, she addresses urgent moral and political questions, offering a rare, double-pronged look at educational justice in a democratic society.

Newman argues that an adequate K–12 education is the right of all citizens, as a matter of equality, and emphasizes that this right must be shielded from the sway of partisan and majoritarian policy making far more than it currently is. She then examines how educational rights are realized in our current democratic structure, offering two case studies of leading types of rights-based activism: school finance litigation on the state level and the mobilization of citizens through community-based organizations. Bringing these case studies together with rich philosophical analysis, *Realizing Educational Rights* advances understanding of the relationships among moral and legal rights, education reform, and democratic politics.

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**Education Policy in Developing Countries**

**Edited by PAUL GLEWWE**

Almost any economist will agree that education plays a key role in determining a country’s economic growth and standard of living, but what we know about education policy in developing countries is remarkably incomplete and scattered over decades and across publications. *Education Policy in Developing Countries* rights this wrong, taking stock of twenty years of research to assess what we actually know—and what we still need to learn—about effective education policy in the places that need it the most.

Surveying many aspects of education—from administrative structures to the availability of health care to parent and student incentives—the contributors synthesize an impressive diversity of data, paying special attention to the gross imbalances in educational achievement that still exist between developed and developing countries. They draw out clear implications for governmental policy at a variety of levels, conscious of economic realities such as budget constraints, and point to crucial areas where future research is needed. Offering a wealth of insights into one of the best investments a nation can make, *Education Policy in Developing Countries* is an essential contribution to this most urgent field.

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**Paul Glewwe** is professor in the Department of Applied Economics at the University of Minnesota and for thirteen years before that was a research economist at the World Bank. He is the author or coeditor of several books, most recently *Economic Growth, Poverty, and Household Welfare in Vietnam*. 

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**Anne Newman** is a researcher at the University of California Center for Collaborative Research for an Equitable California. She is coauthor of *Between Movement and Establishment: Organizations Advocating for Youth*. 

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“**Realizing Educational Rights** is an important book. It breaks new ground in the manner in which it weds theory and practice. Anne Newman lucidly puts into perspective the major writings on rights, deliberative democracy, judicial review, and social reform—advancing thinking in each of these areas—and also develops an important conceptual framework that bridges the world of academic scholarship, legal analysis, and community organizing.”

—Michael A. Rebell, author of *Courts and Kids*
Improvement by Design
The Promise of Better Schools
DAVID K. COHEN, DONALD J. PEURACH, JOSHUA L. GLAZER, KAREN E. GATES, and SIMONA GOLDIN

One of the great challenges now facing education reformers in the United States is how to devise a consistent and intelligent framework for instruction that will work across the nation's notoriously fragmented and politically conflicted school systems. Various programs have tried to do that, but only a few have succeeded. Improvement by Design looks at three different programs, seeking to understand why two of them—America's Choice and Success for All—worked, and why the third—Accelerated Schools Project—did not. The authors identify four critical puzzles that the successful programs were able to solve: design, implementation, improvement, and sustainability. Pinpointing the specific solutions that clearly improved instruction, they identify the key elements that all successful reform programs share. Offering urgently needed guidance for state and local school systems as they attempt to respond to future reform proposals, Improvement by Design gets America one step closer to truly successful education systems.

David K. Cohen is the John Dewey Collegiate Professor of Education and professor of education policy at the University of Michigan as well as visiting professor of education at Harvard University. He is the author of several books, most recently Teaching and Its Predicaments. Donald J. Peurach is assistant professor of educational studies in the School of Education at the University of Michigan. Joshua L. Glazer is visiting associate professor of education administration at the Graduate School of Education and Human Development at George Washington University. Karen E. Gates was a senior area specialist in the study of instructional improvement at the University of Michigan. Simona Goldin is a lecturer in the School of Education and a research specialist at the Teacher Education Initiative at the University of Michigan.

Toxic Schools
High-Poverty Education in New York and Amsterdam
BOWEN PAULLE

Violent urban schools loom large in our culture: for decades they have served as the centerpieces of political campaigns and as window dressing for brutal television shows and movies. Yet unequal access to quality schools remains the single greatest failing of our society—and one of the most hotly debated issues of our time. Of all the usual words used to describe nonselective city schools—segregated, unequal, violent—none comes close to characterizing their systemic dysfunction in high-poverty neighborhoods. The most accurate word is toxic.

When Bowen Paulle speaks of toxicity, he speaks of educational worlds dominated by intimidation and anxiety, by ambivalence, degradation, and shame. Based on six years of teaching and research in the South Bronx and in Southeast Amsterdam, Toxic Schools is the first fully participatory ethnographic study of its kind and a searing examination of daily life in two radically different settings. What these schools have in common, however, are not the predictable ideas about race and educational achievement but the tragically similar habituated stress responses of students forced to endure the experience of constant vulnerability. From both sides of the Atlantic Ocean, Paulle paints an intimate portrait of how students and teachers actually cope, in real time, with the chronic stress, peer group dynamics, and subtle power politics of urban educational spaces in the perpetual shadow of aggression.

Bowen Paulle teaches at the University of Amsterdam. A native New Yorker, he lives in the Netherlands.

“Improvement by Design takes a fascinating look at an approach to and a period of educational reform that has not been fully examined. By providing a powerful illustration of the weaknesses and turbulence that reformers continue to ignore at their peril and cogently arguing for the development of a much more sophisticated infrastructure to support teaching and learning, the book makes a valuable contribution to the literature.”

—Thomas Hatch, Teachers College, Columbia University

“Toxic Schools is an ambitious and original treatment of violence in inner-city schools, distinguished by Bowen Paulle’s sophisticated integration of theoretical constructs throughout the discussion of his empirical materials. This highly instructive cross-site comparison will appeal not just to scholars of education and school administrators. It is relayed in such visceral terms that it will likely appeal to a broad readership as well.”

—Peter Ibarra, University of Illinois at Chicago

Fieldwork Encounters and Discoveries

OCTOBER 352 p. 6 x 9
Cloth $80.00 / £56.00
ISBN: 978-0-226-06655-4
Paper $32.50 / £23.00
EDUCATION SOCIOLOGY

special interest 79
“In *Job-Search Games*, Ofer Sharone develops a cogent, timely, and compelling account of why American employees blame themselves for their failure to secure employment and why their Israeli counterparts engage in system blame instead. Sharone moves the discussion well beyond global generalizations about the role of culture to make an important contribution to the literature of joblessness.”

—Steven Vallas, author of *Work: A Critique*

### Job-Search Games

#### Chemistry, Self-Blame, and Unemployment Experiences

**Ofer Sharone**

Today 4.7 million Americans have been unemployed for more than six months. In France more than ten percent of the working population is without work. In Israel it’s above seven percent. And in Greece and Spain, that number approaches thirty percent. Across the developed world, the experience of unemployment has become frighteningly common—and so are the seemingly endless tactics that job seekers employ in their quest for new work.

*Job-Search Games* delves beneath these staggering numbers to explore the world of job searching and unemployment across class and nation. Through in-depth interviews and observations at job-search support organizations, Ofer Sharone reveals how different labor-market institutions give rise to job-search games like Israel’s résumé-based “spec games”—which are focused on presenting one’s skills to fit the job—and the “chemistry games” more common in the United States in which job seekers concentrate on presenting the person behind the résumé. By closely examining the specific day-to-day activities and strategies of searching for a job, Sharone develops a theory of the mechanisms that connect objective social structures and subjective experiences in this challenging environment—and how these different structures can lead to very different experiences of unemployment.

Ofer Sharone teaches at MIT’s Sloan School of Management, where he is assistant professor of work and employment relations. He lives in Lexington, MA.

### Post-Ethical Society

#### The Iraq War, Abu Ghraib, and the Moral Failure of the Secular

**Douglas V. Porpora, Alexander Nikolaev, Julia Hagemann May,**

**and Alexander Jenkins**

We’ve all seen the images from Abu Ghraib: stress positions, US soldiers kneeling on the heads of prisoners, and dehumanizing pyramids formed from black-hooded bodies. We have watched officials elected to our highest offices defend enhanced interrogation in terms of efficacy and justify drone strikes in terms of retribution and deterrence. But the mainstream secular media rarely addresses the morality of these choices, leaving us to ask individually: Is this right?

In this singular examination of the American discourse over war and torture, Douglas V. Porpora, Alexander Nikolaev, Julia Hagemann May, and Alexander Jenkins investigate the opinions, Ofer Sharone reveals how different labor-market institutions give rise to job-search games like Israel’s résumé-based “spec games”—which are focused on presenting one’s skills to fit the job—and the “chemistry games” more common in the United States in which job seekers concentrate on presenting the person behind the résumé. By closely examining the specific day-to-day activities and strategies of searching for a job, Sharone develops a theory of the mechanisms that connect objective social structures and subjective experiences in this challenging environment—and how these different structures can lead to very different experiences of unemployment.

Post-Ethical Society sets it apart—and makes its findings that much more damning.

Douglas V. Porpora is professor of sociology at Drexel University. His books include *How Holocausts Happen* and *Landscapes of the Soul*. Alexander Nikolaev is associate professor of communication at Drexel University. He is the author of *International Negotiations* and coeditor of *Leading to the 2003 Iraq War and Ethical Issues in International Communication*. Julia Hagemann May and Alexander Jenkins are doctoral candidates at Drexel University. They all live in Philadelphia.
The rise of urbanization and mass communication and the decoupling of sexuality from reproduction and moral regulation have contributed to the late modern expansion of specialized erotic worlds catering to a variety of sexual tastes. Organized by appetites and dispositions related to race, ethnicity, class, gender, and age, these arenas of sexual exploration become sites of stratification and domination wherein actors vie for partners, social significance, and esteem. These are what Adam Isaiah Green calls sexual fields, and to help us to navigate them, he offers a groundbreaking new framework.

To build on the sexual fields framework, Green has gathered a distinguished group of scholars who together make a strong case for sexual field theory as the first systematic theoretical innovation since queer theory in the sociology of sexuality. Expanding on the work of Bourdieu, the contributors develop this distinctively sociological approach for analyzing collective sexual life, showing how these semi-autonomous sites are where the sexual life of our society resides today. And by coupling field theory with the ethnographic and theoretical expertise of some of the most important scholars of sexual life at work today, Sexual Fields offers a game-changing approach that will revolutionize how sociologists will analyze and make sense of contemporary sexual life for years to come.

**Adam Isaiah Green** is associate professor of sociology at the University of Toronto. A native of New York City, he lives in Toronto.

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**The Birth of Insight**

Meditation, Modern Buddhism, and the Burmese Monk

**LEDI SAYADAW**

ERIK BRAUN

Insight meditation, which claims to offer practitioners a chance to escape all suffering by perceiving the true nature of reality, is one of the most popular forms of meditation today. The Theravada Buddhist cultures of South and Southeast Asia often see it as the Buddha’s most important gift to humanity. In the first book to examine how this practice came to play such a dominant—and relatively recent—role in Buddhism, Erik Braun takes readers to Burma, revealing that Burmese Buddhists in the colonial period were pioneers in making insight meditation indispensable to modern Buddhism.

Braun focuses on the Burmese monk Ledi Sayadaw, a pivotal architect of modern insight meditation, and explores Ledi’s popularization of the study of crucial Buddhist philosophical texts in the early twentieth century. By promoting the study of such abstruse texts, Braun shows, Ledi was able to standardize and simplify meditation methods and make them widely accessible—in part to protect Buddhism in Burma after the British takeover in 1885. Braun also addresses the question of what really constitutes the “modern” in colonial and postcolonial forms of Buddhism, arguing that the emergence of this type of meditation was caused by precolonial factors in Burmese culture as well as the disruptive forces of the colonial era. Offering a readable narrative of the life and legacy of one of modern Buddhism’s most important figures, The Birth of Insight provides an original account of the development of mass meditation.

**Erik Braun** is assistant professor in the Religious Studies Program at the University of Oklahoma. He lives in Norman, OK.

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“In Adam Isaiah Green’s introductory chapter, he lays out the evolution of his sexual fields formulation. This alone is worth the price of the book. But this volume also includes seven chapters written by real movers and shakers in the field of sexuality, each making interesting, substantive contributions. Sexual Fields is certainly a book that every scholar of sexuality should own, and I would not be surprised if this were to become one of the most cited volumes in the field of sexuality.”

—Verta Taylor, coauthor of Drag Queens at the 801 Cabaret

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**Buddhism and Modernity**

**Erik Braun**

NOVEMBER 248 p., 6 halftones 6 x 9
Cloth $45.00 / £31.50
REligionAsian STUDIES
In 1941, philosopher and poet Gendun Chopel (1903–51) sent a large manuscript by ship, train, and yak across mountains and deserts to his homeland in the northeastern corner of Tibet. He would follow it five years later, returning to his native land after twelve years in India and Sri Lanka. But he did not receive the welcome he imagined: he was arrested by the government of the regent of the young Dalai Lama on trumped-up charges of treason. He emerged from prison three years later a broken man and died soon after.

Gendun Chopel was a prolific writer during his short life. Yet he considered that manuscript, which he titled *Grains of Gold*, to be his life’s work, a book to delight his compatriots with tales of an ancient Indian and Tibetan past, while alerting them to the wonders and dangers of the strikingly modern land abutting Tibet’s southern border, the British colony of India. Now available for the first time in English, *Grains of Gold* is a unique compendium of South Asian and Tibetan culture that combines travelogue, drawings, history, and ethnography. Gendun Chopel describes the world he discovered in South Asia, from the ruins of the sacred sites of Buddhism to the Sanskrit classics he learned to read in the original. He is also sharply, often humorously critical of the Tibetan love of the fantastic, bursting one myth after another and finding fault with the accounts of earlier Tibetan pilgrims. Exploring a wide range of cultures and religions central to the history of the region, Gendun Chopel is eager to describe to his Buddhist audience in Tibet all the new knowledge he gathered in his travels.

At once the account of the experiences of a tragic figure in Tibetan history and the work of an extraordinary scholar, *Grains of Gold* is an accessible, compelling book animated by a sense of discovery of both a distant past and a strange present.

*Thupten Jinpa* is adjunct professor at McGill University in Montreal. He has translated and edited numerous books and is the author, most recently, of *Essential Mind Training*. *Donald S. Lopez Jr.* is the Arthur E. Link Distinguished University Professor of Buddhist and Tibetan Studies at the University of Michigan.
Harry L. Davis joined the faculty of the University of Chicago Booth School of Business in 1963, and he has since become one of the most influential figures in executive education in the United States and abroad. He helped develop the first core leadership program of any top-rated MBA institution in the country and the Management Lab. Davis also helped Booth pioneer its first international campus in Barcelona in 1983, where he served as deputy dean for a decade.

On the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of Davis’s arrival at the Booth School, Why Are You Here and Not Somewhere Else offers seven essays by Davis that offer new perspectives and contribute to a more well-rounded understanding of business education. Adapted from convocation addresses given by Davis at different points during his five-decade career, the essays encapsulate the spirit of business education at the Booth School, while at the same time providing encouraging, invaluable wisdom for those about to embark on business careers or take on leadership positions. Topics addressed range from the role of the university in the business world to the crucial role of intangible values in shaping one’s career.

Davis has been a formative influence on more executives and leaders than perhaps any other business educator living today, and Why Are You Here and Not Somewhere Else provides a unique and valuable perspective on how leaders in business and elsewhere can shape and define their careers in new ways.

Harry L. Davis is the Roger L. and Rachel M. Goetz Distinguished Service Professor of Creative Management at the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.
In addition to his groundbreaking contributions to pure economic theory, F. A. Hayek also closely examined the ways in which the knowledge of many individual market participants culminated in an overall order of economic activity. His attempts to come to terms with the “knowledge problem” thread through his career and comprise the writings collected in the fifteenth volume of the University of Chicago Press’s Collected Works of F. A. Hayek series.

*The Market and Other Orders* brings together more than twenty works spanning almost forty years that consider this topic. Consisting of speeches, essays, and lectures, including Hayek’s 1974 Nobel lecture, “The Pretense of Knowledge,” the works in this volume draw on a broad range of perspectives, including the philosophy of science, the physiology of the brain, legal theory, and political philosophy. Taking readers from Hayek’s early development of the idea of spontaneous order in economics through his integration of this insight into political theory and other disciplines, the book culminates with Hayek’s integration of his work on these topics into an overarching social theory that accounts for spontaneous order in the variety of complex systems that Hayek studied throughout his career.

Edited by renowned Hayek scholar Bruce Caldwell, who also contributes a masterly introduction that provides biographical and historical context, *The Market and Other Orders* forms the definitive compilation of Hayek’s work on spontaneous order.

**F. A. Hayek** (1899–1992), recipient of the Presidential Medal of Freedom in 1991 and cowinner of the Nobel Memorial Prize in Economics in 1974, was a pioneer in monetary theory and a leading proponent of classical liberalism in the twentieth century. **Bruce Caldwell** is research professor of economics and the director of the Center for the History of Political Economy at Duke University. He is the author or editor of many books, including *Hayek’s Challenge: An Intellectual Biography of F. A. Hayek*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.
Well Worth Saving
How the New Deal Safeguarded Home Ownership

The urgent demand for housing after World War I fueled a boom in residential construction that led to historic peaks in home ownership. Foreclosures at the time were rare, and when they did happen, lenders could quickly recoup their losses by selling into a strong market. But no mortgage system is equipped to deal with credit problems on the scale of the Great Depression. As foreclosures quintupled, it became clear that the mortgage system of the 1920s was not up to the task, and borrowers, lenders, and real estate professionals sought action at the federal level.

Well Worth Saving tells the story of the disastrous housing market during the Great Depression and the extent to which an immensely popular New Deal relief program, the Home Owners’ Loan Corporation (HOLC), was able to stem foreclosures by buying distressed mortgages from lenders and refinancing them. Drawing on historical records and modern statistical tools, Price Fishback, Jonathan Rose, and Kenneth Snowden investigate important unanswered questions to provide an unparalleled view of the mortgage loan industry throughout the 1920s and early ’30s. Combining this with the stories of those involved, the book offers a clear understanding of the HOLC within the context of the housing market in which it operated, including an examination of how the incentives and behaviors at play throughout the crisis influenced the effectiveness of policy.

More than eighty years after the start of the Great Depression, when politicians have called for similar programs to quell the current mortgage crisis, this accessible account of the Home Owners’ Loan Corporation holds invaluable lessons for our own time.

Price Fishback is the Thomas R. Brown Professor of Economics at the University of Arizona and a research associate of the NBER. He is the author or editor of several books, including A Prelude to the Welfare State and Government and the American Economy, both also published by the University of Chicago Press. Jonathan Rose is an economist with the Federal Reserve Board of Governors and lives in Washington, DC. Kenneth Snowden is associate professor of economic history at the University of North Carolina at Greensboro and a research associate of the NBER.
“Both immensely erudite and fun to read, Michael Murrin’s *Trade and Romance* chronicles three stages of Europe’s premodern commercial engagements with Asia: the traversing of the Silk Route, the arrival of the Portuguese in the Indian Ocean, and the exploration by Englishmen and Russians of a northern land route to China. *Trade and Romance* can be enjoyed not only by historians and literary scholars, for whom it will be essential reading, but also by a broader educated public that shares Murrin’s interest in historical geography.”

—David Quint, Yale University

In *Trade and Romance*, Michael Murrin examines the complex relations between the expansion of trade in Asia and the production of heroic romance in Europe from the second half of the thirteenth century through the late seventeenth century. He shows how these tales of romance, ostensibly meant for the aristocracy, were important to the growing mercantile class as a way to gauge their own experiences in traveling to and trading in these exotic locales. Murrin also looks at the role that growing knowledge of geography played in the writing of the creative literature of the period, tracking how accurate, or inaccurate, these writers were in depicting far-flung destinations, from Iran and the Caspian Sea all the way to the Pacific.

With reference to an impressive range of major works in several languages—including the works of Marco Polo, Geoffrey Chaucer, Matteo Maria Boiardo, Luís de Camões, Fernão Mendes Pinto, Edmund Spenser, John Milton, and more—Murrin tracks numerous accounts by traders and merchants through the literature, first on the Silk Road, beginning in the mid-thirteenth century; then on the water route to India, Japan, and China via the Cape of Good Hope; and, finally, the overland route through Siberia to Beijing. All of these routes, originally used to exchange commodities, quickly became paths to knowledge as well, enabling information to pass, if sometimes vaguely and intermittently, between Europe and the Far East. These new tales of distant shores fired the imagination of Europe and made their way, with surprising accuracy, as Murrin shows, into the poetry of the period.

**Michael Murrin** is the Raymond W. and Martha Hilpert Gruner Distinguished Service Professor in the Department of English Language and Literature, the Department of Comparative Literature, and the Divinity School at the University of Chicago. He is the author of *History and Warfare in Renaissance Epic, The Allegorical Epic*, and *The Veil of Allegory*, all published by the University of Chicago Press.

“Written with grit and polemical brio, Justin Steinberg’s book takes readers into the technical world of medieval legal conventions as they appear and even shape the vast and detailed legal system of Dante’s *Divine Comedy*. Filling a substantial lacuna in the critical bibliography of the *Commedia*, the cogent and absolutely persuasive *Dante and the Limits of the Law* makes a significant contribution to our understanding of the poem.”

—Giuseppe Mazzotta, Yale University

In *Dante and the Limits of the Law*, Justin Steinberg offers the first comprehensive study of the legal structure crucial to Dante’s *Divine Comedy*. Steinberg reveals how Dante imagines an afterlife dominated by elaborate laws, hierarchical jurisdictions, and rationalized punishments and rewards. Steinberg makes the compelling case that Dante deliberately exploits this highly structured legal system to explore the phenomenon of exceptions to it, introducing Dante to crucial current debates about literature’s relation to law, exceptionality, and sovereignty.

Examining how Dante probes the limits of the law in this juridical otherworld, Steinberg argues that exceptions were vital to the medieval legal order and that Dante’s otherworld represents an ideal “system of exception.” Yet Dante saw this system as threatened on earth by the dual crises of church and Empire—the abuses and overreaching of the popes and the absence of an effective Holy Roman Emperor. In his imagination of the afterlife, Steinberg shows, Dante seeks to address this gap between the universal validity of Roman law and the lack of a sovereign power to enforce it. Exploring the institutional role of disgrace, the entwined phenomena of judicial discretion and artistic freedom, medieval ideas about privilege and immunity, and the place of judgment in the poem, this is an elegantly argued book that persuasively brings to life Dante’s sense of justice.

**Justin Steinberg** is associate professor of Italian literature in the Department of Romance Languages and Literatures at the University of Chicago. He is the author of *Accounting for Dante: Urban Readers and Writers in Late Medieval Italy*. 
Poetry and Its Others
News, Prayer, Song, and the Dialogue of Genres

JAHAN RAMAZANI

What is poetry? Often it is understood as a largely self-enclosed verbal system—“suspended from any mutual interaction with alien discourse,” in the words of Mikhail Bakhtin. But in Poetry and Its Others, Jahan Ramazani reveals modern and contemporary poetry’s animated dialogue with other genres and discourses. Poetry generates rich new possibilities, he argues, by absorbing and contending with its near verbal relatives.

Exploring poetry’s vibrant exchanges with other forms of writing, Ramazani shows how poetry assimilates features of prose fiction but differentiates itself from novelistic realism; metabolizes aspects of theory and philosophy but refuses their abstract procedures; and recognizes itself in the verbal precision of the law even as it separates itself from the law’s rationalism. But poetry’s most frequent interlocutors, he demonstrates, are news, prayer, and song. Poets such as William Carlos Williams and W. H. Auden refashioned poetry to absorb the news while expanding its contexts; T. S. Eliot and Charles Wright drew on the intimacy of prayer though resisting its limits; and Paul Muldoon, Rae Armantrout, and Patience Agbabi have played with and against song lyrics and techniques. Encompassing a cultural and stylistic range of writing unsurpassed by other studies of poetry, Poetry and Its Others shows that we understand what poetry is by examining its interplay with what it is not.

Jahan Ramazani is the Edgar F. Shannon Professor of English at the University of Virginia. He is the author of four books, most recently of A Transnational Poetics, also published by the University of Chicago Press.

Making England Western
Occidentalism, Race, and Imperial Culture

SAREE MAKDISI

The central argument of Edward Said’s Orientalism is that the relationship between Britain and its colonies was primarily oppositional, based on contrasts between conquest abroad and domestic order at home. Saree Makdisi directly challenges that premise in Making England Western, identifying the convergence between the British Empire’s civilizing mission abroad and a parallel mission within England itself, and pointing to romanticism as one of the key sites of resistance to the imperial culture in Britain after 1815.

Makdisi argues that there existed places and populations in both England and the colonies that were thought of in similar terms—for example, there were sites in England that might as well have been Arabia, and English people to whom the idea of the freeborn Englishman did not extend. The boundaries between “us” and “them” began to take form during the romantic period, when England became a desirable Occidental space, connected with but superior to distant lands. Delving into the works of Wordsworth, Austen, Byron, Dickens, and others to trace an arc of celebration, ambivalence, and criticism influenced by these imperial dynamics, Makdisi demonstrates the extent to which romanticism offered both hopes for and warnings against future developments in Occidentalism. Revealing that romanticism provided a way to resist imperial logic about improvement and moral virtue, Making England Western is an exciting contribution to the study of both British literature and colonialism.

Saree Makdisi is professor of English and comparative literature at the University of California, Los Angeles. He is the author of three books, including William Blake and the Impossible History of the 1790s, also published by the University of Chicago Press.

“It is delightful to watch Jahan Ramazani do what he does best: delve into poets such as Hopkins, Yeats, Heaney, and Muldoon and show us the nitty-gritty of how their verse works. Anyone who loves poetry is going to come away from this book revitalized, prepared to think complexly about the modes of address that poets employ, as well as the kinds of writing that they habitually echo, distort, take apart, and reassemble.”

—Brian M. Reed, University of Washington

“Saree Makdisi has written a book that in its central line of argument and its detail is thoroughly original and compelling, deeply learned and detailed, erudite and entertaining. His skillful accounts of key romantic writers and detailed knowledge of English social history and place create a vivid picture of social life and conditions that few literary analyses can boast.”

—David T. Goldberg, University of California, Irvine
"As we, in late modernity, grapple with our own theological-political predicament, Victoria Kahn fearlessly interrogates early twentieth-century engagements with many of the early modern authors who gave the religion-politics dilemma its definitive form. Kahn's interpretive moves and conclusions are always enlightening and often exciting. The Future of Illusion is a timely, erudite, and well-argued book that will be an important intervention into contemporary debates over political theology.”

—John P. McCormick, University of Chicago

The Future of Illusion
Political Theology and Early Modern Texts

VICTORIA KAHN

In recent years, the rise of fundamentalism and a related turn to religion in the humanities have led to a powerful resurgence of interest in the problem of political theology. In a critique of this contemporary fascination with the theological underpinnings of modern politics, Victoria Kahn proposes a return to secularism—whose origins she locates in the art, literature, and political theory of the early modern period—and argues in defense of literature and art as a force for secular liberal culture.

Kahn draws on theorists such as Carl Schmitt, Leo Strauss, Walter Benjamin, and Hannah Arendt and their readings of Shakespeare, Hobbes, Machiavelli, and Spinoza to illustrate that the dialogue between these modern and early modern figures can help us rethink the contemporary problem of political theology. Twentieth-century critics, she shows, saw the early modern period as a break from the older form of political theology that entailed the theological legitimization of the state. Rather, the period signaled a new emphasis on a secular notion of human agency and a new preoccupation with the ways art and fiction intersected the terrain of religion. Reclaiming a role for the arts in contemporary debates about liberalism and political theology, The Future of Illusion articulates a new defense of what Hans Blumenberg called “the legitimacy” of our modern secular age.

Victoria Kahn is the Katharine Bixby Hotchkis Chair in English and professor of comparative literature at the University of California, Berkeley. She is the author of Rhetoric, Prudence, and Skepticism in the Renaissance; Machiavellian Rhetoric: From the Counter-Reformation to Milton; and Wayward Contracts: The Crisis of Political Obligation in England, 1640–1674.

Boccaccio
A Critical Guide to the Complete Works

Edited by VICTORIA KIRKHAM, MICHAEL SHERBERG, and JANET LEVARIE SMARR

Long celebrated as one of “the Three Crowns” of Florence, Giovanni Boccaccio (1313–75) experimented widely with the forms of literature. His prolific and innovative writings—which range beyond the novella, from lyric to epic, from biography to mythography and geography, from pastoral and romance to invective—became powerful models for authors in Italy and across the Continent.

This collection of essays presents Boccaccio’s life and creative output in its encyclopedic diversity. Exploring a variety of genres, Latin as well as Italian, it provides short descriptions of all his works, situates them in his oeuvre, and features critical expositions of their most salient features and innovations. Designed for readers at all levels, it will appeal to scholars of literature, medieval and Renaissance studies, humanism and the classical tradition, as well as European historians, art historians, and students of material culture and the history of the book. Anchored by an introduction and chronology, this volume contains contributions by prominent Boccaccio scholars in the United States, as well as essays by contributors from France, Italy, and the United Kingdom. The year 2013, Boccaccio’s seven-hundredth birthday, will be an important one for the study of his work and will see an increase in academic interest in reassessing his legacy.

Victoria Kirkham is professor emerita of Romance languages at the University of Pennsylvania. Michael Sherberg is associate professor of Italian at Washington University in St. Louis. Janet Levarie Smarr is professor of theater history and Italian studies at the University of California, San Diego.
Artifical and Artifice
Classical Archaeology and the Ancient Historian
JONATHAN M. HALL

Is it possible to trace the footprints of the historical Sokrates in Athens? Was there really an individual named Romulus, and if so, when did he found Rome? Is the tomb beneath the high altar of St. Peter’s Basilica home to the apostle Peter? To answer these questions, we need both dirt and words—that is, archaeology and history. Bringing the two fields into conversation, Artifact and Artifice offers an exciting excursion into the relationship between ancient history and archaeology and reveals the possibilities and limitations of using archaeological evidence in writing about the past.

Jonathan M. Hall employs a series of well-known cases to investigate how historians may ignore or minimize material evidence that contributes to our knowledge of antiquity unless it correlates with information gleaned from texts. Dismantling the myth that archaeological evidence cannot impart information on its own, he illuminates the methodological and political principles at stake in using such evidence and describes how the disciplines of history and classical archaeology may be enlisted to work together. He also provides a brief sketch of how the discipline of classical archaeology evolved and considers its present and future role in historical approaches to antiquity. Written in clear prose and packed with maps, photos, and drawings, Artifact and Artifice will be an essential book for undergraduates in the humanities.

Jonathan M. Hall is the Phyllis Fay Horton Distinguished Service Professor in the Humanities and professor in the Departments of History and Classics and the College at the University of Chicago. He is the author of three books, most recently A History of the Archaic Greek World, ca. 1200–479 BCE.

Artifacts and Artifice
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Women and Weasels
Mythologies of Birth in Ancient Greece and Rome
MAURIZIO BETTINI
Translated by Emlyn Eisenach

If you told a woman her sex had a shared, long-lived history with weasels, she might deck you. But those familiar with mythology know better: that the connection between women and weasels is an ancient and favorable one, based in the Greek myth of a midwife who tricked the gods to ease Heracles’s birth—and was turned into a weasel by Hera as punishment. Following this story as it is retold over centuries in literature and art, Women and Weasels takes us on a journey through mythology and ancient belief, revising our understanding of myth, heroism, and the status of women and animals in Western culture. Maurizio Bettini recounts and analyzes a variety of key literary and visual moments that highlight the weasel’s many attributes. We learn of its legendary sexual and childbearing habits and symbolic association with witchcraft and midwifery, its role as a domestic pet favored by women, and its ability to slip in and out of tight spaces. The weasel, Bettini reveals, is present at many unexpected moments in human history, assisting women in labor and thwarting enemies who might plot their ruin. With a parade of symbolic associations between weasels and women—witches, prostitutes, midwives, sisters-in-law, brides, mothers, and heroes—Bettini brings to life one of the most venerable and enduring myths of Western culture.

Maurizio Bettini is professor of classical philology at the Università degli Studi di Siena, Italy, and a regular visiting professor in the Department of Classics at the University of California, Berkeley. Emlyn Eisenach is an independent scholar and translator and the author of Husbands, Wives, and Concubines: Marriage, Family, and Social Order in Sixteenth-Century Verona.

Temple of Apollo Sosianus at Rome: “Winter Weasel,” by Scott McKinley
(www.scottmckinleyproductions.com)

January 256 p., 26 halftones, 10 tables 81/2 x 11
Cloth $125.00 / £87.50
Paper $45.00 / £31.50
CLASSICS EUROPEAN HISTORY

October 368 p., 28 halftones 6 x 9
Cloth $65.00 / £45.50
CLASSICS LITERATURE

Special interest 89
“Oedipus and the Sphinx is a highly original, well-composed masterpiece. Writing in crystal-clear prose, Almut-Barbara Renger displays breathtaking erudition in reporting the cornerstones of the Oedipus myth and its reception. She delivers a beautiful contribution to the general theory of myth by unfolding the history of a single ‘big myth.’ Big myths require new approaches and retellings, and Renger delivers both a general introduction to a core problem of religious studies and comparative literature and a surprising new perspective on an old story.”
—Eckart Goebel, New York University

When Oedipus met the Sphinx on the road to Thebes, he did more than answer a riddle—he spawned a myth that, told and retold, would become one of Western culture’s central narratives about self-understanding. Identifying the story as a threshold myth—in which the hero crosses over into an unknown and dangerous realm where rules and limits are not known—Oedipus and the Sphinx offers a fresh account of this mythic encounter and how it deals with the concepts of liminality and otherness.

Almut-Barbara Renger assesses the story’s meanings and functions in classical antiquity—from its presence in ancient vase painting to its absence in Sophocles’s tragedy—before arriving at two of its major reworkings in European modernity: the psychoanalytic theory of Sigmund Freud and the poetics of Jean Cocteau. Through her readings, she highlights the ambiguous status of the Sphinx and reveals Oedipus himself to be a liminal creature, providing key insights into Sophocles’s portrayal and establishing a theoretical framework that organizes evaluations of the myth’s reception in the twentieth century. Revealing the narrative of Oedipus and the Sphinx to be the very paradigm of a key transition experienced by all of humankind, Renger situates myth between the competing claims of science and art in an engagement that has important implications for current debates in literary studies, psychoanalytic theory, cultural history, and aesthetics.

Oedipus and the Sphinx

The Threshold Myth from Sophocles through Freud to Cocteau

ALMUT-BARBARA RENGER
Translation by Duncan Alexander Smart and David Rice, with John T. Hamilton

The Social Life of Spirits

Edited by RUY BLANES and DIANA ESPÍRITO SANTO

Spirits can be haunters, informants, possessors, and transformers of the living, but more than anything anthropologists have understood them as representations of something else—symbols that articulate facets of human experience in much the same way works of art do. The Social Life of Spirits challenges this notion. By stripping symbolism from the way we think about the spirit world, the contributors of this book uncover a livelier, more diverse environment of entities—with their own histories, motivations, and social interactions—providing a new understanding of spirits not as symbols, but as agents.

The contributors tour the spiritual globe—the globe of nonthings—in essays on topics ranging from the Holy Ghost in southern Africa to spirits of the “people of the streets” in Rio de Janeiro to dragons and magic in Britain. Avoiding a reliance on religion and belief systems to explain the significance of spirits, they reimagine spirits in a rich network of social trajectories, ultimately arguing for a new ontological ground upon which to examine the intangible world and its interactions with the tangible one.

Ruy Blanes is a postdoctoral research fellow at the University of Bergen and associate researcher at the Institute of Social Sciences in Lisbon. He is coeditor of Encounters of Body and Soul in Contemporary Religious Practices: Anthropological Reflections. He lives in Bergen, Norway. Diana Espírito Santo is a postdoctoral research fellow at the Research Center in Anthropology at the New University of Lisbon. She lives in Lisbon, Portugal.
Composing Japanese Musical Modernity

BONNIE C. WADE

When we think of composers like Mozart or Beethoven, we usually envision an isolated artist separate from the orchestra—someone alone in a study, surrounded by staff paper—and in Europe and America this image generally has been accurate. For most of Japan’s musical history, however, no such role existed—composition and performance were deeply intertwined. Only when Japan began to embrace Western culture in the late nineteenth century did the role of the composer emerge. In Composing Japanese Musical Modernity, Bonnie C. Wade uses an investigation of this new musical role to offer new insights not just into Japanese music but Japanese modernity at large.

Wade examines the history of composers in Japanese society, looking at the creative and economic opportunities that have sprung up around them—or that they forged—during Japan’s astonishingly fast modernization. She shows that modernist Japanese composers have not bought into the high modernist concept of the autonomous artist, instead remaining connected to the people. Articulating Japanese modernism in this way, Wade tells a larger story of international musical life, of the spaces in which tradition and modernity are able to meet and, ultimately, where modernity itself has been made.

Bonnie C. Wade is professor of music at the University of California, Berkeley. She is the author of many books, including Imaging Sound: An Ethnomusicological Study of Music, Art, and Culture in Mughal India, also published by the University of Chicago Press, and, most recently, Music in Japan: Experiencing Music, Expressing Culture.

More Important Than the Music

A History of Jazz Discography

BRUCE D. EPPERSON

Today, jazz is considered high art, America’s national music, and the catalog of its recordings—discography—is often taken for granted. But behind jazz discography is a fraught and highly colorful history of research, fanaticism, and the simple desire to know who played what, where, and when. This history gets its first full-length treatment in Bruce D. Epperson’s More Important Than the Music. Following the dedicated few who sought to keep jazz’s legacy organized, Epperson tells a fascinating story of archival pursuit in the face of negligence and deception, a tale that saw curses and threats regularly employed, with fistfights and lawsuits only slightly rarer.

Epperson examines recorded jazz from its careless handling as a novelty in the 1920s and ’30s, through the deluge of 12-inch vinyl in the middle of the twentieth century, to the use of computers by today’s discographers. Though he focuses much of his attention on comprehensive discographies, he also examines the development of a variety of related listings, such as buyer’s guides and library catalogs, and he closes with a look toward discography’s future. From the little black book to the full-featured online database, More Important Than the Music offers a history not just of jazz discography but of the profoundly human desire to preserve history itself.

Bruce D. Epperson is an attorney and independent scholar and member of the Association for Recorded Sound Collections. He is the author of Peddling Bicycles to America: The Rise of an Industry. He lives in Miami.

“In this highly original book, Bonnie C. Wade skilfully presents a complicated story by weaving together the connections between political conditions, cultural environments, and social expectations. By focusing on these connections between social domains, she establishes a dynamic scene that cannot easily be captured by single concepts such as modernization, westernization, or globalization. She provides a study that is as much about composers, music organizations, and social history as it is about the making of Japanese musical modernity—a process that is still ongoing.”

—Frederick Lau, University of Hawaii at Mānoa

Chicago Studies in Ethnomusicology

DECEMBER 272 p., 1 halftone 6 x 9
Cloth $90.00 / £63.00
Paper $30.00 / £22.00
ETHNO-MUSICOL OGY ASIAN STUDIES

“On the surface, More Important Than the Music is an esoteric book, but Bruce D. Epperson has successfully managed to breathe life into the subject, weaving a story that opens up the field to a broader base of interest. He deals in fine detail with the origins and development of jazz discography, providing fascinating personal background on the major figures as well as addressing foundational issues such as plagiarism. A major contribution to jazz studies.”

—Eric Chary, Wesleyan University

OCTOBER 304 p., 11 halftones 6 x 9
Cloth $48.00 / £31.50
MUSIC HISTORY

special interest 91
“Tristan’s Shadow is an important, highly intelligent, and ambitious study. Rigorously researched, blissfully unencumbered by canonical narratives, and written with Adrian Daub’s signature verve, this book provides a new, and entirely compelling, account of German opera after Wagner. It will undoubtedly become standard reading in musicology and opera studies, in German studies and comparative literature, and in the history of sexuality.”

—Ryan Minor, author of Choral Fantasies

DECEMBER 240 p. 6 x 9
Cloth $45.00/£31.50
MUSIC EUROPEAN HISTORY

“Claire Laurier Decoteau is at the forefront of the new global sociology. Her articulation of analysis with ethnographic detail is expert, yet reads effortlessly; her ability to view the political complexities of South Africa from a new theoretical angle is admirable; and her depth of understanding about what is at stake in the fight over AIDS is relevant to anyone who wonders how power works all over the globe. Ancestors and Antiretrovirals will be an iconic text for a new generation of global work, and marks the emergence of a bold new theoretical voice in sociology.”

—Isaac Ariail Reed, author of Interpretation and Social Knowledge

OCTOBER 368 p., 27 halftones, 7 tables 6 x 9
Cloth $50.00/£35.00
Paper $32.50/£23.00
AFRICA STUDIES SOCIOLOGY

Tristan’s Shadow
Sexuality and the Total Work of Art after Wagner
ADRIAN DAUB

Das Rheingold, Die Walküre, and Siegfried. Parsifal. Tristan und Isolde. Both revered and reviled, Richard Wagner conceived some of the nineteenth century’s most important operatic productions—and created some of the most indelible characters ever to grace the stage. But over the course of his polarizing career, Wagner also composed nearly twenty volumes of writing on opera. His influential concept of Gesamtkunstwerk—the “total work of art”—famously and controversially offered a way to unify the different media of an opera into a coherent whole. Less well-known, however, are Wagner’s strange theories on sexuality—like his ideas about erotic acoustics and the metaphysics of sexual difference.

Drawing on the discourses of psychoanalysis, evolutionary biology, and other developing fields of study that informed Wagner’s world, Adrian Daub traces the influence of Gesamtkunstwerk and eroticism from their classic expressions in Tristan und Isolde into the work of the generation of composers that followed, including Zemlinsky, d’Albert, Schreker, and Strauss. For decades after Wagner’s death, Daub writes, these composers continued to grapple with his ideas and with his overwhelming legacy, trying in vain to write their way out from Tristan’s shadow.

Adrian Daub is assistant professor of German studies at Stanford University. He is the author of Uncivil Unions: The Metaphysics of Marriage in German Idealism and Romanticism and Four-Handed Monsters: Four-Hand Piano Playing and the Making of Nineteenth Century Domestic Culture.

Ancestors and Antiretrovirals
The Bio-Politics of HIV/AIDS in Post-Apartheid South Africa
CLAIRE LAURIER DECOTEAU

In the years since the end of apartheid, South Africans have enjoyed a progressive constitution, considerable access to social services for the poor and sick, and a booming economy that has made their nation into one of the wealthiest on the continent. At the same time, South Africa experiences extremely unequal income distribution, and its citizens suffer the highest prevalence of HIV in the world. As Archbishop Desmond Tutu has noted, “AIDS is South Africa’s new apartheid.”

In Ancestors and Antiretrovirals, Claire Laurier Decoteau backs up Tutu’s assertion with powerful arguments about how this came to pass. Decoteau traces the historical shifts in health policy after apartheid and describes their effects, detailing, in particular, the changing relationship between biomedical and indigenous health care, both at the national and the local level. Decoteau tells this story from the perspective of those living with and dying from AIDS in Johannesburg’s squatter camps. At the same time, she exposes the complex and often contradictory ways that the South African government has failed to balance the demands of neoliberal capital with the considerable health needs of its population.

Claire Laurier Decoteau is assistant professor of sociology at the University of Illinois at Chicago, where she teaches courses in social theory, the sociology of knowledge, and health and medicine. She lives in Chicago.
Religious Bodies Politic
Rituals of Sovereignty in Buryat Buddhism
ANYA BERNSTEIN

Religious Bodies Politic examines the complex relationship between transnational religion and politics through the lens of one cosmopolitan community in Siberia: Buryats, who live in a semiautonomous republic within Russia with a large Buddhist population. Looking at religious transformation among Buryats across changing political economies, Anya Bernstein argues that under conditions of rapid social change—such as those that accompanied the Russian Revolution, the Cold War, and the fall of the Soviet Union—Buryats have used Buddhist “body politics” to articulate their relationship not only with the Russian state, but also with the larger Buddhist world.

During these periods, Bernstein shows, certain people and their bodies became key sites through which Buryats conformed to or challenged Russian political rule. She presents particular cases of these emblematic bodies—dead bodies of famous monks, temporary bodies of reincarnated lamas, ascetic and celibate bodies of Buddhist monastics, and dismembered bodies of lay disciples given as imaginary gifts to spirits—to investigate the specific ways in which religion and politics have intersected. Contributing to the growing literature on postsocialism and studies of sovereignty that focus on the “body,” Religious Bodies Politic is a fascinating illustration of how this community employed Buddhism to adapt to key moments of political change.

Anya Bernstein is assistant professor of anthropology and social studies at Harvard University.

Economy of Words
Communicative Imperatives in Central Banks
DOUGLAS R. HOLMES

Markets are artifacts of language—so Douglas R. Holmes argues in this deeply researched look at central banks and the people who run them. Working at the intersection of anthropology, linguistics, and economics, he shows how central bankers have been engaging in communicative experiments that predate the financial crisis and continue to be refined amid its unfolding turmoil—experiments that do not merely describe the economy, but actually create its distinctive features.

Holmes examines the New York District Branch of the Federal Reserve, the European Central Bank, Deutsche Bundesbank, and the Bank of England, among others, and shows how bank officials have created a new monetary regime that relies on collaboration with the public to achieve the ends of monetary policy. Central bankers, Holmes argues, have shifted the conceptual anchor of monetary affairs away from standards such as gold or fixed exchange rates and toward an evolving relationship with the public, one rooted in sentiments and expectations. Going behind closed doors to reveal the intellectual world of central banks, Economy of Words offers provocative new insights into the way our economic circumstances are conceptualized and ultimately managed.

Douglas R. Holmes is professor of anthropology at Binghamton University, SUNY. He is the author of Cultural Disenchantments: Worker Peasantries in Northeast Italy and Integral Europe: Fast-Capitalism, Multiculturalism, Neofascism.

“Religious Bodies Politic is an ethnographically detailed and theoretically ambitious work that boldly brings together three topics of anthropological inquiry that are usually kept apart: postsocialism, Buddhism, and transnationalism. Anya Bernstein succeeds in untangling the surprising ways in which Buddhism lies at the heart of the ongoing restructuring of Buryat social worlds, cultural forms, and political imaginaries in the wake of the collapse of state socialism and the rise of global market capitalism.”
—Morton Axel Pedersen, University of Copenhagen

Buddhism and Modernity
NOVEMBER 272 p., 27 halftones, 6 tables 6 x 9
Cloth $85.00 /£59.50
Paper $27.50 /£19.50
ANTHROPOLOGY ASIAN STUDIES

“Economy of Words is a remarkable ethnography of monetary policy making by central bankers, and the academics with whom they engage intellectually, sets a new standard for the anthropology of finance. Up to now, we have lacked a careful, detailed account of how economic facts are performed that is rigorous and empirical enough to convince those whose intellectual propensities lie elsewhere. Economy of Words is such a book.”
—Annelise Riles, author of Collateral Knowledge

DECEMBER 264 p., 3 line drawings 6 x 9
Cloth $85.00 /£59.50
Paper $27.50 /£19.50
ANTHROPOLOGY ECONOMICS

special interest 93
In Dante’s *Inferno*, the lowest circle of Hell is reserved for traitors, those who betrayed their closest companions. In a wide range of literatures and mythologies such intimate aggression is a source of ultimate terror, and in *Witchcraft, Intimacy, and Trust*, Peter Geschiere sketches it as a central ember at the core of human relationships, one brutally revealed in the practice of witchcraft. Examining witchcraft in its variety of forms throughout the globe, he shows how this often misunderstood practice is deeply structured by intimacy and the powers it affords. In doing so, he offers not only a comprehensive look at contemporary witchcraft but also a fresh—if troubling—new way to think about intimacy itself.

Geschiere begins in the forests of southeast Cameroon with the Maka, who fear “witchcraft of the house” above all else. Drawing a variety of local conceptions of intimacy into a global arc, he tracks notions of the home and family—and witchcraft’s transgression of them—throughout Africa, Europe, Brazil, and Oceania, showing that witchcraft provides powerful ways of addressing issues that are crucial to social relationships. Indeed, by uncovering the link between intimacy and witchcraft in so many parts of the world, he paints a provocative picture of human sociality that scrutinizes some of the most prevalent views held by contemporary social science.

One of the few books to situate witchcraft in a global context, *Witchcraft, Intimacy, and Trust* is at once a theoretical tour de force and an empirically rich and lucid take on a difficult-to-understand spiritual practice and the private spaces it so greatly affects.
The Scattered Family  
Parenting, African Migrants, and Global Inequality  
CATI COE

Today’s unprecedented migration of people around the globe in search of work has had a widespread and troubling result: the separation of families. In The Scattered Family, Cati Coe offers a sophisticated examination of this phenomenon among Ghanaians living in Ghana and abroad. Challenging oversimplified concepts of globalization as a wholly unchecked force, she details the diverse and creative ways Ghanaian families have adapted long-standing familial practices to a contemporary, global setting.

Drawing on ethnographic and archival research, Coe uncovers a rich and dynamic set of familial concepts, habits, relationships, and expectations—what she calls repertoires—that have developed over time, through previous encounters with global capitalism. Separated immigrant families, she demonstrates, use these repertoires to help themselves navigate immigration law, the lack of child care, and a host of other problems, as well as to help raise children and maintain relationships the best way they know how. Examining this complex interplay between the local and global, Coe ultimately argues for a rethinking of what family itself means.

Cati Coe is associate professor of anthropology at Rutgers University. She is the author of Dilemmas of Culture in African Schools: Youth, Nationalism, and the Transformation of Knowledge, also published by the University of Chicago Press. She lives in Philadelphia.

Democracy against Development  
Lower Caste Politics and Political Modernity in Postcolonial India  
JEFFREY WITSOE

Hidden behind the much-touted success story of India’s emergence as an economic superpower is another, far more complex narrative of the nation’s recent history, one in which economic development is frequently countered by profoundly unsettling, and often violent, political movements. In Democracy against Development, Jeffrey Witsoe investigates this counternarrative, uncovering an antagonistic relationship between recent democratic mobilization and development-oriented governance in India.

Witsoe looks at the history of colonialism in India and its role in both shaping modern caste identities and linking locally powerful caste groups to state institutions, which has effectively created a postcolonial patronage state. He then looks at the rise of lower-caste politics in one of India’s poorest and most populous states, Bihar, showing how this increase in democratic participation has radically threatened the patronage state by systematically weakening its institutions and disrupting its development projects. By depicting democracy and development as they truly are in India—in tension—Witsoe reveals crucial new empirical and theoretical insights about the long-term trajectory of democratization in the larger postcolonial world.

Jeffrey Witsoe is assistant professor of anthropology at Union College in Schenectady, NY.

“The Scattered Family is a highly engaging and well-researched book on a neglected topic that is sure to interest not only Africanist scholars but anyone interested in transnational migration and its effects on the family. Exploring the nature of family ties, particularly those between parents and children, among Ghanaians who have emigrated to the United States and Britain for work, Cati Coe contextualizes a host of carefully told narratives within the realm of immigration law and policy, addressing the lives of these migrants from a number of different, intriguing angles.”
—Jennifer Hasty, University of Pennsylvania

“Democracy against Development realizes a lot of the promise of the new political anthropology of India. Jeffrey Witsoe’s ethnographic focus ensures that the rich and diverse struggle over caste and its political forms can be revealed. He is able to show precisely how colonially structured caste, as identity and power, is reshaped in the working of Indian democracy.”
—Kalyanakrishnan Sivaramakrishnan, Yale University

South Asia Across the Disciplines

special interest 95
Along with its painful economic costs, the financial crisis of 2008 raised concerns over the future of international policy making. As in recessions past, new policy initiatives emerged that placed greater importance on protecting national interests than promoting international economic cooperation. Whether in fiscal or monetary policies, the control of currencies and capital flows, the regulation of finance, or the implementation of protectionist policies and barriers to trade, there has been an almost worldwide trend toward the prioritization of national economic security. But what are the underlying economic causes of this trend, and what can economic research reveal about the possible consequences?

Prompted by these questions, Robert C. Feenstra and Alan M. Taylor have brought together top researchers with policy makers and practitioners whose contributions consider the ways in which the global economic order might address the challenges of globalization that have arisen over the last two decades and that have been intensified by the recent crisis. Chapters in this volume consider the critical linkages between issues, including exchange rates, global imbalances, and financial regulation, and plumb the political and economic outcomes of past policies for what they might tell us about the future of global economic cooperation.

Robert C. Feenstra is professor in the Department of Economics at the University of California, Davis, where he also holds the C. Bryan Cameron Distinguished Chair in International Economics. He is director of the International Trade and Investment Program of the NBER. Alan M. Taylor is the Souder Family Professor of Arts and Sciences in the Department of Economics at the University of Virginia and a research associate of the NBER.
For the American criminal justice system, 1975 was a watershed year. Offender rehabilitation and individualized sentencing fell from favor. The partisan politics of “law and order” took over. Among the results four decades later are the world’s harshest punishments and highest imprisonment rate. Policy makers’ interest in what science could tell them plummeted just when scientific work on crime, recidivism, and the justice system began to blossom. Some policy areas—sentencing, gun violence, drugs, youth violence—became evidence-free zones. In others—developmental crime prevention, policing, recidivism studies—evidence mattered. Crime and Justice in America: 1975–2025 tells how policy and knowledge did and did not interact over time and charts prospects for the future. What accounts for the timing of particular issues and research advances? What did science reveal about crime and justice, and how did that knowledge influence policy? Where are we now, and, perhaps even more important, where are we going?

The contributors to this volume bring unsurpassed breadth and depth of knowledge to bear in answering these questions. They include Philip J. Cook, Francis T. Cullen, Jeffrey Fagan, David Farrington, Daniel S. Nagin, Peter Reuter, Lawrence W. Sherman, and Franklin E. Zimring.

For thirty-five years, the Crime and Justice series has provided a platform for the work of sociologists, psychologists, criminal lawyers, justice scholars, and political scientists as it explores the full range of issues concerning crime, its causes, and its remedies.

Michael Tonry is director of the Institute on Crime and Public Policy and the McKnight Presidential Professor in Criminal Law and Public Policy at the University of Minnesota. He is also a senior fellow at the Netherlands Institute for the Study of Crime and Law Enforcement.
Since its launch in 1999, *Afterall*, a journal of art, context, and inquiry, has offered in-depth considerations of the work of contemporary artists, along with essays that broaden the context in which to understand it. Published three times a year, *Afterall* also features essays on art history and critical theory.

Issue 33 looks at the current interest in performance and gesture amongst contemporary artists working across a range of media. Artists featured include Mark Leckey, Xavier Le Roy, Josef Dabernig, and Simryn Gill. Accompanying essays consider lecture-performances as an emerging art form, the ubiquitous presence of television sets and serials in recent exhibitions, and the reperformance of historical works by a younger generation of artists.

*Nuria Enguita Mayo* is part of the program arteypensamiento at the Universidad Internacional de Andalucía. *Melissa Gronlund* teaches at the Ruskin School of Drawing and Fine Art, University of Oxford. *Pablo Lafuente* is managing editor of *Afterall* Books and One Work Series and coeditor of *Afterall* Books, Exhibition Histories Series. He is also associate curator at the Office for Contemporary Art Norway. *Anders Kreuger* is a curator at M HKA, Antwerp, and a writer currently based in Berlin. *Stephanie Smith* is deputy director and chief curator at the Smart Museum of Art at the University of Chicago.

The *Metropolitan Museum Journal*, issued annually by the Metropolitan Museum of Art, publishes original research on works in the Museum’s collections and the areas of investigation they represent. Volume 47 includes essays on the Tell Basta Treasure, two Assyrian reliefs from the palace of Sargon II, the *Cloisters Annunciation* by the Master of Charles of France, canvas matches in Vermeer, the life and work of Claude Simpol, the *Bellangé Album*, Thomas Eakins’s *The Chess Players*, letters from Costantino Ressman to William Riggs, collectors of arms and armor in nineteenth-century Paris, and the Duc de Dino Collection of Armor.
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Edited by DON SHARE and CHRISTIAN WIMAN

The Open Door
One Hundred Poems, One Hundred Years of Poetry Magazine

To celebrate the centennial of Poetry, editors Don Share and Christian Wiman combed the magazine’s vast archives to create a new kind of anthology, energized by a self-imposed limitation to one hundred poems. Rather than attempting to be exhaustive or definitive—or even to offer the most familiar works—they have assembled a collection of poems that, in their juxtapositions, echo across a century of poetry. The result is an anthology like no other, a celebration of idiosyncrasy and invention, a vital monument to an institution that refuses to be static, and, most of all, a book that lovers of poetry will devour, debate, and keep close at hand.

“With this collection, Share and Wiman want only to promote the art of poetry, something they do exceedingly well. Highly recommended.”—Library Journal, starred review

“A wonderful anthology. . . . In many ways this is a wonderfully democratic anthology—to get in, you don’t have to be famous, you just need to be good.”—National Post

“If readers would like to sample the genius and diversity of American poetry in the last century, there’s no better place to start than The Open Door.”—World Literature Today

Don Share, senior editor of Poetry, is a poet and the author, editor, or translator of numerous books. Christian Wiman, editor of Poetry from 2003 to 2013, is the author of three books of poetry, a volume of essays, and a memoir.
NEIL STEINBERG

You Were Never in Chicago

“A rollicking newspaperman’s memoir . . . and a strong case for Second City exceptionalism.”—New York Times

In 1952 the New Yorker published a three-part essay by A. J. Liebling in which he dubbed Chicago the “Second City.” From garbage collection to the skyline, nothing escaped Liebling’s withering gaze. Among the outraged responses from Chicago residents was one that Liebling described as the apotheosis of such criticism: a postcard that read, simply, “You were never in Chicago.”

Neil Steinberg has lived in and around Chicago for more than three decades—ever since he left his hometown of Berea, Ohio, to attend Northwestern—yet he remains fascinated by the dynamics captured in Liebling’s anecdote. In You Were Never in Chicago, Steinberg weaves the story of his own coming-of-age as a young outsider who made his way into the inner circles and upper levels of Chicago journalism with a nuanced portrait of the city that would surprise even lifelong residents.

Throughout, Steinberg never loses the curiosity and close observation of an outsider, while thoughtfully considering how this perspective has shaped the city, and what it really means to belong. Intimate and layered, You Were Never in Chicago will be a welcome addition to the bookshelves of all Chicagoans—be they born in the city or forever transplanted.

Neil Steinberg is a columnist at the Chicago Sun-Times, where he has been on staff since 1987. He is the author of seven books, including Drunkard: A Hard-Drinking Life and Hatless Jack: The President, the Fedora, and the History of American Style.

“A triumph.”
— Toronto Star

“Like Studs Terkel before him, Neil Steinberg mixes memoir, history, and travelogue in You Were Never in Chicago as he takes readers along on an engaging tour of the characters—and character—of his adopted city, past and present.”
—American Way
The Pseudoscience Wars

Immanuel Velikovsky and the Birth of the Modern Fringe

The publication of Immanuel Velikovsky’s Worlds in Collision in 1950 was an event: the book was an instant best seller and launched Velikovsky on a long career as a writer and public figure opining on questions of science, history, myth, and more. But at the same time, Velikovsky and his theories—which claimed that ancient mythological and religious writings revealed Earth’s hitherto unknown history of natural disasters and cosmic near-misses—were vigorously attacked by scientists, who saw them as unsound nonsense. In The Pseudoscience Wars, Michael D. Gordin resurrects the largely forgotten figure of Velikovsky and uses his strange career and surprisingly influential writings to explore the changing definitions of the line that separates legitimate scientific inquiry from what is deemed bunk and to show how vital this question remains to us today.

“A slyly funny writer. . . . Make no mistake: Michael D. Gordin’s sympathies are not with the occult. His fascination with pseudoscience is more like a negative method: the experts define the boundaries of their domain by fending off the quacks. For Gordin, pseudoscience is an instrument by which he takes the temperature of the past. . . . The Pseudoscience Wars is a relatively slim volume, but Gordin siphons into it an overwhelming amount of information.”—New Republic

Michael D. Gordin is professor of history at Princeton University and the author of a number of books, including Red Cloud at Dawn: Truman, Stalin, and the End of the Atomic Monopoly.
Fighting for Emancipation in the War for Independence

We commonly think of the American Revolution as simply the war for independence from British colonial rule. But, of course, that independence actually applied to only a portion of the American population—African Americans would still be bound in slavery for nearly another century. Alan Gilbert asks us to rethink what we know about the Revolutionary War, to realize that while white Americans were fighting for their freedom, many black Americans were joining the British imperial forces to gain theirs. Further, a movement led by sailors—both black and white—pushed strongly for emancipation on the American side. There were actually two wars being waged at once: a political revolution for independence from Britain and a social revolution for emancipation and equality.

Gilbert presents persuasive evidence that slavery could have been abolished during the Revolution itself if either side had fully pursued the military advantage of freeing slaves and pressing them into combat, and his extensive research also reveals that free blacks on both sides played a crucial and underappreciated role in the actual fighting. Black Patriots and Loyalists contends that the struggle for emancipation was not only basic to the Revolution itself, but was a rousing force that would inspire freedom movements like the abolition societies of the North and the black loyalist pilgrimages for freedom in Nova Scotia and Sierra Leone.

“An elegant and passionate writer, Alan Gilbert pulls no punches, and not surprisingly a number of white founders attract his censure.” —Historian

Alan Gilbert is a John Evans Professor in the Josef Korbel School of International Studies at the University of Denver. He is the author of Marx’s Politics: Communists and Citizens, Democratic Individuality, and Must Global Politics Constrain Democracy? He lives with his wife, Paula, and their son, Sage, in the mountains of Morrison, Colorado.
In its essence, science is a way of looking at and thinking about the world. In *The Life of a Leaf*, Steven Vogel illuminates this approach, using the humble leaf as a model. Whether plant or person, every organism must contend with its immediate physical environment, a world that both limits what organisms can do and offers innumerable opportunities for evolving fascinating ways of challenging those limits. Here, Vogel explains these interactions, examining through the example of the leaf the extraordinary designs that enable life to adapt to its physical world.

In Vogel’s account, the leaf serves as a biological everyman, an ordinary and ubiquitous living thing that nonetheless speaks volumes about our environment as well as its own. Thus in exploring the leaf’s world, Vogel simultaneously explores our own.

“This book is a happy reminder that science can become much less daunting in the hands of an enthusiastic teacher.”—London Review of Books

“Steven Vogel capably demonstrates how a scientist can unite micro and macro perspectives in looking at the natural world. . . . His firsthand account of many of his own experiments, and the joy with which he recounts them, brings the scientific process to life.”—Publishers Weekly

“Steven Vogel’s obvious enthusiasm for the subject and his skill at writing shine through with clarity and joy.”—Library Journal

**Steven Vogel** is a James B. Duke Professor Emeritus of biology at Duke University. His most recent books include *Cats’ Paws and Catapults* and *Glimpses of Creatures in Their Physical Worlds.*
The Secrets of Alchemy

In *The Secrets of Alchemy*, Lawrence M. Principe, one of the world’s leading authorities on the subject, brings alchemy out of the shadows and restores it to its important place in human history and culture. By surveying what alchemy was and how it began, developed, and overlapped with a range of ideas and pursuits, Principe illuminates the practice. He vividly depicts the place of alchemy during its heyday in early modern Europe, and then explores how alchemy has fit into wider views of the cosmos and humanity, touching on its enduring place in literature, fine art, theater, and religion as well as its recent acceptance as a serious subject of study for historians of science. In addition, he introduces the reader to some of the most fascinating alchemists, such as Zosimos and Basil Valentine, whose lives dot alchemy’s long reign from the third century down to the present day. Through his exploration of alchemists and their times, Principe pieces together closely guarded clues from obscure and fragmented texts to reveal alchemy’s secrets, and—most exciting for budding alchemists—uses them to recreate many of the most famous recipes in his lab, including those for the “glass of antimony” and “philosophers’ tree.” This unique approach brings the reader closer to the actual work of alchemy than any other book.

“The Secrets of Alchemy comes closer than any other single work to explaining the grounds—rational and empirical, as well as religious and wishful—for alchemy’s longevity. Lawrence M. Principe’s delightful writing style brings to life a depth of learning matched by few in the field.”—Nature

Lawrence M. Principe is the Drew Professor of the Humanities in the Department of the History of Science and Technology and the Department of Chemistry at Johns Hopkins University. His books include *Alchemy Tried in the Fire: Starkey, Boyle, and the Fate of Helmontian Chymistry*, also published by the University of Chicago Press.
When a dissertation crosses my desk, I usually want to grab it by its metaphorical lapels and give it a good shake. “You know something!” I would say if it could hear me. “Now tell it to us in language we can understand!”

Since its publication in 2005, *From Dissertation to Book* has helped thousands of young academic authors get their books beyond the thesis committee and into the hands of interested publishers and general readers. Now revised and updated to reflect the evolution of scholarly publishing, this edition includes a new chapter arguing that the future of academic writing is in the hands of young scholars who meet the broader expectations of readers rather than the narrow requirements of academic committees.

At the heart of *From Dissertation to Book* is the idea that revising the dissertation is fundamentally a process of shifting its focus from the concerns of a narrow audience—a committee or advisors—to those of a broader scholarly audience that wants writing to be both informative and engaging. William Germano offers clear guidance on how to do this, with advice on such topics as rethinking the table of contents, taming runaway footnotes, and confronting the limitations of jargon.

Germano draws on his years of experience in both academia and publishing to show writers how to turn a dissertation into a book that an audience will actually enjoy, whether reading on a page or a screen. Germano also explores other, often overlooked, options for dissertations, such as journal articles or chapters in an edited work.

With clear directions, engaging examples, and an eye for the idiosyncrasies of academic writing, *From Dissertation to Book* reveals to recent PhDs the secrets of careful and thoughtful revision—a skill that will be truly invaluable as they add “author” to their curriculum vitae.

William Germano is dean of the faculty of humanities and social sciences and professor of English literature at the Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art. Previously, he served as editor in chief at Columbia University Press and vice president and publishing director at Routledge.
In 1949, a small book had a big impact on education. In just over one hundred pages, Ralph W. Tyler presented the concept that curriculum should be dynamic, a program under constant evaluation and revision. Curriculum had always been thought of as a static, set program, and in an era preoccupied with student testing, he offered the innovative idea that teachers and administrators should spend as much time evaluating their plans as they do assessing their students.

Since then, Basic Principles of Curriculum and Instruction has been a standard reference for anyone working with curriculum development. Although not a strict how-to guide, the book shows how educators can critically approach curriculum planning, studying progress and retooling when needed. Its four sections focus on setting objectives, selecting learning experiences, organizing instruction, and evaluating progress. Readers will come away with a firm understanding of how to formulate educational objectives and how to analyze and adjust their plans so that students meet the objectives. Tyler also explains that curriculum planning is a continuous, cyclical process, an instrument of education that needs to be fine-tuned.

This emphasis on thoughtful evaluation has kept Basic Principles of Curriculum and Instruction a relevant, trusted companion for over sixty years. And with school districts across the nation working feverishly to align their curriculum with Common Core standards, Tyler’s straightforward recommendations are sound and effective tools for educators working to create a curriculum that integrates national objectives with their students’ needs.

Ralph W. Tyler (1902–94) was professor of education and dean of the Division of the Social Sciences at the University of Chicago. He also served as founding director of the Center for Advanced Study in the Behavioral Sciences and chaired the committee that eventually developed the National Assessment of Educational Progress.
The Mahabharata
A Shortened Modern Prose Version of the Indian Epic

With a new Foreword by Wendy Doniger

The Mahabharata tells a story of such violence and tragedy that many people in India refuse to keep the full text in their homes, fearing that if they do, they will invite a disastrous fate upon their house. Covering everything from creation to destruction, this ancient poem remains an indelible part of Hindu culture and a landmark in ancient literature.

Centuries of listeners and readers have been drawn to The Mahabharata, which began as disparate oral ballads and grew into a sprawling epic. The modern version is famously long, and at more than 1.8 million words—seven times the combined lengths of the Iliad and Odyssey—it can be incredibly daunting.

Contemporary readers have a much more accessible entry point to this important work, thanks to R. K. Narayan’s masterful translation and abridgement of the poem. Now with a new foreword by Wendy Doniger, as well as a concise character and place guide and a family tree, The Mahabharata is ready for a new generation of readers. As Wendy Doniger explains in the foreword, “Narayan tells the stories so well because they’re all his stories.” He grew up hearing them, internalizing their mythology, which gave him an innate ability to choose the right passages and their best translations.

In this elegant translation, Narayan ably distills a tale that is both traditional and constantly changing. He draws from both scholarly analysis and creative interpretation and vividly fuses the spiritual with the secular. Through this balance he has produced a translation that is not only clear, but graceful, one that stands as its own story as much as an adaptation of a larger work.

R. K. Narayan (1906–2001) was one of the most prominent Indian novelists of the twentieth century. His works include Mr. Sampath—The Printer of Malgudi, Swami and Friends, Waiting for Mahatma, and Gods, Demons, and Others, all published by the University of Chicago Press.
Museums Matter
In Praise of the Encyclopedic Museum

The concept of an encyclopedic museum was born of the Enlightenment, a manifestation of European society’s growing belief that the spread of knowledge, promotion of intellectual inquiry, and trust in individual agency were crucial to human development and the future of a rational society. But in recent years, encyclopedic museums have been under attack as little more than relics and promoters of imperialism. Could it be that the encyclopedic museum has outlived its usefulness?

With Museums Matter, James Cuno, president and CEO of the J. Paul Getty Trust and former president and director of the Art Institute of Chicago, replies with a resounding “No!” He takes us on a brief tour of the modern museum, from the creation of the British Museum—the archetypal encyclopedic collection—to the present, when major museums host millions of visitors annually and play a significant role in the cultural lives of their cities. Along the way, Cuno acknowledges the legitimate questions about the role of museums in nation building and imperialism, but he argues strenuously that even a truly national museum like the Louvre can’t help but open visitors’ eyes and minds to the wide diversity of world cultures and the stunning art that is our common heritage. Ultimately Cuno makes a powerful case for the encyclopedic museum as a truly cosmopolitan institution, promoting tolerance, understanding, and a shared sense of history—values that are essential in our ever more globalized age.

James Cuno is president and CEO of the J. Paul Getty Trust. He served as president and director of the Art Institute of Chicago from 2004 until 2011, the Courtauld Institute of Art from 2002 until 2004, and the Harvard University Art Museums from 1991 to 2002.
“Beatrix Hoffman’s rational, plainspoken analysis succeeds in clarifying the discourse around a topic of pressing national importance, delineating partisans’ priorities, and discarding the numerous distractions.”
—Publishers Weekly

In Health Care for Some, Beatrix Hoffman offers an engaging and in-depth look at America’s long tradition of unequal access to health care. She argues that two main features have characterized the US health system: a refusal to adopt a right to care and a particularly American approach to the rationing of care. Health Care for Some shows that the haphazard way the US system allocates medical services—using income, race, region, insurance coverage, and many other factors—is a disorganized, illogical, and powerful form of rationing. And unlike rationing in most countries, which is intended to keep costs down, rationing in the United States has actually led to increased costs, resulting in the most expensive health care system in the world.

While most histories of US health care emphasize failed policy reforms, Health Care for Some looks at the system from the ground up in order to examine how rationing is experienced by ordinary Americans and how experiences of rationing have led to claims for a right to health care. By taking this approach, Hoffman puts a much-needed human face on a topic that is too often dominated by talking heads.

“Beatrix Hoffman’s goal is to encourage an honest debate about healthcare reform by identifying the varied forms of healthcare rationing. . . . It is a well-researched, readable primer on the development of the complex, fragmented US medical system. . . . Hoffman paints a striking picture of the human face of need.”—Times Higher Education

“In the American political debate, everybody condemns the notion of ‘rationing’ health care. But Beatrix Hoffman’s meticulous history shows that rationing—by income, age, employment, etc.—has been, and remains, a central element of America’s medical system. She demonstrates that our various attempts at reform over the decades have kept the rationing mechanisms firmly in place.”—T. R. Reid, author of The Healing of America: The Quest for Better, Cheaper, and Fairer Health Care

Beatrix Hoffman is professor in the Department of History at Northern Illinois University. She is the author of The Wages of Sickness: The Politics of Health Insurance in Progressive America.
In *Agewise*, renowned cultural critic Margaret Morganroth Gullette reveals that much of what we dread about aging is actually the result of *ageism*—which we can, and should, battle as strongly as we do racism, sexism, and other forms of bigotry. A bracing, controversial call for a movement of resistance, *Agewise* will surprise, enlighten, and, perhaps most important, bring hope to readers of all ages.

“Important social criticism from a prominent scholar.”—*Publishers Weekly*

“A must-read for anyone expecting to grow old in this culture—most of us, one hopes. Of particular interest are Gullette’s [chapters] on cosmetic surgery, late-life sexuality, memory loss, and the suicide of the feminist scholar Carolyn Heilbrun. . . . Gullette coined the term ‘age studies,’ that is, a critical perspective on the entire life-course, and *Agewise* demonstrates that she is a master practitioner of the discipline. She labels ignorance of old age ‘a social epidemic.’ This bias, she says, can be remedied not just by living, which is slow and uncertain, but by raising one’s consciousness.”—*Women’s Review of Books*

“Gullette has the uncanny ability to invite the reader to step close to aging bodies and souls and, then, remind us that we cannot slide into another’s life course; can never wrap ourselves in their experience of aging. It is this insight and her keen ability to turn a phrase that makes *Agewise* both excellent scholarship and a deeply readable and provoking book.”—*Health*

Margaret Morganroth Gullette is the author of three previous books, including *Aged by Culture*, which was chosen as a Notable Book of the Year by the Christian Science Monitor, and *Declining to Decline*.
D. GRAHAM BURNETT

The Sounding of the Whale
Science and Cetaceans in the Twentieth Century

Over the course of the twentieth century, our understanding of and relationship to whales underwent astonishing changes. With *The Sounding of the Whale*, D. Graham Burnett tells the fascinating story of the transformation of cetaceans from grotesque monsters, useful only as wallowing kegs of fat and fertilizer, to playful friends of humanity, bellwethers of environmental devastation, and, finally, totems of the counterculture in the Age of Aquarius. A sweeping history, grounded in nearly a decade of research, *The Sounding of the Whale* tells a remarkable tale of how science, politics, and simple human wonder intertwined to transform the way we see these behemoths from below.

“A very good book.”
—Larry McMurtry, Harper’s

“A sweeping, important study of cetacean science and policy. . . . A gifted and often very funny writer, D. Graham Burnett bristles at the restrictions of academic rigor but does not abandon them. . . . His greatest service is to tell a story that helps us understand the present-day political obstacles to addressing key environmental questions.”
—New York Times Book Review

“A remarkable book, an astounding piece of research.”—David Blackburn, Guardian

“By questioning the very nature of our scientific interest in the whale, Burnett has set the tone for a new century of discovery—and, one hopes, recovery.”—Nature

“In other hands it might have yielded a story as dry as dust, but this historian has an eye for small, telling details, resulting in an intriguing book full of paradoxes and unlikely heroes.”—Tim Flannery, New York Review of Books

D. Graham Burnett is professor of history and history of science at Princeton University, where he teaches in the Interdisciplinary Doctoral Program in the Humanities and directs graduate studies in the Program in History of Science. He is an editor at Cabinet magazine and the author of four books.
The workings of memory have fascinated scientists for hundreds of years, and in Memory: Fragments of a Modern History, Alison Winter shows that our understanding of them has changed dramatically in just the past century, with major consequences for science, medicine, and everyday life. Memories have been declared as reliable as sounds caught on tape, and they have been dismissed as inherently volatile. Researchers have tried to understand what we do when we remember by appealing to motion pictures, filing cabinets, and flashbulbs. Tracing the cultural and scientific history of such drastically opposed convictions, Winter introduces us to the innovative scientists, venturesome medical practitioners, determined police interrogators, and, in some cases, incorrigible sensation seekers who sought to master this mysterious power. Culminating in the climactic “memory wars” of the 1980s and ’90s, the story she tells illuminates not only the practices of science and medicine, but also a subject that is absolutely essential to how we all live our daily lives.

“A deft study of twentieth-century memory controversies.”
—Jenny Diski, London Review of Books

“A splendid book. One might even say a memorable book.”
—Toronto Globe and Mail

“A riveting account of the past century of work on the science of memory. . . . Masterful.”—Science

Alison Winter is associate professor of history at the University of Chicago and the author of Mesmerized: Powers of Mind in Victorian Britain, also published by the University of Chicago Press.
Paul Scott is most famous for his much-beloved tetralogy The Raj Quartet, an epic that chronicles the end of the British rule in India with a cast of vividly and memorably drawn characters. Inspired by Scott’s own time spent in India and Malaya during World War II, these two powerful novels provide valuable insight into how foreign lands changed the British who worked and fought in them, hated and loved them.

The Chinese Love Pavilion follows a young British clerk, Tom Brent, who must track down a former friend—now suspected of murder—in Malaya. Tom faces great danger, both from the mysterious Malayan jungles and the political tensions between British officers, but the novel is perhaps most memorable for the strange, beautiful romance between Tom and a protean Eurasian beauty whom he meets in the eponymous Chinese Love Pavilion.

A coming-of-age tale, The Birds of Paradise is the story of a boy and his childhood friendship with the daughter of a British diplomat and the son of a raja. Scott artfully brings his young narrator’s voice to life with evocative language and an eye for detail, capturing the pangs of childhood and the bittersweet fog of memory with nostalgic yet immediate prose.

Paul Scott (1920–78) was a British novelist best known for his series The Raj Quartet, which begins with The Jewel in the Crown and is also published by the University of Chicago Press. His other works include Staying On, winner of the Man Booker Prize, and Six Days in Marapore.
R. G. WALDECK

Athene Palace
Hitler’s “New Order” Comes to Rumania
With a new Foreword by Robert D. Kaplan

On the day that Paris fell to the Nazis, R. G. Waldeck was checking into the swankiest hotel in Bucharest, the Athene Palace. A cosmopolitan center during the war, the hotel was populated by Italian and German oilmen hoping to secure new business opportunities in Romania, international spies cloaked in fake identities, and Nazi officers whom Waldeck discovered to be intelligent but utterly bloodless. A German Jew and a reporter for Newsweek, Waldeck became a close observer of the Nazi invasion. As King Carol first tried to placate the Nazis, then abdicated the throne in favor of his son, Waldeck was dressing for dinners with diplomats and cozying up to Nazi officers to gain insight and information. From her unique vantage, she watched as Romania, a country with a pro-totalitarian elite and a deep strain of anti-Semitism, suffered civil unrest, a German invasion, and an earthquake, before turning against the Nazis.

A striking combination of social intimacy and disinterested political analysis, Athene Palace evokes the elegance and excitement of the dynamic international community in Bucharest before the world had come to grips with the horrors of war and genocide. Waldeck’s account strikingly presents the finely wrought surface of dinner parties, polite discourse, and charisma, while recognizing the undercurrents of violence and greed that ran through the denizens of the Athene Palace.

“The most vivid report, long or short, I have ever seen on Rumania . . . brilliantly written and mercilessly barbed. An unusually skillful and readable book.”
—Ralph Thompson, New York Times

R. G. Waldeck (1898–1982) was a German-American journalist and the author of several books, including Prelude to the Past.
Book Was There
Reading in Electronic Times
ANDREW PIPER

Much ink has been spilled lamenting or championing the decline of printed books. In Book Was There, Andrew Piper shows that the rich history of reading itself offers unexpected clues to what lies in store for books—print or digital. From medieval manuscript books to today’s interactive urban fictions, Piper explores the manifold ways that physical media have shaped how we read. In doing so, he uncovers the intimate connections we develop with our reading materials—how we hold them, play with them, and even where we read them—and shows how reading is interwoven with our experiences in life. Piper reveals that reading’s many identities, past and present, on page and on screen, are the key to helping us understand the kind of reading we care about and how new technologies will—and will not—change old habits.

Contending that our experience of reading belies naive generalizations about the future of books, Book Was There is an elegantly argued and thoroughly up-to-date tribute to the endurance of books in our ever-evolving digital world.

“Compelling . . . Andrew Piper shows the apparent internet revolution as being a continuum of book culture.” —Financial Times

Dreaming in Books
The Making of the Bibliographic Imagination in the Romantic Age
ANDREW PIPER

At the turn of the nineteenth century, publishing houses in London, New York, Paris, Stuttgart, and Berlin produced books in ever greater numbers. But it was not just the advent of mass printing that created the era’s “bookish” culture. According to Andrew Piper, romantic writing and writers played a crucial role in adjusting readers to this overflowing literary environment—learning how to use and to want books was importantly a product of the symbolic operations contained within books.

Examining novels, critical editions, gift books, translations, and illustrated volumes, as well as the communities who made them, Dreaming in Books tells a wide-ranging story of the book’s identity at the turn of the nineteenth century. In so doing, it shows how many of the most pressing modern communicative concerns are not unique to the digital age but emerged with a particular sense of urgency during the bookish upheavals of the romantic era. In revisiting the book’s rise through the prism of romantic literature, Piper aims to revise our assumptions about romanticism, the medium of the printed book, and, ultimately, the future of the book in our so-called digital age.

Andrew Piper teaches German and European literature at McGill University.

“Andrew Piper has written a book about the nineteenth century’s romance with books, looking at the many ways in which the physical character of a book and its illustrations shaped a reader’s avidity. Piper’s scholarly history is fueled by a bookish ardor—you can feel the love that went into his footnotes. This writer’s thinking comes straight out of the long afternoons he must have spent in the library, pulling book after book off the shelves, experiencing the power not only of words but also of bindings, typefaces, and illustrations.”
—Jed Perl, New Republic

Andrew Piper teaches German and European literature at McGill University.
We are accustomed to thinking of science and its findings as universal. After all, one atom of carbon plus two of oxygen yields carbon dioxide in Amazonia as well as in Alaska; a scientist in Bombay can use the same materials and techniques to challenge the work of a scientist in New York; and of course the laws of gravity apply worldwide. Why, then, should the locations where science is done matter at all? David N. Livingstone here puts that question to the test with his fascinating study of how science bears the marks of its place of production.

Putting Science in Its Place establishes the fundamental importance of geography in both the generation and the consumption of scientific knowledge, using historical examples of the many places where science has been practiced. Livingstone first turns his attention to some of the specific sites where science has been made—the laboratory, museum, and botanical garden, to name some of the more conventional locales, but also places like the coffeehouse and cathedral, ship’s deck and asylum, even the human body itself. In each case, he reveals just how the space of inquiry has conditioned the investigations carried out there. Putting Science in Its Place powerfully concludes by examining the remarkable mobility of science and the seemingly effortless way it moves around the globe.

David N. Livingstone is professor of geography and intellectual history at Queen’s University Belfast. A Fellow of the British Academy and a member of both the Academia Europaea and the Royal Irish Academy, he is the author of numerous books, including The Geographical Tradition: Episodes in the History of a Contested Enterprise and Adam’s Ancestors: Race, Religion and the Politics of Human Origins.
Gravity’s Ghost and Big Dog
Scientific Discovery and Social Analysis in the Twenty-First Century
HARRY COLLINS

Gravity’s Ghost and Big Dog brings to life science’s efforts to detect cosmic gravitational waves. These ripples in spacetime are predicted by general relativity, and their discovery will not only demonstrate the truth of Einstein’s theories but also transform astronomy. Although no gravitational wave has ever been directly detected, the previous five years have been an especially exciting period in the field. Here sociologist Harry Collins offers readers an unprecedented view of gravitational wave research and explains what it means for an analyst to do work of this kind.

Collins was embedded with the gravitational wave physicists as they confronted two possible discoveries—“Big Dog,” fully analyzed in this volume for the first time, and the “Equinox Event,” which was first chronicled by Collins in Gravity’s Ghost. He records the agonizing arguments that arose as the scientists worked out what they had seen and how to present it to the world, along the way demonstrating how even the most statistical of sciences rest on social and philosophical choices. Gravity’s Ghost and Big Dog draws on nearly fifty years of fieldwork observing scientists at the American Laser Interferometer Gravitational Wave Observatory and elsewhere around the world to offer an inspired commentary on the place of science in society today.

Harry Collins is the Distinguished Research Professor of Sociology and director of the Centre for the Study of Knowledge, Expertise, and Science at Cardiff University and a fellow of the British Academy. Among his numerous books are Gravity’s Shadow, Rethinking Expertise, and Tacit and Explicit Knowledge, all published by the University of Chicago Press.

Infinite Nature
R. BRUCE HULL

In this impassioned and judicious work, R. Bruce Hull argues that environmentalism will never achieve its goals unless it sheds its fundamentalist logic. The movement is too bound up in polarizing ideologies that pit humans against nature, conservation against development, and government regulation against economic growth. Only when we acknowledge the infinite perspectives on how people should relate to nature will we forge solutions that are respectful to both humanity and the environment.

Infinite Nature explores some of these myriad perspectives, from the scientific understandings proffered by anthropology, evolution, and ecology, to the promise of environmental responsibility offered by technology and economics, to the designs of nature envisioned in philosophy, law, and religion. Along the way, Hull maintains that the idea of nature is social: in order to reach the common ground where sustainable and thriving communities are possible, we must accept that many natures can and do exist.

“R. Bruce Hull serves as a highly competent guide, taking readers on richly challenging journeys through twelve dimensions of humanity’s relations with nature. . . . This work is a tour de force: a meticulously fair presentation of issues that engage people’s deepest passions. . . . Highly recommended.”

—Choice

R. Bruce Hull is a senior fellow at the Center for Leadership in Global Sustainability at Virginia Tech. He is coeditor of Restoring Nature: Perspectives from the Social Sciences and Humanities.
Blue Notes in Black and White
Photography and Jazz
BENJAMIN CAWTHRA

Miles Davis, supremely cool behind his shades. Billie Holiday, eyes closed and head tilted back in full cry. Blue Notes in Black and White charts the development of jazz photography from the swing era of the 1930s to the rise of black nationalism in the ’60s. Through text and photographs, Benjamin Cawthra provides a fascinating account of the partnership between two of the twentieth century’s most innovative art forms.

“Benjamin Cawthra insightfully narrates the vast history of jazz—and its turbulent love-hate relationship with American culture. . . . To Cawthra, jazz photography genuinely captures a moment in time—these images are ‘benchmarks’ in the metamorphosis of music.”
—Down Beat

“Bold, ruminative and personal, jazz music poses a challenge to the ace lensman that is answered repeatedly in these pages. Namely, how to capture the elusive internal makeup of any given jazz musician in a two-dimensional image that acts as a portal to the artist’s soul . . . Ideal reading while spinning Monk or Kind of Blue. Four stars.”
—MOJO

“In Blue Notes in Black and White, you sense an author consumed and excited by his subject. He’s synthesized loads of the literature and argument around jazz, and he builds particularly on recent works of historiography.”
—New York Times

Benjamin Cawthra is associate professor of history and associate director of the Center for Oral and Public History at California State University, Fullerton.

Apologies to Thucydides
Understanding History as Culture and Vice Versa
MARSHALL SAHLINS

Thucydides’s classic work on the history of the Peloponnesian War is the root of Western conceptions of history—including the ethnocentric idea that Thucydides’s historiography was universally valid, applicable to all societies at all times. Here, however, Marshall Sahlins takes on Thucydides’s history with a groundbreaking book that shows how different cultures develop different modes of historical production. Ranging from the Peloponnesian War to the nineteenth-century fight over the Fiji Islands to Bobby Thomson’s “shot heard round the world” for the 1951 Giants to the history-making of Napoleon, he demonstrates again and again the necessity of taking culture into account in the creation of history—with apologies to Thucydides, who too often did not.

“This book is a paradigm of how history and anthropology might be brought together, to the mutual enrichment of both disciplines.”—American Historical Review

Marshall Sahlins is the Charles F. Grey Distinguished Service Professor Emeritus at the University of Chicago. A member of the British Academy, he is the author of many books, including Culture and Practical Reason, How “Natives” Think, Islands of History, and What Kinship Is—And Is Not, all published by the University of Chicago Press.
The Inner Lives of Medieval Inquisitors

KAREN SULLIVAN

There have been numerous studies in recent decades of the medieval inquisitions, most emphasizing larger social and political circumstances and neglecting the role of the inquisitors themselves. In this volume, Karen Sullivan sheds much-needed light on these individuals and reveals that they had choices—both the choice of whether to play a part in the orthodox repres- sion of heresy and, more frequently, the choice of whether to approach heretics with zeal or with charity.

In successive chapters on key figures in the Middle Ages—Bernard of Clairvaux, Dominic Guzmán, Conrad of Marburg, Peter of Verona, Bernard Gui, Bernard Délicieux, and Nicholas Eymerich—Sullivan shows that it is possible to discern each inquisitor making personal, moral choices as to what course of action he would take. All medieval clerics recognized that the church should first attempt to correct heretics through repeated admonitions and that, if these admonitions failed, it should then move toward excluding them from society. Yet more charitable clerics preferred to wait for conversion, while zealous clerics preferred not to delay too long before sending heretics to the stake. By considering not the external prosecution of heretics during the Middles Ages, but the internal mo- tivations of the preachers and inquisi- tors who pursued them, as represented in their writings and in those of their peers, The Inner Lives of Medieval Inquisitors explores how it is that the most ide- alistic of purposes can lead to the justi- fication of such dark ends.

Karen Sullivan is the Irma Brandeis Professor of Romance Culture and Literature at Bard College. She is the author of The Interrogation of Joan of Arc and Truth and the Heretic: Crises of Knowledge in Medieval French Literature, the latter published by the University of Chicago Press.

An Introduction to Legal Reasoning

EDWARD H. LEVI

With a new Foreword by Frederick Schauer

Originally published in 1949, An Introduction to Legal Reasoning is widely acknowledged as a classic text. As its opening sentence states, “This is an at- tempt to describe generally the process of legal reasoning in the field of case law and in the interpretation of statutes and of the Constitution.” In elegant and lucid prose, Edward H. Levi does just that in a concise manner, providing an intellectual foundation for generations of students as well as general readers.

For this edition, the book includes a substantial new foreword by leading contemporary legal scholar Frederick Schauer that helpfully places this founda- tional book into its historical and le- gal contents, explaining its continuing value and relevance to understanding the role of analogical reasoning in the law. This volume will continue to be of great value to students of logic, ethics, and political philosophy, as well as to members of the legal profession and everyone concerned with problems of government and jurisprudence.

“Edward H. Levi’s book promises a more real realism and augurs well for the science of law.”—Roscoe Pound

Edward H. Levi (1911–2000) was attorney general of the United States from 1975 to 1977, president of the University of Chicago, and dean of the University of Chicago Law School.
The central question for both the victors and the vanquished of World War II was just how widely the stain of guilt would spread over Germany. Political leaders and intellectuals on both sides of the conflict debated whether support for National Socialism tainted Germany’s entire population and thus discredited the nation’s history and culture. The tremendous challenge that Allied officials and German thinkers faced as the war ended, then, was how to limn a postwar German identity that accounted for National Socialism without irrevocably damning the idea and character of Germany as a whole.

In the House of the Hangman chronicles this delicate process, exploring key debates about the Nazi past and German future during the later years of World War II and its aftermath. Jeffrey K. Olick explores the processes of accommodation and rejection that Allied plans for a new German state inspired among the German intelligentsia. He also examines heated struggles over the value of Germany’s institutional and political heritage. Along the way, he demonstrates how the moral and political vocabulary for coming to terms with National Socialism in Germany has been of enduring significance—as a crucible not only of German identity but also of contemporary thinking about memory and social justice more generally.

“Michael T. Gilmore’s execution of his thesis is vigorous, enlightening, and arguable in a positive sense.”
—American Literature

“A highly effective, syncretic account of the engagement with Nazism and its legacy in the early postwar period.”
—German Quarterly

Jeffrey K. Olick is professor of sociology at the University of Virginia.
"I've been waiting for this book all my life. If Tracy B. Strong's aim is to look on the past with new eyes, then he is undoubtedly successful. Each chapter provides a heady mixture of intellectual energy, scholarly passion, and fresh perspectives. And, like all good books, it raises as many questions as it answers."
—Times Higher Education

Politics without Vision
Thinking without a Banister in the Twentieth Century
TRACY B. STRONG

From Plato through the nineteenth century, the West could draw on comprehensive political visions to guide government and society. Now, for the first time in more than two thousand years, Tracy B. Strong contends, we have lost our foundational supports. In the words of Hannah Arendt, the state of political thought in the twentieth and twenty-first centuries has left us effectively “thinking without a banister.”

Politics without Vision takes up the thought of seven influential thinkers, each of whom attempted to construct a political solution to this problem: Nietzsche, Weber, Freud, Lenin, Schmitt, Heidegger, and Arendt. None of these theorists were liberals nor, excepting possibly Arendt, were they democrats—and some might even be said to have served as handmaidens to totalitarianism. And all to a greater or lesser extent shared the common conviction that the practices of liberalism are inadequate to the demands and stresses of the present time. In examining their thought, Strong acknowledges the political evil that some of their ideas served to foster but argues that these were not the only paths their explorations could have taken. By uncovering the turning points in their thought—and the paths not taken—Strong strives to develop a political theory that can avoid, and perhaps help explain, the mistakes of the past while furthering the democratic impulse.

Hoodlums
Black Villains and Social Bandits in American Life
WILLIAM L. VAN DEBURG

Martin Luther King Jr. Malcolm X. Muhammad Ali. When you think of African American history, you think of its heroes—individuals endowed with courage and strength who are celebrated for their bold exploits and nobility of purpose. But what of black villains? Villains, just as much as heroes, have helped define the black experience.

Ranging from black slaveholders and frontier outlaws to serial killers and gangsta rappers, Hoodlums examines the pivotal role of black villains in American society and popular culture. Here, William L. Van Deburg offers the most extensive treatment to date of the black badman and the challenges that this figure has posed for race relations in America. He first explores the evolution of this problematic racial stereotype in the literature of the early Republic and then probes antebellum slave laws, minstrel shows, and the works of proslavery polemicists to consider how whites conceptualized blacks as members of an inferior and dangerous race. Turning to key works by blacks themselves, from the writings of Frederick Douglass and W. E. B. Du Bois to classic blaxploitation films like Black Caesar and The Mack, Van Deburg demonstrates how African Americans have combated such negative stereotypes and reconceptualized the idea of the badman through stories of social bandits—controversial individuals vilified by whites for their proclivity toward evil, but revered in the black community as necessarily insurgent and revolutionary.

The Tolerant Populists
Kansas Populism and Nativism
Second Edition
WALTER NUGENT

A political movement rallies against underregulated banks, widening gaps in wealth, and gridlocked governments. Sound familiar? More than a century before Occupy Wall Street, the People’s Party of the 1890s was organizing for change. They were the original source of the term “populism,” and a catalyst for the later Progressive Era and New Deal.

Historians wrote approvingly of the Populists up into the 1950s. But with time and new voices, led by historian Richard Hofstadter, the Populists were denigrated, depicted as demagogic, conspiratorial, and even anti-Semitic.

In a landmark study, Walter Nugent set out to uncover the truth of populism, focusing on the most prominent Populist state, Kansas. He focused on primary sources, looking at the small towns and farmers that were the foundation of the movement. The result, The Tolerant Populists, was the first book-length, source-based analysis of the Populists. Nugent’s work sparked a movement to undo the historical revisionism and ultimately found itself at the center of a controversy that has been called “one of the bloodiest episodes in American historiography.”

This timely rerelease of The Tolerant Populists comes as the term finds new currency—and new scorn—in modern politics. A definitive work on populism, it serves as a vivid example of the potential that political movements and popular opinion can have to change history and affect our future.

Walter Nugent is the Andrew V. Tackes Professor of History Emeritus at Notre Dame. He is the author or editor of more than a dozen books, most recently Into the West: The Story of Its People, Habits of Empire: A History of American Expansion, and Progressivism: A Very Short Introduction.

Blessing Same-Sex Unions
The Perils of Queer Romance and the Confusions of Christian Marriage
MARK D. JORDAN

Why are so many churches vehemently opposed to blessing same-sex unions? In this incisive work, Mark D. Jordan shows how carefully selected ideals of Christian marriage have come to dominate recent debates over same-sex unions. Opponents of gay marriage, he reveals, too often confuse simplified ideals of matrimony with historical facts, purporting that there has been a stable Christian tradition of marriage across millennia, when the reality has been anything but. Raising trenchant questions about social obligations, impulses, intentions, and determination, Blessing Same-Sex Unions is a must-read for both sides of the ongoing American debate over gay marriage.

“Documenting his case colorfully from both popular media and scholarly sources, Mark D. Jordan asks: if all that marriage entails is following the etiquette advice from a professional wedding planner, what is the point? Jordan digs deep as he examines the historical and theological origins of Christian marriage.” — Christian Century

Mark D. Jordan is the Reverend Priscilla Wood Neaves Distinguished Professor of Religion and Politics at Washington University in St. Louis. He is the author of many books, including The Invention of Sodomy in Christian Theology and The Silence of Sodom: Homosexuality in Modern Catholicism, both published by the University of Chicago Press.
Jazz on the River
WILLIAM HOWLAND KENNEY

Just after World War I, jazz began a journey along America’s waterways from its birthplace in New Orleans. For the first time in any organized way, steam-driven boats left town during the summer months to travel up the Mississippi River, bringing this exotic new music to the rest of the nation.

In Jazz on the River, William Howland Kenney brings to life the vibrant history of this music and its newfound mainstream popularity among the American people. Here for the first time readers can learn about the lives and music of the levee roustabouts promoting riverboat jazz and their relationships with such great early jazz adventurers as Louis Armstrong, Fate Marable, Warren “Baby” Dodds, and Jess Stacy. Kenney follows the boats from Memphis to St. Louis, where new styles of jazz were soon produced, all the way up the Ohio River, where the music captivated audiences in Cincinnati and Pittsburgh.

Jazz on the River concludes with the story of the decline of the old paddle wheelers—and thus riverboat jazz—on the inland waterways after World War II. The enduring silence of our rivers, Kenney argues, reminds us of the loss of such a distinctive musical tradition. But riverboat jazz still lives on in myriad permutations, each one in tune with its own time.

William Howland Kenney is professor of history and American studies at Kent State University. He is the author of Recorded Music in American Life: The Phonograph and Popular Memory, 1890–1945; Chicago Jazz: A Cultural History, 1904–1930; The Music of James Scott; and Laughter in the Wilderness: Early American Humor to 1783.

Kurt Wolff
A Portrait in Essays and Letters
KURT WOLFF
Edited by Michael Ermarth
Translated by Deborah Lucas Schneider

Kurt Wolff (1887–1963) was a singular presence in the literary world of the twentieth century, a cultural force shaping modern literature itself and pioneering significant changes in publishing. During an intense, active career that took him from Weimar Germany to New York City, where he founded Pantheon Books, Wolff nurtured an extraordinary array of writers, among them Franz Kafka, Lou Andreas-Salomé, Boris Pasternak, Günter Grass, Robert Musil, Paul Valéry, Julian Green, Giuseppe Lampedusa, and Anne Morrow Lindbergh. His essays and letters, many published here for the first time in English, illuminate the complex relations—between publisher and author, publisher and editor, publisher and reading public—that work at their best, as in Wolff’s case, to sustain culture.

“The invaluable correspondence, intoxicating recollections, and, best of all, engaging voice of perhaps this century’s most discriminating publisher.”
—New York Times Book Review

Michael Ermarth is professor of history at Dartmouth College. Deborah Lucas Schneider is a prolific translator whose other projects have included Caligula: A Biography, by Aloys Winterling, and Florence and Baghdad: Renaissance Art and Arab Science, by Hans Belting.
The Limits of History
CONSTANTIN FASOLT

History casts a spell on our minds more powerful than science or religion. It does not root us in the past at all, but instead flatters us with the belief in our ability to recreate the world in our image. It is a form of self-assertion that brooks no opposition or dissent and shelters us from the experience of time. So argues Constantin Fasolt in The Limits of History, an ambitious and path-breaking study that conquers history’s power by carrying the fight into the center of its domain. Fasolt considers the work of Hermann Conring (1606–81) and Bartolus of Sassoferrato (1313/14–57), two antipodes in early modern battles over the principles of European thought and action that ended with the triumph of historical consciousness. Proceeding according to the rules of normal historical analysis—gathering evidence, putting it in context, and analyzing its meaning—Fasolt uncovers limits that no kind of history can cross. He concludes that history is a ritual designed to maintain the modern faith in the autonomy of states and individuals. God wants it—the old crusaders would have said. The truth, Fasolt insists, only begins where that illusion ends.

With its probing look at the ideological underpinnings of historical practice, The Limits of History demonstrates that history presupposes highly political assumptions about free will, responsibility, and the relationship between the past and the present.

Constantin Fasolt is professor of history at the University of Chicago. He is the author of Council and Hierarchy: The Political Thought of William Durant the Younger and the editor and translator of Hermann Conring’s New Discourse on the Roman-German Emperor.

Savage Energies
Lessons of Myth and Ritual in Ancient Greece
WALTER BURKERT
Translated by Peter Bing

We often think of classical Greek society as a model of rationality and order. Yet as Walter Burkert demonstrates in these influential essays on the history of Greek religion, there were archaic, savage forces surging beneath the outwardly calm face of classical Greece, whose potentially violent and destructive energies, Burkert argues, were harnessed to constructive ends through the interlinked uses of myth and ritual. For example, in a much-cited essay on the Athenian religious festival of the Arrephoria, Burkert uncovers deep connections between this strange nocturnal ritual, in which two virgin girls carried sacred offerings into a cave and later returned with something given to them there, and tribal puberty initiations by linking the festival with the myth of the daughters of Kekrops. Other chapters explore the origins of tragedy in blood sacrifice; the role of myth in the ritual of the new fire on Lemnos; the ties between violence, the Athenian courts, and the annual purification of the divine image; and how failed political propaganda entered the realm of myth at the time of the Persian Wars.

Walter Burkert is emeritus professor of classics at the University of Zürich. He is the author of a number of books, most recently The Orientalizing Revolution: Near Eastern Influence on Greek Culture in the Early Archaic Age and Creation of the Sacred: Tracks of Biology in Early Religions. Peter Bing is the Samuel Candler Dobbs Professor of Classics at Emory University.

“Some knowledge of the past is possible, and we can still differentiate good from bad history by using all the techniques established by the profession over the course of hundreds of years. But what is impossible is to divide the past from the present. To have demonstrated this conclusively is this book’s major achievement, and Constantin Fasolt does so in beautiful language. The volume contains many sentences which practitioners of history should write down and keep before their eyes when practicing their craft.”

—German History

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With The Cloaking of Power, Paul O. Carrese has established himself as a first-rate scholar working at the intersection of political philosophy and judicial politics. . . . This book should be of interest even to those who disagree with his prescriptions for contemporary American judicial power.”

—Claremont Review of Books

The Cloaking of Power
Montesquieu, Blackstone, and the Rise of Judicial Activism

PAUL O. CARRESE

How did the US judiciary become so powerful—powerful enough that state and federal judges once vied to decide a presidential election? What does this prominence mean for the law, constitutionalism, and liberal democracy? In The Cloaking of Power, Paul O. Carrese provides a provocative analysis of the intellectual sources of today’s powerful judiciary, arguing that Montesquieu, in his Spirit of the Laws, first articulated a new conception of the separation of powers and strong but subtle courts. Montesquieu instructed statesmen to “cloak power” by placing judges at the center of politics, while concealing them behind juries and subtle reforms. Tracing this conception through Blackstone, Hamilton, and Tocqueville, Carrese shows how it led to the prominence of judges, courts, and lawyers in America today. But he places the blame for contemporary judicial activism squarely at the feet of Oliver Wendell Holmes Jr. and his jurisprudential revolution, which he believes to be the source of the now-prevailing view that judging is merely political.

To address this crisis, Carrese argues for a rediscovery of an independent judiciary—one that blends prudence and natural law with common law and that observes the moderate jurisprudence of Montesquieu and Blackstone, balancing abstract principles with realistic views of human nature and institutions. He also advocates for a return to the complex constitutionalism of the American founders and Tocqueville and for judges who understand their responsibility to elevate citizens above individualism, instructing them in law and right.


Hollywood & God

ROBERT POLITO

Hollywood & God is a virtuosic performance, filled with crossings back and forth from cinematic chiaroscuro to a kind of unsettling desperation and disturbing—even lurid—hallucination. From the Baltimore Catechism to the great noir films of the last century to today’s Elvis impersonators and Paris Hilton (an impersonator of a different sort), Robert Polito tracks the snarls, abrasions, and hijinks of personal identities in our society of the spectacle, a place where who we say we are, and who we think we are, fade in and out of consciousness, like flickers of light dancing tantalizingly on the silver screen. Mixing lyric and essay, collage and narrative, memoir and invention, Hollywood & God is an audacious book, as contemporary as it is historical, as sly and witty as it is devastatingly serious.

“Hollywood & God could have been called American Dirt; it could have been called Wrong Turns. A reader will find his or her own titles, because almost everything here—Riding with the King—picking up Huckleberry Finn, ‘Overheard in the Love Hotel’ summoning Elvis Presley, ‘The Great Awakening’ calling Jonathan Edwards up on stage with T. D. Rice—is emblematic. Emblematic, but also whispering, as if to say, ‘First impressions are always wrong.’ This is a book full of people hiding behind their own names: a book of surprises.” —Greil Marcus

Robert Polito is president of the Poetry Foundation in Chicago. He is the author of Doubles, also published by the University of Chicago Press. He was director of the New School Graduate Writing Program, and he received the National Book Critics Circle Award for his biography of novelist Jim Thompson, Savage Art.
Melancholia’s Dog
Reflections on Our Animal Kinship
ALICE A. KUZNIAR

An attempt to understand human attachment to the canis familiaris in terms of reciprocity and empathy, Melancholia’s Dog tackles such difficult concepts as intimacy and kinship with dogs, the shame associated with identification with their suffering, and the reasons for the profound mourning over their deaths. In addition to philosophy and psychoanalysis, Alice A. Kuzniar turns to the insights and images offered by the literary and visual arts—the short stories of Ivan Turgenev and Franz Kafka, the novels of J. M. Coetzee and Rebecca Brown, the photography of Sally Mann and William Wegman, and the artwork of David Hockney and Sue Coe. Without falling into sentimentality or anthropomorphization, Kuzniar honors and learns from our canine companions, above all attending to the silences and sadness brought on by the effort to represent the dog as perfectly and faithfully as it is said to love.

“Melancholia’s Dog reminds us of how much we share with the beasts around us, how much of our ‘mortality and vulnerability’ speaks to theirs. It is a lesson that transcends boundaries, both of species and professional idiom, and Alice A. Kuzniar does her audience a distinct service by reminding us of it.”
—Modern Philology

Alice A. Kuzniar is professor in the Department of Germanic and Slavic Studies at the University of Waterloo in Ontario, Canada.

The Constitution in Congress
Democrats and Whigs, 1829–1861
DAVID P. CURRIE

The Constitution in Congress series has been called nothing less than a biography of the US Constitution for its in-depth examination of the role that the legislative and executive branches have played in the development of constitutional interpretation. This third volume in the series, the early installments of which dealt with the Federalist and Jeffersonian eras, continues this examination with the Jacksonian revolution of 1829 and subsequent efforts by Democrats to dismantle Henry Clay’s celebrated “American System” of nationalist economics. David P. Currie covers the political events of the period leading up to the start of the Civil War, showing how the slavery question, although seldom overtly discussed in the debates included in this volume, underlies the Southern insistence on strict interpretation of federal powers.

Like its predecessors, The Constitution in Congress: Democrats and Whigs will be an invaluable reference for legal scholars and constitutional historians alike.

“David P. Currie’s discussion is meticulous and informative. It is difficult to believe that he leaves unaddressed anything that would shed light on American constitutional development.”
—Journal of Interdisciplinary History

“The Constitution in Congress: Democrats and Whigs is a first-rate descriptive account of constitutional debates during the middle part of the nineteenth century.”
—Law and Politics Book Review

The Constitution in Congress: Democrats and Whigs, 1829–1861
DAVID P. CURRIE

“This is probably the first time that a scholar of Alice A. Kuzniar’s ability has shown the courage to tackle the deeper aspects of our relationship with dogs. . . . Our dogs are metaphors for ourselves, something that many of us may have long suspected, but because the idea had never been articulated, or not fully, perhaps we did not appreciate the fact. Or perhaps we didn’t want to face it. Thanks to Kuzniar, we know it now.”
—London Review of Books

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—Historian

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David P. Currie (1936–2007) was the Edward H. Levi Distinguished Service Professor of Law at the University of Chicago. He is the author of the three other volumes in the Constitution in Congress series and the award-winning two-volume history The Constitution in the Supreme Court, all published by the University of Chicago Press.
A Surgical Temptation
The Demonization of the Foreskin and the Rise of Circumcision in Britain

ROBERT DARBY

In the eighteenth century, the Western world viewed circumcision as an embarrassing disfigurement peculiar to Jews. A century later, British doctors urged parents to circumcise their sons as a routine precaution against every imaginable sexual dysfunction, from syphilis and phimosis to masturbation and bed-wetting. Thirty years later the procedure again came under hostile scrutiny, culminating in its disappearance during the 1960s.

Why Britain adopted a practice it had traditionally abhorred and then abandoned it after only two generations is the subject of A Surgical Temptation. Robert Darby reveals that circumcision has always been related to the question of how to control male sexuality. This study explores the process by which the male genitals, and the foreskin especially, were pathologized as a source of physical and moral decay.

But A Surgical Temptation is not merely of historical interest. Why does circumcision usually mean circumcision of infants? Why does the pressure for “health” circumcision continue? These questions cannot be answered without reference to its nineteenth century origins as a mechanism for sexual discipline. A Surgical Temptation provides essential background to current debates about the medical, ethical, and social aspects of circumcision, and the ongoing demonization of the foreskin in our own time.

Robert Darby is an independent medical historian and freelance writer. His most recent book is an abridged edition of George Drysdale’s classic polemic against Victorian morality, Elements of Social Science. He lives in Canberra, Australia.

Satan the Heretic
The Birth of Demonology in the Medieval West

ALAIN BOUREAU
Translated by Teresa Lavender Fagan

Before the end of the thirteenth century, theologians had little interest in demons, but with Thomas Aquinas and his formidable “Treatise on Evil” in 1272, everything changed. In Satan the Heretic, Alain Boureau trains his skeptical eye not on Satan or Satanism, but on the birth of demonology and the sudden belief in the power of demons, setting out to understand not why people believed in demons, but why theologians—especially Pope John XXII—became so interested in the subject.

Depicting this new demonology, Satan the Heretic considers the period between the mid-thirteenth and mid-fourteenth centuries when demons, in the eyes of Church authorities, suddenly burst forth, more real and more terrifying than ever before in the history of Christianity. Boureau argues that the rise in this obsession with demons occurs at the crossroads of the rise of sovereignties and of the individual, a rise that, tellingly, also coincides with the emergence of the modern legal system in the European West.

Teeming with insights and lively anecdotes, Satan the Heretic is a significant contribution to the history of Christian demonology from one of the most original minds in the field of medieval studies today.

Alain Boureau is director of studies at l’École des hautes études en sciences sociales, Paris, and the author of The Lord’s First Night and The Myth of Pope Joan, both published by the University of Chicago Press. Teresa Lavender Fagan is a freelance translator living in Chicago; she has translated numerous books for the University of Chicago Press.
As common schooling emerged in the 1830s, providing white children of all classes and ethnicities with the opportunity to become full-fledged citizens, it redefined citizenship as synonymous with whiteness. While white residents of Boston and New Haven forcefully opposed the education of black residents, their counterparts in Baltimore did little to resist the establishment of African American schools. Such discrepancies, Hilary J. Moss argues, suggest that white opposition to black education was not a foregone conclusion. Through the comparative lenses of these three cities, she shows why opposition erupted where it did across the United States in antebellum America.

“Hilary J. Moss offers an important corrective to the literature of the common schools by identifying race as a factor in their development. . . . With her detailed case examinations, Moss brings into focus the localized debates that contributed to the patchwork nature of American educational policy and provides awareness of both white and black activism surrounding integration that preceded Brown v. Board of Education by more than a century.”—Journal of the History of Childhood and Youth

Hilary J. Moss is associate professor of history and black studies at Amherst College.

Schooling Citizens
The Struggle for African American Education in Antebellum America
HILARY J. MOSS

Morality and Society Series
AUGUST 488 p., 9 maps, 19 figures, 11 tables 6 x 9
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LATIN AMERICAN HISTORY

Schooling Citizens is a worthy contribution to the study of African-American struggles for access to education and schooling in the pre–Civil War era. . . . Hilary J. Moss asks us to ponder why Americans, both white and black, often believed in the democratic promise of schooling even though fair treatment and equal opportunity were so rarely realized.”

—Journal of Interdisciplinary History

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AMERICAN HISTORY
AFRICAN AMERICAN STUDIES

Democracy in Latin America, 1760–1900
Volume 1, Civic Selfhood and Public Life in Mexico and Peru
CARLOS A. FORMENT

Carlos A. Forment’s aim in this highly ambitious work is to write the book that Tocqueville would have written had he traveled to Latin America instead of the United States. Forment pores over countless newspapers, partisan pamphlets, tabloids, journals, private letters, and travelogues to show in this study how citizens of Latin America established strong democratic traditions in their countries through the practice of democracy in their everyday lives.

This first volume of Democracy in Latin America considers the development of democratic life in Mexico and Peru from independence to the late 1890s. Forment traces the emergence of hundreds of political, economic, and civic associations run by citizens in both nations and shows how these organizations became models of and for democracy in the face of dictatorship and immense economic hardship. His is the first book to show the presence in Latin America of civic democracy, something that gave men and women in that region an alternative to market- and state-centered forms of life.

Carlos A. Forment is the director of the Centro de Investigación y Documentación de la Vida Pública in Buenos Aires, Argentina.
A little over a century ago, there was no such thing as international justice, and until recently, the idea of permanent international courts and formal war crimes tribunals would have been almost unthinkable. Yet now we depend on institutions such as these to air and punish crimes against humanity, as we have seen in the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda and the appearance of Serbian leader Slobodan Milosevic before the Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia.

"Toward a Just World tells the remarkable story of the long struggle to craft the concept of international justice that we have today. Dorothy V. Jones focuses on the first half of the twentieth century, the pivotal years in which justice took on expanded meaning in conjunction with ideas like world peace, human rights, and international law. Fashioning both political and legal history into a compelling narrative, Jones recovers little-known events from undeserved obscurity and helps us see with new eyes the pivotal ones that we think we know. Jones also covers many of the milestones in the history of diplomacy, from the Treaty of Versailles and the creation of the League of Nations to the Nuremberg war crimes tribunal and the making of the United Nations."

"In a tour de force, Dorothy V. Jones exhumes from musty annals totally forgotten figures in the quest for international justice." — World Policy Journal

Dorothy V. Jones was a scholar-in-residence at the Newberry Library and has been an associate in the history department at Northwestern University. Among her books are Splendid Encounters and Code of Peace.
A Language of Its Own
Sense and Meaning in the Making of Western Art Music

RUTH KATZ

The Western musical tradition has produced not only music but also countless writings about music that remain in continuous—and enormously influential—dialogue with their subject. With sweeping scope and philosophical depth, A Language of Its Own traces the past millennium of this ongoing exchange. Ruth Katz argues that the indispensable relationship between intellectual production and musical creation gave rise to the Western conception of music. As ideas entered music from the contexts out of which it arose, its internal language developed in tandem with shifts in intellectual and social history. Katz explores how this infrastructure allowed music to explain itself from within, creating a self-referential and rational foundation that has begun to erode in recent years. A magisterial exploration of this frequently overlooked intersection of Western art and philosophy, A Language of Its Own restores music to its rightful place in the history of ideas.

Ruth Katz is the Emanuel Alexandre Professor Emerita of Musicology at Hebrew University in Jerusalem.

Fermi Remembered
Edited by JAMES W. CRONIN

Nobel laureate and scientific luminary Enrico Fermi (1901–54) was a pioneering nuclear physicist whose contributions to the field were numerous, profound, and lasting. Best known for his involvement with the Manhattan Project and his work at Los Alamos that led to the first self-sustained nuclear reaction and, ultimately, to the production of electric power and plutonium for atomic weapons, Fermi and his work continue to color the character of the sciences at the University of Chicago. During his tenure as professor of physics at the Institute for Nuclear Studies, Fermi attracted an extraordinary scientific faculty and many talented students—ten Nobel Prizes were awarded to faculty or students under his tutelage.

Fermi Remembered combines essays and newly commissioned reminiscences with private material from Fermi’s research notebooks, correspondence, speech outlines, and teaching to document the profound and enduring significance of Fermi’s life and labors. The volume features extensive archival material—including correspondence between Fermi and physicist Leó Szilárd and a letter from Harry Truman—with new introductions that provide context for both the history of physics and the academic tradition at the University of Chicago.

“A lively collection of reminiscences about the greatest Italian scientist of the twentieth century.”—New Scientist

“As a researcher and a teacher, Fermi inspired two generations and two continents—a man whose charismatic nature attracted many talented scientists and students to Chicago. What emerges from this book is the gratitude of so many extraordinary physicists to their master, who instilled in them a passion that has lasted a lifetime: the passion for physics.”

—Physics World

James W. Cronin is University Professor Emeritus in the Department of Astronomy and Astrophysics at the University of Chicago.
"German Idealism and the Jew is a work long overdue, of great importance to scholarly understandings of Nazi Germany and anti-Semitism and the larger problem of the functioning of the scapegoat mechanism in chaotic societies.”
—Philosophy in Review

NOVEMBER 237 p. 6 x 9
Paper $25.00s/£17.50
PHILOSOPHY RELIGION

In *German Idealism and the Jew*, Michael Mack uncovers the deep roots of anti-Semitism in the German philosophical tradition, contending that the redefinition of the Jews as an irrational, oriental Other forms the very cornerstone of German idealism. He shows how fundamental thinkers such as Kant and Hegel created a construction of Jews as symbolic of the worldliness that hindered the development of a body politic, and how thinkers such as Moses Mendelssohn, Heinrich Heine, Franz Rosenzweig, and Sigmund Freud grappled with being both German and Jewish—pinpointing the particular Jewish notion of enlightenment that came out of it. The first analytical account of the connection between anti-Semitism and philosophy, *German Idealism and the Jew* speaks the unspoken in German philosophy, profoundly reshaping our understanding of it.

Michael Mack is a Minerva Amos de Shalit fellow at the Franz Rosenzweig Research Center for German Jewish Literature and Cultural History at Hebrew University of Jerusalem. He is the author of many books, most recently *Spinoza and the Specters of Modernity* and *How Literature Changes the Way We Think*.

**German Idealism and the Jew**
The Inner Anti-Semitism of Philosophy and German Jewish Responses

MICHAE L MACK

What Is the Good Life?

LUC FERRY

Translated by Lydia G. Cochrane

Has inquiry into the meaning of life become outmoded in a universe where the otherworldliness of religion no longer speaks to us as it once did, or, as Nietzsche proposed, where we are now the creators of our own value? Has the ancient question of the “good life” disappeared, another victim of the technological world? For Luc Ferry, the answer to both questions is a resounding no. Pointing out the pressures in our secularized world that tend to reduce the idea of a “good life” to one of wealth or prestige, he shows how we can give ourselves a richer sense of possibilities. *What Is the Good Life?* reignites one of our most enduring philosophical questions.

“A stunningly written, bravely conceived, and profoundly important book that quite simply needs to be read.”
—Journal of Religion

Luc Ferry has taught at the Sorbonne and at the University of Caen and is the former Minister of Youth, National Education, and Research in the French government. He is the author or coauthor of many books published by the University of Chicago Press. Lydia G. Cochrane has translated several books from French and Italian for the University of Chicago Press.
Conquered in 1492 and colonized by invading Castilians, the city and kingdom of Granada faced radical changes imposed by its occupiers throughout the first half of the sixteenth century—including the forced conversion of its native Muslim population. Written by Francisco Núñez Muley, one of Granada’s New Christians, this extraordinary letter lodges a clear-sighted, impassioned protest against the unreasonable and strongly assimilationist laws that required all Granadans to dress, speak, eat, marry, celebrate festivals, and bury their dead exactly as the Castilian settler population did.

Rendered into faithful English prose by Vincent Barletta, Núñez Muley’s account is an invaluable example of how Granada’s former Muslims made active use of the written word to challenge and openly resist the progressively intolerant policies of the Spanish Crown. Timely and resonant—given current debates concerning Islam, minorities, and cultural and linguistic assimilation—this edition provides scholars in a range of fields with a vivid and early example of resistance in the face of oppression.

Vincent Barletta is associate professor of Iberian and Latin American Cultures at Stanford University. He is the author of Covert Gestures: Crypto-Islamic Literature as Cultural Practice in Early Modern Spain and Death in Babylon: Alexander the Great and Iberian Empire in the Muslim Orient.

Michael Polanyi and His Generation
Origins of the Social Construction of Science
MARY JO NYE

In Michael Polanyi and His Generation, Mary Jo Nye investigates the role that Michael Polanyi and several of his contemporaries played in the emergence of the social turn in the philosophy of science. This turn involved seeing science as a socially based enterprise that does not rely on empiricism and reason alone but on social communities, behavioral norms, and personal commitments. Nye argues that the roots of the social turn are to be found in the scientific culture and political events of Europe in the 1930s, when scientific intellectuals struggled to defend the universal status of scientific knowledge and to justify public support for science in an era of economic catastrophe, Stalinism and Fascism, and increased demands for applications of science to industry and social welfare.

At the center of this struggle was Polanyi, who Nye contends was one of the first advocates of this new conception of science. Nye reconstructs Polanyi’s scientific and political milieu in Budapest, Berlin, and Manchester from the 1910s to the 1950s and explains how he and other natural scientists and social scientists of his generation and the next forged a politically charged philosophy of science, one that newly emphasized the social construction of science.

“Mary Jo Nye’s rich, impressive book recasts the science wars’ barbs of the recent past by illuminating the searing politics, intellectual passions, and spirited debates that drove Polanyi and his generation to think about science in social terms.”—David Kaiser, Science

Mary Jo Nye is the Thomas Hart and Mary Jones Horning Professor of the Humanities Emerita and professor of history emerita at Oregon State University.
Mapping the Nation
History and Cartography in Nineteenth-Century America

SUSAN SCHULTEN

In the nineteenth century, Americans began to use maps in extraordinary new ways. Medical men mapped diseases to understand epidemics, natural scientists mapped climate to uncover weather patterns, and Northerners created slave maps to assess the power of the South. And after the Civil War, federal agencies embraced statistical and thematic mapping in order to profile the ethnic, racial, economic, moral, and physical attributes of a reunified nation.

In Mapping the Nation, Susan Schulten charts how thematic maps demonstrated the analytical potential of cartography. This radical shift in spatial thought and representation opened the door to the idea that maps were not just illustrations of data, but visual tools that are uniquely equipped to convey complex ideas, changing forever the very meaning of a map.

“Powerful…Satisfying…Though both the book and the website can stand alone, together they productively bring the careful, intimate, controlled narrative of the book form alongside the full-color, hyperlinked social nature of web-based projects to convincingly argue that America without maps would have been a different kind of place altogether.”—Public Books

Susan Schulten is professor of history at the University of Denver. In 2010 she was named a fellow of the John Simon Guggenheim Foundation.

Reading History Sideways
The Fallacy and Enduring Impact of the Developmental Paradigm on Family Life

ARLAND THORNTON

European and American scholars from the eighteenth through the mid-twentieth centuries thought that all societies passed through the same developmental stages, from primitive to advanced. Implicit in this developmental paradigm—one that has affected generations of thought—was the assumption that one could “read history sideways.” That is, one could see what the earlier stages of a modern Western society looked like by examining contemporaneous so-called primitive societies in other parts of the world.

In Reading History Sideways, Arland Thornton demonstrates how this approach, though long since discredited, has permeated Western ideas about the family. Further, its domination of social science for centuries caused the misinterpretation of Western trends in family, marriage, fertility, and parent-child relations. Revisiting the “developmental fallacy,” Thornton traces its central role in changes in the Western world, from marriage to gender roles to adolescent sexuality. Through public policies, aid programs, and colonialism, it continues to reshape families in non-Western societies as well.

“An exceptional work. Arland Thornton’s intellectual breadth is remarkable, as is the creativity of his argument and the evidence he marshals for it. His ideas are strikingly original and extremely important, and his argument is careful and thoughtful.”—Linda Waite, University of Chicago

“An intellectual feast.”—Calvin Goldscheider, Brown University

Arland Thornton is professor of sociology and a research professor at the Institute for Social Research at the University of Michigan. He is the author or coauthor of several books, including Marriage and Cohabitation and Social Change and the Family in Taiwan, both also published by the University of Chicago Press.
Prosecutors are powerful figures in any criminal justice system. They decide what crimes to prosecute, whom to pursue, what charges to file, whether to plea bargain, how aggressively to seek a conviction, and what sentence to demand. In the United States, citizens can challenge decisions by police, judges, and corrections officials, but courts keep their hands off the prosecutor. Curiously, in the United States and elsewhere, very little research is available that examines this powerful public role. And there is almost no work that critically compares how prosecutors function in different legal systems, from state to state or across countries.

The city of Florence has long been admired as the home of the brilliant artistic and literary achievement of the early Renaissance. But most histories of Florence go no further than the first decades of the sixteenth century. They thus give the impression that Florentine culture died suddenly along with the generation of Leonardo, Machiavelli, and Andrea del Sarto.

Eric Cochrane shows that the Florentines maintained their creativity long after they had lost their position as the cultural leaders of Europe. When their political philosophy and historiography ran dry, they turned to the practical problems of civil administration. When their artists finally yielded to outside influence, they turned to music and the natural sciences. Even during the darkest days of the great economic depression of the late seventeenth and early eighteenth centuries, they succeeded in preserving—almost alone in Europe—the blessings of external peace and domestic tranquility.

Eric Cochrane (1928–85) was professor of history at the University of Chicago. Among his many publications are *Tradition and Enlightenment in the Tuscan Academies* and *Historians and Historiography in the Italian Renaissance*, both also published by the University of Chicago Press.

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**Prosecutors and Politics: A Comparative Perspective**

Edited by Michael Tonry

Prosecutors are powerful figures in any criminal justice system. They decide what crimes to prosecute, whom to pursue, what charges to file, whether to plea bargain, how aggressively to seek a conviction, and what sentence to demand. In the United States, citizens can challenge decisions by police, judges, and corrections officials, but courts keep their hands off the prosecutor. Curiously, in the United States and elsewhere, very little research is available that examines this powerful public role. And there is almost no work that critically compares how prosecutors function in different legal systems, from state to state or across countries. *Prosecutors and Politics* begins to fill that void.

Police, courts, and prisons are much the same in all developed countries, but prosecutors differ radically. The consequences of these differences are enormous: the United States suffers from low levels of public confidence in the criminal justice system and high levels of incarceration; in much of Western Europe, people report high confidence and support moderate crime control policies; in much of Eastern Europe, people’s perceptions of the law are marked by cynicism and despair. *Prosecutors and Politics* unpacks these national differences and provides insight into this key area of social control.

Since 1979 the *Crime and Justice* series has presented a review of the latest international research, providing expertise to enhance the work of sociologists, psychologists, criminal lawyers, justice scholars, and political scientists. The series explores a full range of issues concerning crime, its causes, and its cure.

Michael Tonry is director of the Institute on Crime and Public Policy and the McKnight Presidential Professor in Law and Criminal Policy at the University of Minnesota. He is also a senior fellow at the Netherlands Institute for the Study of Crime and Law Enforcement.
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Matisse, Picasso, Hockney—they may not have been from the same period, but they all painted still lifes of food. And they are not alone. Andy Warhol painted soup cans, Claes Oldenburg sculpted an ice cream cone for the top of a building in Cologne, Jack Kerouac’s Sal ate apple pie across the country, and Truman Capote served chicken hash at the Black and White Ball. Food has always played a role in art, but how well and what did the artists themselves eat? Exploring a panoply of artworks of food, cooking, and eating from Europe and the Americas, *The Modern Art Cookbook* opens a window into the lives of artists, writers, and poets in the kitchen and the studio throughout the twentieth century and beyond.

From the early moderns to the impressionists; from symbolists to cubists and surrealists; from the Beats to the abstractionists of the New York School, Mary Ann Caws surveys how artists and writers have eaten, cooked, and depicted food. She examines the parallels between the art of cuisine and the visual arts and literature, using artworks, diaries, novels, letters, and poems to illuminate the significance of particular ingredients and dishes in the lives of the world’s greatest artists. In between, she supplies numerous recipes from these artists—including Ezra Pound’s poetic eggs, Cézanne’s baked tomatoes, and Monet’s madeleines—alongside one hundred color illustrations and thought-provoking selections from both poetry and prose. A joyous and illuminating guide to the art of food, *The Modern Art Cookbook* is a feast for the mind as well as the palate.

*Mary Ann Caws* is Distinguished Professor of English, French, and comparative literature at the Graduate Center, CUNY. Her books include *Pablo Picasso* and *Salvador Dali*, also published by Reaktion Books.
In Fifty Shades of Grey, troubled romantic hero Christian Grey brings lovely ingénue Anastasia Steele into his playroom filled with handcuffs, paddles, whips, and other toys. She is stunned to learn he is a practitioner of BDSM—a secret he protects with nondisclosure agreements. Even by our society’s standards, his tastes make him a sexual deviant of sorts.

The popularity of Christian Grey is only a small part of why the narrow view of what is thought of as “normal” sex—a vanilla act performed by one man and one woman—is now contested. But as Julie Peakman reveals, normal never really existed; for everyone, different kinds of sex have always offered myriad pleasures, and almost all sexual behaviors have oscillated between acceptance and proscription. The Pleasure’s All Mine examines two millennia of letters, diaries, court records, erotic books, medical texts, and more to explore the gamut of “deviant” sexual activity.

Delving into the specialized cultures of pain, necrophilia, and bestiality and the social world of plushies, furries, and life-size sex dolls, Peakman considers the changing attitudes toward these, as well as masturbation, “golden showers,” sadomasochism, homosexuals, transvestites, and transsexuals. She follows the history of each behavior through its original reception to its interpretation by sexologists and how it is viewed today, showing how previously acceptable behaviors now provoke social outrage, or vice versa. In addition, she questions why people have been and often remain intolerant of other people’s sexual preferences.

The first comprehensive history of sexual perversion, packed with both black and white and color images, The Pleasure’s All Mine is a fascinating and sometimes shocking look at the evolution of our views on sex.

**Julie Peakman** is a historian and broadcaster renowned for her work on the history of sexuality. She is the author of several books and the editor, most recently, of *A Cultural History of Sexuality*. 
Fire-breathing dragons, beautiful mermaids, majestic unicorns, terrifying three-headed dogs—these fantastic creatures have long excited our imagination. Medieval authors included them in the borders of manuscripts as markers of the boundaries of our understanding. Tales from around the world place these beasts in deserts, deep woods, remote islands, ocean depths, and alternate universes—just out of our reach. And in the Bible sections on the apocalypse, they proliferate as the end of time approaches; horses with heads like lions, dragons, and serpents all signaling the destruction of the world.

Legends tell us that imaginary animals belong to a primordial time, before everything in the world had names, categories, and conceptual frameworks. In this book, Boria Sax digs into the stories of these fabulous beasts. He shows how, despite their liminal role, imaginary animals like griffins, dog-men, yetis, and more are socially constructed creatures, created through the same complex play of sensuality and imagination as real ones. Tracing the history of imaginary animals from Paleolithic art to their roles in stories such as *Harry Potter* and even the advent of robotic pets, he reveals that these extraordinary figures help us psychologically—as monsters, they give form to our amorphous fears, while as creatures of wonder, they embody our hopes. Their greatest service, Sax concludes, is to continually challenge our imaginations, directing us beyond the limitations of conventional beliefs and expectations.

Featuring over 230 illustrations of a veritable menagerie of fantastical and unreal beasts, *Imaginary Animals* is a feast for the eyes and the imagination.

**Boria Sax** teaches in the college program of Sing Sing Prison in upstate New York and online for the University of Illinois Springfield. He is the author of many books, including *The Mythical Zoo: An Encyclopedia of Animals in World Myth, Legend, and Literature* and *Crow*, the latter also published by Reaktion Books.
From Ovid’s Lycaon to Professor Lupin, from Teen Wolf to An American Werewolf in Paris, the lycanthrope, or werewolf, comes to us frequently on the page and the silver screen. These interpretations often display lycanthropy as a curse, with the afflicted person becoming an uncontrollable, feral beast during every full moon. But this is just one version of the werewolf—its origins can be traced back thousands of years to early prehistory, and everything from Iron Age bog bodies and Roman gods to people such as Joan of Arc, Adolf Hitler, and Sigmund Freud feature in its story. Exploring the role of this odd assortment of ideas and people in the myth, The White Devil tracks the development of the werewolf from its birth to the present day, seeking to understand why the wolf curse continues to hold a firm grip on the modern imagination.

Combining early death and burial rites, mythology, folklore, archaeological evidence, and local superstitions, Matthew Beresford explains that the werewolf has long been present in the beliefs and mythology of the many cultures of Europe. He examines prehistoric wolf cults, the use of the wolf as a symbol of ancient Rome, medieval werewolf executions, and the eradication of wolves by authorities in England during the Anglo-Saxon period. He also surveys werewolf trials, medical explanations, and alleged sightings, as well as the instances in which lycanthropes appear in literature and film. With sixty illustrations of these often terrifying—but sometimes noble—beasts, The White Devil offers a new understanding of the survival of the werewolf in European culture.

Matthew Beresford is a consultant archaeologist specializing in community archaeology, education, and research. His publications include From Demons to Dracula: The Creation of the Modern Vampire Myth, also published by Reaktion Books.
Citizen Warhol

From his life to his work, Andy Warhol is an enigma. The leading figure of the pop art movement, Warhol created paintings, films, performance art, and his famous studio, the Factory, in New York City. Fans, aficionados, enthusiasts, experts, and critics alike have tried to make sense of Warhol, creating a wealth of knowledge and speculation. Blake Stimson builds on that knowledge in this gorgeously illustrated book, which brings new attention to the philosophical and creative influences behind Warhol’s life and work.

Citizen Warhol leads us through the artist’s youth, from his religiously infused childhood and adolescence in Pittsburgh to his university training at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, where he was profoundly affected by Carnegie’s industrial-age theory of art. Stimson recounts Warhol’s brief but formative dalliance with the guilt-riddled sensibility and decadent lifestyle of Aubrey Beardsley, an English illustrator whose drawings emphasize the grotesque and the erotic. In addition, Stimson describes how the Byzantine-influenced religious rituals of Warhol’s childhood affected his relationships with the figures who starred in his films and staffed the Factory, as well as relating the lessons he learned from his triumphs as a commercial artist working in a world still beholden to the Red Decade ideals of the 1930s. More than any other artist, Stimson shows, Warhol represents the unresolved contradiction between the ideal of the citizen and that of the consumer, an incongruity people continue to struggle with today.

From Lonesome Cowboy to Campbell’s Soup I, this book provides readers with deeper insight into the meaning and legacy of Warhol’s life and art.

Blake Stimson is professor of art history at the University of Illinois at Chicago and the author of The Pivot of the World: Photography and Its Nation.
Today, China is a global power, home to the world’s fastest-growing economy and largest standing army—which makes it hard to believe that only 150 years ago, China was enduring defeats by Western imperial powers and neighboring Japan. For a time, the Middle Kingdom seemed like it was on the verge of being overtaken by foreign interests—but the country has quickly and ambitiously become a player on the world stage once again.

In this absorbing account of how China refashioned itself, Paul U. Unschuld traces the course of the country’s development in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. Faced with evidence of the superiority of Western science and technology, Unschuld shows, China delivered an unsparing self-diagnosis, identifying those aspects of Western civilization it had to adopt in order to remove the cultural impediments to its own renaissance. He reveals that China did not just express its many aversions to the West as collective hatred for its aggressors; rather, the country chose the path of reason and fundamental renewal, prescribing for itself a therapy that followed the same principles as Chinese medicine: the cause of an illness lies first and foremost within oneself. In curing its wounds by first admitting its own deficiencies and mistakes, China has been able to develop itself as a modern country and a leading competitor in science, technology, and education.

Presenting an entirely new analysis of China’s past, this crisp, concise book offers valuable insights into the possibilities of what China may achieve in the future.

Paul U. Unschuld is professor at and director of the Horst-Goertz Endowment Institute for the Theory, History, and Ethics of Chinese Life Sciences at Charité-Medical University Berlin. He is the author of Medicine in China: A History of Ideas.
Crossings

Africa, the Americas and the Atlantic Slave Trade

We all know the story of the slave trade—the infamous Middle Passage, the horrifying conditions on slave ships, the millions that died during the journey, and the auctions that awaited the survivors. But much of the writing on the subject has focused on the European traders and the arrival of slaves in North America. In Crossings, eminent historian James Walvin covers these established territories while also traveling back to the story’s origins in Africa and south to Brazil, an often forgotten part of the triangular trade, in an effort to explore the broad sweep of slavery across the Atlantic.

Reconstructing the transatlantic slave trade from an extensive archive of new research, Walvin seeks to understand and describe how the trade began in Africa, the terrible ordeals experienced there by people sold into slavery, and the scars that remain on the continent today. Journeying across the ocean, he shows how Brazilian slavery was central to the development of the slave trade itself, as that country tested techniques and methods for trading and slavery that were successfully exported to the Caribbean and the rest of the Americas in the following centuries. Walvin also reveals the answers to vital questions that have never before been addressed, such as how a system that the Western world came to despise endured so long and how the British—who were instrumental in developing and perfecting the slave trade—became the most prominent proponents of its eradication.

The most authoritative history of the entire slave trade to date, Crossings offers a new understanding of one of the most important, and tragic, episodes in world history.

James Walvin is a fellow of the Royal Society of Literature, professor emeritus at the University of York, and a visiting fellow at Yale University. He is the author of many books, most recently The Slave Trade.
In *Trick or Treat*, Halloween aficionado Lisa Morton provides a thorough history of this spooky day, revealing how it has spread across the globe and become a commercial juggernaut. She begins by looking at how holidays like the Celtic Samhain, a Gaelic harvest festival, have blended with the British Guy Fawkes Day and the Catholic All Souls’ Day to produce the modern Halloween, and she explains how the holiday was reborn in America, where costumes and trick-or-treat rituals have become new customs. Morton takes into account the influence of related but independent holidays, especially the Mexican Day of the Dead, as well as the explosion in popularity of haunted attractions and the impact of such events as 9/11 and the economic recession. *Trick or Treat* also examines the effect Halloween has had on popular culture through the literary works of Washington Irving and Ray Bradbury, films like *Halloween* and *The Nightmare Before Christmas*, and television shows such as *Buffy the Vampire Slayer* and *The Simpsons*. Considering the holiday in the context of its worldwide popularity for the first time, this book will be a treat for any Halloween lover.

“If you want to know anything at all about the subject, you ought to find it in *Trick or Treat*. . . . Lisa Morton’s interesting account of Hallowe’en is at its best when it comes up to date and there are many entertaining illustrations.”—Susan Hill, *Times* (UK)

“Full of historical nuggets and strange folklore, Lisa Morton’s *Trick or Treat* is the perfect bible for all devoted disciples of the holiday.” —Michael Dougherty, writer and director, *Trick r Treat*

**Lisa Morton** is an award-winning author and one of the world’s leading authorities on Halloween. Her work includes *The Halloween Encyclopedia* and *A Hallowe’en Anthology: Literary and Historical Writings Over the Centuries*. 
The essential elements of a dry Japanese garden are few: rocks, gravel, moss. Simultaneously a sensual matrix, a symbolic form, and a memory theater, these gardens exhibit beautiful miniaturization and precise craftsmanship. But their apparent minimalism belies a true complexity. In *Zen Landscapes*, Allen S. Weiss takes readers on an exciting journey through these exquisite sites, explaining how Japanese gardens must be approached according to the play of scale, surroundings, and seasons, as well as in relation to other arts—revealing them as living landscapes rather than abstract designs.

Weiss shows that these gardens are inspired by the Zen aesthetics of the tea ceremony, manifested in poetry, painting, calligraphy, architecture, cuisine, and ceramics. Japanese art favors suggestion and allusion, valuing the threshold between the distinct and the inchoate, between figuration and abstraction, and he argues that ceramics play a crucial role here, relating as much to the site-specificity of landscape as to the ritualized codes of the tea ceremony and the everyday gestures of the culinary table.

With more than one hundred stunning color photographs, *Zen Landscapes* is the first in-depth Western study to examine the correspondences between gardens and ceramics. A fascinating look at landscape art and its relation to the customs and craftsmanship of the Japanese arts, it will appeal to readers interested in landscape design and Japan’s art and culture.
During Frida Kahlo’s life, she was mostly known for being the wife of fellow Mexican artist Diego Rivera. It was only after her untimely death in 1954 that she became an icon, a legend of modern art, venerated for her uncompromising self-portraits. But while Kahlo has become a posthumous celebrity, much of her life—and especially her death—remains shrouded in mystery. In this concise biography of the painter, Gannit Ankori cuts through “Fridamania” to scrutinize the myths and contradictions that riddle her story and assess her impact on contemporary art and culture.

In addition to interviewing Kahlo’s surviving friends and relatives, Ankori analyzes her work, diary, letters, photographs, and medical records to reconstruct her life. She probes Kahlo’s relationships, as well as her status as a communist, Mexican patriot, and person of mixed heritage. Examining the near-fatal car accident Kahlo survived at age eighteen, Ankori explores how her health problems isolated her from people and influenced her work. She also delves into Kahlo’s connection with various religious traditions and the way she constructed multiple identities and gender roles.

Ultimately, Ankori reveals, Kahlo was both of her time and ahead of it, and the themes she engaged in her paintings—gender, cross-dressing, identity politics, the body, and religion—became significant issues decades after her death. Casting new light on the reasons for her posthumous status, Frida Kahlo is an original and succinct account of her life, work, and legacy.

Gannit Ankori is professor of art history and theory at Brandeis University in Massachusetts and the author of Palestinian Art, also published by Reaktion Books.

With their complex textures, rich harmonies, and elaborate use of leitmotifs, the operas of German composer Richard Wagner (1813–83) remain some of the most influential—and contentious—in the history of the genre. But while he won renown with what he achieved on the stage, his life was marked by political exile, turbulent love affairs, and poverty. And because Wagner and his music are exceedingly intertwined with the great upheavals of his time, it is difficult to produce an impartial assessment of his output. Appearing at the bicentennial of his birth, Richard Wagner provides a clear and balanced view of both Wagner’s great successes and the controversies generated by his life and art.

Using Wagner’s wide-ranging engagement with mythology as a starting point, Raymond Furness explores the composer’s music and prose writings. He delves deeply into Wagner’s essential operas, such as The Ring and Tristan and Isolde, offering fascinating insight into these works. Because the great operatic pieces often overshadow the rest of Wagner’s compositions, Furness also considers neglected fragments like “Wieland the Smith,” “The Mines at Falun,” and “The Visitors,” producing a more rounded critical picture of the composer. With up-to-date dissections of recent Bayreuth productions and a refreshingly uncluttered approach to a much-misunderstood life, Richard Wagner is an engaging look at one of music’s most beguiling figures.

Raymond Furness is former chair of German at the University of St Andrews, Scotland, and the author or coeditor of many books on German literature and culture.
Flood
Nature and Culture
JOHN WITHINGTON

From the flood that remade the earth in the Old Testament to the 1931 China floods that killed almost four million people, from the broken levees in New Orleans to the almost yearly rising waters of rivers like the Mississippi, floods have many causes: rain, melting ice, storms, tsunamis, failures of dams and levees, acts of vengeful gods. They have been used as deliberate acts of war to cause thousands of casualties. Flooding kills far more people than any other natural disaster. In this cultural and natural history of floods, John Withington tells stories of the deadliest floods the world has seen while also exploring the role of the deluge in religion, mythology, literature, and art.

Withington describes how aspects of floods—the power of nature, human drama, changed landscapes—have fascinated artists, novelists, and filmmakers. He examines the ancient, catastrophic flood that appears in many religions and cultures and considers how the symbol of the flood has become a key icon in world literatures and a component of the contemporary disaster movie. Withington also depicts how humans try to defend themselves against these merciless encroaching waters and discusses the increasing danger floods will pose in a future beset by climate change. Filled with illustrations, Flood offers a fascinating overview of our relationship with one of humanity’s oldest and deadliest foes.

Desert
Nature and Culture
ROSLYNN D. HAYNES

Sand. Cacti. Lizards. Mirages. Deserts call to mind exotic places, a sense of adventure and freedom, but also thirst and desolation. In Desert, Roslynn D. Haynes takes a fresh look at this geographical feature and cultural entity as it becomes an increasingly threatened environment.

Considering the immense geographical diversity of deserts from the Sahara to Antarctica, Haynes explores the intriguing and often bizarre ways plants and animals adapt to such a hostile environment, as well as the diverse peoples that have inhabited deserts and evolved unique lifestyles and cultures in response to their surroundings. She asks why Judaism, Christianity, and Islam all originated in the deserts of the Middle East and traces the connections between the minimalism of desert existence and the pursuit of a spiritual dimension. Finally, she describes the allure deserts have exerted on the West, the significance of desolate landscapes in literature and film, and the revolution in artists’ responses to the desert as an empty space and as an inspiration for new visual techniques with which to view it. Ending with a look at how commercial and military interests threaten desert ecologies, Desert casts new light on our view of these seemingly barren places.

Roslynn D. Haynes is adjunct associate professor in the School of the Arts and Media at the University of New South Wales and a university associate in the School of English, Journalism and European Languages at the University of Tasmania, Australia. Her books include Tasmanian Visions: Landscapes in Writing, Art and Photography and Seeking the Centre: The Australian Desert in Literature, Art and Film.
Mushroom
A Global History
CYNTHIA D. BERTelsen

Known as the meat of the vegetable world, mushrooms have their ardent supporters as well as their fierce detractors. Hobbits go crazy over them, while Diderot thought they should be “sent back to the dung heap where they are born.” In Mushroom, Cynthia D. Bertelsen examines the colorful history of these divisive edible fungi. As she reveals, their story is fraught with murder and accidental death, hunger and gluttony, sickness and health, religion and war. Some cultures equate them with the rottenness of life while others delight in cooking and eating them. And then there are those “magic” mushrooms, which some people link to ancient religious beliefs.

To tell this story, Bertelsen travels to the nineteenth century, when mushrooms entered the realm of haute cuisine after millennia of being picked from the wild for use in everyday cooking and medicine. She describes how this new demand drove entrepreneurs and farmers to seek methods for cultivating mushrooms, including experiments in domesticating the highly sought after but elusive truffles, and she explores the popular pastime of mushroom hunting and includes numerous historic and contemporary recipes. Packed with images of mushrooms from around the globe, this savory book will be essential reading for fans of this surprising, earthy fungus.

Cynthia D. Bertelsen is a culinary historian and food writer.

Pineapple
A Global History
KAORI O’CONNOR

Poet Charles Lamb described the pineapple as “too ravishing for moral taste . . . like lovers’ kisses she bites—she is a pleasure bordering on pain, from fierceness and insanity of her relish.” From the moment Christopher Columbus discovered it on a Caribbean island in 1493, the pineapple has seduced the world, becoming an object of passion and desire. Beloved by George Washington, a favorite of kings and aristocrats, the pineapple quickly achieved an elite status among fruits that it retains to this day. Kaori O’Connor tells the story of this culinary romance in Pineapple, an intriguing history of this luscious fruit.

O’Connor follows the pineapple across time and cultures, exploring how it was first transported to Europe, where it could only be grown at great expense in hothouses. The pineapple was the ultimate status symbol, she reveals—London society hostesses would even pay extravagantly to rent a pineapple for a single evening to be the centerpiece of a party. O’Connor explains that the fruit remained a seasonal luxury for the rich until developments in shipping and refrigeration allowed it to be brought to the major markets in Europe and America, and she illustrates how canning processes—and the discovery of the pineapple’s ideal home in Hawaii—have made it available and affordable throughout the year. Packed with vivid illustrations and irresistible recipes from around the world, Pineapple will have everyone falling in love with this juicy tropical fruit.

Kaori O’Connor is an anthropologist and senior research fellow at University College London. She is the author of Lycra: How a Fiber Shaped America and The English Breakfast: The Biography of a National Meal.
Salmon
A Global History
NICOLAAS MINK

Rich in omega-3 fatty acids, cheap, and widely available, salmon is often listed as an essential part of any diet. A delicious and versatile fish, it can be used to make sashimi, cold smoked for lox, or shaped into a fishcake as an alternative to hamburgers. But while salmon is enjoyed all over the globe, it also swims at the center of controversy, with commercial fishing, global warming, and loss of freshwater habitats all threatening salmon populations and the ecological and health impacts of intense salmon farming under fire.

In this beautifully illustrated book, Nicolaas Mink takes readers on a culinary journey from the coast of Alaska to the rivers of Scotland, tracing salmon’s history from the earliest known records to the present. He tells the story of how the salmon was transformed from an abundant fish found seasonally along coastal regions to a mass-produced canned food and a highly prized culinary delight. Exploring the nutritional benefits of this fish, he examines recent studies that show how these benefits diminish in farm-raised salmon. With many delicious recipes, Salmon is the perfect gift for every fish lover.

Nicolaas Mink is the Urban Sustainable Foods Fellow at the Center for Urban Ecology at Butler University in Indianapolis.

Game
A Global History
PAULA YOUNG LEE

Antelope and porcupines in Africa. Feral cats and wild goats in Australia. Deer, pheasants, and rabbits in the United States and Europe. These are just a few of the world’s game animals, or creatures hunted for food. Game has been central to the development of humanity and forms a core part of cultures—and meat industries—from the Amazon to the Arctic. But despite the ubiquity of its consumption, it has never been the subject of a culinary overview. Paula Young Lee rectifies this oversight in Game, describing the fascinating history of a food so diverse it ranges from luxury good to staple of the poor.

Describing how animals from quail and oryx to dormice were once avidly pursued that they became semi-domesticated, Lee traces the rise and fall in the prevalence of hunting particular animals, as well as illustrating how dishes like bear paws, reindeer pâté, and lark pie have seen their popularity come and go. She provides insight into the politically charged arena of hunting laws and discusses the customs and difficulties in hunting game for food, while offering up fun facts—such as how venison was once so coveted that cookbooks gave instructions for disguising beef as a counterfeit. Featuring unusual recipes for many little-eaten animals and cuts of meat, Game will be gobbled up by readers alongside a steaming bowl of rabbit stew.

Paula Young Lee is a faculty fellow at the Center for Animals and Public Policy at the Cummings School of Veterinary Medicine at Tufts University in Massachusetts. She is the author of Meat, Modernity, and the Rise of the Slaughterhouse and How to be a Homeless Frenchman.
Nick Drake
Dreaming England
NATHAN WISEMAN-TROWSE

Since his death in 1974 at the age of twenty-six, singer-songwriter Nick Drake has gained a huge international audience and come to be thought of as the epitome of English romanticism. But while his small body of work has evoked poetic comparisons with Blake and Keats, closer inspection of Drake’s music reveals many global and cosmopolitan influences that confound his status as an archetypal English troubadour. In this book, Nathan Wiseman-Trowse unravels the myths surrounding Drake and his work and explores how ideas of Englishness have come to be intimately associated with the cult musician.

Probing deeply into Drake’s music for clues, Wiseman-Trowse finds hints of the English landscape that Drake would have wandered through during his lifetime, but he also uncovers traces of blues, jazz, and eastern mysticism that hint at a broader conception of English national identity in the late 1960s, one far removed from parochial nostalgia. Wiseman-Trowse then looks at how Drake’s music has been framed since his death, showing how Drake has been situated as a particular kind of English artist that integrates American counterculture, the English class system, and a nostalgic reimagining of the hippie era. An appealing story of folk music and English national identity, this book is essential reading for any fan of Nick Drake.

Nathan Wiseman-Trowse is a senior lecturer in popular culture at the University of Northampton, UK. He is the author of Performing Class in British Popular Music.

Remixology
Tracing the Dub Diaspora
PAUL SULLIVAN

Dub is the avant-garde version of reggae, created by manipulating and reshaping recordings using studio strategies and techniques. While dub was one of the first forms of popular music to turn the idea of song inside out, it is far from being fully explored. Tracing the evolution of dub, Remixology travels from Kingston, Jamaica, across the globe, following dub’s influence on the development of the MC, the birth of sound system culture, and the postwar Jamaican diaspora.

Starting in 1970s Kingston, Paul Sullivan examines the origins of dub as a genre, approach, and attitude. He stops off in London, Berlin, Toronto, Bristol, and New York, exploring those places where dub had the most impact and investigates its effect on postpunk, dub-techno, jungle, and dubstep. Along the way, Sullivan speaks with a host of international musicians, DJs, and luminaries of the dub world, from DJ Spooky, Adrian Sherwood, Channel, and Roy to Shut Up and Dance and Roots Manuva. Wide-ranging and lucid, Remixology sheds new light on the dub-born notions of remix and reinterpretation that set the stage for the music of the twenty-first century.

Paul Sullivan is a writer and photographer whose work has been published in the Guardian, the Telegraph, and National Geographic. He is the author of many books, including Waking Up in Iceland and Sullivan’s Music Trivia.
**Bamboo**

**SUSANNE LUCAS**

We may think of bamboo only as a snack for cuddly panda bears, but we use the plant as food, clothing, paper, fabric, and shelter. Drawing on a vast array of sources, this book builds a complete picture of bamboo in both history and our modern world. Susanne Lucas shows how bamboo has always met the physical and spiritual requirements of humanity while at the same time being exploited by people everywhere.

Lucas describes how bamboo’s special characteristics, such as its ability to grow quickly and thus be an easily renewable resource, offers potential solutions to modern ecological dilemmas. She explores the vital role bamboo plays in the survival of many animals and ecosystems, as well as its use for some of the earliest books ever written, as the framework for houses, and for musical instruments. As modern research and technologies advance, she explains, bamboo use has increased dramatically—it can now be found in the filaments of light bulbs, airplanes, the reinforcements of concrete, and even bicycles. Filled with illustrations, *Bamboo* is an interesting new take on a plant that is both very old and very new.

*Susanne Lucas* is executive director of the World Bamboo Organization and a horticulturist, designer, and landscape gardener.

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**Yew**

**FRED HAGENEDER**

The yew is the oldest and most common tree in the world, but it is a plant of puzzling contradictions: it is a conifer with juicy scarlet berries, but no cones; deer can feast on its poisonous foliage, but it is lethal to farm animals; and it thrives where other plants cannot because of its extraordinarily low rate of photosynthesis. Exploring this paradoxical plant in *Yew*, Fred Hageneder surveys its position in religious and cultural history, its role in the creation of the British Empire, and its place in modern medicine.

Hageneder explains the way the yew is able to renew itself from the inside by producing interior roots and how early humans, fascinated by its regenerative powers, began to associate the tree with concepts of life and death, the afterlife, and eternity. As such, it can be found at the sacred sites of Native Americans, Buddhists, and Shinto shrines in Japan, and it has become a living symbol of the resurrection for the Christian faith. He describes how churchyards saved many yews during the Middle Ages, when the trees were used for the mass production of the longbow, which laid the foundation for the British Empire. Finally, he discusses the latest scientific discoveries about the yew, including its use in cancer treatments. A comprehensive and richly illustrated history, *Yew* will appeal to botanists and other readers interested in the history and symbolism of the natural world.

*Fred Hageneder* is the author of many books on the natural and cultural history of trees, including *Yew—A History.*
Rabbit
VICTORIA DICKENSON

From Benjamin Bunny to Peter Cotton-tail, the Velveteen Rabbit to the Flopsy Bunnies, the Rabbit of Caerbannog to Bugs Bunny and Roger Rabbit, this winsome long-eared animal is a permanent fixture of our childhoods. We know rabbits for their place in our stories, myths, and legends, and also for how they helped us learn to tie our shoes. In this richly illustrated book, Victoria Dickenson explores the natural and cultural history of the most familiar of the lagomorphs.

Tracing the history of the species, Dickenson brings to life the giant extinct rabbits of Minorca and the tiny endangered Volcano rabbits of Mexico while focusing on the European rabbit. She explains how humans became this particular rabbit’s greatest predator, coveting its fur and flesh, and how they distributed rabbits to such far-flung places as New Zealand and Australia to provide food and sport for settlers. Dickenson also examines the paradox of the rabbit as prey and trickster who outwits all rivals, as cuddly companion for children and symbol of unbridled animal passion. She looks at the use of the rabbit’s foot to ward off evil, celebrates the Year of the Rabbit, and discovers the Jade Rabbit who lives on the moon. Hopping from B’rer Rabbit to the Energizer Bunny, Rabbit is the perfect gift for anyone who loves these intelligent, adorable creatures.

Victoria Dickenson is director of the McMichael Canadian Art Collection in Toronto and a friend of rabbits, who have been her affectionate companions for over thirty years.

Albatross
GRAHAM BARWELL

“At length did cross an Albatross, / Through the fog it came; / As if it had been a Christian soul, / We hailed it in God’s name.” The introduction of the albatross in Samuel Taylor Coleridge’s “The Rime of the Ancient Mariner” remains one of the most well-known references to this majestic seabird in Western culture. In Albatross, Graham Barwell goes beyond Coleridge to examine the role the bird plays in the lives of a wide variety of peoples and societies, from the early north Atlantic mariners to modern writers, artists, and filmmakers.

Exploring how the bird has been celebrated in proverbs, folk stories, art, and ceremonies, Barwell shows how people marvel at the way the albatross soars through the air, covering awe-inspiring distances with little effort thanks to its impressive wingspan. He surveys the many approaches people have taken to thinking about the albatross over the past two hundred years—from those who devoted their lives to these birds to those who hunted them for food and sport—and discusses its place in the human imagination. Concluding with a reflection on the albatross’s changing significance in the modern world, Barwell considers threats to its continued existence and its prospects for the future. With one hundred illustrations from nature, film, and popular culture, Albatross is an absorbing look at these beautiful birds.

Graham Barwell teaches English, media, and cultural studies at the University of Wollongong in New South Wales, Australia.
Octopus

RICHARD SCHWEID

Our relationship to the octopus dates back to prehistory, when the eight-armed animal was depicted on vases and found in stone carvings from ancient Greece. Now we appreciate them for their abilities as escape artists, with sophisticated camouflage systems and ink jets—as well as their roles in tasty dishes from many cuisines. Octopuses are also among the most intelligent invertebrates in the world, with mental capacity comparable to that of a dog. In this heavily illustrated book, Richard Schweid details this animal’s remarkable natural history and its multifaceted relationship with humans.

Schweid describes the octopus’s intelligence, defense mechanisms, and short lifespan. He shows how some people have considered octopuses as nothing more than a meal and examines their role in the modern global seafood industry. Other cultures, he reveals, see them as erotic totems or symbols of the darkest evils, and he discusses the difficulties people face when trying to keep them as pets— they are able to use their problem-solving skills, mobility, and boneless bodies to escape seemingly secure tanks. A fascinating glimpse into the extraordinary world of these popular creatures, Octopus will immerse readers in its amazing undersea world.

Richard Schweid is an author and journalist living in Barcelona. He has published eight books, including Eel in the Animal series for Reaktion Books.

Memory

Encounters with the Strange and the Familiar

JOHN SCANLAN

When we think of getting older, we know we will slowly lose more and more of our memory—and with it, our sense of where we belong and how we connect to others. We might relax a little if we considered the improvements in computer data storage, which may lead us into a future when the limits of our memory become less constricting. In this book, John Scanlan explores the nature of memory and how we have come to live both with and within it, as well as what might come from memory becoming a process as simple as retrieving and reading data.

Probing the ways philosophers look at memory, Scanlan reveals that some argue that being human means having the ability to remember, to see oneself as a being in time, with a past and future. At the same time, he shows, our memories can undo our present sense of time and place by presenting us with our past lives. And in a digital age, we are immersed in a vast archive of data that not only colors our everyday experiences, but also supplies us with information on anything we might otherwise have forgotten—breaking down the distinction between the memories of the individual and the collective. Drawing on history, philosophy, and technology, Memory offers an engaging investigation of how we comprehend recollection and how memory, as a phenomenon, continually remakes everyday life.

John Scanlan is a senior lecturer in the Department of Sociology at Manchester Metropolitan University, UK. He is the author of On Garbage and Van Halen: Exuberant California, Zen Rock’n’Roll, both published by Reaktion Books.
Designing Modern Japan
SARAH TEASLEY

Hello Kitty, Toyota, Issey Miyake—evidence of Japanese design surrounds us, but we know little about the design industries, education, or consumer industries in Japan itself. Placing key developments in fashion, textiles, graphics, vehicles, and crafts into their broader historical context, Sarah Teasley demonstrates how modern Japanese design is at once a local phenomenon, forged from conditions and historical moments in Japan and East Asia, and a global one, illuminating trends and issues worldwide.

Starting in the nineteenth century and continuing to the present day, Designing Modern Japan explores how geopolitics, the global export market, and the adoption of new technologies led the Japanese government to identify design as a central economic and diplomatic strategy. Teasley reflects on the impact of colonial expansion and rising militarism on design practice and material culture in the decades before 1945 and charts designers’ contributions to postwar Japan’s economic growth. She also addresses design’s potential to assuage current challenges in Japan, such as an aging population, economic stagnation, and environmental crisis. Mining a rich array of texts and images never before available in English, Designing Modern Japan offers unparalleled insight into the factors shaping design’s development and how designers helped form the country as we know it today.

Sarah Teasley is a tutor in history of design and critical and historical studies at the Royal College of Art, London. She is the author of Twentieth Century Design History: A Critical Introduction.

Bathroom
BARBARA PENNER

Most of us take modern bathrooms for granted—they are an essential part of our homes, but we ignore the complex network of pipes, pumps, and treatment plants that make up indoor plumbing’s infrastructure. Telling the story of one of the world’s greatest feats of engineering and mass production, Bathroom follows the room’s evolution and the lifestyle it enables.

Considering how and why the bathroom emerged, Barbara Penner describes how it became an international symbol of key modern values such as cleanliness, order, and progress. She explores how colonialism, the media, fashion, world expositions, and tourism led to the bathroom being exported across the globe and explains the tensions this process has caused. While Penner investigates bidets, high-tech toilets, cast-iron bathtubs, and walk-in showers, she also ponders the low-tech, sustainable alternatives available to us. Filled with illustrations, Bathroom is an amusing and eye-opening cultural history of one of our most used but overlooked rooms.

Barbara Penner is a senior lecturer in architectural history at University College London. She is the author of Newlyweds on Tour: Honeymooning in Nineteenth-Century America and Ladies and Gents: Public Toilets and Gender.
Tombs of the Great Leaders
A Contemporary Guide
GWENDOLYN LEICK

Since the beginning of human history, societies have built tombs and mausoleums to house the remains of people who changed the course of history. These graves exist not only as sites of memory for different cultures, but also serve the political needs of subsequent regimes. Tracing the development of political burial places since the Bronze Age tumuli, Tombs of the Great Leaders explores what attracts pilgrims to these sites, how politics play out in these locations, how they convey meaning and safeguard a person’s immortality, and how history is commemorated through these structures.

Looking in depth at tombs built in the twentieth and twenty-first centuries, Gwendolyn Leick surveys the history of these modern leaders, their deaths, and the creation of the mausoleums. She traverses the globe, investigating the memorial sites of Communist leaders such as Lenin, Mao Zedong, Ho Chi Minh, and Kim Il-Sung; Fascist rulers Franco and Mussolini; and founding fathers of new nations, including Ziaur Rahman in Dhaka, Mohammed Ali Jinnah in Karachi, and Sun Yat-sen in Nanjing. Leick describes the experience of visiting the sites, the responses they elicit, and the context in which they are viewed today. Combining history, architecture, and travel writing, Tombs of the Great Leaders is a revealing study of the self-perpetuation of politicians, despots, and dictators alike.

Gwendolyn Leick is a senior lecturer at Chelsea College of Art and Design, London.

Beastly London
A History of Animals in the City
HANNAH VELTEN

Horse-drawn cabs rattling down muddy roads, cattle herded through the streets to the Smithfield meat market for slaughter, roosters crowing at the break of dawn—London was once filled with a cacophony of animal noises (and smells). But over the last thirty years, the city seems to have banished animals from its streets. In Beastly London, Hannah Velten uses a wide range of primary sources to explore the complex and changing relationship between Londoners of all classes and their animal neighbors.

Velten travels back in history to describe a time when Londoners shared their homes with pets and livestock—along with a variety of other pests and vermin; Londoners imported beasts from all corners of the globe for display in their homes, zoos, and parks; and ponies flying in hot air balloons and dancing fleas were considered entertainment. As she shows, London transformed from a city with a mainly exploitative relationship with animals to the birthplace of animal welfare societies and animal rights’ campaigns. Packed with over one hundred illustrations, Beastly London is a revealing look at how animals have been central to the city’s success.

Hannah Velten is a former agricultural journalist and the author of Cow and Milk: A Global History, both published by Reaktion Books.
The Cry of Nature
Art and the Making of Animal Rights
STEPHEN F. EISENMAN

The eighteenth century saw the rise of a new and more sympathetic understanding of animals as philosophy, literature, and art argued that animals could feel and therefore possess inalienable rights. This idea gave birth to a diverse movement that affects how we understand our relationship to the natural world. The Cry of Nature details a crucial period in the history of this movement, revealing the significant role art played in the growth of animal rights.

Stephen F. Eisenman shows how artists from William Hogarth to Pablo Picasso and Sue Coe have represented the suffering, chastisement, and execution of animals. These artists, he demonstrates, illustrate the lessons of Montaigne, Rousseau, Darwin, Freud, and others—that humans and animals share an evolutionary heritage of sentience, intelligence, and empathy, and thus animals deserve equal access to the domain of moral right. Eisenman also traces the roots of speciesism to the classical world and describes the social role of animals in the demand for emancipation. Instructive, challenging, and always engaging, The Cry of Nature is a book for anyone interested in animal rights, art history, and the history of ideas.

Stephen F. Eisenman is professor of art history at Northwestern University. He is the author of The Abu Ghraib Effect, also published by Reaktion Books, and Nineteenth Century Art: A Critical History.

Playing at Home
The House in Contemporary Art
GILL PERRY

Art Since the '80s, a new series from Reaktion Books, seeks to offer compelling surveys of popular themes in contemporary art. In the first book in the series, Gill Perry reveals how the house and the idea of home have inspired a range of imaginative and playful works by artists across the globe. Exploring how artists have engaged with this theme in different contexts—from mobile homes and beach houses to haunted houses and broken homes—Playing at Home shows that our relationship with houses involves complex responses in which gender, race, class, and status overlap, and that through these relationships we turn a house into a home.

Perry looks at the works of numerous artists, including Tracey Emin, Rachel Whiteread, Michael Landy, Mike Kelley, and Peter Garfield, as well as the work of artists who travel across continents and see home as a shifting notion, such as Do-Ho Syh and Song Dong. She also engages with the work of philosophers and cultural theorists from Walter Benjamin and Gaston Bachelard to Johan Huizinga and Henri Lefebvre, who inform our understanding of living and dwelling. Ultimately, she argues that irony, parody, and play are equally important in our interpretations of these works on the home. With over one hundred images, Playing at Home covers a wide range of art and media in a fascinating look at why there’s no place like home.

Gill Perry is professor of art history at the Open University, UK, and the author of Women Artists and the Parisian Avant-Garde and Spectacular Flirtations: Viewing the Actress in British Art and Theatre, 1768–1820.
Hans Holbein
Revised and Expanded Second Edition

PASCAL GRIENER and OSKAR BÄTSCHMANN

Hans Holbein the Younger was the leading artist of the Northern Renaissance, yet his life and work are not nearly as well-documented as those of his contemporaries Leonardo da Vinci or Michelangelo. That omission has been remedied with this acclaimed study by Pascal Griener and Oskar Bätschmann. *Hans Holbein* chronicles the life and oeuvre of Holbein (1497/8–1543), as Bätschmann and Griener apply their considerable knowledge to explore the full range of cultural and social influences that affected him and his work. The artist’s friendships with leading thinkers such as Erasmus and Thomas More, the development of his painting style, and the cultural influences on his work are all discussed here in this unparalleled and in-depth biography that will be essential to the bookshelf of every art lover. This second edition includes an expanded introduction and additional images.

“This readable scholarly book not only situates Holbein carefully in his own time but teaches us how to read his paintings and prints in depth.”—San Francisco Chronicle

“The authors reveal a real sympathy for and an understanding of the mixed character of Holbein’s work. . . . Fresh and rewarding.”—Times Literary Supplement

Titian
And the End of the Venetian Renaissance

TOM NICHOLS

Titian is best known for paintings that embodied the tradition of the Venetian Renaissance—but how Venetian was the artist himself? In this comprehensive new study, Tom Nichols probes the tensions between the individualism of Titian’s work and the conservative cultural and political mores of the city, revealing his art to be original inventions that undermine the traditional self-suppressing approach to painting in Venice. Rather, Nichols argues, Titian’s works reflected his engagement with the individualistic cultures emerging in the courts of early modern Europe.

Ranging widely across Titian’s long career and varied works, *Titian and the End of the Venetian Renaissance* outlines his stylistic independence from his master, Giovanni Bellini, early in his career; his radical innovations to the traditional Venetian altarpiece; his transformation of portraits into artistic creations glorifying the individual; and his meteoric breakout from the confines of artistic culture in Venice. Nichols explores how Titian challenged the city’s communal values with his competitive professional identity, contending that his intensely personalized way of painting after 1550 set him apart from earlier artists and was done deliberately to defy the emulation of would-be followers—a departure that effectively brought an end to the Renaissance tradition of painting. Packed with 170 illustrations, this groundbreaking book will change the way people look at Titian and Venetian art history.

Tom Nichols is a reader in the history of art at the University of Glasgow, Scotland, and the author of *Tintoretto: Tradition and Identity, The Art of Poverty, and Renaissance Art,* the first of which is also published by Reaktion Books.
The Sea considers those great expanses that both unite and divide us and the ways in which human beings interact because of the sea, from navigation to colonization to trade. John Mack looks at the characteristics of different seas and oceans and investigates how the sea is conceptualized in various cultures. He explores the diversity of maritime technologies, especially the practice of navigation and the creation of a society of the sea, which in many cultures is all-male, often cosmopolitan, and always hierarchical. He describes the cultures and the social and technical practices characteristic of seafarers, as well as their distinctive language and customs. Mack also explains how ships are deployed in symbolic contexts on land in ecclesiastical and public architecture. Casting a wide net, The Sea uses histories, maritime archaeology, biography, art history, and literature to provide an innovative and experiential account of the waters that define our worldly existence.

"An inventive look at the oceans and their influence—as barriers, as sources of commerce, life and cultural inspiration—on human civilization and the relations among nations.”—Los Angeles Times

Now in Paperback

The Sea
A Cultural History
JOHN MACK

A History of Myanmar since Ancient Times
Traditions and Transformations
MICHAEL AUNG-THWIN and MAITRII AUNG-THWIN

The Republic of the Union of Myanmar is often characterized as a place of repressive military rule, civil war, censorship, and corrupt elections—and despite recent attempts to promote tourism to see the country’s natural beauty, it is not yet a travel hotspot. Most of the Western world remains unaware of the storied history and rich culture found in this Southeast Asian country.

Now available in paperback with a new afterword that brings the book up to date, A History of Myanmar since Ancient Times takes us from the sacred stupas (structures containing Buddhist relics) of the plains of Bagan to the grand, colonial-era British mansions, finding the splendor that remains in this forgotten country. The authors delve into Myanmar’s nearly three-thousand-year history, discovering the first traces of civilization that appeared during the Stone Age, witnessing the protests of Buddhist monks during the early twentieth century, and describing the colonial era and the republic that followed. This book also considers the state of Myanmar today, examining the 2010 elections—the first in over twenty years—and exploring the lives, culture, and ambitions of the Burmese people. The most comprehensive history of Myanmar ever published in English, this book makes a significant contribution to our understanding of Southeast Asia.

“A stimulating, often pugnacious reading of the history of Myanmar.”
—Ian Brown, University of London

Now in Paperback

A History of Myanmar since Ancient Times
Traditions and Transformations
MICHAEL AUNG-THWIN and MAITRII AUNG-THWIN

With a new Afterword

Michael Aung-Thwin is chair and professor of the Asian Studies Program at the University of Hawai‘i at Mānoa. He is the author of The Mists of Ramanna: The Legend That Was Lower Burma and New Perspectives on the History and Historiography of Southeast Asia: Continuing Explorations. Maitrii Aung-Thwin is associate professor of Southeast Asian and Burmese history at the National University of Singapore. He is the author of The Return of the Galon King: History, Law, and Rebellion in Colonial Burma.
Now in Paperback

**The Tramp in America**

**TIM CRESSWELL**

This book provides the first account of the invention of the tramp as a social type in the United States between the 1870s and the 1930s. Tim Cresswell considers the ways in which the tramp was imagined and described and how, by World War II, the term was being reclassified and rendered invisible. He describes the “tramp scare” of the late nineteenth century and explores the assumption that tramps were invariably male and therefore a threat to women. Cresswell also examines tramps as comic figures and looks at the work of prominent American photographers that signaled a sympathetic portrayal of this often-despised group. Perhaps most significantly, *The Tramp in America* calls into question the common assumption that the ability to move from place to place played a central role in the creation of American identity.

“This is an effective, and sometimes touching, account of how a social phenomenon was created, classified, and reclassified. . . . An important contribution to American studies, providing new perspectives on the significance of mobility and rootlessness at an important time in the development of the nation. Cresswell successfully illuminates the history of a disadvantaged and marginal group, while providing a lens by which to focus on the thinking and practices of the mainstream culture with which they dealt. As such, this book represents a considerable achievement.”—*Cultural Geographies*

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**Trading Territories**

**JERRY BROTTON**

*Trading Territories* is a beautifully illustrated book that offers an account of the status of maps and geographical knowledge in the early modern world. Focusing on how early European geographers mapped the territories of the Old World—Africa and Southeast Asia—Jerry Brotton contends that the historical preoccupation with Columbus’s “discovery” of the New World in 1492 has tended to obscure the importance of the mapping of territories that have been defined as “eastern.”

Brotton situates the rise of early modern mapping within the context of the seaborne commercial adventures of the early maritime empires—the Portuguese, the Spanish, the Ottomans, the Dutch, and the English—and explores the ways in which maps and globes were used to mediate the commercial and diplomatic disputes between these empires. Rather than the development of early maps being shaped by disinterested intellectual pursuits, *Trading Territories* argues that trade, diplomacy, and financial speculation played the most essential role.

“In this outstanding study of maps and mapping, Jerry Brotton reveals a dynamism in the transaction between East and West beyond anything we have previously appreciated.”—Lisa Jardine, University College London

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Jerry Brotton is professor of Renaissance studies at Queen Mary, University of London. He is coauthor of *Global Interests: Renaissance Art between East and West*, also published by Reaktion Books.
Propaganda is a double-edged sword. It can help a cause or destroy a person’s career, depending on the intentions of the user. The pens of Voltaire and Rousseau inflamed opposition to Bourbon rule in France, just as Thomas Paine’s *Common Sense* roused and influenced opinion in the American Revolution. Rosie the Riveter, the star of a US government campaign aimed at recruiting female workers for the munitions industry, became one of the most recognized images of working women during World War II. And with the development of modern media, global warfare, and the rise of extremist political parties, propaganda is more widespread now than ever.

From safe sex to dictatorships, from the iconic to the everyday, *Propaganda: Power and Persuasion*, which accompanies a major new exhibition at the British Library, explores how different states have used propaganda during the twentieth and twenty-first centuries. Different techniques are highlighted—such as the “appeal to authority” and “common man” approaches—as are the various forms in which propaganda appear, including posters, books, films, stamps, leaflets, matchboxes, cartoons, music, and newspapers. The book concludes with a look at how the explosion in social media is influencing the way the state attempts to persuade and control its citizens.

Exploring a surprising range of propaganda from around the world, readers will be challenged to look critically at the messages, methods, and media of propaganda through time and across cultures.

**David Welch** is professor of modern history and director of the Centre for the Study of War, Propaganda, and Society at the University of Kent, where he specializes in twentieth-century political propaganda. He is the author of numerous books on propaganda, including *Justifying War: Propaganda, Politics and the Modern Age* and *The Third Reich: Politics and Propaganda*. 
The Angel of Charleston
Grace Huggens, Housekeeper to the Bloomsbury Set

Grace Huggens (1903–83) arrived at the Gordon Square house of Vanessa Bell—a member of the Bloomsbury Group and the sister of Virginia Woolf—in June 1920. Huggens remained with the family for fifty years as housemaid, nurse, cook, and, finally, housekeeper at Charleston, the country house in Sussex where the Bell family spent their holidays during the interwar period and later lived permanently until the 1970s.

This book, the first to focus on the life of Huggens, is based on her diaries and correspondence. Dubbed the “Angel of Charleston” by Vanessa’s son Quentin, Grace was high-spirited with a robust sense of fun; she read all she could and often sat for her painter employers, who much admired her looks. Her numerous diaries recount her years in Gordon Square, Charleston, and the south of France, painting a vivid—and intimate—picture of life with the Bells and the Bloomsbury Group. With great humor, Huggens describes the various denizens of Charleston, such as Duncan Grant, Roger Fry, E. M. Forster, and, of course, Virginia Woolf. There are moving entries about the death of Vanessa Bell in 1961 as well as Huggens’s final years at Charleston looking after the elderly Duncan Grant.

_The Angel of Charleston_ describes a little-known side of the Bloomsbury world and illuminates a lost era.

Stewart MacKay is a writer, archivist, and cultural historian.
For as long as Christmas has been celebrated, poets and writers have sought to explore every aspect of it, from the story of the nativity to the festive traditions families worldwide have established over the centuries. And such works have forever changed the way we think about the holiday. Where would Christmas be today without Ebenezer Scrooge or “‘Twas the Night Before Christmas”?

_A Literary Christmas_ is a seasonal compendium that collects poems, short stories, and prose by some of the greatest poets and writers in the English language. Like Charles Dickens’s _Ghosts of Christmas Past_ and _Present_ and Present, the selections featured here are representative of times old and new. Readers will enjoy a convivial Christmas Day with Samuel Pepys, Anthony Trollope, George Eliot, and Nancy Mitford; venture out into the snow in the company of Jane Austen, Henry James, and Charles Dickens’s ever-popular Mr. Pickwick; and warm up by the fire with the seasonal tales of Dylan Thomas, Kenneth Grahame, and Oscar Wilde. As a companion to the book, _A Literary Christmas_ is also being released as a two-CD set, featuring readings of many of the same poems and prose extracts from the book.

An entertaining and instructive way to survey great literature, _A Literary Christmas_ is the perfect gift for anyone seeking to start their own literary Christmas traditions.
When it comes to Christmas stories, one typically thinks of those that embody the spirit of the season, such as O. Henry’s “The Gift of the Magi” and Charles Dickens’s *A Christmas Carol*. The yuletide-themed murder mystery is not usually the first thing that comes to mind. But in 1936, Mavis Doriel Hay wrote *The Santa Klaus Murder*, one of three detective novels she published in the 1930s.

A classic country-house murder mystery, *The Santa Klaus Murder* begins with Aunt Mildred declaring that no good could come of the Melbury family Christmas gathering at their country residence Flaxmere. So when Sir Osmond Melbury, the family patriarch, is discovered—by a guest dressed as Santa Klaus—-with a bullet in his head on Christmas Day, the festivities are plunged into chaos. Nearly every member of the party stands to reap some sort of benefit from Sir Osmond’s death, but Santa Klaus, the one person who seems to have every opportunity to fire the shot, has no apparent motive. Various members of the family have their private suspicions about the identity of the murderer, but in the midst of mistrust, suspicion, and hatred, it emerges that there was not one Santa Klaus but two.

This new addition to the British Library Crime Classics series is a must-have for all fans of classic murder mystery and will delight anyone looking for a thrilling read during the holidays.

*British Library Crime Classics*

November 288 p. 5¹⁴/₁₄ x 7¹/₂
Paper $15.00
Mystery

Mavis Doriel Hay (1894–1979) was a novelist of the golden age of British crime fiction. Her other novels are *Murder Underground* and *Death on the Cherwell*. 
Leonard Merrick (1864–1939) was an English novelist. He wrote twelve novels, including *Violet Moses*, *The Worldlings*, and *Conrad in Question of His Youth*, as well as collections of short stories and plays. Many of his stories were made into films in the 1920s.

Born Leonard Miller in Belsize Park, London, in 1864 to wealthy Jewish parents, Leonard Merrick began his career as an actor before abandoning the stage in 1884 to try his luck as a novelist. His first novel, *Mr. Bazalgette’s Agent*, was published in 1888 and features a determined and resourceful heroine in the figure of Miriam Lea, who grapples with some very modern dilemmas of female virtue and vice. The novel begins when Lea, having fallen on hard times, answers an advertisement calling for private agents. Within weeks she finds herself in Mr. Bazalgette’s employ as a private detective, traveling on a train to Hamburg in pursuit of an audacious fraudster. What follows is a journey through some of the great cities of Europe—and eventually to South Africa—as Lea attempts to track down her man.

In 1925, in response to a query about the book’s title, Merrick quipped: “It’s a terrible book. It’s the worst thing I ever wrote. I bought them all up and destroyed them. You can’t find any.” It seems Merrick was true to his overly self-critical word, as copies of the book can now only be found in private collections and in a handful of university and national libraries throughout the world.

This new edition, republished by the British Library for their British Library Crime Classics series, offers modern crime fiction fans the opportunity to rediscover an enticing and rare detective story.
Emily Post certainly didn’t invent etiquette—its history spans many centuries. From the prehistoric era to the Middle Ages to the royal French court, wherever and whenever mankind has existed and interacted, the need for basic guidelines regarding appropriate conduct has quickly followed. During the Victorian era, the rules of etiquette found their way into countless guidebooks offering men, women, and children tips for avoiding vulgarity and other offenses.

First published in 1900, *Deportment for Dukes and Tips for Toffs* is a satirical take on the Victorian book of etiquette. The treatise is written for “those moving in the highest social circles” and offers tips for behaving properly as a guest at the home of an aristocrat. For example, in the section entitled “The Journey,” the authors advise: “Avoid the vulgar and objectionable habit of conversing with your fellow travelers. Be on your guard when asked a civil question; if you cannot answer rudely, do not reply at all.” And in “At the Breakfast Table,” they warn readers not to be like “the fumigated stockbroker who recently lost a peerage on the very morning of the purchase through being merely two or three hours late for the Prime Ministerial omelette.” Other areas of advice covered are the dinner table, hunting, shooting, ballroom comportment, the precedence of personages, *conversation de société*, and the whole duty of the gentleman.

This new edition of *Deportment for Dukes and Tips for Toffs*, the first published since its original appearance, will be as humorously indispensable to the modern aristocrat as it was over one hundred years ago.
Donald McCullough

You Have Been Warned!
A Complete Guide to the Road

With Illustrations by Fougasse

According to statistics, there is in Great Britain one car to every thirty-three persons—that is to say, one to drive it, two to give advice from the back seat, one to oil and grease thoroughly and remove all tools, three to step in front of it and one to visit them and eat their grapes, one to devise means for speeding it up and four to devise means for slowing it down, one to draw pictures in the dust on the back, one to keep on taking it in part exchange, two to salute at crossroads, fifteen to lean their bicycles against it at traffic stops, and one to fail to understand what’s come over everybody nowadays. It is to the last of these that this book is addressed.

Originally published in Britain in 1935, You Have Been Warned! is a compilation of such humorous advice for perplexed motorists. It contains perennially useful tips on such topics as hand signals for drivers—from “I am going to shake the ash off my cigarette” to “I am frightfully fond of horses”—and “The Road-User’s Statute of Liberty and Magna Carta of the Road.” A section on motor tours relates the pitfalls of reading maps and choosing hotels, and another offers sample driving examination questions. For example: Question: Describe the difference between roads made by the Romans and those constructed nowadays. Answer: The roads made by the Romans have lasted until the present time.

Illustrated throughout with more than one hundred witty line drawings by Fougasse, this new edition will be the ideal gift for beginning drivers as well as the “average motorist” who, “contrary to the general belief, does not go about the country intentionally causing disaster.”

Donald McCullough (1901–78) was a humorist and radio broadcaster whose previous works include Aces Made Easy, a witty guide to card games. Fougasse was the pseudonym of Cyril Bird (1887–1965), a cartoonist best known for his contributions to, and editorship of, the satirical magazine Punch.
How to Live to Be 22
KEITH WATERHOUSE
With a Foreword by Sir Michael Parkinson

Keith Waterhouse is remembered today for his newspaper columns, his play Jeffrey Bernard is Unwell, and his novel Billy Liar, published in 1959 when the author was thirty. But discovered in his archives when the British Library acquired them in 2012 was a full-length manuscript that had never been published, a humorous autobiography entitled How to Live to Be 22.

Written during the early years of his career, as a reporter for the Yorkshire Evening Post, the book contains the dreams, doubts, desires, and ambitions of a young man in postwar Leeds trying to make a career of writing. A torrent of ideas, sometimes bordering on a rant but always humorous and self-deprecating, How to Live to Be 22 contains many of the themes that Waterhouse would later develop in Billy Liar: fantasies of being the leader of imaginary worlds, and even Prime Minister; early experiences with women; and an obsession with grammar. With great confidence and prescience Waterhouse declares in the work that he will have “always one book or play on the glow like people who always have the kettle on the gas,” and that the neon lights that lit his name up in the clouds will be “bigger and brighter than before.”

How to Live to Be 22 provides fascinating insights into Waterhouse’s creative process and will be a must-read for the gifted writer’s legion of fans.

Keith Waterhouse (1929–2009) was a British novelist, newspaper columnist, playwright, and screenwriter. He wrote thirteen novels, seven works of nonfiction, and seven collections of journalism. He wrote a column for the Daily Mirror for twenty-six years and one for the Daily Mail for twenty-three years.

City Lights and Streets Ahead
Memoirs of Keith Waterhouse

To coincide with the release of Keith Waterhouse’s previously unpublished autobiography, How to Live to Be 22, the British Library brings together in a single volume two collections of memoirs by Waterhouse, City Lights and Streets Ahead.

Waterhouse thought his first book of memoirs, City Lights, originally published in 1994, was the best book he ever wrote. Here he recalls his childhood and adolescence in soot-blackened, tramcar-rattling Leeds, and describes—with his customary wit, warmth, and eye for detail—the earliest events that shaped him as a writer. A magical, touching book that is also an elegy for England’s past, City Lights is a delightful evocation of childhood and youth, and perhaps the most important chapter in Waterhouse’s lifelong love affair with cities.

Streets Ahead takes up where City Lights left off, in 1952, when Waterhouse arrived in Fleet Street in London. These were the days of long, liquid lunches, of eccentric and inspired newspapermen, and of foreign assignments. It was also when Waterhouse published his second and most famous novel, Billy Liar. Waterhouse tells of his newfound fame, including his Hollywood days with Hitchcock and Disney and Hollywood nights with the Rolling Stones. Streets Ahead is a lyrical and funny memoir of an eventful, euphoric era.

Keith Waterhouse (1929–2009) was a British novelist, newspaper columnist, playwright, and screenwriter. He wrote thirteen novels, seven works of nonfiction, and seven collections of journalism. He wrote a column for the Daily Mirror for twenty-six years and one for the Daily Mail for twenty-three years.
What role did books play in the lives of English monarchs and their families? Besides Alfred the Great, Edward IV, Henry VIII, and George III, which kings and queens appreciated books and amassed enormous libraries full of them? This well-illustrated volume presents a fresh and wide-ranging review of the evidence for royal interest in handwritten and printed books. Leading experts offer new perspectives on the involvement of England’s monarchs in the circulation and preservation of texts from Anglo-Saxon times to the present day. Some essays consider individual books or monarchs; others take a wider view of several centuries of evidence. At the heart of the volume is the remarkable array of royal books held by the British Library, including the Old Royal Library, presented to the nation by George II, and the King’s Library, presented by George IV. Illustrated in color throughout, 1000 Years of Royal Books and Manuscripts will appeal to anyone fascinated by the British monarchy as well as the country’s rich and extensive literary history.

Kathleen Doyle is curator of illuminated manuscripts at the British Library. Scot McKendrick is head of history and classical studies at the British Library. Together with John Lowden, they are coeditors of Royal Manuscripts: The Genius of Illumination, also published by the British Library.

Tyndale’s Bible: Saint Matthew’s Gospel
Read in the Original Pronunciation by David Crystal
With an Introduction by David Crystal

The New Testament of William Tyndale, published in 1525–6, was the first text of the Bible to be printed in English. Its publication is arguably the single most important event in the history of the English Reformation—and so controversial at the time that Tyndale, its translator, was tried for heresy, incarcerated, and burned at the stake.

This audio recording of Saint Matthew’s Gospel, the first recording of any part of Tyndale’s historic translation of the Bible, brings his groundbreaking work vividly to life. The text is read by English language historian David Crystal, who has contributed an authoritative introductory essay on the genesis and language of Tyndale’s translation. This two-disc set provides a unique opportunity to hear and appreciate one of the most historic texts in the history of the English language.
Mughal India showcases the British Library’s extensive collection of illustrated manuscripts and paintings commissioned by Mughal emperors and officials. Depicting the splendor and vibrant color of Mughal life, the exquisitely decorated works span four centuries, from the foundation of the Mughal dynasty by Babur in the sixteenth century, through the heights of the empire and the “Great” Mughal emperors of the seventeenth century, into the decline and eventual collapse in the nineteenth century.

The lavish artworks cover a variety of subject matter, from scenes of courtly life to illustrations of works of literature. The development of a Mughal style of art can be traced through the illustrations and paintings, as can the influence of European styles. Many of these works have never before been published, and combined here with the engaging narrative of two experts who place each image within its historical and art historical context, they serve to provide us with a beautiful and illuminating view of the art and culture of Mughal India.

With websites like Yelp and television networks dedicated exclusively to food, today’s foodie need not look far for advice on what and where to eat next. But before Zagat and the Michelin star, there was Ralph Rylance (1782–1834) and *The Epicure’s Almanack, or Guide to Good Living*, his listing of more than 650 eating establishments, taverns, inns, and hotels in and around London in the early nineteenth century. Working single-handedly and on foot, Rylance investigated and reported on a broad range of restaurants, from haughty chophouses and suburban tea gardens to humble tripe shops and dockyard taverns, as well as London’s first Indian restaurant. He also gives an account of London’s markets, featuring an inventory of merchants selling everything from anchovy sauce to kitchen stoves.

Published in 1815, *The Epicure’s Almanack* was never updated or reprinted and was never truly emulated until 1968, when the *Good Food Guide to London* was first issued. Reproduced here with an introduction by Janet Ing Freeman, and accompanied by extensive notes, indexes, and many details from a contemporary map of London, this extraordinary edition vividly brings back to life the tastes, smells, and culture of Regency England and is a must-read for lovers of London and food alike.

Janet Ing Freeman, formerly Scheide Librarian at Princeton University Library, is an honorary visiting professor at University College London.
On more than one occasion, the great composer Joseph Haydn (1732–1809) remarked that he became well known in his native Austria only after he had made two visits to London in the 1790s. Although he was connected with the Esterházy court for over forty years, and his music was performed in many of Europe’s major cities, London was to be the only European city, apart from Vienna, to welcome the composer in person. He engaged fully with London’s musical life during his two visits and responded readily to the city’s commercial vitality. He later told his biographer, Albert Christoph Dies, that London was his “land of opportunity.” The essays in this volume examine the relationship between the composer and the commercial, political, and social spheres of London during the eighteenth century and help explain the unparalleled popularity Haydn and his music have enjoyed ever since.

Richard Chesser is lead curator of music at the British Library. David Wyn Jones is head of the School of Music at Cardiff University.

The Land of Opportunity
Joseph Haydn and Britain
Edited by RICHARD CHESSER and DAVID WYN JONES

The medieval collegiate church library is best characterized by the form it took in Oxford and Cambridge. But colleges outside the universities were very numerous before the Reformation—including such institutions as Eton and Winchester, the aristocratic colleges at the castles of Arundel and Fotheringhay, and the royal chapels of St. George at Windsor and St. Stephen at Westminster—and these colleges housed their own distinctive libraries, about which little has hitherto been known. The two magnificent volumes of The Libraries of Collegiate Churches shed light on the holdings of these libraries and contribute significantly to the knowledge of the diffusion of print in England as well as to the history of the late Middle Ages.

James M. W. Willoughby is a research fellow in the history faculty of the University of Oxford. He is coeditor of two previous volumes in the Corpus of British Medieval Library Catalogues series, The Library of Peterborough Abbey and Hospitals, Towns and the Professions.

The Libraries of Collegiate Churches
Corpus of British Medieval Library Catalogues, Volume 15
Edited by JAMES M. W. WILLOUGHBY

Contributors
Otto Biba, Alan Davison, Ingrid Fuchs, Caroline Grigson, Baláš Mikusi, Rupert Ridgewell, David Rowland, Arthur Searle, Thomas Tolley, and Christopher Wiley
J. REY

How to Dine in Style
The Art of Entertaining, 1920

The 1920s marked the high point of refined dining, when silver tray-bearing, white-gloved waiters circulated among guests and starched linens and candlelit tables were de rigueur. For the decadent class that came to prominence during the postwar period, achieving a reputation for throwing the most recherché dinner parties meant instant social success, and many an enterprising host or hostess sought advice in J. Rey’s *The Whole Art of Dining*.

By turns a collection of practical advice and a catalog of eccentricities, *The Whole Art of Dining*, republished by the Bodleian Library as *How to Dine in Style*, contains everything the would-be socialite needed to know in order to elevate food to high art, from tricks for putting together a proper French menu or throwing a garden party to practical tips on serving wines in the correct order and at the right temperature. Throughout the book are stories of astonishing excess and ever-more-elaborate themes and venues, and the more daring of the book’s devotees might have been tempted to emulate efforts like those of the intrepid hostess whose mountaineering-themed dinner party had guests rappel to the rooftop of her Chicago home or American millionaire George A. Kessler, whose infamous “Gondola Party” flooded—for the first and only time—the central courtyard of the Savoy.

A captivating glimpse into the golden age of fine dining, this book will be consumed with interest by discerning diners and fans of the Roaring Twenties—and it may even inspire readers to try their hand at throwing a stylish soiree of their own.

In addition to *The Whole Art of Dining*, J. Rey was the author of *Le Guide du Gourmet à Table*.
How to be a Good Mother-in-Law

Do not march into the drawing-room and, having inspected it, say, “What a nice room, but—”

Do not look at your son steadfastly and then turn to his wife and tell her he is getting thin.

When you wax eloquently on the way to keep soup hot, you are merely asking him to shout on the house tops that he prefers cold soup to mothers-in-law.

These are just a few of the words of wisdom on offer in How to be a Good Mother-in-Law, the latest in a series of delightful advice books that also includes How to be a Good Husband and How to be a Good Wife. While the station of mother-in-law is not one celebrated for its sympathy and is the subject of no shortage of off-color jokes, this slim guide shows that it is possible to achieve accord—even friendship—with the man or woman your son or daughter has chosen to marry.

Originally published in the 1930s, How to be a Good Mother-in-Law offers advice that ranges from the amusingly old-fashioned to the surprisingly still relevant today. Among the topics discussed are how not to behave on your son or daughter’s wedding day, how to visit the couple in their new home, how to interact with the grandchildren, and what degree of independence should be granted to married sons. For mothers-in-law considering living with the married couple, a chapter presents suggestions for how to negotiate this famously fraught situation. In another chapter called “Are They as Bad as They are Painted?,” the book reproduces a selection of tabloid tragedies, including the story of a mother-in-law who surprised a hapless couple by accompanying them on their honeymoon.

Whether you’re a new mother-in-law, a veteran of this much-maligned role, or a long-suffering spouse whose partner’s parent seems impossible to please—the pithy advice on-hand in How to be a Good Mother-in-Law will be warmly welcomed.
How to be a Good Motorist

The 1920s were the age of the automobile, with the availability for the first time of relatively affordable cars and the rise of Ford Motor Company in America and Morris Motors in the UK. However, the laws governing driving were for the most part yet to be written and the rules of the road were rudimentary to say the least. With a growing number of motorists in need of guidelines, How to be a Good Motorist provided all the information one needed to enjoy—safely—the open road, offering advice on how to handle such hazards as skidding, headlight glare, and livestock on the road.

Among the practical and unusual guidelines offered are what precautions one should take when another car approaches and which parts of a car’s engine can be fixed in a pinch with sandpaper, copper wire, and insulating tape. Some of the observations, like the cautionary note that, when driving, one ought to “look on all other drivers as fools” are sure to strike a chord with many motorists today. Others, like the suggestion that “a good chauffeur will save his employer a great deal of expense” evoke the style of a glamorous bygone era. The book covers such topics as unscrupulous secondhand car dealers, simple maintenance, women drivers, and “dashboard delights.” (Spoiler: For a well-equipped dashboard, don’t forget the speedometer.) For those planning a longer journey, the book also advises on how to choose the most pleasant picnic site when on the road.

How to be a Good Motorist is the perfect gift for the new driver or anyone who longs for a simpler time before rush-hour traffic reports and roundabouts.
When American troops arrived in Paris at the end of World War II, they were at first welcomed by the local population. However, the French soon began to resent the Americans for their brashness and displays of wealth, while the Americans found the French and their habits equally irritating and incomprehensible: they bathed too little, drank too much, and were almost unfailingly unfriendly.

To bridge the cultural divide, the American generals commissioned this surprisingly candid guide that paired common complaints about the French with answers aimed at promoting understanding. From the fascinations of French nightlife to Gallic grooming and fashions, the guide sought to correct the misconceptions behind a litany of common complaints: *Laissez-faire* is not in fact a call to laziness, and the French do not play checkers in cafés all day—though they do extol the virtues of a leisurely lunch. The moral principles of the Frenchwoman ought not to be drawn from the few one might find loitering on the fringes of the camp.

Beyond their intended instructive purposes, the grievances included in the guide are at times as revealing of the preconceptions of the American servicemen as they are of the French, and offer fascinating insight into the details of daily life immediately after the war, including the acute poverty, the shortage of food and supplies, and the scale of destruction suffered by France during the six years of conflict. Illustrated throughout with charming cartoons and written in a direct, no-nonsense style, *112 Gripes about the French* is by turns amusing and thought-provoking in its valiant stand against prejudice and stereotype.
The custom of formal dining at Oxford and Cambridge dates back to the earliest days of college life. Before each dinner, according to ancient statutes, grace must be said in Latin, and, although the text and nature of grace for each college has changed over the years, the tradition itself remains current to this day.

Following a historical introduction, *The College Graces of Oxford and Cambridge* reproduces in chronological order the full Latin texts of all the graces alongside facing English-language translations. Also included are the special graces reserved for feast days, as well as an explanation of some of the traditions that accompany them, including the trumpeters that summon students to dinner and the use of the Sconce Cup and the Rose Bowl.

From the twelfth-century monastic texts and the two-word graces of the nineteenth century to the new graces written for the modern age, this meticulous collection reveals how the tradition of the Latin grace has survived and evolved over the centuries and offers a rare glimpse inside the private halls of Oxford and Cambridge.

Reginald H. Adams was a member of St John’s College, University of Oxford.

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**Paintings from Mughal India**

New Edition

**ANDREW TOPSFIELD**

One of the great kingdoms of human history, the Mughal Empire is now lost to the relentless sweep of time. But the wealth of treasures left behind offers a lasting testament to the sumptuousness of its culture. Among the most notable of these treasures are the lush miniature paintings showing the splendor of Mughal imperial life.

Andrew Topsfield examines these paintings that bear the influence of Indian, Islamic, and Persian styles and portray a variety of subjects, from hunting, royal banquets, and other scenes of imperial life to legends, battles, and mythic deities. Among the paintings featured in the book’s vibrant reproductions are illustrations from the celebrated Bahà’ístán manuscript of 1595 and works created between the reign of Akbar and the fall of Shah Jahan in 1658—an era considered to be the height of Mughal art. For this new edition, Topsfield has made corrections and revisions reflecting new research.

A fascinating and gorgeously illustrated study, *Paintings from Mughal India* will be an invaluable resource for all art scholars and anyone interested in the legacy of the Mughal Empire.

Andrew Topsfield is keeper of Eastern art at the Ashmolean Museum, Oxford. He is the author of several books on Indian painting during the Mughal period, including *Court Painting at Udaipur and Visions of Mughal India: The Collection of Howard Hodgkin*.
Prize Volumes
Catalogue for Designer Bookbinders
International Competition 2013
Edited by JEANETTE KOCH

Designer Bookbinders is one of the foremost bookbinding societies, and its International Bookbinding Competition in association with Mark Getty and the Bodleian Library continues to attract top binders from around the world. For 2013, the theme of the competition was Shakespeare, and entries reflect a remarkable range of styles, materials, and approaches to the dramatic and poetic works of the Great Bard.

Prize Volumes collects the full 253 entries from the 2013 competition, highlighting the twenty-eight winning bindings and offering a veritable showcase for the creativity and craftsmanship of the international bookbinding community. As beautifully designed as many of the bindings it displays, this showcase of the best in modern bookbinding will become a collector’s item among aficionados of bookbinding—as well as a handsome addition to any personal library.

Jeanette Koch is a member of the executive committee of Designer Bookbinders, where she also serves on the editorial board of its journal New Bookbinder. She edited the catalog for the 2009 International Bookbinding Competition, Bound for Success, also published by the Bodleian Library.

Now in Paperback
Leonardo da Vinci: The Mechanics of Man
MARTIN CLAYTON and RON PHilo

Leonardo da Vinci is among the greatest draftsmen ever to have lived, and his anatomical drawings combine his almost unsurpassed artistic skill with his dexterity in dissection and his extensive knowledge of the structures he uncovered.

Now in paperback, Leonardo da Vinci: The Mechanics of Man reproduces Leonardo’s Manuscript A, the written record of a campaign of human dissections completed during the winter of 1510–11. Although his studies of human anatomy span more than twenty-five years, this is the only group of drawings in which he approached complete coverage of the human form, and it also represents his finest work in this area. Each of the drawings includes Leonardo’s extensive annotations made in his distinctive “mirror-writing.” Accompanying each of the drawings is a second reproduction with the text on the page in English-language translation, rendering the thinking behind these beautiful drawings accessible to the general reader.

Martin Clayton is curator of the Print Room at Windsor Castle. Ron Philo is adjunct associate professor in the Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences at the University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio. Together, they have coauthored several books on Leonardo da Vinci, including Leonardo da Vinci: Anatomist, also published by Royal Collection Trust.
Painter and printmaker Giovanni Benedetto Castiglione (1609–64) was one of the most technically superb and innovative artists of the Italian Baroque. Although he is best known for his evocative etchings that reveal a mastery of light to rival that of Rembrandt and Van Dyck, he also redefined the drawing and printmaking genres through the introduction of his monotyping technique and was among the first to conceive of the oil sketch as a finished work. Sadly, Castiglione’s prolific artistic output has been largely overshadowed by his turbulent character and troubled private life.

With this lavishly illustrated biography, leading Castiglione scholar Timothy J. Standring and curator Martin Clayton seek to restore to prominence this forgotten master of the Italian Baroque. Drawing on extensive new research into court records and other documents of the time, Standring and Clayton have reconstructed the artist’s life, from his arrest for murder that led to his estrangement from his contemporaries and the loss of valuable patrons to his eventual decision to flee the region. The story of Castiglione’s life and important new discoveries about his art are presented here alongside one hundred brilliant reproductions of his oil sketches.

Published to accompany a major exhibition that will debut at the Queen’s Gallery, London, and travel to the Denver Art Museum in 2015, Castiglione: Lost Genius is the first new publication on Castiglione in decades, and it is sure to bring his first-rate work and fascinating life to the forefront.

Timothy J. Standring is the Gates Foundation Curator of Painting and Sculpture at the Denver Art Museum. Martin Clayton is curator of the Print Room at Windsor Castle. With Ron Philo, he is coauthor of Leonardo da Vinci: Anatomist, also published by Royal Collection Trust.
In 1953, Elizabeth II was crowned Queen in a ceremony broadcast worldwide from Westminster Abbey. Her gown for the occasion, designed by royal couturier Norman Hartnell, bore the emblems of Great Britain and the Commonwealth on its rich white satin, and its intricate beadwork and elaborate embroidery took a team of dedicated dressmakers more than six months to complete.

Published for the sixtieth anniversary of the coronation in June 2013, this new and extravagantly illustrated souvenir album commemorates the momentous occasion with newly commissioned photographs of the coronation gown, the Diamond Diadem—also worn at the coronations of George IV and Queen Victoria—and the many other jewels and ceremonial garments worn on that historic day, as well as items of pageantry. Many of these items are pictured together for the first time since the coronation, and they collectively tell the story of the people and places of this extraordinary event.

A stunning souvenir of royal history, 1953: The Queen’s Coronation will make the perfect gift for anyone with an interest in the pageantry at the heart of the British monarchy.

Caroline de Guitaut is curator of decorative arts at Royal Collection Trust. She is the author of several books, including, most recently, Diamonds: A Jubilee Celebration, also published by Royal Collection Trust.
High Spirits
The Comic Art of Thomas Rowlandson

KATE HEARD

Portly squires and rake-thin curates. Jane Austen heroines and their gruesome chaperones. Dashing young officers and corrupt old politicians. The keenly observant caricatures by English cartoonist Thomas Rowlandson (1757–1827) make clear his sharp eye for current affairs as well as his appreciation of the humor in everyday life.

High Spirits brings together more than one hundred caricatures by Rowlandson, with subjects spanning the entire range of English society, including numerous satires of politics and well-known political figures. Full-color illustrations are accompanied by details drawn from new archival research on both the cartoons and their royal collectors, from George IV to Victoria and Albert.

Rowlandson was among the most important contributors to the country’s golden age of caricature, and High Spirits will be a welcome addition to studies of his work.

Kate Heard is curator of prints and drawings at Royal Collection Trust and deputy editor of the Journal of the History of Collections.

Now in Paperback
The Northern Renaissance
Dürer to Holbein

KATE HEARD and LUCY WHITAKER

With Contributions by Jennifer Scott, Emma Stuart, Vanessa Remington, Martin Clayton, and Jonathan Marsden

The Northern Renaissance was a period of profound social and religious upheaval in Europe, with the rapid spread of humanism and the burgeoning Protestant Reformation sweeping the continent. Reflecting this momentous change is the glorious art of the period, which draws on the complex themes of religion, allegory, and classical myth and is further characterized by superb technical skill coupled with an interest in capturing likeness with almost psychological precision.

This sumptuously illustrated volume features works by German artists Albrecht Dürer and Hans Holbein—two of the great masters of the Northern Renaissance. Working in a variety of media that included engravings, woodcuts, illuminated manuscripts, and oil paintings, Dürer and Holbein created landscapes, still lifes, and portraits of near-photographic realism, including Holbein’s superlative drawings of members of Henry VIII’s court. Examined here alongside a selection of works by other Northern Renaissance masters—including Lucas Cranach, François Clouet, Jan Gossaert, and Joos van Cleve—the works of Dürer and Holbein are shown to be a blend of techniques and ideals old and new.

Drawn from the Royal Collection’s world-class paintings and drawings, The Northern Renaissance offers a uniquely beautiful overview of a fascinating period in European art.

Kate Heard is curator of prints and drawings at Royal Collection Trust and deputy editor of the Journal of the History of Collections. Lucy Whitaker is senior curator of paintings at Royal Collection Trust and coauthor of The Art of Italy in the Royal Collection: Renaissance and Baroque, also published by Royal Collection Trust.
Max Frisch

Drafts for a Third Sketchbook

Edited and with an Afterword by Peter von Matt
Translated by Mike Mitchell

New York . . . I HATE IT . . . I LOVE IT . . . I DON’T KNOW . . . ”
These are the reflections of Max Frisch, writing from his apartment in the Big Apple near the end of the twentieth century. Beginning in 1946 and continuing until his death at the age of eighty, the man whom many see as Switzerland’s greatest writer kept a series of sketchbooks to record his reactions to events of the time and people he encountered in his daily life. Neither a commonplace book nor a diary, these volumes contain the seeds for many of Frisch’s most famous works—including Homo Faber, I’m Not Stiller, and Man in the Holocene—as well as his cynical meditations, fictions, incidents, conversations, meetings, newspaper headlines, and dark fantasies—anything, in short, that the author found significant.

Drafts for a Third Sketchbook treats the reader to an even more personal document. Unpublished at the time of Frisch’s death, this collection was edited by Peter von Matt, president of the Max Frisch Foundation, with an eye toward expanding our knowledge of this legendary writer’s last days. Ranging from a couple of sentences to several pages, the sketches collected in this volume recall the United States of the Reagan years and the author’s own growing sense of age as both the threat of nuclear war and some of his most treasured friendships pass on. Representing an unusually personal vista onto the world as Frisch knew it, this is a wonderful self-portrait of an extraordinary intelligence.

Max Frisch (1911–91) was one of the giants of twentieth-century literature, achieving fame as a novelist, playwright, diarist, and essayist. Peter von Matt is president of the Max Frisch Foundation. A lecturer in German with a special interest in Austrian literature, Mike Mitchell has worked as a literary translator since 1995.
FRIEDRICH DÜRRENMATT

Selected Essays

Translated by Isabel Fargo Cole

Friedrich Dürrenmatt was one of the most important literary figures of the twentieth century, a talent on par with Samuel Beckett, Albert Camus, Jean-Paul Sartre, and Bertolt Brecht. A prolific writer of letters, poems, novels, and short fiction, he also wrote essays on literary forms as well as philosophy and politics that provide a window onto his world and his work, demonstrating both his critical acumen and the breadth of his talents as a stylist.

Gathered from throughout his long career, the writings featured in Dürrenmatt’s Selected Essays are by turns playful and polemical, poetic and provocative, mordantly comical and deadly serious. Critics have often been perplexed by Dürrenmatt’s sudden shifts—from stage to prose and back, from comedy to tragedy and vice versa, from writing to drawing. In this volume, the full range of his interests in arts and letters—and their relationships to each other—becomes evident. In one section, a cluster of essays on the theater illuminate his idiosyncratic dramaturgical theories, drawing on examples from Attic comedy to Schiller, Brecht, and professional wrestling. In another, his philosophical essays mix his passionate reflections on ethical and political questions with his skeptical forays into metaphysics. And in autobiographical pieces such as the monumental “Vallon de l’Ermitage,” Dürrenmatt offers an intimate look at his “web of time”—the places where he traveled and the people with whom he lived and worked.

Suffused with melancholy, flashes of tenderness, and the author’s inimitable sense of the grotesque and absurd, these essays provide a compelling look at Dürrenmatt’s prodigious strength as a writer of nonfiction.

Friedrich Dürrenmatt (1921–90) is one of Switzerland’s greatest modern writers. His works include The Assignment, The Pledge, and the Inspector Barlach mysteries, as well as many other works of fiction, plays, and essays. Isabel Fargo Cole is a US-born, Berlin-based writer and translator.

Praise for Friedrich Dürrenmatt

“Friedrich Dürrenmatt is among the very few geniuses of postwar German literature. A star like Büchner and Kafka . . . he is one of the deepest thinkers and one of the smartest political writers.”

—Hans Mayer

The Swiss List

DECEMBER 224 p. 5 x 8
Cloth $27.50/£19.50
LITERATURE
IND
For more than three decades, artist William Kentridge has explored in his work the nature of subjectivity, the possibilities of revolution, the Enlightenment’s legacy in Africa, and the nature of time itself. Though his pieces have allowed viewers to encounter the traditions of landscape and self-portraiture, the limits of representation, the possibilities for animated drawing, and the labor of art, a guide to understanding the full scope of his art has been unavailable until now.

For five days, Kentridge sat with Rosalind C. Morris to talk about his work. The result—That Which Is Not Drawn—is a wide-ranging conversation and deep investigation into the artist’s techniques and the psychic and philosophical underpinnings of his body of work. In these pages, Kentridge explains the key concerns of his art, including the virtues of bastardy, the ethics of provisionality, the nature of translation, and the activity of the viewer. And together, Kentridge and Morris trace the migration of images across his works and consider the possibilities for a revolutionary art that remains committed to its own transformation.

Here, in this engaging dialogue, we at last have a guide to the continually exciting, continually changing work of one of our greatest living artists.

William Kentridge is an artist and filmmaker whose work has been exhibited at the Metropolitan Opera and the Museum of Modern Art in New York, the Louvre in Paris, La Scala in Milan, and the Museum of Contemporary Art in Chicago, among others. Rosalind C. Morris is professor of anthropology at Columbia University. She is the author of New Worlds from Fragments and In the Place of Origins.
Peter Handke, a giant of Austrian literature, has produced decades of fiction, poetry, and drama informed by some of the most tumultuous events in modern history. But even as these events shaped his work, the death of his mother—a woman whose life spanned the Weimar Republic, both world wars, and the postwar consumer economy—loomed even larger.

In Storm Still, Handke’s most recent work, he returns to the land of his birth, the Austrian province of Carinthia. There on the Jaunfeld, the plain at the center of Austria’s Slovenian settlement, the dead and the living of a family meet and talk. Composed as a series of monologues, Storm Still chronicles both the battle of the Slovene minority against Nazism and their love of the land. Presenting a panorama that extends back to the author’s bitter roots in the region, Storm Still blends penetrating prose and poetic drama to explore Handke’s personal history, taking up themes from his earlier books and revisiting some of their characters. In this book, the times of conflict and peace, war and prewar, and even the seasons themselves shift and overlap. And the fate of an orchard comes to stand for the fate of a people.

“Numerous pleasures await the reader who delves into the fabric of Peter Handke’s prose. . . . A subtle writer of unostentatious delicacy, Handke excels at fiction that, as it grows, coils around itself like wisteria. . . . This is where the French New Novel might have gone if pushed.”—Paul West, Washington Post Book World

Peter Handke was born in Austria in 1942. His works include the novels Short Letter, Long Farewell; The Left-Handed Woman; Repetition; and Absence; and the play Till Day You Do Part Or A Question of Light, also published by Seagull Books. Martin Chalmers is a Berlin-based translator from Glasgow. He has translated some of the best-known German-language writers, including Herta Müller, Elfriede Jelinek, and Hans Magnus Enzensberger.
From the publication of his first book in 1953, Yves Bonnefoy has been considered the most important and influential French poet since World War II. A prolific writer, critic, and translator, Bonnefoy continues to compose groundbreaking new work sixty years later, constantly offering his readers what Paul Auster has called “the highest level of artistic excellence.”

In *The Present Hour*, Bonnefoy’s latest collection, a personal narrative surfaces in splinters and shards. Every word from Bonnefoy is multifaceted, like the fragmented figures seen from different angles in cubist painting—as befits a poet who has written extensively about artists such as Goya, Picasso, Braque, and Gris. Throughout this moving collection, Bonnefoy’s poems echo each other, returning to and elaborating upon key images, thoughts, feelings, and people. Intriguing and enigmatic, this mixture of sonnet sequences and prose poems—or, as Bonnefoy sees them, “dream texts”—moves from his meditations on friendship and friends like Jorge Luis Borges to a long, discursive work in free verse that is a reflection on his thought and process. These poems are the ultimate condensation of Bonnefoy’s life in writing, and they will be a valuable addition to the canon of his writings available in English.

“Beverley Bie Brahic does a splendid job of translating the latest work of Yves Bonnefoy. She catches his unique combination of human detail and a groping for the beyond. . . . Brahic does full justice to the profoundly moving text—with its frequent shifts between the personal and the searchingly philosophical.”—Joseph Frank, author of *Responses to Modernity: Essays in the Politics of Culture*

**Yves Bonnefoy** is a poet, critic, and professor emeritus of comparative poetics at the Collège de France. In addition to poetry and literary criticism, he has published numerous works of art history and translated into French several of Shakespeare’s plays. He is the author of *The Arrière-Pays*, published by Seagull Books. **Beverley Bie Brahic** is a Canadian poet and translator. She has published two collections of poetry, and translations of French writers, including Apollinaire, Francis Ponge, and Hélène Cixous.
The Dogs of the Sinai

Translated by Alberto Toscano

A searing introduction to Franco Fortini, a Jewish communist and a major figure in postwar Italian intellectual life, The Dogs of the Sinai is a book against—against those who love to rush to the aid of the victors, against the widespread and racist contempt for Arabs, and against the celebration of modern civilization and technology that Israel embodies. It is also the book in which Fortini sought to clarify for himself his conflicted identity as an Italian Jew.

An uncomfortably timely book, The Dogs of the Sinai combines polemic and autobiography with narrative and criticism in a terse and finely wrought reflection on politics, identity, and truthfulness in the period after the Six Day War of 1967. Fortini describes with rich personal detail the Nazi occupation of Italy and the rise of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict, meditating on the birth of fascism and the increasing anti-Arabic influence in Europe. As topical today as it was forty-five years ago, this meditation against power is published alongside Fortini/Cani, a film by Jean-Marie Straub and Danièle Huillet, drawn from Fortini’s essay. The film includes moving scenes of the author reading excerpts from his book against quiet landscapes. The Dogs of the Sinai is a powerful text from one of the most important intellectuals of the Italian New Left.

Franco Fortini (1917–94) was a poet, essayist, literary critic, Marxist intellectual, and translator of Brecht, Goethe, and Kafka, among others. Alberto Toscano teaches in the Department of Sociology at Goldsmiths, University of London. He is the author of Fanaticism and The Theatre of Production and the translator of several books by Alain Badiou.
On December 29, 1918, the Spartakus League, a Marxist revolutionary movement, rose up in Germany calling for an end to class rule by the bourgeoisie. Massive demonstrations followed and more than 500,000 Berliners took to the streets in January—only to be crushed by police and anticommunist paramilitary troops. Several leaders of the Spartakus League were killed, and the revolt was quashed.

Through a detailed reconstruction of the events of that bloody winter, historian and critic Furio Jesi recasts our understanding of a foundational political difference—revolt or revolution? Drawing on a deep reserve of literary sources like Brecht, Eliade, Dostoyevsky, and Mann, Jesi outlines a uniquely inceptive phenomenology of revolt that distinguishes between the purposeful historical temporality of revolution and the suspension of time that marks a revolt. And with the addition of an essay on Rosa Luxemburg, a founding leader of the Spartakus League, this volume becomes a crucial text at the intersection of history and philosophy.

Praise for Furio Jesi:

"Furio Jesi always manages to stamp out the barriers between the categories on which the fragile certainties of Italian ideology had been based: rationalism/irrationalism; myth/history; laicism/religiousness; left/right; militant criticism/academia."—Giorgio Agamben

Since his first collection of poetry appeared in 1953, Philippe Jaccottet has sought to express the ineffable that lies at the heart of our material world in his essential, elemental poetry. As one of Switzerland’s most prominent and prolific men of letters, Jaccottet has published more than a dozen books of poetry and criticism, but none are widely available in English.

Seedtime—Jaccottet’s notebooks—is an especially good introduction to this leading francophone Swiss author, containing the poet’s observations of the natural world and his reflections on literature, art, music, and the human condition. In these explorations, he returns again and again to the fundamental, focusing his prodigious talents on describing the exact shade of light on a meadow, the sound of running water, the color of cherry and almond blossoms, or the cry of a bird in the stillness before dawn. In this translation by Tess Lewis, English readers will finally be able to join this poet as we follow in his footsteps of fifty years ago and find the still-viable seeds of his delicate and tenacious verse.

Philippe Jaccottet is a major Swiss poet, critic, and translator of works by Homer, Goethe, Hölderlin, Rilke, and Musil. Tess Lewis’s numerous translations from French and German include works by Peter Handke, Jean-Luc Benoïzglio, and Pascal Bruckner.
The King of China

TILMAN RAMMSTEDT
Translated by Katy Derbyshire

When Keith Stapperpfennig and his family give their grandfather the trip of a lifetime—an all-expenses-paid holiday to any destination in the world—the eccentric old man arbitrarily chooses China, and he asks Keith to accompany him. After Keith loses all the money for the journey at a casino, however, he goes into hiding—mostly under his desk—and his grandfather—equally uninterested in actually traveling to China—heads down the road to engage in a similar subterfuge.

And it is here that the novel opens, with two men in hiding, mere miles apart. But when his grandfather dies unexpectedly, Keith is left to continue the farce alone. With the aid of a guidebook, Keith writes a series of letters home to his brothers and sisters, detailing their imaginary travels and the bizarre sights they see. These start off harmlessly, but before long he starts adding invented details: nonstop dental hygiene shows on television, dog vaccinations at the post office—and the letters get longer and longer. Engaging, strange, and ultimately moving, this hilarious novel won Tilman Rammstedt the prestigious Ingeborg Bachmann Prize in 2008 and confirmed him as one of Germany’s most compelling writers.

Tilman Rammstedt was born in Bielefeld in 1975 and lives in Berlin. He has published three novels and one short story collection in German. Katy Derbyshire has translated books by Inka Parei, Simon Urban, Dorothee Elmiger, Sibylle Lewitscharoff, and many others. She lives in the UK.

Conditional Tense

After the South African Truth and Reconciliation Commission

ANTJIE KROG

When apartheid ended in 1994, a radiant national optimism suggested a bright future for the new, unified South Africa. But today, even in the midst of a vibrant economy, the cumulative effect of the country’s corrosive past—three hundred years of colonialism, the Anglo-Boer War, the displacement, dispossession, and disenfranchisement of millions of people, and the ravages of racism and capitalist exploitation—continues to eat away at what Archbishop Desmond Tutu admiringly called “the Rainbow Nation.”

Using the South African Truth and Reconciliation Commission as a starting point, acclaimed writer Antjie Krog’s essays explore texts from every corner of South Africa in an attempt to remap the borders of her country’s communities. In these pages, texts from black women, Afrikaner men, and even comic strips are discussed alongside ideas from African philosophers, an archbishop, and a Nobel Prize winner. Through this extraordinary marriage of academic observation and poetic intervention, Krog endeavors to move South Africa beyond the present moment and toward a new vocabulary of grace and care.

Antjie Krog is a poet, writer, journalist, and professor at the University of the Western Cape, South Africa. She has published twelve volumes of poetry and three nonfiction books: Country of My Skull, A Change of Tongue, and Begging to Be Black.
Mountain/What is the Way Up?
ANISH KAPOOR and NAVEEN KISHORE

The Art Monographs, a new series from Sylph Editions, juxtapose works of art with literary writing. Informative, evocative, and associative, these lavishly produced texts are a compelling interaction between word and image.

In these pages, photographs detailing Anish Kapoor’s vast aluminium sculpture Mountain are considered alongside a three-part theatrical piece by Naveen Kishore entitled What is the Way Up? Made of 120 individual layers of aluminium, the sloping sides of Kapoor’s Mountain evoke the natural process of formation by erosion, but also serve as testimony to the sophisticated technology underlying its construction. The assembled whole invites the spectator to partake in a contemplative journey as Kishore’s characters react and respond to the supernatural presence of Kapoor’s Mountain, expressing their anguish and surprise at the sculpture’s scale, texture, and elusive curves. An electrifying clash of prose cast against Kapoor’s metal monument, the combination is a striking and memorable introduction to an extraordinary new series.

Anish Kapoor is known for his geometric or biomorphic sculptures made from the highly reflective surface of polished stainless steel, notably Cloud Gate in Chicago’s Millennium Park. Born in Mumbai, Kapoor lives and works in London. Naveen Kishore is a theater practitioner and photographer in Calcutta and publisher at Seagull Books.

The Bill
For Palma Vecchio, at Venice
LÁSZLÓ KRASZNAHORKAI Translated by George Szirtes

In The Bill, László Krasznahorkai’s madly lucid voice pours forth in a single, vertiginous, eleven-page sentence addressing Palma Vecchio, a sixteenth-century Venetian painter. Peering out from the pages are Vecchio’s voluptuous, bare-breasted blondes, a succession of models transformed on the canvas into portraits of apprehensive sexuality. Alongside these women, the writer that Susan Sontag called “the Hungarian master of apocalypse” interrogates Vecchio’s gift: Why does he do it? How does he do it? And why are these models so afraid of him even though he, unlike most of his contemporaries, never touches them? The text engages with the art, asking questions only the paintings can answer.

“László Krasznahorkai’s taut, almost explosive texts resemble prose poems more than short stories or conventional novella chapters, though they do not pretend to lyricism.”—Nation

László Krasznahorkai is a Hungarian writer living in Berlin. Three of his works have been made into award-winning films by the renowned filmmaker Béla Tarr: Werckmeister Harmonies, Sátántango, and The Horse from Turin. He has written seven novels and numerous other works, including Animalinside, also available from Sylph Editions. George Szirtes is an award-winning poet and one of the world’s best-known translators of Hungarian.
Stalin is Dead
Stories and Aphorisms on Animals, Poets and Other Earthly Creatures

RACHEL SHIHOR
Translated by Ornan Rotem
With a Foreword by Nicole Krauss

“Rachel Shihor is the opposite of a misty-eyed writer,” writes Mona Reiserer in the Quarterly Conversation. “Her writing penetrates to the truth of the aches and anxieties all people share, though they must generally suffer them alone.”

“There is no question that she is a great writer,” Nicole Krauss, author of The History of Love, confirms, “Only a master could make such originality feel inevitable. The only question is why so few people have had the chance to read her.”

In Stalin is Dead, Shihor offers a medley of aphorisms, flash fiction, and short stories, carving out a slice of the world in which Kafka would feel at home. The characters that inhabit this world—reckless she-goats, morose fish, somnambulistic theologians, poignant old ladies, dying dictators, and dead poets, to name just a few—have nothing in common save for the fact that they instruct us on the human condition. Available at last in Ornan Rotem’s translation, these edifying stories, with all their sadness and humor, are a writer’s tour de force and a reader’s delight.

Contemplating Rocks

MARCUS FLACKS

Evocative and unchanging, Chinese “scholars’ rocks”—also called gongshi—have served as objects of contemplation and inspiration for thousands of years. And the presence of these rocks in homes and gardens and their depiction in Chinese art continues to inform Chinese art history and philosophy today.

In Contemplating Rocks, the renowned art dealer Marcus Flacks offers a sumptuous new exploration of the world of scholars’ rocks. Richly illustrated with photographs of some of the world’s most exquisite collections and enriched by lavish reproductions of original paintings by leading Chinese ink painters such as Liu Dan, Xu Lei, and Tai Xiangzhou, Flacks offers readers a deeper understanding of the enigmatic and introspective world of scholars’ rocks in classical Chinese culture. An illuminating historical note by Robert D. Mowry, curator of Chinese art and head of the Department of Asian Art at the Harvard Art Museums, complements this gorgeous volume.

Marcus Flacks has been one of the forces behind the promotion and illumination of Chinese objets d’art for more than twenty years. He is also the author of Chinese Classical Furniture.
Reissued

The Woman Who Thought She Was a Planet and Other Stories

VANDANA SINGH

Well-known and well-regarded in the world of science fiction and fantasy writing, Vandana Singh brings her unique imagination to a wider audience in this collection of stories, newly reissued by Zubaan Books. In the title story, a woman tells her husband of her curious discovery: that she is inhabited by small alien creatures. In another, a young girl making her way to college through the streets of Delhi comes across a mysterious tetrahedron. Is it a spaceship? Or a secret weapon?

The first Indian female speculative fiction writer, Singh has said that her genre is a “chance to find ourselves part of a larger whole; to step out of the claustrophobia of the exclusively human and discover joy, terror, wonder, and meaning in the greater universe.” A revolutionary voice in fantasy writing, Singh brings her passion for discovery to these stories, and the result is like nothing of this world.

Vandana Singh is the author of Younguncle Comes to Town and its sequel, Younguncle in the Himalayas.

Reissued

These Hills Called Home

Stories from a War Zone

TEMSULA AO

The Naga people of the troubled northeastern region of India have endured more than a century of bloodshed in their struggle for an independent Nagaland and a national identity. It is against this uneasy backdrop that the stories in this unusual collection are set. Exploring how ordinary people cope with violence, negotiate power, and seek safe havens amid terror, the stories of Temsula Ao detail a way of life under attack by the forces of modernization and war where no one—not the ordinary housewife, nor the willing accomplice, nor the young woman who sings even as she is being raped—can escape the violence. Their stories spring from the internal fault lines of the Indian nation-state.

An important activist, writer, and commentator on issues in northeastern India, Ao speaks movingly of home, country, nation, nationality, and identity. A touching—and at times harrowing—glimpse into this little-known conflict zone in India’s northeast, These Hills Called Home burns with urgency and leaves its reader profoundly changed.

Temsula Ao is a poet, short story writer, and ethnographer. She is retired from North Eastern Hill University, Indiana, where she has served as professor of English since 1975.
The Circle of Karma
KUNZANG CHODEN

The first English-language novel ever written by a woman from the Himalayan nation of Bhutan, The Circle of Karma has engaged and absorbed readers from around the world since its 2005 publication.

Written originally in English, it tells the story of Tsomo, a fifteen-year-old girl caught up in the everyday realities of household life and work. But when her mother dies, Tsomo suddenly feels called to travel and sets off toward a far-away village to light ritual butter lamps in her mother’s memory. Her travels take her to distant places, across Bhutan and into India, evolving into a major life journey. As she faces the world alone, Tsomo slowly begins to find herself, growing as a person and as a woman.

Kunzang Choden’s measured, nuanced prose and multilevel narrative weave a complex tapestry of life and its rituals in Bhutan and across South Asia. Newly reissued as part of Zuban’s anniversary celebration of a decade of cutting-edge feminist publishing, this extraordinary novel is poised to be discovered by a broad and enthusiastic new audience.

“The Circle of Karma is a milestone in South Asian literature. . . . What makes it work is Kunzang Choden’s gift for evocation, both of place and of experience. Her descriptions of the rugged spiritual terrain Tsomo covers in her quest for peace and her moments of ecstasy reminded me of other great religious works, such as Sigrid Undset’s Kristin Lavransdatter trilogy.”—Ann Morgan, A Year of Reading Round the World

Eating Women, Telling Tales
BULBUL SHARMA

In Eating Women, Telling Tales, acclaimed feminist writer and artist Bulbul Sharma explores the many roles—some perennial, some unexpected—that food can play in women’s lives. One of the stories in this rich collection features a young woman who, neglected by her rakish husband, decides to kill him by overfeeding him. Other tales narrate the adventures of a woman who cooks manically; a woman who tries and fails to share her culinary masterpieces with a son newly returned from the United States; and a woman who takes money and knickknacks from her husband’s pockets, where she finds the different scents of each woman he has been with.

These protagonists, all gloriously flawed, inspire sympathy, laughter, and sometimes awe. By turns poignant and macabre, their stories make up a delicious spread, showcasing Sharma’s immense talent for depicting the drama and complexity of women’s everyday lives. Devoured by readers the world over after their original publication in 2009, these stories are now available in a handsomely designed reissue.

“This slim collection of stories is quite like a methodical cook’s masala tray, each ingredient and spice in its proper slot. The book is best devoured in bite-sized pieces, to catch and savour the finer flavours. Each story retains its unique flavour while contributing to the main dish and the main dish, need we say, is a veritable feast for the senses.”—Hindu

Bulbul Sharma is the author of the story collections My Sainted Aunts, The Perfect Woman, and The Anger of Aubergines, and the novel Banana-Flower Dreams. Her work has been translated into several languages, including Italian, French, and Finnish.
The Missing Queen
SAMHITA ARNI

Part political thriller and part reimagining of the Ramayana, Samhita Arni’s debut novel is a brilliant critique of the political and media landscapes in modern India. Here, a young investigative journalist retraces Sita’s steps in the years after she was banished from Ayodhya by her husband. But in the course of her search, she runs afoul of the sacred, ancient city’s all-powerful secret police and its mysterious head, the Washer- man. Forced to flee, the journalist makes her way through a war-devastated land in search of answers and the missing queen.

Arni’s first book, The Mahabharata: A Child’s View, written when she was just eight years old, was translated into seven languages and has sold more than fifty thousand copies. Her second, a graphic novel titled Sita’s Ramayana, was a New York Times best seller. A dark satire, The Missing Queen marks the triumphant return of a writer with fans around the world.

“Every epic, every utopia deserves an undercover exposé, a little light shining on its dirty secrets. The Missing Queen is pacy, gritty, and very clever, both as a story of present-day India and an examination of the Ramayana’s underbelly.” —Samit Basu, author of Turbulence


Lifelines
New Writing from Bangladesh
Edited by FARAH GHUZNAVI

The first collection of its kind, Lifelines presents new work by young female writers from Bangladesh. Their stories portray multifaceted characters trying to take control of their own destinies, challenging stereotypes that cast the complex country as nothing more than poor and underdeveloped.

In these tales, a successful architect suddenly becomes the reluctant guardian of two children; a New York cabbie ponders his previous incarnation as an investment banker; a mother-in-law and daughter-in-law maintain an uneasy truce based on delusion; a student encounters a mystery from his past in a foreign land; a young woman discovers an unlikely cure for self-consciousness; clear-eyed children observe adult hypocrisies; and romance makes its way into all the wrong places. While some of the stories are set in Bangladesh and others occur against the backdrop of expatriate communities established during the Bangladeshi diaspora, they all paint unforgettable portraits of men, women, and children who face unexpected challenges and discover that the decisions they make can have far-reaching consequences.

“Engaging and rich, this is a powerful, carefully selected compilation that reflects the diversity of women’s literary voices in Bangladesh today. Rarely, an anthology manages to capture our hearts and challenge our minds at the same time and with equal fervor. This book does precisely that.” —Elif Shafak, author of The Bastard of Istanbul and The Forty Rules of Love

Farah Ghuznavi is a columnist for the Star Weekend Magazine, the largest-circulation English publication in Bangladesh, and a fiction writer.
“Taking care of our women and children builds not just a generation but the nation itself,” writes the Indian film star Shabana Azmi in her introduction to this unique volume. “We neglect mothers at our own peril, at the peril of society. If we are to lead as a nation, we must put our women and children first.”

Of Mothers and Others takes a step toward the fulfillment of this goal. A thought-provoking collection of stories, essays, and poems by a wide range of Indian writers, it challenges cozy assumptions about motherhood to reveal messy but affirming truths about this vital role and the way we experience it. These works portray motherhood from a variety of perspectives, illuminating its difficult, funny, and tender moments while addressing such topics as single motherhood, adopted children, surrogacy, bereavement, special needs children, grandmothers, and reluctant mothers. Motherhood emerges as far more than a state of being: It has profound implications, the contributors show, for personal identity, one’s place in society, and the very nature of the self.

Contributors to this book include Urvashi Butalia, Tishani Doshi, Shashi Deshpande, Namita Gokhale, Manju Kapur, and Bulbul Sharma.

Jaishree Misra has written seven novels, including, most recently, A Scandalous Secret.

Negotiating Adolescence in Rural Bangladesh
A Journey through School, Love and Marriage

NICOLETTA DEL FRANCO

Throughout South Asia, young men and women are pursuing new educational opportunities and getting married later. These changes, Nicoletta Del Franco contends, have cleared new paths toward adulthood—ways of passage whose complex implications have not been fully explored.

In Negotiating Adolescence in Rural Bangladesh, she fills this gap, documenting the realities of daily existence for young people as they navigate their lives amid the profound socioeconomic tumult of southwestern Bangladesh. Del Franco focuses on three main areas of these adolescents’ lives: college and student existence, same-sex and opposite-sex friendships and relationships, and the issues surrounding marriage and the choice of a husband or wife. In the process, she sheds new light on issues that affect adolescents not only in Bangladesh but also across South Asia.

One of the first books to address what it means to be young in today’s Bangladesh, this volume will appeal to students and scholars of Asian studies, gender studies, and sociology.

Nicoletta Del Franco is a researcher in Bangladesh, where she has worked with nongovernmental organizations since 1994. She holds a doctorate in development studies from the University of Sussex, UK.
An Indian Portia
Selected Writings of Cornelia Sorabji 1866 to 1954
Edited by KUSOOM VADGAMA
With Forewords by Brenda Hale and Coomi Kapoor

The first woman to practice law in India and Britain, Cornelia Sorabji founded the League for Infant Welfare, Maternity and District Nursing and helped hundreds of Indian women and children during her career as one of the country’s most prominent social reformers.

Providing an unprecedented portrait of her influential life and work, this collection includes published writing as well as letters and diary entries gathered from private sources and the Cornelia Sorabji archives in the British Library. These documents include writings on Gandhi, the independence movement, social reform, education, welfare, the caste system and untouchability, and the position of women; they also include correspondence with figures including Judge Harrison Falkner Blair, Elena Rathbone (later Lady Richmond), the viceroys of India, and Princess Louise of England. Forewords by Brenda Hale, a justice of the Supreme Court of the United Kingdom, and Coomi Kapoor, a former president of the Indian Press Corps, illuminate the heritage that Sorabji’s career and writings have left to the people of India.

An essential compendium for anyone interested in—or inspired by—Sorabji, this volume reveals the depths of an extraordinary figure’s dedication to public service.

Kusoom Vadgama, a doctor of optometry, is a trustee of the ASHA Centre, an international organization working for youth empowerment, sustainable development, and peace. She is the editor of India in Britain.

Back-in-Print

We Also Made History
Women in the Ambedkarite Movement

URMILA PAWAR and MEENAKSHI MOON
Translated and with an Introduction by Wandana Sonalkar

Originally published in Marathi in 1989, this contemporary classic details the history of women’s participation in Dr. B. R. Ambedkar’s Dalit movement for the first time. Focusing on the involvement of women in various Dalit struggles since the early twentieth century, the book goes on to consider the social conditions of Dalit women’s lives, daily religious practices and marital rules, the practice of ritual prostitution, and women’s issues. Drawing on diverse sources including periodicals, records of meetings, and personal correspondence, the latter half of the book is composed of interviews with Dalit women activists from the 1930s. These firsthand accounts from more than forty Dalit women make the book an invaluable resource for students of caste, gender, and politics in India. A rich store of material for historians of the Dalit movement and gender studies in India, We Also Made History remains a fundamental text of the modern women’s movement.

“By wrenching women’s history from prior conventional frames, this account liberates new possibilities that suggest the different shapes that histories of feminism can take.”—Sharmila Sreekumar, Contributions to Indian Sociology

Urmila Pawar, a writer and activist in the Dalit women’s movement, worked as an employee of the Public Works Department of the state of Maharashtra until her retirement. Meenakshi Moon was closely associated with Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and was involved with his organizational work. Wandana Sonalkar teaches economics at Dr. Babasaheb Marathwada University, Aurangabad, and is a founding member of Aalochana Centre for Documentation and Research on Women.
The first full-length autobiography in Bengali, *Amar Jiban* (*My Life*) was written in the early nineteenth century by an upper-caste rural housewife named Rashundari Debi. Published in 1868 when she was eighty-eight years old, the book is a fascinating snapshot of life for women in the nineteenth century. Debi, who gave birth to eleven children—her first was born when she was eighteen years old, the last when she was forty-one—ruminates on her very individual understanding of *bhakti* beliefs as well as the new times that were unfolding around her.

Offering a translation of major sections of this remarkable autobiography, *Words to Win* is a portrait of a woman who wants to compose a life of her own, wishes to present it in the public sphere, and eventually accomplishes just that. The words, in the end, win out. First published in 1999, the book is a must-read for anyone interested in nineteenth-century Indian history. The classic text is reissued here in a new paperback format.

“Tanika Sarkar’s dissection of the text—the autobiography of an upper-caste East Bengali widow from a family of landlords, who teaches herself to read and write in secrecy as it’s a taboo to do so—yields a cracking yarn of social history.”—Pothik Ghosh, *Outlook*

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Pandita Ramabai was one of India’s earliest feminists. Honored with the title of Saraswati in Calcutta in 1879, she soon alienated the men who had initially supported her. A high-caste Hindu widow, Ramabai converted to Christianity, an act that was seen not only as a betrayal of her religion but of her very nation.

A classic study, *Rewriting History* does more than introduce one of the foremost thinkers of nineteenth-century India: it rescues Ramabai from the marginalization of her contemporaries. Arguing that this controversial figure has been actively suppressed in the writing of India’s pre-independence history, Uma Chakravarti liberates Ramabai with an acute and nuanced critique of the power relations and hierarchies within a colonized society. Thoroughly researched and meticulously detailed, *Rewriting History* is essential reading for those interested in gender, class, and caste in nineteenth-century India.

“*Rewriting History* provides a rigorously researched context to Ramabai’s work, linking her with social and historical processes that shaped the nation.”—*Indian Express*
Northeast India, connected to the rest of the country by only a narrow strip of land, has long been a site of tension between people native to the region—many of whom have long demanded more political independence—and representatives of the mainland and the Indian state. In 2004, one of the region’s notorious paramilitary groups famously arrested and killed a young woman named Thangjam Manorama. This collection takes its inspiration from the mass demonstrations that arose after her death and the unprecedented protests against the violence that has wracked the area.

In a diverse series of reflections on the state of the Northeast in the wake of these events, the contributors address such topics as nationhood, identity, and the complex factors that alienate the region from the rest of India. Their intensely personal responses and informed political assessments illuminate the changes, asymmetries, and fault lines that continue to cause potentially violent rifts. Some of these writers, academics, and activists grew up in the Northeast, while others are outsiders—but all share a passion for the area and an intense desire for peace.

“It’s impossible to cover the import of all the essays in the span of one review. But in short, the book is a brave attempt to cover just about everything there is to know about the region from a concerned citizen’s point of view.”
—Susan Abraham, DNA

Preeti Gill has worked extensively on issues related to women and conflict in Northeast India. She is coeditor of *Shadow Lives: Writings on Widowhood*.

Mainstream feminist discourse has failed to fully engage with commercial sex work. In a series of groundbreaking, previously unpublished essays, *The Business of Sex* corrects this lacuna.

Moving beyond the traditional feminist focus on slavery and trafficking, HIV/AIDS, and other health issues, the contributors to this volume engage fully with the political and theoretical implications of sex work. Dismissing old antagonisms, they argue that feminism—thanks to its role in revolutionizing perspectives on sexuality and labor—is a natural ally for the sex workers’ rights movement. In the process, these innovative scholars provocatively critique the dominant moral paradigm of heterosexual monogamy, which has created a pervasive “victim” discourse and limited our understanding of sex work’s complex realities.

Drawing on firsthand stories of sex workers and prostitutes, this volume gives voice to newly articulated movements such as “whore feminism” and “queer feminism”—feminisms that have the potential to move discussions about sex work onto new and fruitful terrain.

Laxmi Murthy is a consulting editor at *Himal Southasian* and heads the Hri Institute for Southasian Research and Exchange. Meena Saraswathi Seshu is the general secretary of SANGRAM, an organization in Sangli, Maharashtra, that works to protect the rights of sex workers, as well as people living with HIV/AIDS.
Diverting the Flow
Gender Equity and Water in South Asia
Edited by MARGREET ZWARTEVEEN, SARA AHMED, and SUMAN RIMAL GAUTAM

South Asia’s significant water resources are unevenly distributed, with about a fifth of the population lacking adequate access. Across the region this vital substance determines livelihoods and in some cases even survival. By revealing the extent to which water access depends on power relations and politics, Diverting the Flow offers new perspectives on the relationship between gender equity and water issues in South Asia.

Drawing on empirical research and relevant theoretical frameworks, the contributors show how gender intersects with other axes of social difference—such as class, caste, ethnicity, age, and religion—to shape water use and management practices. Each of the volume’s six thematic sections begins by introducing key concepts, debates, and theories before moving on to parse such issues as rights, policies, technologies, and intervention strategies. Taken together, they demonstrate that gender issues are the key to understanding and improving water distribution and management practices in the region. Featuring work by leading scholars in the field, this volume will be essential reading for students and scholars of water, gender, and development in South Asia.

Margreet Zwarteveen is a researcher and lecturer in the Water Management Resources Group of Wageningen University, the Netherlands. Sara Ahmed works for the Canadian International Development Research Centre regional office in New Delhi. Suman Rimal Gautam is a water resources specialist at an international development consulting firm based in Washington, DC.

Reissued
Writing Caste/Writing Gender
Narrating Dalit Women’s Testimonios
SHARMILA REGE

A pathbreaking study of Dalit women’s writings and lives, Writing Caste/Writing Gender offers a powerful counternarrative to mainstream assumptions about the development of feminism in India in the twentieth century. Featuring extensive extracts from eight Dalit women’s life narratives—or testimonios—on issues such as food, hunger, community, caste, labor, education, violence, resistance, and collective struggle, the book brings to life voices that unequivocally show that Dalit feminism, far from being silent as so often presumed, is rich, powerful, and layered—as well as highly articulate.

Writing Caste/Writing Gender contributes significantly to the field of biography and will be welcomed by scholars of caste, gender, and politics in India.

“The women tell it like it is. So riveting is the narration that it is difficult to put down the book until their stories are finished. For a nonfiction academic work this is no small feat.”—Hindu

Sharmila Rege is an Indian sociologist, feminist scholar, and activist.
The Kampankis Mountains are a knife-thin ridge in northern Peru that rises 1,435 meters above the surrounding Amazon lowlands. For three weeks, a group of researchers explored both the biological diversity and cultural values of the Cerros de Kampankis landscape, with the aim of promoting the long-term conservation of the area by the local Awajún and Wampis indigenous peoples. Field Museum and Peruvian scientists recorded over 1,700 species of plants, fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds, and mammals, including twenty-five species that appear to be new to science. The report is presented in Spanish and English, and includes conservation recommendations, a technical report on the biological and social findings, appendices, and an executive summary in Wampis and Awajún.

**Perú: Cerros de Kampankis**

Rapid Biological and Social Inventories 24

Edited by NIGEL PITMAN et al.

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**The Kampankis Mountains**

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**The Culture of Ethics**

FRANCO LA CECLA and PIERO ZANINI

What is ethics? Is it a system of transcendent moral imperatives, or can it be produced by ordinary people in everyday life? Do the daily rules of interaction constitute a code of ethics? In *The Culture of Ethics*, renowned anthropologists Franco La Cecla and Piero Zanini address these questions in a series of thought-provoking reflections that draw their inspiration from diverse sources, ranging from fieldwork in Papua New Guinea to cinematic depictions of the Ten Commandments.

An engaging and accessible contribution to the emerging interest in “ordinary ethics,” *The Culture of Ethics* explores what anthropology has to offer on the question of how we ought to live.

Franco La Cecla is an anthropologist and architect who has taught in Milan, Venice, Palermo, Barcelona, and Paris. He lives in Barcelona and is the author of several books, including *Pasta and Pizza*, also published by Prickly Paradigm Press. Piero Zanini is a senior researcher at the Laboratoire Architecture Anthropologie de l’École nationale supérieure de Paris-La Villette. He lives in Paris.
Alexander Calder
Avant-garde in Motion

Alexander Calder is one of the most important—and most popular—American artists of the twentieth century. This lavishly illustrated volume accompanies an exhibition at the Kunstsammlung Nordrhein-Westfalen in Düsseldorf that focuses on Calder’s works of the 1930s and ’40s, a period in which the sculptor experimented with a number of wildly different artistic directions.

In addition to showcasing a large number of Calder’s early abstract sculptures, this book presents key works by his contemporaries, artists such as Piet Mondrian, Joan Miró, and Jean Arp. By setting Calder’s work alongside that of other artists, the volume establishes not only lines of influence and differentiation, but also the larger context in which he created his sculptures. Beautiful full-page images of Calder’s iconic mobiles and stabiles give a rare sense of Calder’s often playful use of space and enable readers to study his work in detail. An accompanying DVD includes historical and experimental films, avant-garde music, interviews, and a walk through the exhibition, bringing the whole of Calder’s achievement to life in unprecedented fashion.

Marion Ackermann is a German art historian and director of the Kunstsammlung Nordrhein-Westfalen, where Susanne Meyer-Büser is a curator.
For decades, painter Alex Katz has split his time between New York and Maine, and the two very different locales have left their marks on his work. This volume, drawing on the large collection of Katz’s paintings held by the Colby College Museum of Art, is the first to highlight the distinctions between the works created in each place.

After attending the Skowhegan School of Painting and Sculpture in Maine in 1949, Katz bought a studio in the rural town of Lincolnville in 1954 and began to spend his summers there. The effect on his work was immediately apparent. While he continued to produce striking New York cityscapes, he also began to paint the quieter landscapes he saw in Maine. The elegance of New York interiors, meanwhile, gave way in the summer months to paintings of outdoor leisure activities. And close-up portraits of urban faces—of which Katz was a master—were replaced with “portraits” of memorable trees, thickets against late-evening light, and flower-strewn meadows.

A fully comprehensive survey of Katz’s work, this beautifully produced volume offers a new way to understand the whole of his remarkable career.

Toni Stooss is an art historian and director of the Museum der Moderne Salzburg.
Minimalist artist Dan Flavin (1933–96) is best known for his brightly colored fluorescent light installations, which have captivated art lovers for decades. But he was also an accomplished draftsman, and this is the first book to fully explore the central role that drawing played in Flavin's art.

Not only did Flavin produce numerous sketches for each of his light installations, he also regularly drew outdoors, primarily river-scenes and beach scenes. A number of those drawings are included in this volume, as is a group of remarkable pastels of sails, a subject he turned to when he was in his fifties. This book also draws on Flavin's journals, in which he wrote about his passion for drawing, which he called “an intensely concentrated personal form of artistic relief.”

Yet despite the importance of drawing in Flavin's life, his drawings are little-known, in part because he almost never sold—or even gave away—his drawings. Most of the works reproduced here were never shown publicly and are being published for the first time.

Offering a surprising new angle on a major artist, Dan Flavin: Drawing will surprise—and delight—his many fans.

Isabelle Dervaux is the Acquavella Curator of Modern and Contemporary Drawings at the Morgan Library and Museum in New York. Friedrich Meschede is director of the Kunsthalle Bielefeld.
Edited by GREGOR WEDEKIND, MAX HOLLEIN, and LUC VANACKERE

Théodore Géricault
Images of Life and Death

This beautifully illustrated volume presents French romantic painter Théodore Géricault in a fascinating new light: through his works that addressed the physical and psychological torments of modern life.

The book presents hundreds of images of Géricault’s paintings, in stunning full-color reproductions, to show how his emphasis on the suffering inherent in modern existence represented a completely new way of depicting life. Marrying the romantics’ fascination with horror and the unsentimental perspective of science with his images of madness and death, Géricault played a key role in the deliberate visualization of the modern, existentially isolated individual. When viewed this way—and placed in context with his contemporaries, such as Goya, Fuseli, and Adolph Menzel—Géricault’s work upends the traditional opposition of realism and romanticism, allowing us instead to see them as interrelated, sharing approaches and areas of interest.

Four essays by scholars steeped in Géricault and his period round out the volume, which will be essential for fans of the romantic tradition.

Gregor Wedekind is professor of art history at Johannes Gutenberg University of Mainz. Max Hollein is director of the Schirn Kunsthalle, Städel Museum, and Städtische Galerie Liebieghaus, all in Frankfurt. Luc Vanackere is director of the Museum voor Schone Kunsten Gent.
Hundertwasser was a key figure in the international avant-garde art scene in the years just after World War II. This volume takes a close look at an understudied aspect of his work: the deep influence of Japanese art and philosophy that can be traced in his painting.

Like many European artists in the 1950s, Hundertwasser viewed the Far East as a source of a new, more open concept of art, free of the dispiriting weight of the Western tradition. He was fascinated by the striking woodcuts of Japanese masters Hiroshige and Hokusai, and his study of their work, along with his long-lasting engagement with Taoism and Zen Buddhism, greatly influenced his experimental compositions and action paintings of the period. An early friendship with Akira Kito and his 1961 marriage to his Japanese life partner further fueled Hundertwasser’s artistic explorations.

A beautifully produced volume that offers a wholly new way of thinking about a potent figure in twentieth-century art, _Hundertwasser_ will appeal to fans of the European and Japanese traditions alike.

_Agnes Husslein-Arco_ is an art historian and director of the Belvedere Gallery in Vienna, where _Harald Krejci_ and _Axel Köhne_ are curators of the exhibition that accompanies this volume.
The fantastical art of short-lived German painter and photographer Wolfgang Schulze (1913–51), known as Wols, draws viewers into a strange, miniature world, one that bridges surrealism and abstract expressionism. This richly illustrated book offers the first comprehensive retrospective of Wols’s career in more than twenty years. It presents two hundred color images of the artist’s work—the majority drawn from private collections and thus rarely seen in public. The paintings presented here make up more than one-third of his entire oeuvre, and they are accompanied by drawings and aquarelles, which taken together show the artist’s evolution. We see him drawing on surrealism and naïve art, but then going beyond those schools to develop new forms of expression within abstract art. Essays by German and American scholars round out the volume, putting Wols’s achievement in its historical and artistic context.

The result is the most complete picture ever offered of Wols’s work, and it makes a strong case for his important place in twentieth-century art.

More than 150 years old, the Kunsthalle Bremen holds a diverse collection of paintings, sculptures, prints, and graphic works. The Menil Collection in Houston, Texas, holds 16,000 works in its permanent collection.
Austrian painter Egon Schiele (1890–1918) is one of the most famous and recognizable twentieth-century artists, his work seen everywhere from museum walls to dorm room posters. This book is the first to focus on his early life and work, starting with his childhood in Tulln an der Donau and following his career through his resignation from the Vienna Art Academy in 1909.

Through that period, we see Schiele begin to develop the distinctive brushstrokes, expressive lines, and underlying intensity that make his work so unforgettable. Essays by art historians shed light on the circumstances of Schiele’s childhood and the cultural, social, and family setting in which he began thinking about and making art. Beautiful, large-scale reproductions illustrate the evolution of his basic formal principles and help us understand his first creative phase, which reflected his dissatisfaction with the traditional styles that were then dominant. Other essays address his crucial friendship with Gustav Klimt and the various collections and collectors of Schiele’s early work. An enlightening new take on one of the most influential figurative painters, Egon Schiele: The Beginning will appeal not only to specialists and scholars, but to Schiele’s many fans as well.

Christian Bauer is a curator at the Egon Schiele Museum in Tulln an der Donau, Austria.
Painter and sculptor Georg Baselitz is one of the most important German artists working today, his art held by major museums around the world. And for more than thirty years, photographer Benjamin Katz has been documenting Baselitz at work. Katz is famous for his photographic portraits of artists, including Gerhard Richter, Joseph Beuys, Sigmar Polke, Rosemarie Trockel, and Martin Kippenberger. His substantial experience working with artists—and the friendships he’s established with them—enables him to capture them when they are completely at ease. The resulting portraits offer an unprecedented view of artists at work. In this book, we see Baselitz with paintbrush in hand, contemplating a painting, lifting a hammer as he eyes an in-progress sculpture, or relaxing with a cigar and a dog at his side.

The photographs in this volume are intimate, personal, and disarming. A testament to decades of friendship, the photographs reveal a new side of an artist we’ve previously seen only through his work.

Cornelia Gockel teaches art history at the Akademie der Bildenden Künste München.
K. H. Hödicke
Painting, Sculpture, Film
Edited by the BERLINISCHE GALERIE

This volume offers a close look at the work of German neo-expressionist pioneer Karl Horst Hödicke. It presents sixty full-color reproductions of his paintings and sculptures, along with essays by art historians tracing his career and analyzing his work and its context. Hödicke came to Berlin at age twenty to study at the Hochschule der Künste, and in 1964 he founded an influential artists’ exhibition space, Großgörschen 35. After a sojourn in America, he returned to Germany and began experimenting with plastic processes and, coming full circle, started teaching at the Hochschule der Künste. His influence can still be seen today—he’s considered the driving force behind the neo-expressionism of the 1980s, and artists are still wrestling with his works and ideas. This catalog accompanies a substantial, career-spanning show at the Berlinische Galerie, drawn largely from the gallery’s own substantial collection of Hödicke’s work.

The Berlinische Galerie is one of the newest museums in Berlin and collects art from Berlin from 1870 to the present.

Verena Landau
Passages, Passengers, Places
VERENA LANDAU

This lavishly illustrated book presents a comprehensive overview of the career thus far of German artist Verena Landau, documenting her projects from 1999 through 2013. Landau is particularly interested in the tense relationship between art and commerce, a theme that runs through several of her works. The sale of her painted film stills Pasolini-Stills and Passing Pasolini, for example, led her to create portraits of collectors engaged in mundane activities in the spaces in front of the paintings, while Zone of Discretion traces the story of a painting that was sold to a bank. Another project involved staging a fictional theft of her own painting through a series of photomontages. In more recent years, Landau has been interested in entrances to banks and shareholder meetings, public passages, and, most recently, spaces of public transit and the waiting and movement that occur there.

A retrospective that reveals an artist changing and evolving, Verena Landau: Passages, Passengers, Places is a fascinating, revealing document of a cutting-edge artist.

Verena Landau is a German artist who works for the Institute for Art Education in Leipzig.
Bernhard Hoetger—The Plane Tree Grove
A Total Artwork on the Mathildenhöhe
Edited by RALF BEIL and PHILIPP GUTBROD

Expressionist sculptor Bernhard Hoetger (1874–1949) was a key figure in the art deco movement in Germany. This volume focuses on the series of extremely influential sculptural works that Hoetger created for the plane tree grove of the art deco exhibition center Mathildenhöhe in Darmstadt. A member of the Darmstadt artists’ colony, Hoetger created more than forty sculptural works for the colony’s final exhibition in 1914, including reliefs, animal sculptures, jug carriers, vases, and more. Exhibited across the entire garden area, the artworks drew on motifs not only from Christian art and the Western tradition, but also on Buddhism, ancient Egyptian poetry, and more—and the result was an outdoor realm that visitors experienced as almost sacred.

This beautifully illustrated volume, the first in-depth look at these works in a century, includes new photographs of all the artworks in situ and also details the extensive restoration work they’ve undergone in recent years.

Ralf Beil is an art historian, curator, and critic, and director of the Institut Mathildenhöhe, where Philipp Gutbrod is a curator.

Emil Jakob Schindler
Poetic Realism
Edited by AGNES HUSSLEIN-ARCO and ALEXANDER KLEE

Viennese painter Emil Jakob Schindler (1842–92) is known for his idealized, poetic landscapes, “atmospheric impressionist” paintings that represent a key moment in the shift from the opulence of Viennese art of the earlier part of the nineteenth century towards a new understanding of nature. Schindler’s landscapes are influenced by romanticism, with their lonely chapels and couples walking in deep forests, but they also show the influence of the symbolist movement, the World Exhibition, and the Barbizon school—in addition to the longer Viennese tradition. Schindler’s landscapes are of particular interest in part because he doesn’t represent nature as separate from humanity—rather, by presenting not only people but water mills, steamboats, and other man-made objects, he suggests a fundamental harmony between humans and the natural world.

This book reproduces more than one hundred of Schindler’s paintings, accompanied by essays exploring his career, the artistic scene of his time, and his influence.

Agnes Husslein-Arco is an art historian and director of the Belvedere Gallery in Vienna, where Alexander Klee is a curator.
**Werner Schuster** has been a practicing doctor for thirty years, and his photographs have been displayed in exhibitions in Austria and Germany.

**Engineering Design**  
Made in Wuhan, China

Edited by THOMAS HERZOG, ZHIHONG JIN, BAOFEING LI, LI WANG, and YONGMING XU

A city of ten million, Wuhan is the engineering center of China, a site of remarkable functional architecture on a breathtaking scale. This book features photographs, plans, and accounts of major projects found in or originating in Wuhan, along with analyses of twenty-four of the most impressive engineering works in China, including the Three Gorges Dam, power plants, tunnels, and bridges. In the process, the book reveals the unique culture of engineering in Wuhan, an approach that refuses to differentiate between the functional and the aesthetic—and that views engineering skill and knowledge as essential for pushing design forward.

**Thomas Herzog** is an architect and the editor of Oskar Von Miller Forum. **Zhihong Jin** is deputy director of the Wuhan Urban and Rural Construction Committee. **Baofeng Li** is dean of the Faculty of Architecture and Urban Planning at Huazhong University of Science and Technology, of which **Li Wang** is director. **Yongming Xu** is president of the Hubei Institute of Fine Arts.
Nukuoro
Sculptures from Micronesia
Edited by CHRISTIAN KAUFMANN and OLIVER WICK

Nukuoro Atoll is a ring of tiny islands in the south Pacific that has a total area of only 1.7 square kilometers and is home to only three hundred residents. Yet the tiny aitu sculptures produced there are known worldwide, appreciated for their unusual forms and coveted for their rarity.

This book features images of almost half the aitu sculptures known to exist, starting with the earliest ones that were purchased by trader Johann Stanislaus Kubary in 1873. These pieces are distributed throughout museums across the globe, and they are rarely seen as a group—let alone photographed in such stunning detail. The resulting book offers an unprecedented chance to assess the form and the achievement of the sculptors of Nukuoro Atoll.

Christian Kaufmann is an honorary research associate at the Sainsbury Research Unit of the University of East Anglia, Norwich, UK. Oliver Wick is curator at large at the Fondation Beyeler in Switzerland.

Images Take Flight
Feather Art in Mexico and Europe
Edited by GERHARD WOLF

This beautiful catalog presents a stunning range of feather mosaics from Mexico and Latin America that were created during the time of the Spanish Empire. It presents new photographs of these complicated, beautiful works, and through essays and analysis explores the history, aesthetics, importance, and religious and cultural significance of the pieces. Scholars analyze the complicated use of varied materials in the artworks, which include not only feathers but also jade, turquoise, and gold, and they draw lessons about the Mesoamerican understanding of ornithology and natural history.

No book has ever brought together so many images of artworks from this tradition, let alone assembled a team of scholars to offer such trenchant analysis. It will be essential for art historians, scholars of colonialism, and historians of the Spanish Empire alike.

Gerhard Wolf is an art historian, director of the Kunsthistorisches Institut in Florence, and honorary professor at Humboldt University in Berlin.
The Tansey Collection of Miniatures, now held by the Bomann Museum in Celle, Germany, represents one of the most significant collections of European miniature paintings. This volume is the fifth in a series exploring the collection in key periods. Each volume presents new photographic reproductions of the miniatures at actual size.

This volume covers the final fifty years of the eighteenth century, perhaps the most magnificent period in the history of miniature painting, a time of great innovation in both style and technique. Essays by specialists in the field offer insights into the artworks, their patrons, and the period. The resulting book is as informative as it is beautiful, a stunning testament to a bygone age and a once-popular form.

**Never Modern**
**IRÉNÉE SCALBERT** and **6A ARCHITECTS**

*With Contributions by Tom Emerson and Stephanie Macdonald*

*Never Modern* explores the role of narrative, history, and appropriation in the works of the London-based firm 6a Architects, whose recent projects include the South London Gallery, Raven Row, and the new fashion galleries at the Victoria and Albert Museum. It examines the unique approach of the members of 6a, wherein they avoid style and signature in favor of a premodern sense of *mētis*, or “flair, wisdom, forethought, subtlety of mind, deception, resourcefulness, vigilance, opportunism, varied skills, and experience.” This analysis is accompanied by a striking visual essay of archival photographs, artworks, film stills, and recent projects by the firm. In the end, the book reveals that like contemporary society in general, the architecture of 6a Architects is fundamentally a work of bricolage, creating art composed of various objects on hand and drawing from history and the everyday to create something new and vital.
Many of us spend forty hours a week in offices, and all too often we forget that these buildings are not simply where we go to stare at computer screens, but works that have been carefully laid out and designed. In *A-Typical Plan*, Jeannette Kuo offers a multifaceted look at the architecture and typology of the office building from the 1880s up through today.

Featuring the works of architects such as Frank Lloyd Wright, Kenzo Tange, Giuseppe Terragni, Le Corbusier, SANAA, Herzog & de Meuron, Toyo Ito, Christian Kerez, and many others, *A-Typical Plan* elucidates the evolution of office space over time through twenty in-depth case studies of the most influential office buildings, all complete with floor plans and photographs. The work features essays by renowned authors, including Inaki Abalos, Pier Vittorio Aureli, Andrea Bassi, Isabel Concheiro, Florian Idenburg, Jeannette Kuo, Jimenez Lai, Enric Massip-Bosch, Freek Persyn, Antoine Picon, and Dries Rodet. An interview and a comic strip round out the volume and shed light on the history of the office building. Succinct and beautifully illustrated, *A-Typical Plan* is a reminder that even buildings created for quotidian uses can be works of art in themselves.

*Jeanette Kuo* is visiting professor at the École polytechnique fédérale de Lausanne and a partner at Karamuk + Kuo Architects in Zürich.

In *Water Urbanisms 2—East*, a selection of the world’s leading experts on urbanism reflect on the changing role that water plays in cities. They investigate the possible consequences of global warming on urban water supplies, including new problems with drought and flooding, as well as the new pressures of dealing with storm waters and basin management. This book is organized in three sections, each of which explores urban water use through a particular theme. "Contemporary Positions" examines a broad array of specific modern water projects. "Re-visiting/Re-editing Urban Water Projects" studies the history of water urbanisms from around the world in light of today’s challenges and research. "Explorations & Speculations: Excerpts on Water Urbanisms" looks at the role of design in urban water infrastructures. This richly illustrated book offers a wide-ranging account of the myriad roles water plays in our modern city centers.

*Kelly Shannon* is professor at the Institute of Urbanism and Landscape at the Oslo School of Architecture and Design. *Bruno De Meulder* is professor in the Department of Architecture, Urbanism, and Planning at the KV Leuven in Belgium.
**Village in the City**

Asian Variations of Urbanisms of Inclusion
Edited by KELLY SHANNON, BRUNO DE MEULDER, and YANLIU LIN

*Village in the City* looks at how villages become engulfed in urban centers as the population and geographic parameters of cities grow. Offering a comparative analysis of how this process occurs throughout Asia, with special attention to Chinese cities, this volume presents case studies focusing on Beijing, Guangzhou, New Delhi, and Hanoi. Academics and practicing architects from Europe and Asia contribute essays that examine the dynamics of inclusion and exclusion in Chinese urbanism, migrant residents in urban centers, and urban renewal. Far-ranging and rigorous, these original essays are supplemented by over one hundred images.

**Kelly Shannon** is professor at the Institute of Urbanism and Landscape at the Oslo School of Architecture and Design. **Bruno De Meulder** is professor in the Department of Architecture, Urbanism, and Planning at KV Leuven in Belgium. **Yanliu Lin** is a postdoctoral researcher in the Department of Geography at Utrecht University.

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**Glatt! From Suburb to City?**
Edited by ARCHITECTS GROUP KROKODIL

In 2012 the Architects Group Krokodil published a manifesto for urban planning that offered a bold vision of the future development of the Glatt valley, a suburban region northeast of Zürich. In association with this new approach to urban development, Architects Group Krokodil and ETH Zurich put together the 2012 International Summer Academy Zurich, in which participants came together to focus their work on the revitalization of the Glatt valley.

*Glatt! From Suburb to City?* presents the results of this meeting through text and images. The first section of the book is an overview of the lecture series, while the second part documents the studio work created during the course. Although focused on the challenges of designing for the Zürich suburbs, this volume offers an exciting new vision of urbanism that can be inspirational for architects and city planners worldwide.

**Architects Group Krokodil** is an informal association of Zürich-based architects who aim to create ideas and visions for urban development in Switzerland and Central Europe.
Peter Zumthor


With Essays by Peter Zumthor

Unquestionably one of the most influential and revered contemporary architects, Peter Zumthor has approached his work with a singular clarity of vision and a strong sense of his own philosophy, both of which have earned him the admiration of his peers and the world at large. Choosing to only take on a few projects at a time and keep his studio small, Zumthor has produced a comparatively small number of realized buildings, but they rank among the world’s most stunning: St. Benedict’s Chapel in Sumvitg, Switzerland; Therme Vals in Vals, Switzerland; Kunsthaus Bregenz in Bregenz, Austria; and the Kolumba Art Museum in Cologne, Germany, number among his most famous designs. This collection, however, explores his entire body of award-winning work from 1986 to 2013 in five volumes, including his lesser-known but nonetheless critically acclaimed works, such as the Field Chapel for Brother Klaus near Mechernich, Germany, and the Steilneset Memorial to the Victims of the Witch Trials in Vardø in Norway.

Peter Zumthor presents around forty of his projects, both realized and unrealized, through Zumthor’s own writing, along with photographs, sketches, drawings, and plans. A complete catalog of his works starting in 1979 rounds out the book. Richly illustrated and beautifully designed, this book serves as both an introduction to Zumthor’s work and philosophy for the layperson and a required addition to any architect’s library.

Thomas Durisch is an architect who worked at Peter Zumthor’s studio from 1990 to 1994 and has owned his own firm in Zürich since 1995. He was curator of the exhibition Peter Zumthor: Bauten und Projekte 1986–2007 at Kunsthaus Bregenz in 2007.
**New Revised Edition**

Edited by THE SWISS NATIONAL MUSEUM

**Pirate Silk**

The Fabric Designs of Abraham Ltd.

Textiles are one of Switzerland’s oldest industries, and one of the biggest names in Switzerland’s silk trade has long been Abraham Ltd. *Pirate Silk: The Fabric Designs of Abraham Ltd.* draws from the vast archives that are held at the Swiss National Museum in Zürich to document the fascinating history of this influential enterprise. This book is a revised edition of the second volume of the two-volume set *Soie Pirate*, which was published in 2010. It supplements beautiful illustrations of the designs, patterns, and samples of the fabrics produced by Abraham Ltd. with a previously unpublished introductory essay that provides background for the images. Not only does this volume contain an up-close look at Abraham Ltd.’s fabric, but it also includes photographs and sketches of the elegant dresses created from their fabrics—dresses from such couturiers as Coco Chanel, Christian Dior, and Yves Saint Laurent. *Pirate Silk* displays Abraham Ltd.’s far-reaching and long-lasting influence upon the world of fashion and brings to life a lesser-known chapter in the history of fashion.

*The Swiss National Museum* was founded by the Swiss Confederation in 1891 and opened in Zürich in 1898. It contains Switzerland’s largest collection of objects regarding the cultural history of Switzerland. The permanent exhibition covers all periods, from prehistory to the twenty-first century.

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**Praise for the previous edition**

“These volumes are an amazing representation of the work of this fantastic house, whose textiles will continue to inspire and excite for years to come.”

—*Vogue*
A vast, empty landscape in the farthest reaches of the Inner Mongolia province of China, Badain Jaran is one of the few environs in the world that has not been obsessively catalogued, photographed, and explored in this age of Google Maps and Lonely Planet travel guides. Except for two German-Chinese research expeditions in 1988 and 1993, the desert has remained mostly unknown to Western travelers.

From 2009 to 2012, artist and photographer Carlos Crespo made several trips to the virtually untouched and almost inaccessible region to document both the starkly beautiful scenery and the lives of the few Mongolian herders who dwell on the fringes of the desert. Crespo recorded Badain Jaran’s numerous sand dunes, some of which reach 1,600 feet tall, and the freshwater and saline lakes that dot the desert. His stunning photographs were all taken while battling the intemperate weather of the region; winter temperatures can get as low as -40˚F and the spring and autumn bring violent sandstorms. The results of Crespo’s labors are devastatingly gorgeous, and Badain Jaran offers readers a rare chance to glimpse a world unmarked by humanity.

Carlos Crespo is an independent and internationally active artist and photographer in Zürich.

A series of recent excavations has revealed the monumental sacred structures of the Chavín culture, whose people populated the coastal regions of Peru one thousand years before the Inca and which is regarded today as the mother culture of the Andes. The most magnificent of these structures is the temple at Chavín de Huántar, which is built of ornately carved stone. In 1985 the complex at Chavín de Huántar was declared a UNESCO World Heritage site, but archaeologists have continued to discover artifacts such as sculptures, religious vessels, jewelry, and textiles. This book offers a comprehensive overview of the site, including maps, plans, and photographs. Essays examine the layout of the temple and the key concepts behind Chavín architecture. Also included is a full catalog of the 170 artifacts found at Chavín. Published to coincide with the first ever exhibition on the culture of Chavín de Huántar at the Museum Rietberg in Zürich, this volume provides an up-to-date account of the archaeological findings at this important but lesser-known site.

Peter Fux is the curator of art of the Americas at the Museum Rietberg in Zürich. He has taken part in many archaeological projects in Peru, including the study of Chavín de Huántar.
Concrete
Photography and Architecture
Edited by DANIELA JANSER, THOMAS SEELIG, and URS STAHEL

The fields of photography and architecture have long been closely linked: photography provides a powerful way for architecture to be appreciated from a distance, and the camera lens alters and enhances buildings so that they can be appreciated anew, even by those already intimately familiar with them. Concrete explores this deep and often complex relationship, with particular attention paid not only to how photography influences the perception of architecture but also the very design itself. Beginning with the invention of photography in the nineteenth century, this volume presents iconic images of urban architecture and townscapes that are organized thematically rather than simply chronologically. The editors have assembled two hundred images from numerous notable photographers, including Georg Aerni, Adolphe Braun, Balthasar Burkhard, Lynn Cohen, Walker Evans, Lucien Hervé, Germaine Krull, Stanley Kubrick, Hiroshi Sugimoto, and William Henry Fox Talbot. Originally published to coincide with an exhibition celebrating the Fotomuseum Winterthur’s twentieth anniversary, Concrete—Photography and Architecture is an exhaustive investigation of architectural photography and is as beautiful as it is informative.

Daniela Janser is a research assistant, Thomas Seelig is curator of the permanent collection, and Urs Stahel is director at the Fotomuseum Winterthur.

Concrete
Tobias Madörin—Topos
Photographs 1991–2011
Edited and with an Introduction by NADINE OLONETZKY

For more than twenty years, Swiss photographer Tobias Madörin has been working on his photo series Topos. Creating staged tableaux in the manner of nineteenth-century painters, Madörin investigates the interaction between the inhabitants and their surrounding environments in countries as diverse as Spain, Uganda, Indonesia, and Japan. His large-scale images examine communal spaces, the outskirts of metropolises, waste disposal sites, and landscapes marked by agriculture and mining. Madörin’s work reveals that these locations are the products of human visions and ideals, yet they are also places of environmental exploitation. This tension, as well as Madörin’s intelligent and empathetic approach to his subjects, makes his photographs evocative and complex. This book includes lavish, full-page photographs, many of which have never been published, and an introductory essay by Nadine Oloinetzky that explains and contextualizes the photographer’s oeuvre.

Nadine Oloinetzky is a freelance arts journalist and writer and an editor with Verlag Scheidegger and Spiess.
Trutg dil Flem
Seven Bridges by Jürg Conzett
WILFRIED DECHAU

Rising dramatically above the spectacular Swiss landscape surrounding the well-known resort Flims – Laax – Falera, Jürg Conzett’s unique mountain trail contains seven bridges crossing a wild stream. An internationally renowned civil engineer, Conzett brought his considerable talent and experience to this project, and the results are groundbreaking and visually appealing. Each bridge uses a different type of construction and building method depending on the specific geographic features of its location. Wilfried Dechau has catalogued the project with over one hundred previously unpublished images of the bridges and their surrounding landscape. His atmospheric photographs provide readers with a beautiful and up-close look at both the striking architecture amid the beautiful wilderness. Also included in this book are sketches and plans by Conzett and a series of essays by Dechau, Conzett, Ursula Baus, Christian Dettwiler, and Jürg Marquart.

Wilfried Dechau has for many years been the chief editor of Deutsche Bauzeitung. He is a working photographer and owns the photo gallery f75 in Stuttgart, Germany.

Common Pavilions
The National Pavilions in the Giardini of the Venice Biennale in Essays and Photographs
Edited by DIENER & DIENER ARCHITECTS with GABRIELE BASILICO

Drawn from the Thirteenth International Architecture Exhibition at the Venice Biennial in 2012, Common Pavilions investigates the architectural significance of the twenty-nine national pavilions set up for the event in the Giardini di Venezia. The late celebrated Italian photographer Gabriele Basilico has documented each pavilion, and his work is presented in large format with lush duotone printing. His rich images reflect the atmosphere and character of the pavilions with care and attention to detail. Thirty authors from the nations represented, including architects, philosophers, and artists, have contributed short essays that present the historical and national context for each pavilion, and explain the architectural importance of the pavilion design itself. For anyone who attended the Venice Biennial and for all who missed it, Common Pavilions provides beautiful documentation of what may be the world’s best-known exhibition site for art and architecture.

Gabriele Basilico (1944–2013) was a celebrated Italian photographer. His work has been shown in many exhibitions and books, including Italy: Cross Sections of a Country, Berlin, and Vertical Moscow.
Since its establishment in 1996, the Migros Museum of Contemporary Art has had one of the most wide-ranging and eclectic collections of contemporary art in Switzerland. The museum has a unique approach to contemporary art, which aims to create an interactive viewing experience. This volume is published to coincide with a 2013 exhibition at the Musée Rath in Geneva, which selected twenty-eight of the Migros Museum’s most important pieces to explore influential art movements of the twentieth century. The included essays place each work and artist within a larger context, and explore the broad array of media and historical movements represented, such as pop art, minimalism, performance, painting, and photography. This fully illustrated catalog contains art by Andy Warhol, Gerhard Richter, Christoph Büchel, Alina Szapocznikow, Bruce Nauman, and Sylvie Fleury.

Justine Moeckli is curator of the contemporary art collection at the Musée d’art et d’histoire in Geneva.

Compendium of Image Errors in Analogue Video
Edited by JOHANNES GFELLER, AGATHE JARCZYK, and JOANNA PHILLIPS
With a Contribution by Irene Schubiger

Over the past few decades, analogue videotapes have been commonly used as an artistic medium, from single-channel video works to complicated installation pieces. However, even though videotapes are now featured in collections all over the world, many conservators, curators, and other collection caretakers are at a loss when first confronted with the complexities of viewing, cataloguing, and preserving analogue videotapes.

Compendium of Image Errors in Analogue Video sets out to provide guidelines for the condition assessment and preservation of analogue video. Along with an accompanying DVD, the book illustrates in stills and moving images the twenty-eight most common image errors found on videotapes. But the authors have provided more than just an outline of the problems facing video conservators. They also give background information on the historical and technical aspects of analogue video recording, including a chapter on how artists have purposefully experimented with image distortion and manipulation in their own work. A glossary fully explains the technical terms used in the book.

Johannes Gfeller is head of the Masters Program for the Conservation of New Media and Digital Information at Stuttgart State Academy for Art and Design. Agathe Jarczyk is a freelance video conservator and lecturer at the University of the Arts in Bern, Switzerland. Joanna Phillips is associate conservator of contemporary art at the Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum in New York.
In October 2012, the Walt Disney Company paid more than four billion dollars to acquire Lucasfilm, the production company responsible for the movie *Howard the Duck*. But Disney, despite its history and success with duck characters, wasn’t after Howard; in buying Lucasfilm, it also bought the rights to the *Star Wars* franchise. Soon after the purchase, Disney announced a new *Star Wars* film was in the works and would be released in 2015, nearly four decades after the first movie hit big screens around the world and changed popular culture forever.

The continued relevance of *Star Wars* owes much to the passion of its fans. For millions of people around the world, the films are more than diversions—they are a way of life. Through costumed role-playing, incessant quoting, Yoda-like grammatical inversions, and scholarly debates about the Force, fans keep the films alive in a variety of ways and, in so doing, add to the saga’s cultural relevance. The first book to address the films holistically and from a variety of cultural perspectives, *Fan Phenomena: Star Wars* explores numerous aspects of *Star Wars* fandom, from its characters to its philosophy. As one contributor notes, “the saga that George Lucas created affects our lives almost daily, whether we ourselves are fans of the saga or not.” Anyone who is struggling to forget Jar Jar Binks can certainly agree to that.

Academically informed but written for a general audience, this book will appeal to every fan and critic of the films. That is, all of us.

*Mika Elovaara* is an author, teacher, coach, former professional athlete, and a lifelong fan of *Star Wars*. 
Fan Phenomena: Star Trek

From a decidedly inauspicious start as a low-rated television series in the 1960s that was canceled after three seasons, Star Trek has grown into a multibillion-dollar industry of spin-off series, feature films, and merchandise. Fueling the ever-expanding franchise are some of the most rabid and loyal fans in the universe, known affectionately as Trekkies. Perhaps no other community so typifies fandom as the devoted aficionados of the Star Trek television series, motion pictures, novels, comic books, and conventions. Indeed, in many respects, Star Trek fans created modern fan culture and continue to push its frontiers with elaborate fan-generated video productions, electronic fan fiction collectives, and a proliferation of tribute sites in cyberspace.

In this anthology, a panel of rising and established popular culture scholars examines the phenomenon of Star Trek fan culture and its most compelling dimensions. The book explores such topics as the effect on the fan base of the recent rebooting of the iconic franchise; the complicated and often contentious relationship between Star Trek and its lesbian and gay fans; the adaptation of Star Trek to other venues, including live theater, social media, and gaming; fan hyperreality, including parody and non-geek fandom; one iconic actor’s social agenda; and alternative fan reactions to the franchise’s villains. The resulting collection is both snapshot and moving picture of the practices and attitudes of a fan culture that is arguably the world’s best-known and most misunderstood.

Striking a balanced tone, the contributors are critical yet respectful, acknowledging the uniquely close and enduring relationship between fans and the franchise while approaching it with appropriate objectivity, distance, and scope. Accessible to a variety of audiences—from the newcomer to fan culture to those already well-read on the subject—this book will be heralded by fans as well as serious scholars.

Bruce E. Drushel is associate professor in the Department of Communication at Miami University.
Fan Phenomena: Batman

From his debut in a six-page story in 1939 to his most recent portrayal by Christian Bale in the blockbuster The Dark Knight Rises, Batman is perhaps the world’s most popular superhero. The continued relevance of the caped crusader could be attributed to his complex character, his dual identity, or his commitment to revenge and justice. But, as the contributors to this collection argue, it is the fans who—with the patience of Alfred, the loyalty of Commissioner Gordon, and the unbridled enthusiasm of Robin—have kept Batman at the forefront of popular culture for more than seven decades.

Fan Phenomena: Batman explores the unlikely devotion to the Dark Knight, from his inauspicious beginnings on the comic book page to the cult television series of the 1960s and on to the critically acclaimed films and video games of today. Considering everything from convention cosplay to fan fiction that imagines the Joker as a romantic lead, the essays here acknowledge and celebrate fan responses that go far beyond the scope of the source material. And, the contributors contend, despite occasional dips in popularity, Batman’s sustained presence in popular culture for more than seventy years is thanks in no small part to his fans’ ardor.

Packed with revealing interviews from all corners of the fan spectrum—including Paul Levitz, who rose through the ranks of fan culture to become the president of DC Comics, and Michael Uslan, who has produced every Batman adaptation since Tim Burton’s blockbuster in 1989, as well as film reviewers, academics, movie buffs, comic store clerks, and costume-clad convention attendees—this book is sure to be a best seller in Gotham City, as well as everywhere Bruce Wayne’s alter ego continues to intrigue and inspire.

Liam Burke is a media studies lecturer at Swinburne University of Technology in Melbourne, Australia.
Few could have predicted the enduring affection inspired by Joss Whedon’s television series *Buffy the Vampire Slayer*. With its origins in a script Whedon wrote for a 1992 feature film of the same name, the series far outpaced its source material, gathering a devoted audience that remains loyal to the show more than a decade after it left the airwaves. Heralded for its use of smart, funny, and emotionally resonant narrative; subversive and feminist characterizations; and unique approaches to television as an art form, the show quickly developed its own unique fan community, which built on existing narratives through fan fiction, media manipulation, and performance.

*Fan Phenomena: Buffy the Vampire Slayer* explores how this continued devotion is internalized, celebrated, and critiqued. Featuring interviews with culture makers, academics, and creators of participatory fandom, the essays here are a window into the more personal and communal aspects of the fan experience. Essays from critical thinkers and scholars address how Buffy inspires the creation of, among other enduring artifacts of fandom, fan fiction, crafting, performance, cosplay, and sing-alongs.

As an accessible yet vigorous examination of a beloved character and her world, *Fan Phenomena: Buffy the Vampire Slayer* provokes a larger conversation about the relationship between cult properties and fandom, and how their interplay permeates the cultural consciousness, in effect contributing to culture through new narrative, academia, language, and political activism.

Jennifer K. Stuller is a writer, author, scholar, media critic, and feminist pop culture historian.
David Lynch and Mark Frost’s television series *Twin Peaks* debuted in April 1990 and by June of 1991 had been canceled. Yet the impact of this surreal, unsettling show—ostensibly about the search for homecoming queen Laura Palmer’s killer—is far larger than its short run might indicate. A forerunner of the moody, disjointed, cinematic television shows that are commonplace today, *Twin Peaks* left a lasting impression, and nowhere is that more clear than in the devotion of its legions of loyal fans.

*Fan Phenomena: Twin Peaks* is the first book of its kind to revisit Lynch and Frost’s groundbreaking series and explore how the show’s cult status continues to thrive in the digital era. In ten essays, the contributors take a deeper look at *Twin Peaks’s* rich cast of characters, iconic locations, and its profound impact on television programming, as well as the effect of new media and fan culture on the show’s continued relevance. Written by fans for fans, *Fan Phenomena: Twin Peaks* is an intelligent yet accessible guide to the various aspects of the show and its subsequent film. Featuring commentary from both first-generation and more recent followers, these essays capture the endlessly fascinating universe of *Twin Peaks*, from Audrey Horne’s keen sense of style to Agent Cooper’s dream psychology.

The first nonacademic collection that speaks to the show’s fan base rather than a scholarly audience, this book is more approachable than previous *Twin Peaks* critical studies volumes and features color images of the series, film, and fan media. It will be welcomed by anyone seduced by the strangeness and camp of Lynch’s landmark series.

**Marisa C. Hayes** is a Franco-American artist and scholar working at the crossroads of film, literature, and the performing arts. **Franck Boulègue** is a film critic.
Fan Phenomena: Doctor Who

Since its premiere in November 1963, the classic British television program *Doctor Who* has been a cornerstone of popular culture. From the earliest “Exterminate!” to the recent “Allons-y!,” from the white-haired grandfather to the wide-grinned youth, the show has depicted the adventures of a time-traveling, dual-hearted, quick-witted, and multifaced hero as he battles Daleks, Cybermen, Sontarans, and all manner of nasties. And, like its main character, who can regenerate his body and change his appearance, *Doctor Who* fandom has developed and changed significantly in the fifty years since its inception.

In this engaging and insightful collection, fans and scholars from around the globe explore fan fiction, fan videos, and even fan knitting, as well as the creation of new languages. As multifaceted as the character himself, *Doctor Who* fans come in many forms, and this book investigates thoroughly the multitude of fandoms, fan works, and fan discussions about this always surprising and energetic program.

Featuring full-color images of fan work and discussions of both classic and “New Who” fandom, this book takes reader on a journey of discovery into one of the largest worldwide fan audiences that has ever existed. Thoughtful, insightful, and readable, this is one of only a few—and certainly one of the best—guides to *Doctor Who* fan culture and is certain to appeal to the show’s many ardent fans across the globe.

*Paul Booth* is assistant professor at DePaul University and the author of *Time on TV: Temporal Displacement and Mashup Television and Digital Fandom: New Media Studies*. He is a lifelong fan of *Doctor Who*. 

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Fan Phenomena

August 164 p., 50 color plates 6¾ x 9½
Paper $20.00/£14.95
Cultural Studies
World Film Locations: San Francisco

An extraordinarily beautiful city that has been celebrated, criticized, and studied in many films, San Francisco is both fragile and robust, at once a site of devastation caused by the 1906 earthquake and a symbol of indomitability in its effort to rebuild afterwards. Its beauty, both natural and manmade, has provided filmmakers with an iconic backdrop since the 1890s, and this guidebook offers an exciting tour through the film scenes and locations that have made San Francisco irresistible to audiences and auteurs alike.

Gathering more than forty short pieces on specific scenes from San Franciscan films, this book includes essays on topics that dominate the history of filmmaking in the city, from depictions of the Golden Gate Bridge, to the movies of Alfred Hitchcock, to the car chases that seem to be mandatory features of any thriller shot there. Some of America’s most famous movies—from Steven Spielberg’s Raiders of the Lost Ark to Hitchcock’s Vertigo to Don Siegel’s Dirty Harry—are celebrated alongside smaller movies and documentaries, such as The Wild Parrots of Telegraph Hill, to paint a complete picture of San Francisco in film. A range of expert contributors, including several members of the San Francisco Film Critics Circle, discuss a wide spectrum of films from many genres and decades, from nineteenth-century silents to twentieth-century blockbusters.

Audiences across the world, as well as many of the world’s greatest film directors—including Buster Keaton, Orson Welles, George Lucas, Francis Ford Coppola, David Fincher, and Steven Soderbergh—have been seduced by San Francisco. This book is the ideal escape to the city by the bay for armchair travelers and cinephiles alike.

Scott Jordan Harris is a culture critic for the Daily Telegraph, a contributor to the BBC’s Film Programme, and a UK correspondent for Roger Ebert. He is the author or editor of several books, most recently, World Film Locations: Chicago, also published by Intellect.
The rapid development of Hong Kong has occasioned the demolition of buildings and landscapes of historic significance, but film acts as a repository for memories of these lost places, vanished vistas, and material objects. Location shoots in Hong Kong have preserved many disappearing landmarks of the city, and the resulting films function as valuable and irreplaceable archives of the city’s evolution.

Far more than a simple collection of movie locations, this book delivers a rare glimpse into the history of film production practices in Hong Kong. The locations described here are often not the most iconic; rather, they are the anonymous streets and back alleys used by local film studios in the 1960s and ’70s. They are the garden cafes with outdoor seating near the Chinese University of Hong Kong where moments of conflict in romantic comedies erupt and dissipate. They are the old Kai Tak Airport, which channels rage and desire, and the tenement housing, which splits citizens into greedy landlords and the diligent working class and embodies bygone communal values. Modern Hong Kong horror films draw their power from the material character of homegrown convenience stores, shopping malls, and lost mansions found under modern high-rises.

As in the films of Wong Kar-wai and Johnnie To, readers will drift and dash through the streets of central Hong Kong to the district’s periphery, almost recklessly, automatically, or for the sheer pleasure of roaming. The first of its kind in English, this book is more than a city guide to Hong Kong through the medium of film; it is a unique exploration of the relationship between location and place and genre innovations in Hong Kong cinema.

Linda Chiu-Han Lai and Kimburley Wing-Yee Choi are associate professors of critical intermedia art at the School of Creative Media, the City University of Hong Kong.
World Film Locations: Barcelona
Edited by HELIO SAN MIGUEL and LORENZO J. TORRES HORTELANO

Barcelona is one of the world’s most beautiful cities. A permanent showcase of the work of acclaimed architect Antoni Gaudí, it also has a long and rich cinematic legacy. Great directors from all over the world—among them Woody Allen, Pedro Almodóvar, and Michelangelo Antonioni—have set their films there. World Film Locations: Barcelona is the first book of its kind to explore the rich cinematic history of this seductive Catalonian city.

The illuminating essays collected here cover essential themes of the city’s cinematic history, including the origins of cinema in Barcelona; the role of the Ciutat Vella (Old City) as a film set; the influential Barcelona School of the 1960s; the film presence of Gaudí and his work; changing attitudes and urban renewal before and after the 1992 Olympics; and the emergence of a new generation of female filmmakers who have made Barcelona the center of their cinematic explorations. This book will be a welcome addition to the libraries of anyone enchanted by the beauty of Barcelona, whether in person or on the big screen.

Helio San Miguel teaches film at the New School in New York and is the writer and director of the short film Blindness. He is the editor of World Film Locations: Mumbai, also published by Intellect. Lorenzo J. Torres Hortelano is a senior lecturer in the Department of Communication Sciences I at Universidad Rey Juan Carlos in Spain. He is the editor of Directory of World Cinema: Spain, also published by Intellect.

World Film Locations: São Paulo
Edited by NATÁLIA PINAZZA and LOUIS BAYMAN

São Paulo is the largest city in South America and the powerhouse of Brazil’s economy. A multiracial metropolis with a diverse population of Asian, Arabic, and European immigrants as well as migrants from other parts of Brazil, it is a global city with international reach. Films set in São Paulo often replace the postcard images of beautiful tropical beaches and laidback lifestyles with working environments and the search for better opportunities. Bikinis and flip-flops give way to urban subcultures, sports, entertainment, and artistic movements. The ability to transcend national boundaries, and its resistance to stereotypical images of an “exotic” Brazil, make São Paulo a fascinating location in which to explore Brazil’s changing economic and cultural landscapes.

The first comprehensive guide to filmic representations of São Paulo, this book serves as an introduction to the city for film enthusiasts, visitors, and tourists while simultaneously opening scholarly debates on global concerns such as marginalization, rapid urbanization, and child poverty.

Natália Pinazza is an associate lecturer at Birkbeck, University of London. Louis Bayman is a lecturer in film studies at King’s College London. He is the editor of Directory of World Cinema: Italy, also published by Intellect.
World Film Locations: Prague
Edited by MARCELLINE BLOCK

Prague, the “Hollywood of the East,” has played an important role in the history of cinema, and World Film Locations: Prague traverses the city’s topography to examine an internationally diverse range of movies made in the Czech capital: landmark early films such as Ecstasy, controversial due to the nudity that catapulted Hedy Lamarr into stardom in the United States; Steven Soderbergh’s biopic Kafka, starring Jeremy Irons; adaptations of Kafka’s literary works such as The Trial, with a screenplay by Harold Pinter and starring Anthony Hopkins; and action blockbusters like Mission Impossible, The Bourne Identity, and Casino Royale. Exploring legendary Prague landmarks as they appear on-screen—including the Charles Bridge, Old Town, Malá Strana, Liechtenstein Palace, Wenceslas Square, and Prague Castle—the book also discusses the intersection of the capital city and its cinematic representations; Prague and the Czech New Wave; the iconic Barrandov Studios; and the impact of political events such as the Prague Spring, the Soviet Invasion of 1968, and the Velvet Revolution on the city’s film industry.

An invaluable resource for scholars, students, and aficionados of film and cinematic psychogeography, this collection will be heralded by students of Eastern European literary, cultural, and sociopolitical history.

Marcelline Block is a lecturer at Princeton University, where she is completing her PhD in French. She is the author or editor of several books, including World Film Locations: Marseilles, World Film Locations: Paris, and Situating the Feminist Gaze and Spectatorship in Postwar Cinema.

World Film Locations: Liverpool
Edited by JEZ CONOLLY and CAROLINE WHELAN

Outside of London, no other British city has attracted more filmmakers than Liverpool. Sometimes standing in for London, New York, Chicago, Paris, Rome, or Moscow, and sometimes playing itself—or a version of its own past in Beatles biopics—Liverpool is an adaptable filmic backdrop that has attracted filmmakers to its ports for decades. A place of passion, humor, and pride, Liverpool evokes caverns and cathedrals, ferries and football grounds; it is a city so vivid we see it clearly even if we’ve never been there. From the earliest makers of moving images—among them the Mitchell & Kenyon film company, the Lumière brothers, and pioneering early cinematographer Claude Friese-Greene—who preserved the city, the river, the docks, the streets, and the people, Liverpool has endured as a cinematic destination. This collection celebrates that survival instinct and will be welcomed by enthusiasts of British cities, films, and culture.

Jez Conolly is the faculty librarian for arts, social sciences, and law at the University of Bristol. She is the author of Beached Margin: The Role and Representation of the Seaside Resort in British Films. Caroline Whelan is an independent writer and researcher. Together, they are coeditors of World Film Locations: Dublin and World Film Locations: Reykjavik, both also published by Intellect.
Hollywood continues to reign supreme; from award-winning dramas to multimillion-dollar, special effects–laden blockbusters, Tinseltown produces the films that audiences around the world go to the cinema to see. While the film industry has changed dramatically over the years—stars have come and gone, studios have risen and fallen, new technologies have emerged to challenge directors and entice audiences—Hollywood remains the center of global media entertainment.

This second volume of Directory of World Cinema: American Hollywood builds on its predecessor by exploring how the industry has evolved and expanded throughout its history. With new essays that discuss the importance of genre, adaptation, locations, and technology in the production of film, this collection explores how Hollywood has looked to create, innovate, borrow, and adapt new methods of filmmaking to capture the audience’s imagination. Touching on classic films such as North by Northwest and Dirty Harry alongside CGI blockbusters like The Lord of the Rings and The Dark Knight, as well as comedies such as When Harry Met Sally and Jerry Maguire, this landmark book charts the changing tastes of cinemagoers and the diverse range of offerings from Hollywood.


Lincoln Geraghty is a reader in media cultures in the School of Creative Arts, Film and Media at the University of Portsmouth, where he is also director of the Centre for Cultural and Creative Research.
Directory of World Cinema: Argentina
Edited by BEATRIZ URRACA and GARY M. KRAMER

Argentina boasts one of the most popular, diverse, and successful film industries in Latin America. From early films about gauchos and the tango to human rights dramas and groundbreaking experimental documentaries, Argentina’s cinematic output has achieved both global influence and international acclaim.

A discriminating survey of the country’s key films, Directory of World Cinema: Argentina contains provocative essays and astute reviews by scholars, critics, filmmakers, and film buffs. Chapters spotlight, among other subjects, the Buenos Aires film festival and the legacy of such iconic directors as María Luisa Bemberg and Pablo Trapero. Film reviews examine a cross section of Argentine cinema, providing critical analysis of everything from contemporary blockbusters to hidden gems. Featuring full-color stills, interviews, references, and trivia, this book is an invaluable resource for readers interested in the fascinating world of Argentine film.

Beatriz Urraca is associate professor of Spanish at Widener University in Chester, PA. Gary M. Kramer is a freelance writer.

Directory of World Cinema: Belgium
Edited by MARCELLINE BLOCK and JEREMI SZANIAWSKI

Is there such a thing as a single Belgian cinema? A country that is culturally and linguistically divided between the Dutch-speaking Flanders and the francophone Brussels and Wallonia, Belgium is a contested site, and its fragile unity continues to be challenged by separatists. Nevertheless, the filmic output of this divided country merits serious attention, and Directory of World Cinema: Belgium is the comprehensive guide it richly deserves.

Featuring contributions from leading Belgian and international film scholars, the essays here examine the work and careers of the greatest names of Belgian cinema, from its pioneers to its modern age, while also investigating its lesser-known productions and intersections with Belgian art, history, literature, and culture, as well as the legacies of social documentary, surrealism, and magical realism.

Small but mighty, Belgium has for the last decade produced an average of forty feature films a year, an extraordinary accomplishment for a country of just ten million. Directory of World Cinema: Belgium will find grateful readers in anyone interested in Belgian culture and identity.

Marcelline Block is a lecturer at Princeton University, where she is completing her PhD in French. She is the author or editor of several books, including World Film Locations: Marseilles, World Film Locations: Paris, and Situating the Feminist Gaze and Spectatorship in Postwar Cinema. Jeremi Szaniawski is a Belgian graduate student at Yale University in the joint Slavic and Film Studies Program.
Directory of World Cinema: Brazil
Edited by NATÁLIA PINAZZA and LOUIS BAYMAN

Best known to international audiences for its carnivalesque irreverence and recent gangster blockbusters, Brazilian cinema is gaining prominence with critics, at global film festivals, and on DVD shelves. This volume seeks to introduce newcomers to Brazilian cinema and to offer valuable insights to those already well-versed in the topic. It brings into sharp focus some of the most important movements, genres, and themes from across the eras of Brazilian cinema, from cinema novo to musical chanchada, the road movie to cinema de bordas, avant-garde to pornochanchada. Delving deep beneath the surface of cinema, the volume also addresses key themes such as gender, indigenous and diasporic communities, and Afro-Brazilian identity. Situating Brazilian cinema within the country’s changing position in the global capitalist system, the essays consider uneven modernization, class division, dictatorship, liberation struggles, and globalization alongside questions of entertainment and of artistic innovation.

Natália Pinazza is an associate lecturer at Birkbeck, University of London. Louis Bayman is a lecturer in film studies at King’s College London. He is the editor of Directory of World Cinema: Italy, also published by Intellect.

Directory of World Cinema: Russia 2
Edited by BIRGIT BEUMERS

Soviet and Russian filmmakers have traditionally had uneasy relationships to the concept of genre. This volume rewrites that history by spotlighting some genres not commonly associated with the cinema of the region, including Cold War spy movies and science fiction films; blockbusters and horror films; remakes and adventure films; and chernukha films and serials. Introductory essays establish key aspects of these genres, and directors’ biographies provide the background for the key players. Building on the work of its predecessor, which explored cinema from the time of the tsars to the Putin era, this book will be warmly received by the serious film scholar as well as all those who love Russian cinema. Directory of World Cinema: Russia 2 is an essential companion to the filmic legacy of one of the world’s most storied countries.

Birgit Beumers is professor of film studies at Aberystwyth University, Wales. Her publications include Directory of World Cinema: Russia, A History of Russian Cinema, and, with Mark Lipovetsky, Performing Violence: Literary and Theatrical Experiments of New Russian Drama.
Dorothy’s ruby slippers. Michael Myers’s hockey mask. Marilyn Monroe’s billowy white dress. Indiana Jones’s trusty fedora. These objects are synonymous with the films they appear in. These so-called screengems have become icons of popular culture, and, at long last, a book has come along that sorts and chronicles fifty of them.

*Rosebud Sleds and Horses’ Heads* presents an incisive discussion of fifty of the most significant objects in cinema history and explores these items’ importance within their respective films and the popular imagination. Composed of selections from the popular “Screengem” feature in *Big Picture* magazine, this book surveys objects from a range of genres, from the birth of cinema to the present day.

Curated and written by a prominent critic who routinely writes for some of the leading film outlets, as well as broadcasts for the BBC, *Rosebud Sleds and Horses’ Heads* is the only book of its kind. With a fascinating, original, and instantly understandable concept, it will find grateful audiences in film buffs around the world.

Scott Jordan Harris is a culture critic for the *Daily Telegraph*, a contributor to the BBC’s Film Programme, and a UK correspondent for Roger Ebert. He is the author or editor of several books, most recently, *World Film Locations: Chicago*, also published by Intellect.
Piercing Time

Paris after Marville and Atget 1865–2012

With Essays by Min Kyung Lee and Shalini Le Gall

Piercing Time examines the role of photography in documenting urban change by juxtaposing contemporary “rephotographs” taken by the author with images of nineteenth-century Paris taken by Charles Marville, who worked under Georges Haussmann, and corresponding photographs by Eugène Atget taken in the early twentieth century. Revisiting the sites of Marville’s photographs with a black cloth, tripod, and view camera, Peter Sramek creates here a visually stunning book that investigates how urban development, the use of photography as a documentary medium, and the representation of urban space reflect attitudes towards the city. The essays that run alongside these fascinating images discuss subjects such as the aesthetics of ruins and the documentation of the demolitions that preceded Haussmannization, as well as the different approaches taken by Marville and Atget to their work. The book also includes contemporary interviews with Parisians, extracts from Haussmann’s own writing, and historical maps that allow for an intriguing look at the shifting city plan.

Sure to be of interest to lovers of the city, be they Parisians or visitors, Piercing Time provides a unique snapshot of historical changes of the past 150 years. But it will also be of enduring value to scholars. The accurate cataloguing and high-quality reproductions of the images make it a resource for a significant portion of the Marville collection in the Musée Carnavalet, and it will aid further research in urban history and change in Paris over the past century and a half. Photographers will also be drawn to the book for its new thinking in relation to documentary methodologies.

Peter Sramek has taught at the OCAD University in Toronto since 1976.
Looking for Marshall McLuhan in Afghanistan
iProbes and Hipstamatic iPhone Photographs by Rita Leistner

RITA LEISTNER

In this timely and highly original merging of theory and practice, conflict photographer and critical theorist Rita Leistner applies Marshall McLuhan’s semiotic theories of language, media, and technology to iPhone photographs taken during a military embedment in Afghanistan. In a series of what Leistner calls iProbes—a portmanteau of iPhone and probe—Leistner reveals the face of war through the extensions of man. As digital photography becomes more ubiquitous, and as the phones we carry with us become more advanced, the process of capturing images becomes more democratic and more spontaneous. Leistner’s photos result from both access and impulse. *Looking for Marshall McLuhan in Afghanistan* will appeal to anyone with an interest in the conflicts in the Middle East, communications theory, or iPhone apps and photography.

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**Rita Leistner** is an interdisciplinary practitioner-theorist. She teaches documentary photography at Victoria College, University of Toronto.

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Doctor Who and Race

*Edited by Lindy Orthia*

*Doctor Who* is the longest-running science fiction television series in the world and is regularly watched by millions of people across the globe. Though its scores of fans adore the show with cult-like devotion, the contributors to this book argue that there is a darker side to *Doctor Who*. Bringing together diverse perspectives on race and its representation in *Doctor Who*, this anthology offers new understandings of the cultural significance of race in the program—how the show’s representations of racial diversity, colonialism, nationalism, and racism affect our daily lives and change the way we relate to each other. In this accessible introduction to critical race theory, postcolonial studies, and other race-related academic fields, the contributors deftly combine examples of the popular cultural icon and personal reflections from viewers to provide an analysis that is approachable but also filled with the intellectual rigor of academic critique.

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**Lindy Orthia** teaches at the Australian National Centre for the Public Awareness of Science, Australian National University.
The Danish Directors 3
Dialogues on the New Danish Documentary Cinema
Edited by METTE HJORTE, IB BONDEBJERG, and EVA NOVRUP REDVALL

Following the two previous volumes in this series of practitioner interviews with Danish directors, The Danish Directors 3 focuses on Danish documentary cinema. Although many of the directors interviewed here have ventured successfully into the terrain of fiction, their main contributions to the thriving post-1980s milieu lie in the interconnected areas of documentary film and television. Emphasizing the new documentary cinema, this book features filmmakers who belong to the generation born in the 1970s. Many of the interviewees were trained at the National Film School of Denmark’s now legendary Department of Documentary and Television. The term “new” also captures tendencies that cut across the work of the filmmakers. For example, for the generation in question, internationalization and the development of a new digital media culture are inevitable aspects of everyday life, and, indeed, of the professional environments in which they operate. A comprehensive overview of documentary directors currently working in Denmark, this is the only book of its kind about this growing area of Danish cinema.

Mette Hjort is professor of visual studies at Lingnan University in Hong Kong and affiliate professor of Scandinavian Studies at the University of Washington, Seattle. Ib Bondebjerg is professor of film and media studies and director of the Centre for Modern European Studies at the University of Copenhagen, where Eva Novrup Redvall is assistant professor in the Department of Media, Cognition and Communication.

Living and Sustaining a Creative Life
Essays by 40 Working Artists
Edited by SHARON LOUDEN

In this day and age, when art has become more of a commodity and art school graduates are convinced that they can only make a living from their work by attaining gallery representation, it is more important than ever to show the reality of how a professional contemporary artist sustains a creative practice over time. The forty essays collected in Living and Sustaining a Creative Life are written in the artists’ own voices and take the form of narratives, statements, and interviews. Each story is unique, but the common thread is an ongoing commitment to creativity, inside and outside the studio. Both day-to-day and big picture details are revealed, showing how it is possible to sustain a creative practice that contributes to the ongoing dialogue in contemporary art. These stories will inform and inspire any student, young artist, and art enthusiast and will help redefine what “success” means to a professional artist.

Sharon Louden is a practicing professional artist living and working in Brooklyn. Her work has been exhibited at the Kemper Museum of Contemporary Art, Birmingham Museum of Art, Neuberger Museum, and Weisman Art Museum, among other venues, and it is held in the public collections of the Whitney Museum of American Art, Weatherspoon Art Museum, and National Gallery of Art.
Brian Ferneyhough

LOIS FITCH

One of contemporary music’s most significant and controversial figures, Brian Ferneyhough creates complex and challenging music that draws inspiration from painting, literature, and philosophy, as well as music from the recent and distant past. His dense, multilayered compositions intrigue musicians while pushing both performer and instrument to the limits of their abilities. A wide-ranging survey of his life and work to date, Brian Ferneyhough examines the critical issues fundamental to understanding the composer as a musician and a thinker. Debuting in celebration of Ferneyhough’s seventieth birthday in 2013, this book strikes a rich balance between critical analysis of the music and close scrutiny of its aesthetic and philosophical contexts, making possible a more rounded view of the composer than has been previously available.

Lois Fitch is a senior lecturer in music at Royal Northern College of Music in Manchester.

Australian Film Theory and Criticism

Volume 2: Interviews

Edited by NOEL KING and DEANE WILLIAMS

A multivolume project tracing key critical positions, people, and institutions in Australian film, Australian Film Theory and Criticism interrogates not only the origins of Australian film theory but also its relationships to adjacent disciplines and institutions. This second of three volumes gathers interviews with national and international film theorists and critics to chart the development of different discourses in Australian film studies through the decades. Seeking to examine the position of film theorists and their relationship to film industry practitioners and policy makers, this volume succeeds mightily in reasserting Australian film’s place on the international scholarly agenda.

Noel King is an independent scholar. Deane Williams is associate professor of film and television studies at Monash University, Melbourne.

Modern Argentine Masculinities

Edited by CAROLINA ROCHA

Setting new standards in assessing how masculinity in Argentina has been represented in film, literature, and music, this collection untangles Argentine construction of masculinity, manhood, and gendered difference from the nineteenth century to the present. With methodologies ranging from literary analysis of novels to historical approaches to the construction and performance of gender, these essays offer a dramatic, new multidisciplinary approach to modern Argentine masculinity.

Carolina Rocha is associate professor at Southern Illinois University Edwardsville.
Sonic Multiplicities
Hong Kong Pop and the Global Circulation of Sound and Image
YIU FAI CHOW and JEROEN de KLOET

Through the lens of popular music in and from Hong Kong, Sonic Multiplicities examines the material, ideological, and geopolitical implications of music production and consumption.

Yiu Fai Chow and Jeroen de Kloet draw on rich empirical research and industry experience to trace the worldwide flow of popular culture and the people who produce and consume it. In doing so, the authors make a significant contribution to our understanding of the political and social roles such circulation plays in today’s world—and in a city under cultural threat in a country whose prominence is on the rise. Just as important, they clear a new path for the study of popular music.

Yiu Fai Chow is assistant professor in the Humanities Program at Hong Kong Baptist University. Jeroen de Kloet is assistant professor in the Department of Media Studies at the University of Amsterdam.

Art as Research
Opportunities and Challenges
Edited by SHAUN McNIFF

The new practice of art-based research uses art making as a primary mode of inquiry rather than continuing to borrow research methodologies from other disciplines to study artistic processes. Drawing on contributions from arts therapies, education, history, organizational studies, and philosophy, the essays critically examine challenges that include the personal nature of artistic inquiry and the complexities of the partnership with social science that has dominated applied arts research; how artistic discoveries are apt to emerge spontaneously; how truth can be examined through both fact and fiction as well as the interplay of objective and subjective experience; and ways of generating artistic evidence and communicating outcomes. Offering examples from all of the arts, this volume will be welcomed by researchers and students in many fields.

Shaun McNiff is professor at Lesley University and the author of Art-Based Research.

ArtUS 2011–2012
The Collector’s Edition
Edited by PAUL FOSS and LAURENCE A. RICKELS

ArtUS magazine collects international art criticism and is celebrated for its critical vigor and uncompromised perspective. Presenting new art reviews, essays, and features covering global contemporary art scenes, the magazine has gained a loyal following among scholars of art and culture for its established yet alternative approach to the American and international art scene. As a critical and academic alternative to the more commercially driven arts magazines, artUS is one of the world’s leading academic resources for vibrant and uncensored critical discussion. This collector’s edition gathers the print versions of artUS’s issues 31 through 33.

Paul Foss founded artUS in 2003 in Los Angeles and was the editor of Art & Text from 1984 to 2002. Laurence A. Rickels is professor of art and theory at the Academy of Fine Arts Karlsruhe, Germany, and the Sigmund Freud Professor of Media and Philosophy at the European Graduate School in Saas-Fee, Switzerland.
The Cultural Set Up of Comedy
Affective Politics in the United States Post 9/11

JULIE WEBBER

How do various forms of comedy—including stand-up, satire, and film and television—transform contemporary invocations of nationalism and citizenship in youth cultures? And how are attitudes about gender, race, and sexuality transformed through comedic performances on social media? The Cultural Set Up of Comedy seeks to answer these questions by examining comedic performances by Chris Rock and Louis C.K., news parodies like the The Daily Show and The Colbert Report, the role of satire in the Arab Spring, and the groundbreaking performances by women in Bridesmaids. Breaking with the usual cultural studies debates over how to conceptualize youth, the book instead focuses on the comedic cultural and political scripts that frame them.

Julie Webber is associate professor in the Department of Politics at Illinois State University.

The Method of Metaphor

STANLEY RAFFEL

Both sides in controversies tend to claim that they have logic on their side. This book proposes that the interminable nature of these controversies suggests there is a problem with the main tool of logic, the syllogism. Drawing on contemporary developments in social theory and philosophy, Stanley Raffel argues that metaphors are not just aesthetic tools; they can also be used to judge phenomena. Featuring case studies drawn from both literary material and current controversial debates, The Method of Metaphor ultimately demonstrates the value of this neglected potential of metaphoric reasoning and shows its far-reaching implications in both moral behavior and moral education.

Stanley Raffel is an honorary fellow at Edinburgh University.

Throwing the Body into the Fight

A Portrait of Raimund Hoghe

Edited by MARY KATE CONNOLLY

With Photographs by Rosa Frank

Throwing the Body into the Fight is the first English-language publication dedicated to the German choreographer Raimund Hoghe. Edited by Mary Kate Connolly, the book operates as a collage, drawing together a variety of international voices to create a fragmented portrait of the artist. Lavishly illustrated with photographs by Rosa Frank, who has collaborated closely with Hoghe for two decades, this book will be welcomed by all who admire a man described by the New York Times—in its review of Hoghe’s 2012 Pas de Deux—as “a lover of romance and beautiful things.”

Mary Kate Connolly is a freelance writer who has written on performance for a variety of publications in the United Kingdom and abroad, including Dance Theatre Journal, RealTime, LondonDance, and Forum Modernes Theater.
Staging Ageing
Theatre, Performance and the Narrative of Decline
MICHAEL MANGAN

How can plays and performances, past and present, inform our understanding of aging? Drawing primarily on the Western dramatic canon, on contemporary British theater, on popular culture, and on paratheatrical practices, *Staging Ageing* investigates theatrical engagement with aging from the Greek chorus to Reminiscence Theater. It also explores the relationship of the plays, performances, and practices to the material, social, and ideological conditions that produced them. A foundational work on the cultural past and present of aging, the book will find grateful audiences not only among scholars but also among theater and health care professionals.

*Staging Ageing* is a landmark publication includes Athey’s own writings, commissioned essays by maverick artists and leading academics, and full-color images of Athey’s art and performances since the early 1980s. The diverse range of artistic and critical contributors to the book reflects Athey’s creative and cultural impact, among them musician Antony Hegarty, of Antony and the Johnsons, who contributes a foreword.

**Dominic Johnson** is an artist and lecturer in the Department of Drama at Queen Mary, University of London.

Pleading in the Blood
The Art and Performances of Ron Athey
Edited by DOMINIC JOHNSON

Ron Athey is an iconic figure in contemporary art and performance. In his frequently bloody portrayals of life, death, crisis, and fortitude in the time of AIDS, Athey calls into question the limits of artistic practice. These limits enable Athey to explore key themes including gender, sexuality, radical sex, queer activism, postpunk and industrial culture, tattooing and body modification, ritual, and religion. This landmark publication includes Athey’s own writings, commissioned essays by maverick artists and leading academics, and full-color images of Athey’s art and performances since the early 1980s. The diverse range of artistic and critical contributors to the book reflects Athey’s creative and cultural impact, among them musician Antony Hegarty, of Antony and the Johnsons, who contributes a foreword.

**Dominic Johnson** is an artist and lecturer in the Department of Drama at Queen Mary, University of London.

Manifesto Now!
Instructions for Performance, Philosophy, Politics
Edited by LAURA CULL and WILL DADDARIO

*Manifesto Now!* maps the current rebirth of the manifesto as it appears at the crossroads of philosophy, performance, and politics. While the manifesto has been central to histories of modernity and modernism, the editors contend that its contemporary resurgence demands a renewed interrogation of its form, content, and uses. Featuring contributions from trailblazing artists, scholars, and activists currently working in the United States, the United Kingdom, Finland, and Norway, this volume will be indispensable to scholars across the disciplines. Filled with examples, it contains a wide variety of critical methodologies that students can analyze, deconstruct, and emulate.

**Laura Cull** is a lecturer in performing arts at Northumbria University in Newcastle upon Tyne, UK. **Will Daddario** teaches theater history and dramatic literature at the University of Minnesota—Twin Cities.
Temporary Stages II
Critically Orientated Drama Education
JO BETH GONZALEZ

Theater teachers are forced to adapt constantly. Whether responding to advancing technologies, cuts to—or the growth of—their programs, or ever-changing governmental mandates, they struggle to serve both their students and their craft. Using a theater arts program at a midwestern high school as an example, this book explores how change, good or bad, directly affects students as well as teachers. Building on the work of the previous edition of Temporary Stages, Jo Beth Gonzalez shows teachers how to sustain confidence and outlines “critically conscious” teaching, a technique that encourages students to practice self-agency and critical awareness. Essential reading for all theater teachers, this indispensable resource is a font of innovative classroom and production practices.

Jo Beth Gonzalez has been a teacher of speech, English, and theater for twenty-seven years, the past nineteen at Bowling Green High School in Ohio, where she also directs the theater program.

Gavin Bolton’s Contextual Drama
The Road Less Travelled
MARGARET R. BURKE

Gavin Bolton’s Contextual Drama is the result of more than two decades of study of Bolton’s theory and practice. For teachers and those in the caring professions, it will clarify the power of contextual drama as a beneficial learning medium for children and adults, both within and beyond the classroom. The core of the book is a detailed analysis of nine examples of the contextual drama mode; the first five demonstrate and analyze Bolton’s practice with children and young people and the final four describe his teaching with adults. Each chapter is framed by an introduction that contextualizes Bolton, from his beginnings working with visually and aurally challenged children to his position as reader in drama at Durham University. The final two chapters offer reflection on the nature of this work and, in particular, the significance of Bolton’s contributions to education.

Margaret R. Burke is a retired professor of drama and theater in education at Brock University, Ontario, and the University of Victoria, British Columbia.

Now in Paperback
Composed Theatre
Aesthetics, Practices, Processes
Edited by MATTHIAS REBSTOCK and DAVID ROESNER

A unique contribution to an emerging field, Composed Theatre explores musical strategies of organization as viable alternative means of organizing theatrical work. In addition to insightful essays by a stellar group of international contributors, this volume also includes interviews with important practitioners, shedding light on historical and theoretical aspects of composed theatre.

Matthias Restock is junior professor of scenic music at the University of Hildesheim in Germany. David Roesner is a senior lecturer in drama at the University of Exeter.
Rory McEwen strummed his way onto the Ed Sullivan show, sat in on a sitar session with George Harrison and Ravi Shankar, and was a leader in the postwar folk revival. Yet arguably his greatest legacy was not in the field of music—a talented, precise artist, McEwen revolutionized the field of botanical art.

Inspired by the old masters throughout his childhood training in art, McEwen developed a distinctive style of botanical illustration. He approached each portrait with scientific precision, capturing the individual contours of each plant instead of offering up an unrealistic ideal. Drawn on plain backgrounds without shadows, often on unadorned vellum, the resulting paintings are extraordinarily realistic, as if a rose-colored petal or sharp green leaf were suspended on the canvas, ready to be touched. McEwen was a master at balancing technical accuracy and artistic flair, without ever compromising one for the other.

*Rory McEwen The Colours of Reality* brings together over one hundred of his illustrations in a collection that celebrates McEwen’s art and artistic ability. Full-color artwork is featured alongside essays that explore his botanical work, his influence on fellow artists, and his other talents for music, poetry, and sculpture. It is a lavish tribute and the first major collection of McEwen’s work in decades. Published to coincide with an exhibition at the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, *Rory McEwen The Colours of Reality* will delight old fans while drawing in many new ones.

*Martyn Rix* is the editor of *Curtis’s Botanical Magazine* and author or editor of numerous books, including *The Golden Age of Botanical Art*, *The Genus Lachenalia*, and *Subtropical and Dry Climate Plants: The Definitive Practical Guide*. 
In 1837, Daguerre developed his eponymous process, opening the doors to modern photography. Around the same time, the once-neglected Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, found itself the focus of renewed interest and rapid expansion. The renaissance at Kew and revolution in photography are inextricably linked, as professional photographers and casual tourists alike have been capturing pieces of Kew’s history for more than one hundred years, marking its development one frame at a time. The Story of Kew Gardens in Photographs brings together two hundred and fifty of those photographs to tell the tale of these magnificent gardens.

The Story of Kew Gardens in Photographs covers the period from 1844 to the 1970s, ending as another advance, color photography, was taking hold. Featuring many rarely seen photographs, the collection provides a fascinating look at the botanical and social history of the gardens. The black-and-white images show a remarkable transformation in the growth and expansion of the gardens. The photographs also illustrate the importance of plants in the British Empire and how Kew became one of the most important botanical institutions in the world. This engrossing book provides a glimpse of British history from the days of vacationing royalty to the great Victorian plant hunters, through two world wars and millions of visitors.

Lynn Parker is assistant curator of art and artifacts at the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew. Kiri Ross-Jones is archivist and records manager at the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.
L
eaves live a thankless life. They go unnoticed while providing shade and cleaning the air, and are often the subject of our groans and grumbles in the fall while being raked away. Outside of brief odes to colorful autumn foliage, their quiet, everyday beauty is usually unsung.

Overleaf is an extraordinary celebration of that most obvious and overlooked part of a tree. It features over seventy brilliantly rendered studies of the leaves of thirty-seven tree species found across North America and Europe. Susan Ogilvy’s paintings are lovely and uncluttered, resembling real-life pressings captured between the pages. The artwork is accompanied by Richard Ogilvy’s thought-provoking text, which provides a vignette for each tree that explores its particular relationship with the environment, its style of growth, the history and mythology surrounding it, and the uses that birds, insects, and humans make of it. He reflects on the detailed complexity of our woodlands and forests and thoughtfully explores our place among them. Just as individual leaves create a cohesive shade, the range of these portraits provides a compelling vision of our relationship with trees. Overleaf is a thoughtful collection that will have readers taking a second look at the world above.

Richard Ogilvy lives in Scotland, where he works as a forester and has had a hand in planting more than 150 million trees. Susan Ogilvy is a painter living in England. Her work has been shown in the Smithsonian Institution, Ashmolean Museum, and Royal Horticultural Society.

NANCY BROADBENT CASSERLEY

For centuries, Japanese families have created washi, a paper stronger, more flexible, and even warmer to the touch than the familiar sheets found on Western desks. Brought to Japan by Buddhist monks in 610 AD, it has been used in printing, bookbinding, and even in shutters and blinds. Despite its long history as a centerpiece of Japanese culture, it is seeing a recent surge of interest as artists and crafters worldwide discover the versatile beauty of washi.

Washi: The Art of Japanese Paper Making takes an illustrated look at the paper’s rich traditions and striking diversity. The only current study of washi, it provides a compelling overview, explaining its history as well as the techniques and decorative motif involved. A juxtaposition of two collections, one from the nineteenth century and another from contemporary Kyoto, allows the reader to examine changes in the craft and the influence of modern technologies on the ancient art. Presented in a high-quality printing worthy of its subject, this beautiful collection will captivate anyone interested in the function and beauty of this paper.

Nancy Broadbent Casserley is an independent scholar and curator in the field of history of design.

The Genus Erythronium

CHRISTOPHER CLENNETT

The Erythronium is a seemingly delicate perennial with a decidedly wild touch. Its recurved petals are often described as “tooth-like” and at times seem to be caught in a dramatic dive toward the ground. Long appreciated for their bright reds and yellows, their easy cultivation, and even their use as a food, these woodland plants are finding growing popularity in North America. The Genus Erythronium is the first dedicated monograph on the plant and will be the authority for botanists, gardeners, growers, and breeders everywhere.

The Genus Erythronium details all twenty-nine currently identified species, all based on the most current research, including brand-new information on morphology and DNA. Captivating botanical illustrations and photographs fill the book and an extensive key allows easy identification of each species. Chapters covering phytogeography, morphology, cultivation, and conservation, as well as guidance on rating plants, come together to make this an essential, comprehensive volume.

Christopher Clennett is garden manager at Wakehurst Palace, Kew’s garden in West Sussex. He has been a professional horticulturalist and botanist for more than thirty years.
Arguably one of the primary questions at the heart of any botanical study is, “What is it?” Being able to easily and accurately identify plants is a fundamental component of even the most extensive plant research. *The Plant Family Handbook* makes it easy to learn plant classification, and as the first reference book to describe all current gymnosperm and angiosperm using botanical keys, it is a uniquely comprehensive resource.

By tracing a path through botanical keys, readers will be able to quickly and competently identify plants. The system is easy to navigate: a primary key identifies higher plant classification groupings, such as monocots, rosids, or asterids; a secondary key narrows the field down to the order or distinctive families, such as Alsmatales or Pandanaceae; and a third key takes the user directly to specific plant families. Much like a botanical flowchart, this reference allows for both speed and accuracy. With hundreds of line drawings, a comprehensive glossary, and clearly explained terms, *The Plant Family Handbook* is an ideal text for botany students or anyone looking to identify an affordable field guide.

*James Byng* is a botanist at the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, and the University of Aberdeen.
Born to Run
Athletes of the Iditarod

It’s a familiar image: a line of dogs surging through snow along the Iditarod trail. It can be easy to forget that each team is made up of individual dogs, each one bred and trained to perform at the pinnacle of canine ability.

Albert Lewis, a professional photographer and dog lover, was skeptical of the race when he first moved to Alaska, but after seeing the dogs’ excitement at the Iditarod starting line and experiencing the mushers’ deep connection with these athletes, his perception of the race was forever changed. Determined to show the world the heart and soul of these animal athletes that run thousands of miles, he took his camera and set out to revolutionize our image of sled dogs.

In Born to Run, Lewis stops the dogs long enough to spotlight them as individuals, letting their personalities shine through. Lewis draws on his experience as a fashion photographer, capturing unique moments of stunning beauty and stoic grace, emphasizing their athleticism even as they’re standing still. Additional photos show the dogs interacting with their mushers during care and training. The full-page photos are finely detailed, and readers will find themselves nearly reaching out to stroke the dogs on the pages. Accompanied by just enough text to provide each dog’s name, age, and trail miles, the photos are left to speak for themselves.

The hundreds of thousands of Iditarod fans across the globe have made the race a historic event, and race fans and dog lovers alike will be drawn to this book.

Albert Lewis is a photographer with more than twenty years of experience in various roles, including art director, creative director, and designer for companies such as Neiman Marcus, Nordstrom, Target, and many fashion houses. He now lives in Anchorage, Alaska.
Among Wolves
Gordon Haber’s Insights into Alaska’s Most Misunderstood Animal
GORDON HABER and MARYBETH HOLLEMAN

Alaska’s wolves lost their fiercest advocate, Gordon Haber, when his research plane crashed in Denali National Park in 2009. Passionate, tenacious, and occasionally brash, Haber, a former hockey player and park ranger, devoted his life to Denali’s wolves.

He weathered brutal temperatures in the wild to document the wolves and provided exceptional insights into wolf behavior. Haber’s writings and photographs reveal an astonishing degree of cooperation between wolf family members as they hunt, raise pups, and play, social behaviors and traditions previously unknown. With the wolves at risk of being destroyed by hunting and trapping, his studies advocated for a balanced approach to wolf management. His fieldwork registered as one of the longest studies in wildlife science and had a lasting impact on wolf policies.

Haber’s field notes, his extensive journals, and stories from friends all come together in Among Wolves to reveal much about both the wolves he studied and the researcher himself. Wolves continue to fascinate and polarize people, and Haber’s work continues to resonate.

Gordon Haber (1942-2009) studied wolves in Denali National Park and interior Alaska for forty-three years. Marybeth Holleman is the author of The Heart of the Sound and coeditor of Crosscurrents North. She has lived in Alaska’s Chugach Mountains for twenty-five years.

I Am Alaskan
BRIAN ADAMS
With an Introduction by Greg Kimura

What does an Alaskan look like? When asked to visualize someone from Alaska, the image most people conjure up is one of a face lost in a parka, surrounded by snow. Missing from this image is the vibrant diversity of those who call themselves Alaskans, as well as the true essence of the place. Brian Adams, a rising star in photography, aims to change all this with his captivating new collection, I Am Alaskan.

In this full-color tribute, Adams entices us to reconsider our ideas of this unique and compelling land and its equally individual residents. He captures subjects on urban streets in rural villages, revealing what daily life in Alaska is really like. The portraits focus on moments both ordinary and extraordinary, serious and playful, while capturing Alaskans at their most natural. Subjects range from Alaska Native villagers to rarely seen portraits of famous Alaskans, including Sarah Palin, Vic Fischer, and Lance Mackey. Through photographs, Adams also explores his own half-Inupiat, half-Alaskan American identity in the process, revealing how he came to define himself and the state in which he lives. Frame by frame, Adams powerfully and honestly shows what it means to be an Alaskan.

Brian Adams is a professional photographer specializing in environmental portraiture and medium-format photography. He lives in Anchorage.
There’s a Moose in My Garden
Designing Gardens in Alaska and the Far North

BRENDA C. ADAMS
With an Introduction by C. Colston Burrell

What do you do when a young moose calf wants to dine on your freshly planted Lady’s Mantle for lunch? What plants can handle a summer of nearly endless sun? How do you harness the wild beauty of the north for your own backyard? *There’s a Moose in My Garden* is the first book to tackle these questions and more with practical, user-friendly advice from an award-winning gardener.

Adams provides helpful tips for Far Northern gardeners on how to design and implement successful landscape environments. The book outlines the entire planning and planting process, covering such aspects as handling low-angled sun, soft light, expansive vistas, and a cool climate.

Brenda C. Adams teaches garden design and creation at the University of Alaska. She is also the designer for and founder of Gardens By Design. She lives in Homer, Alaska.

Deep in Alaska

CHRISTINE JOHNSON
With Photographs by Gary R. Johnson

On a wintry white day, a small boy and a red sled step out for an adventure. As they slip through the snowy woods, their imagined journey takes place against real black-and-white photos of Eagle River, Alaska. Told entirely in haiku, this gentle book evokes both joy and calm. The black, red, and white color scheme is perfect for very young children, but readers of all ages will find the lyrical tone and captivating pictures a delightful invitation to explore the forest again and again.

Christine Johnson is an award-winning essayist who is currently studying anthropology at the University of Tennessee, Knoxville.

Now in Paperback

Gone Again Ptarmigan

JONATHAN LONDON
With Illustrations by Jon Van Zyle

Every winter, willow ptarmigan birds put on new feathery coats, softly white and perfect for hiding in snow. In the spring they take on a spotted brown more suited to nesting. This is just one of the captivating changes that take place in the Far North as animals adjust to the changing seasons. *Gone Again Ptarmigan* allows readers to be wilderness explorers. Following the course of a year, readers learn how the birds change their plumage, forage, and evade predators, crossing paths with many of the other creatures sharing their land. With lively acrylic illustrations and an author’s note at the end to extend learning, *Gone Again Ptarmigan* is a beautiful introduction to the adaptable animals of the wild North.

Jonathan London is a poet and the author of many picture books, including the Froggy series. He lives in Graton, California. Jon Van Zyle is a painter who has illustrated dozens of books and is the official artist of the Iditarod. He lives near Eagle River, Alaska.
The Storms of Denali
NICHOLAS O’CONNELL

Reaching 20,320 feet into the clouds, the peak of Denali is the highest and coldest summit in North America. In this novel of adventure and ambition, based on actual events, four men set out to conquer it. Seen from the perspective of leader John Walker, the group battles avalanches, fierce winds, and mind-numbing cold before their band begins to splinter, leading inexorably to tragedy.

“It brought me into that dreamy state of imagining myself in John’s boots, thinking about battling to the top, and the singular experience of being on that mountain. . . . As much as anything, this nuanced Denali tale is also a parable about the price of ambition. . . . And I dare say the novel is brilliant, funny, and replete because of this.”—Jonathan Waterman, author of In the Shadow of Denali and Northern Exposures

Nicholas O’Connell is the author of several books, including Beyond Risk: Conversations with Climbers and On Sacred Ground: The Spirit of Place in Pacific Northwest Literature. His writing has appeared in Newsweek, Outside, National Geographic Adventure, Condé Nast Traveler, the New York Times, the Wall Street Journal, Sierra, and many other publications.

NOW IN PAPERBACK

The Fires of Patriotism
Alaskans in the Days of the First World War 1910–1920
PRESTON JONES

In the early twentieth century, Alaska was facing an exciting future as the newest US territory. Yet just five years after its official designation, the country entered World War I and citizens were called to fight. Despite the threat of a looming economic collapse, Alaska sent more people per capita to war than any other state and displayed a patriotism that rivaled that of any of the states.

The Fires of Patriotism explores Alaska’s wartime experience, bringing to light new stories and new characters from a decade that shook the world. This multifaceted book explores the era through engaging stories and rare photos, offering a fresh perspective on World War I from a marginal land that forged its place in the greater unity of the country.

Preston Jones is associate professor of history at John Brown University.

Benchmarks
New and Selected Poems 1963–2013
RICHARD DAUENHAUER

Russian, German, Tlingit. Like the languages he translates, Richard Dauenhauer’s poetry offers unexpected surprises. A prolific translator who also works in Finnish, Swedish, and classical Greek, he has a poetic command of language that has earned him wide recognition over fifty years of published work. Benchmarks spans these decades of writing, and each poem contained within marks a certain place in time and space, like a surveyor’s benchmark. The poems play with language while focusing on the land and people of Alaska. And like Alaska itself, this book offers a variety of delights—readers will find a new experience with each turn.

Richard Dauenhauer is a widely recognized translator, and several hundred of his translations of poetry have appeared in a range of journals and magazines. He is a former poet laureate of Alaska.
The range of the Dena’ina people stretches from the Cook Inlet region to southcentral Alaska and has been established for a thousand years. Yet their culture has largely been overlooked. Dena’ina’q’ Huch’ulyeshi is an ambitious project that finally brings their culture to light.

Lavishly illustrated with six hundred photographs, maps, and drawings, Dena’ina’q’ Huch’ulyeshi contains entries on Dena’ina objects in European and American collections. It is enriched with examples of traditional Dena’ina narratives, first-person accounts, and interviews. Essays on the history and culture of the Athabascan people put the pieces into historical context. This catalog accomplishes an exhibition running through January 2014 at the Anchorage Museum.

**Yupik Transitions**
Change and Survival at Bering Strait, 1900–1960

**IGOR KRUPNIK and MICHAEL CHLENOV**

The Siberian Yupik people have endured centuries of change and repression, starting with the Russian Cossacks in 1648 and extending into recent years. The twentieth century brought especially formidable challenges, including forced relocation by Russian authorities and a Cold War “ice curtain” that cut off the Yupik people on the mainland region of Chukotka from those on St. Lawrence Island. Yet throughout all this, the Yupik have managed to maintain their culture and identity. Igor Krupnik and Michael Chlenov spent more than thirty years studying this resilience through original fieldwork. In *Yupik Transitions*, they present a compelling portrait of a tenacious people and place in transition—an essential portrait as the fast pace of the newest century threatens to erase their way of life forever.

**Iñupiaq Ethnohistory**
Selected Essays by Ernest S. Burch Jr.

**Edited by ERICA HILL**

It took more than a century for colonialism to reach Alaska after the first Europeans set foot in what would become the continental United States. The complex society of the Iñupiaq, settled at the very top of the world, remained unknown and undisturbed longer than many other Native tribes in America. Ernest S. Burch Jr. dedicated most of his life and career to understanding this precolonial period and the lives of Northwest Alaska Natives. *Iñupiaq Ethnohistory* finally collects his work in one place, offering a fascinating and accessible window into a now-vanished world.

**Ernest S. Burch Jr.** (1938–2010) was a social anthropologist, associate professor at the University of Manitoba, and a research associate at the Smithsonian Institution’s Arctic Research Center. **Erica Hill** is an archaeologist. She teaches at the University of Alaska Southeast.
Today, most people look down when they want to check the weather, peeking at cell phones or popping open a browser, instead of looking up at one of the most accessible weather predictors of all—the sky. Knowing what the atmosphere has in store without relying on technology can be a gratifying experience, and now, with An Observer’s Guide to Clouds and Weather, it is also one that is easy to learn.

This informative and accessible guide walks readers through the basics of making weather predictions through understanding cloud types and sky formations. It explains, in nontechnical terms, the science behind the weather, connecting fundamental meteorological concepts with the processes that shape weather patterns. Readers will learn how to develop their powers of observation and hone their ability to make quick forecasts without complicated tools. Whether you’re an amateur weather enthusiast or a beginning meteorology student, An Observer’s Guide to Clouds and Weather will help anyone who prefers looking up to looking it up.

Toby Carlson is professor of meteorology emeritus in the Department of Meteorology at Pennsylvania State University. Paul Knight is a senior lecturer in meteorology in the Department of Meteorology at Pennsylvania State University as well as producer and host of the show Weather World. Celia Wyckoff is a former editor for World Campus at Pennsylvania State University.
Every day meteorologists sift through a deluge of information to make predictions that help us navigate our daily lives. Instead of being overwhelmed by the data and possibilities, they focus on small bits of information while using frequent collaboration to make decisions. With climate change a reality, William H. Hooke suggests we look to meteorologists as a model for how we can solve the twenty-first century’s most urgent environmental problems.

Living on the Real World explains why we should be approaching environmental issues collaboratively, each taking on a challenging aspect and finding solutions to small parts of the larger problem. It outlines current crises brought about by climate change and extreme weather, including effects on food, water, and energy, and then explores the ways we can tackle these problems together. Blending science with a philosophical approach, Hooke offers a clear-eyed analysis as well as an inspiring call to action. Everyone from scientists to politicians, educators to journalists, and businesses large and small, can—and must—participate in order to save the planet for generations to come.

William H. Hooke is a senior policy fellow at the American Meteorological Society and director of its policy program.

Partly to Mostly Funny
The Ultimate Weather Joke Book
Edited by Jon Malay
With Jokes from Norm Dvoskin

Q: Where did the meteorologist stop for a drink on the way home from a long day at work?
A: The nearest isobar!

Q: What’s the difference between partly cloudy and partly sunny?
A: It’s never partly sunny at night!

Q: Do you know what they call people who believe in letting a smile be their umbrella?
A: Wet!

Partly to Mostly Funny revels in puns, wordplay, and cartoons that take a lighter look at weather, climate, and the life of a meteorologist. They will evoke lighthearted chuckles from professionals, cheering up those who must keep their eyes trained on sometimes darkening skies, and will delight the rest of us with the sillier side of weather.

Jon Malay is a senior executive at Lockheed Martin Corporation’s Washington Operations. He is a fellow of the American Meteorological Society and recently served as its president.

Norm Dvoskin is a longtime professional member of the AMS and a broadcast meteorologist on Long Island, New York.
In the Aftermath of Trauma
Contemporary Video Installation
Edited by SABINE ECKMANN et al.

Published in conjunction with an exhibition of the same name at the Mildred Lane Kemper Art Museum, *In the Aftermath of Trauma* presents the work of contemporary video artists from around the world who use their medium to probe traumatic experiences and their aftermath. Engaging with historical events such as the Holocaust, the terrorist attacks of 9/11, the Vietnam War, and the conflicts between India and Pakistan, these artists use the semi-documentary format to delve into the very nature of trauma, offering ways of comprehension that go beyond either head-on confrontation or denial and repression. In lieu of this dichotomy, each piece in the exhibition reveals a more nuanced and complex relationship between the past event and its present ramifications. The works in the exhibition have a thematic emphasis on the present aftereffects of historical trauma and the future possibility of closure in either the real world or the imaginary realms of the artists. Replete with beautiful color images of each installation, the book is rounded out with an essay by Sabine Eckmann that looks at the relationship between trauma and contemporary art and contextualizes the pieces included in the book.

Sabine Eckmann is director and chief curator at the Mildred Lane Kemper Art Museum at Washington University in St. Louis, where she also teaches in the Department of Art History and Archaeology.

Sharon Lockhart: Lunch Break III
Edited by SABINE ECKMANN

*Sharon Lockhart: Lunch Break III* is the third volume in a series examining the work of acclaimed video artist and photographer Sharon Lockhart. Known for collaborating with remote or marginal communities such as blue-collar workers of the twenty-first century, as she did in *Sharon Lockhart: Lunch Break I*, the artist also blurs the line between photography, video art, and documentary. The results are staged and artificial, yet at the same time intimate and deeply human. Her newest museum installations also incorporate artworks and utilitarian objects made by others, expanding upon earlier forms of institutional critique. This book includes essays by curators and scholars who provide an international perspective on the artist’s evolving series. Stunningly illustrated, *Sharon Lockhart: Lunch Break III* serves as a reminder of the power and beauty of Lockhart’s art.

Sabine Eckmann is director and chief curator at the Mildred Lane Kemper Art Museum at Washington University in St. Louis, where she also teaches in the Department of Art History and Archaeology.
With gracious residential boulevards, soaring cathedrals, and some of this country’s first skyscrapers nestled amid bustling city blocks, St. Louis is home to buildings designed by some of America’s best-known architects, including Cass Gilbert and Louis Sullivan. But no single architectural firm has shaped the style of the city known as the Gateway to the West more than Maritz & Young.

Starting at the beginning of the twentieth century, Raymond E. Maritz and W. Ridgely Young built more than a hundred homes in the most affluent neighborhoods of St. Louis County, counting among their clientele a who’s who of the city’s most prominent citizens. *The Architecture of Maritz & Young* is the most complete collection of their work, featuring more than two hundred photographs, architectural drawings, and original floor plans of homes built in a variety of styles, from Spanish Eclectic to Tudor Revival. Alongside these historic images, Kevin Amsler and L. John Schott have provided descriptions of each residence detailing the original owners. Lovingly compiled from a multitude of historical sources and rare books, this is the definitive history of the domestic architecture that still defines St. Louis.

Kevin Amsler is the author of *Final Resting Place: The Lives and Deaths of Famous St. Louisans* and, for a decade, wrote a column for St. Louis’s the *West End Ward*. L. John Schott, AIA, was a project architect for Raymond E. Maritz & Sons for more than thirty years.

A Photographic History of the University of Missouri–St. Louis
The First Fifty Years
BLANCHE M. TOUHILL

Fifty years ago, the post–World War II population boom produced a flood of new college students across the United States. In St. Louis County alone, the demand for higher education increased fivefold to nearly twenty-five thousand prospective students, and the State of Missouri responded. On September 15, 1963, more than fifteen hundred people gathered on the grounds of the former Bellerive Country Club to dedicate the new University of Missouri–St. Louis, the region’s first public university.

Fifty years later, UMSL is a world-class institution of learning and research. Here, former chancellor Blanche M. Touhill offers us *A Photographic History of the University of Missouri–St. Louis*, an eloquent look back at the development of this beloved establishment’s mission, its identity, and its aspirations for the future. Published to coincide with UMSL’s Golden Jubilee celebrations, the book invites readers to witness the inspiring story of how an urban university dedicated *Salus Populi*—to the welfare of the people—became a university of excellence and an important center of the community.

Blanche M. Touhill was chancellor of University of Missouri–St. Louis from 1991 to 2002. In 1997, she was the first woman to be named St. Louis Citizen of the Year.
"After You Left, They Took It Apart, the culmination of an obsessive seven-year-long photographic preservation project, restores dignity to these homes once again, even as they are ravaged by time and neglect and facing imminent demolition. Chris Mottalini’s haunting images are a stark reminder that nothing is forever."

—Brooke Hodge, New York Times Magazine

While more conventional art can be tucked neatly away on gallery walls, houses have a much larger footprint. And when a home outlives its most basic function of providing shelter, a decision has to be made as to whether it is ultimately worth saving. Modernist homes like those designed by Paul Rudolph face an additional challenge as products of a stark, concrete-laden brutalist style now seen by many to be cold and uninviting.

Photographer Chris Mottalini visited three abandoned Rudolph homes awaiting demolition. His photos present these onetime symbols of opulence and power at their most vulnerable and defeated. Rich, full-color photos show sunlight playing across shattered windows, dusty stairs, and ruined living rooms, presenting a view of modernism that few have seen before. The photos speak to the ephemeral nature of contemporary taste, and its uneasy relationship with history, as well as the consequences of modernism on our visual lexicon. And in a final coda, the pictures themselves serve to preserve these masterpieces long after time and tastes move on.

Chris Mottalini is a photographer living in New York. His work has been exhibited internationally and in solo exhibitions. His previous work has been collected in The Mistake by the Lake.

Stray Light

DAVID HARTT

When the Johnson Publishing Company, best known for Jet and Ebony, moved into its iconic building on Michigan Avenue, the structure symbolized a bold entry into both the Chicago skyline and the city’s cultural environment. This emblematic building was the first in Chicago designed and owned by African Americans, a modernist masterpiece that in 1980 the Washington Post called, “practically a monument—sometimes an ostentatious one—to black success.”

David Hartt was given unprecedented access to the building, much of which retains its ’70s design, from bright gold accents to vintage see-through furniture. His resulting photographs take viewers on a rich and revealing tour. They capture the distinct physical characteristics while also illuminating the power structures and ideological purposes they once represented. Hartt’s collection also serves as an unexpected final documentation. Not long after Hartt captured these images, the Johnson Publishing Company announced it was selling its building and moving north. Stray Light is a time capsule of a historic building that once symbolized a bright future.

David Hartt is a photographer living and working in Chicago.
Jan Müller received a doctoral degree in political science at Jacobs University, Germany, worked as a postdoctoral researcher at the Center for the Study of Democracy and currently works as an analyst for the market research company Ipsos.
Three decades after the publication of Arlie Russell Hochschild’s *The Managed Heart*, the processes of commodification of emotion she wrote about now reach into all areas of labor processes, extending even to private life and intimate relationships. The contributors to this volume take up her concepts to study the diversity of this economic intrusion into family, education, and nursing in the service sector as well as into corporate management. Aside from the powers and interests that force these developments, these essays argue, there are also productive uses and active resistances to them.

Gertraud Koch is professor and Stefanie Everke Buchanan is a research fellow in the Department of Communication and Cultural Management at Zeppelin University.

In *The Limits of Choice*, Sahra Wagenknecht examines household saving decisions and basic needs in Germany and the United States, based on official data from both countries from the 1950s to present day. Arguing against the hypothesis that assumes consumers optimize their consumption intertemporally based exclusively on their permanent or lifetime income, Wagenknecht proposes a rule of thumb according to which consumers will save if their current income exceeds basic expenditure, while they will demand credit when income can no longer meet basic needs.

Sahra Wagenknecht is a German politician.

This book investigates the governance structures and mechanisms of knowledge and technology transfer in the context of innovation and production systems in six regions of Europe. For that purpose, the author develops a new and innovative heuristic governance model of knowledge transfer systems. Against the assumption of far-reaching institutional coherence and homogeneity of national systems in existing scholarship, Michael Ortiz demonstrates that national innovation and production systems are regionally variegated. With analyses of strengths and weaknesses, barriers, shortcomings, and dilemmas of regional innovation and knowledge transfer systems, the book ultimately identifies best practice models and policy recommendations for the investigated regions.

Michael Ortiz is a scientific assistant at the University of Mannheim.
Writing Political History Today
Edited by WILLIBALD STEINMETZ, INGRID GILCHER-HOLTEY, and HEINZ-GERHARD HAUPT

In recent years political history has been rediscovered by historians. In this volume the contributors approach the new political history in a constructivist way, conceiving the political as a communicative space whose boundaries are constantly reconfigured through acts of verbal, visual, and sometimes violent communication. Writing Political History Today is organized into four sections, focusing on politics and the political as contested concepts; boundary disputes between the political and other spheres; the question of whether violence is a means, an object, or the end of political communication; and on a future agenda for writing political history.

Willibald Steinmetz is professor of modern political history, and Ingrid Gilcher-Holtey is professor of contemporary history, both at Bielefeld University, where Heinz-Gerhard Haupt is professor emeritus.

Beyond the Iron Rice Bowl
Regimes of Production and Industrial Relations in China
BOY LÜTJHE, SIQI LUO, and HAO ZHANG

A unique account of labor relations in the modern Chinese economy, Beyond the Iron Rice Bowl brings together more than thirty in-depth case studies of key multinational, Chinese, and overseas Chinese enterprises in the automotive, electronic, and garment industries. Analyzing the regimes of production and their segmentations in the context of global and national production networks, the authors discuss Chinese and international industrial relations theory and labor sociology and explore the perspectives of collective bargaining, trade union reform, and democratic workplace representation in China.

Boy Lüthje is a senior fellow at the Institute of Social Research in Frankfurt, Germany, and visiting professor at the School of Government, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China. Siqi Luo is a research associate of the Institute of Social Research. Hao Zhang is a doctoral student at Cornell University.

Youth and Globalization in Central Asia
Everyday Life between Religion, Media, and International Donors
STEFAN B. KIRMSE

The former Soviet republic of Kyrgyzstan in the heart of Central Asia is home to the city of Osh, which is commonly discussed as an epicenter of radical Islamism and political instability, yet also fully globalized. Stefan B. Kirmse explores what this means for the everyday lives of the city’s young people. By focusing on the myriad ways in which young Muslims experience globalization, this book offers an alternative to the standard sensationalist accounts of post-Soviet Central Asia that discuss the region in terms of an “Islamic threat,” political instability, and interethnic strife.

Stefan B. Kirmse is a research fellow at Humboldt University of Berlin.
Civil War and State Formation
The Political Economy of War and Peace in Liberia
FELIX GERDES

The scene of two devastating civil wars since 1989, Liberia was widely considered a failed state until Ellen Johnson Sirleaf was democratically elected president in 2005. This book investigates the political economy of civil war and democratic peace, arguing that the civil wars did not represent state decay, but exhibited dynamics characteristic of state formation. In the analysis of postwar developments, which emphasizes the intertwining of corruption and democracy under the new regime, Felix Gerdes details both political progress and persistent structural deficits of the polity.

Felix Gerdes works as academic staff at Zaman University, Phnom Penh, Cambodia.

Amurs
BEARTH & DEPLAZES ARCHITECTS
With an Introduction by Iso Camartin

This volume looks at nineteen of the most striking and famous works from the much-lauded Swiss architecture firm Bearth & Deplazes Architects. The firm has worked on an eclectic mix of projects, including the new Monte Rosa Hut in Zermatt, the ÖKK insurance firm headquarters in Landquart, and the courtroom in Bellinzona, which is well known for its unique ceiling. In Amurs, architects from the firm pick their personal favorites from Bearth & Deplazes’s portfolio. Each building is presented in lush, large-format photography, and the Swiss writer Iso Camartin has contributed an essay that provides a comprehensive introduction to the architects’ work.

Bearth & Deplazes Architects was founded in 1988 by the architects Valentin Bearth, Andrea Deplazes, and Daniel Ladner and is based in Chur, Switzerland.

ETH Yearbook 2013
Teaching and Research
Edited by ETH ZÜRICH

Every year, ETH Zürich publishes the best of the work created by its students, teachers, and researchers in architectural design, technology, and visual design from the Department of Architecture. All the work in the 2013 yearbook was produced during the previous school year, some of it through exchange programs with other universities and programs of study in Europe and beyond. Highly illustrated, the resulting volume gives an interesting snapshot of the current state of architectural study, the approach and concerns of the Department of Architecture, and the perspectives of young architects learning their craft.

ETH Zürich is one of the leading international universities for technology and the natural sciences.
Reflections on Aristotle’s Politics
MOGENS HERMAN HANSEN

Mogens Herman Hansen is a renowned classics scholar and a leading authority on Athenian democracy and the ancient Greek city-state. Reflections on Aristotle’s “Politics” collects, revises, and expands on Hansen’s expert understandings of this fundamental text on politics. Addressing old controversies with fresh perspectives and treating issues that have previously been ignored or neglected, Hansen sheds new light on a range of issues of paramount importance for understanding the Politics.

Hansen engages Aristotle with depth, examining topics such as his view of democratic and political freedom as standalone values, his surprising silence regarding the numerous federal states of the Hellenic world, and his alternative to the traditional sixfold model of constitutions. Perhaps most provocatively, Hansen shows that Aristotle positively viewed a mixed form of democracy—democracy and oligarchy, democracy via the election of officials—which most democratic states practice today. Collecting a wealth of insights into a single volume, Hansen offers students and scholars a master guide to the text that has long defined Western political thought.

Now in Paperback
The Isolated Self
Truth and Untruth in Søren Kierkegaard’s On the Concept of Irony
K. BRIAN SODERQUIST

Often overlooked by Kierkegaard scholars, On the Concept of Irony—Kierkegaard’s dissertation—is in fact a foundational text that established some of Kierkegaard’s most important ideas on the self. In The Isolated Self, K. Brian Soderquist restores this important work to its proper place, offering a rare full-length study of the text that shows how and why Kierkegaard would return to the ideas he developed there throughout his entire career.

Thoroughly examining On the Concept of Irony, Soderquist uncovers the most comprehensive account of the “double movement” that is so important in Kierkegaard’s later works. Hinging on irony, the double movement describes the way existence pushes us to move from an immediate, unreflective life toward a self-developed worldview. Soderquist borrows into this notion of irony, reconstructing the way it was conceived in Kierkegaard’s time by analyzing its use by related thinkers such as Hegel, Friedrich Schlegel, Johan Ludvig Heiberg, Hans Lassen Martensen, and Poul Martin Møller. Altogether Soderquist shows how Kierkegaard’s concept of irony, as demonstrated in this very early work, is crucial to understanding his pivotal thoughts on selfhood.

“The most important work on archaic and classical Greek history to have appeared in my lifetime. . . . No textbook history of ancient Greek history . . . can or should ever look the same again.”
—Simon Hornblower, Oxford University, on An Inventory of Archaic and Classical Poleis

“Standing at the beginning of Kierkegaard’s authorship, yet not avowedly belonging to the authorial project itself, On the Concept of Irony is often found as a mere footnote within Kierkegaard scholarship. In this engaging book, K. Brian Soderquist brings Kierkegaard’s Magister dissertation to the fore and develops a compelling case for treating On the Concept of Irony ‘as a prism through which to illuminate Kierkegaard’s authorship as a whole.’”
—Simon Podmore, University of Oxford

K. Brian Soderquist is a lecturer in the faculty of theology at the University of Copenhagen. He is coeditor of Kierkegaard’s Journals and Notebooks.
“A very illuminating book which traces the pattern of the ‘creative dialectic’ into Karen Blixen’s essays on three significant currents of the twentieth century: feminism, Nazism, and colonialism. This study elucidates Blixen’s originality in dealing with these precarious issues.”
—Lasse Horne Kjældgaard, Danish Society of Language and Literature

“Michael Jackson’s The Politics of Storytelling is a radical book for our time. I have never read a more compelling vision of how human beings creatively negotiate the borderlands between their private and public worlds. Not since Clifford Geertz has an anthropologist written with such innovative narrative skill, reaching beyond the academy to illuminate what is culturally at stake in our need to tell stories about the shared worlds we inhabit and remake.”
—David Carrasco, author of City of Sacrifice: The Aztec Empire and the Role of Violence in Civilization

The Creative Dialectic in Karen Blixen’s Essays
On Gender, Nazi Germany, and Colonial Desire
MARIANNE STECHER

Best known for Out of Africa and Babette’s Feast, Karen Blixen—often writing under the name Isak Dinesen—was an iconic figure in Scandinavia and the Anglo-American world, celebrated as a literary star and a pundit in newspapers, radio, and lecture halls. Many of her topical pieces would later be published as essays, and in this book Marianne Stecher offers the first critical examination of them, exploring Blixen’s sagacious reflections on some of the twentieth century’s greatest challenges.

Stecher uncovers a creative dialectic in Blixen’s work, an interplay of complementary opposites that Blixen saw as fundamental to human life and artistic creativity. Whether exploring questions of gender and the status of the feminist movement in the mid-twentieth century, the reign of National Socialism in Hitler’s Germany, or colonial race relations under British rule in East Africa, Blixen drew on a dialectical method to offer insightful, witty, and surprisingly progressive observations.

Including the first English translation of Blixen’s essay “Blacks and Whites in Africa,” this book is an essential companion to the works of this original thinker and writer.

Marianne Stecher is associate professor of Danish and Scandinavian literature at the University of Washington. She is the author of History Revisited: Fact and Fiction in Thorkild Hansen’s Documentary Works.

The Politics of Storytelling
Variations on a Theme by Hannah Arendt
Second Edition
MICHAEL JACKSON

Hannah Arendt famously argued that politics are best understood as a power relationship between private and public realms. And storytelling, she argued, creates a vital bridge between these realms, a place where individual passions and shared perspectives can be contested and interwoven. In The Politics of Storytelling, anthropologist Michael Jackson explores and expands on Arendt’s notions, bringing stories from all around the world into impressive cross-cultural analysis.

Jackson retells stories from the Kuranko in Sierra Leone, the Australian Aboriginals, and the South African Truth and Reconciliation Commission—by refugees, renegades, and war veterans. Focusing on the violent and volatile conditions under which stories are told—or silenced—he explores the power of narrative to remake reality, enabling people to symbolically alter their relations and help reclaim an existential viability. Above all, he shows how Arendt’s writings on narrative deepen our understanding of the critical, therapeutic, and political role of storytelling, that it is one of the crucial ways by which we understand one another.

Michael Jackson is the Distinguished Visiting Professor of World Religions at the Harvard Divinity School. He is the author of many books, most recently Being of Two Minds, Road Markings: An Anthropologist in the Antipodes, The Other Shore: Essays on Writers and Writings, and Lifeworlds: Essays in Existential Anthropology, the last published by the University of Chicago Press.
Visions and Revisions
Performance, Memory, Trauma
Edited by BRYONI TREZISE and CAROLINE WAKE

Visions and Revisions brings the fields of performance studies and trauma studies together in conversation, where they inform crucial themes such as trauma, testimony, witness, and spectatorship. While performance studies is increasingly addressing trauma and how to represent it, attention is still often relegated to highbrow forms of art and political theater. The contributors here fill a critical gap, raising questions about how popular and mediatized performances that memorialize trauma might be viewed through performance theory. They also look at how performance studies might shift its focus from the visual to the sensorial and material—as a method of rethinking the act of witness—and in doing so offer a fresh perspective on performance and trauma studies.

Bryoni Trezise is a lecturer in theater and performance studies at the University of New South Wales, where Caroline Wake is a postdoctoral fellow at the Centre for Modernism Studies in Australia.

Classica et Mediaevalia Volume 63
Danish Journal of Philology and History
Edited by GEORGE HINGE and MARIANNE PADE

Classica et Mediaevalia is an international, peer-reviewed journal covering Greek and Latin languages and literatures from antiquity to the late Middle Ages as well as Greek and Roman traditions as they continue throughout history, especially in law, philosophy, and the ecclesiast. Volume 63 includes articles on divination as a convention of war in ancient Greece, pornographic allusions in Catullus, Sophistic oratory and styles in Roman Asia Minor, suspense and surprise in Achilles Tatius’s Leucippe and Clitophon, narrative time and mythological tale-types in Beowulf and The Odyssey, and Petrarch’s reading of Cicero’s letters, among others.

George Hinge is associate professor in the Department of Classical Philology at Aarhus University. Marianne Pade is professor of classical philology at Aarhus University and director of the Danish Academy in Rome.

Care and Conservation of Manuscripts 13
Edited by MATTHEW J. DRISCOLL

Care and Conservation of Manuscripts collects the best contemporary scholarship on the conservation, preservation, and use of historic manuscripts, often engaging issues surrounding the history of books and manuscripts as well. Volume 13 contains over thirty contributions by top scholars in the field. It covers an array of topics, including the conservation of two composite Anselm manuscripts from the twelfth century and the refurbishment of a group of medieval manuscripts in the library of Henry VIII. Richly illustrated, the journal sets a high standard for the study of manuscript preservation and management.

Matthew J. Driscoll is associate professor at the Arnamagnæan Institute at the University of Copenhagen.

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Tocharian and Indo-European Studies

Volume 14

Edited by GEORGES-JEAN PINAULT, MICHAËL PEYROT, JENS ELMEGÅRD RASMUSSEN, and THOMAS OLANDER

Tocharian and Indo-European Studies is the central publication for the study of two closely related languages, Tocharian A and Tocharian B. Found in many Buddhist manuscripts from central Asia, Tocharian dates back to the second half of the first millennium of the Common Era, though it was not discovered until the twentieth century. Focusing on both philological and linguistic aspects of this language, Tocharian and Indo-European Studies also looks at it in relationship to other Indo-European languages.

Gerrit Bos is chair of the Martin Buber Institute for Jewish Studies at the University of Cologne.

Georges-Jean Pinault is professor of linguistics at the École pratique des hautes études in Paris. Michaël Peyrot is a postdoctoral researcher at the University of Vienna. Jens Elmegård Rasmussen is associate professor and head of the Roots of Europe—Language, Culture, and Migrations Centre at the University of Copenhagen, where Thomas Olander is assistant professor.

Medical Aphorisms

Treatises 16–21

MOSES MAIMONIDES

Translated by Gerrit Bos

This fourth volume of the critical edition of the medical aphorisms compiled by Maimonides (1138–1204) covers treatises sixteen to twenty-one. The central subjects of these treatises include women’s diseases, physical exercise, bathing, foods, and the consumption of drugs. Most of the aphorisms featured in this volume are based on the works of Galen, but Maimonides also quotes from other ancient and medieval physicians, including some whose work does not survive in any other source. This edition provides both the Arabic text and an authoritative English translation by Gerrit Bos in parallel-column format.

On Rules Regarding the Practical Part of the Medical Art

A Parallel English-Arabic Edition and Translation

MOSES MAIMONIDES

Translated by Gerrit Bos

Edited by Y. Tzvi Langermann

On Rules Regarding the Practical Part of the Medical Art had been labeled a copy of On Asthma by bio-bibliographer Moritz Steinchneider, but a closer examination of the manuscript by Gerrit Bos and Tzvi Langermann has revealed the treatise to be a previously unrecognized work of the great philosopher-physician Moses Maimonides. The publication of this translation marks the first time the Arabic manuscript with English translation has been available to a modern audience in any form. It is in Maimonides’s favored aphoristic format and contains some unique advice on serious abdominal wounds, which is most likely a reflection on Maimonides’s own experience with battlefield casualties.

Gerrit Bos is chair of the Martin Buber Institute for Jewish Studies at the University of Cologne. Y. Tzvi Langermann teaches in the Department of Arabic at Bar-Ilan University in Ramat Gan, Israel.
Mulla Ṣadrā (ca. 1572–1640) is one of the most prominent figures of post-Avicennan Islamic philosophy and among the most important philosophers of Safavid Persia. He was a prolific writer whose work advanced the fields of intellectual and religious science in Islamic philosophy, but arguably his most important contribution to Islamic philosophy is in the study of existence (wujud) and its application to such areas as cosmology, epistemology, psychology, and eschatology. Ṣadrā represents a paradigm shift from the Aristotelian metaphysics of fixed substances, which had dominated Islamic philosophy, to an analysis of existence as the ultimate ground and dynamic source of things. He posits that all beings derive their reality and truth from their wujud and that a proper philosophical analysis must therefore start and eventually end with it. The present work’s focus on Ṣadrā’s gradational ontology provides a strong foundation for the reader to understand Ṣadrā’s other works and later texts by philosophers working in the same field. This edition contains parallel English-Arabic texts and a new translation by preeminent scholar of Islamic philosophy Seyyed Hossein Nasr.

The second-century physician and philosopher Galen is not known for brevity. Although his writings on medicine are famously verbose and numerous, for centuries they constituted much of the standard syllabi for medical students. About fourteen hundred years ago, one or possibly several professors put together a series of epitomes of Galen’s work. In contrast to Galen’s rambling and argumentative style, these epitomes present the material dryly but clearly, offering systematic categorizations of concepts, symptoms, diseases, and organs. Originally written in Greek, The Alexandrian Epitomes of Galen can also be found in Arabic and Hebrew translations, and the epitomes have had a particularly profound influence on medical literature in the Arab world. This edition presents the Arabic and English versions side by side, with a fresh, modern, and authoritative translation by scholar John Walbridge. Often cited in medical texts in the following centuries, these epitomes present an admirably clear survey of Galenism as it was understood at the very end of antiquity.

Seyyed Hossein Nasr is the University Professor of Islamic Studies at George Washington University. Ibrahim Kalin currently serves as chief advisor to the prime minister of Turkey and is a fellow at the Prince Alwaleed Bin Talal Center for Muslim-Christian Understanding, Georgetown University.

John Walbridge is professor of Near Eastern languages and cultures at Indiana University Bloomington.
Deaf School
The Non-Stop Pop Art Punk Rock Party

With a Foreword by Suggs

Liverpool has been a city of bands for decades, a dynamic center of musical innovation that gave the world the most iconic group ever to grace popular music—the Beatles. Years later, in 1974, the city nearly did it again. In the very same rehearsal rooms that John Lennon had used at the Liverpool College of Art, Deaf School—a chaotic and wildly entertaining band with a flair for rock cabaret—was born. Avant-garde to the max, they were slated for instant stardom, signing with Warner Brothers. But the band would never have their heyday, lost in the vicissitudes of taste as Britain’s punk rock revolution took hold, drowning out their potential. In Deaf School: The Non-Stop Pop Art Punk Rock Party, veteran music writer Paul Du Noyer pays tribute to this groundbreaking band, offering at least a little bit of the tremendous recognition that they deserve.

Deaf School’s influence is acknowledged by bands ranging from Madness to Dexy’s Midnight Runners to Echo & the Bunnymen. Indeed, the Sex Pistols’s own manager, Malcolm McLaren, said of them “It’s just as bad being too early as too late.” Though their hopes were dashed, they have never surrendered, and forty years later they still perform in madly glamorous and eccentric reunion shows, tribal gatherings of a dedicated fanbase who never forgot them. Celebrating their insider achievements, their rocker-to-rocker influence, Paul Du Noyer brings readers into the raucous clubs where musical history would be determined, offering not just a needed biography of an overlooked band but a hidden and important story of artistic development—whispered in our ear beneath the noise. “Deaf School are such a delicious secret,” he writes, “it’s almost a shame to reveal it.”

Paul Du Noyer has been a music journalist for more than thirty years. He is the founding editor of Mojo and was editor at Q and a writer for NME. He is the author of many books, most recently Liverpool—Wondrous Place: From the Cavern to the Capital of Culture.
Two Early Lives of Severos, Patriarch of Antioch
Translated with an Introduction and Commentary by
SEBASTIAN BROCK and BRIAN FITZGERALD

Severos, patriarch of Antioch, was one of the most important ecclesiastical figures of the first half of the sixth century. Regarded as a schismatic by the Greek and Latin Church, he is commemorated as a saint in the Syrian Orthodox Church, and consequently most of his voluminous writings are only preserved in Syriac translations from the Greek. In this book, Sebastian Brock and Brian Fitzgerald provide much-needed English translations that detail the life of this important figure.

Severos lived during the important period when the reception of the Council of Chalcedon was still hotly debated. An opponent of the Council, Severos endured severe oppression and exile, and ultimately his many writings were condemned to be burned. But the two biographies translated here capture his life in exquisite detail—from his time as a student to his death in 538—in the process providing a fascinating look at ecclesiastical culture during that turbulent time. They will be an invaluable resource for anyone interested in the history of Christendom.

Sebastian Brock is emeritus reader in Syriac studies and emeritus fellow of Wolfson College at Oxford University. He is the author of many books, most recently The Bible in the Syriac Tradition. Brian Fitzgerald is an independent scholar.

Funerary Speech for John Chrysostom
Translated with an Introduction and Commentary by
TIMOTHY D. BARNES and GEORGE BEVAN

John Chrysostom, Archbishop of Constantinople, was an important Early Church Father living in the latter half of the fourth century CE. Much of his life and activities is contained in a funerary speech delivered by one of his former clergy members near Constantinople in the autumn of 407. That speech is the earliest and fullest account of his role as bishop of Constantinople between 397 and 404, and here it is translated into English for the first time.

Replacing the later Historical Dialogue on John by Palladius as the prime source text for understanding the life of John Chrysostom, the Funerary Speech lends significant historical insights into early church history. Translators Timothy D. Barnes and George Bevan provide an ample introduction and extensive notes on the chronology of John’s life, as well as his posthumous reception and legacy. By doing so, they illustrate the importance of this relatively new text—and the figure at its center—in the history of Christianity.

Timothy D. Barnes is an honorary professorial fellow at the University of Edinburgh. He is the author of many books, most recently Constantine: Dynasty, Religion, and Power in the Later Roman Empire. George Bevan is assistant professor at Queen’s University in Ontario.
Gavin o’Toole is an advisory board member for the Americas series published by Texas Tech University Press and the editor of the Latin Review of Books.

The Reinvention of Mexico explores the ideological conflict between neoliberalism and nationalism that has been at the core of economic and political development in Latin America since the mid-1980s. Grappling with a wide variety of issues generated by the dismantling of the statist economy and subsequent climate of market reforms, this timely volume shows that Mexico’s transformation in the 1990s has broader implications for the study of nationalism. A welcome contribution to the literature on Latin American history, The Reinvention of Mexico offers important insight into national responses to globalization and the most appropriate vision of political economy in Latin America.

Anthony Howe is a senior lecturer in English at Birmingham City University.

“The Reinvention of Mexico
National Ideology in a Neoliberal Era
GAVIN O’TOOLE

Byron and the Forms of Thought
ANTHONY HOWE

Much has been written recently on Byron as a philosopher, but Byron and the Forms of Thought is the first to thoroughly consider Byron’s philosophical projects via his poetry. Anthony Howe explores Byron’s poetry as a project with its own philosophical agency, arguing that readers and thinkers cannot understand Byron’s intellectual force without an acute awareness of his poetic trajectory and, as such, without close critical readings of his poems. Howe reevaluates many of Byron’s core qualities, including his skepticism and the problems he encountered as a literary critic, closing with a provocative rereading of his epic poem Don Juan—not as satire, but as a new realization of visionary poetics. A must-read for any fan of Byron, this book is also a remarkable example of how to navigate the intersections between poetry and philosophy.

Anthony Howe is a senior lecturer in English at Birmingham City University.

Byron’s Ghosts
The Spectral, the Spiritual and the Supernatural
Edited by GAVIN HOPPS

In Byron’s Ghosts British and American scholars join together to overturn some of the prevailing assumptions about Byron, offering a fresh new reading of his poetry. Informed by recent critical theory focused on spectrality, they look at ghosts in his work, both in the conventional sense—what Mary Shelley once described as the “true, old-fashioned, foretelling, flitting, gliding ghost”—and in a postmodern sense, one concerned with a range of phantom effects. Balancing attention on these diverse concepts of the ghost, their essays complicate the popular images of Byron as a materialist, skeptic, and anti-Romantic, revealing crucial new insights about his poetry.

Gavin Hopps is a lecturer in literature and theology at the University of St Andrews, UK. He is the author of Morrissey: The Pageant of His Bleeding Heart and coeditor of Romanticism and Religion from William Cowper to Wallace Stevens.
Picasso and the Politics of Visual Representation
War and Peace in the Era of the Cold War and Since
Edited by JONATHAN HARRIS and RICHARD KOECK

For decades after he joined the French Communist Party in 1944, Picasso produced works that connected directly—if in complex and varied ways—to his left-wing political beliefs. Picasso and the Politics of Visual Representation brings together scholars from Europe and the United States to reevaluate these later, more politically driven paintings.

Jonathan Harris is professor of global art and design studies and director of research at the Winchester School of Art at the University of Southampton. He is the author of several books and most recently coeditor of Regenerating Culture and Society, also published by Liverpool University Press.

Richard Koeck is a senior lecturer in the School of Architecture at the University of Liverpool. He is most recently the author of Cine | Scapes.

Looking at topics such as the legacy of his famed Guernica, the Cold War, and the struggle against the Franco regime in Spain, the contributors avail themselves of the most recent scholarship to recast Picasso not simply as a leader of artistic change but an agent of political discourse.

Owain Glyndwr
A Casebook
Edited by MICHAEL LIVINGSTON and JOHN K. BOLLAARD

The legacy of medieval Welsh ruler Owain Glyndwr is a contested one, his history and its importance constantly under debate. In this book an international collection of scholars offer a comprehensive set of source texts that chronicle Glyndwr’s life and works. Presenting medieval and post-medieval records, documents, poems, and chronicles in their original Latin, Welsh, Anglo-Norman, Old French, and Middle English—all opposite modern English translations—this diverse range of texts provides an informed assessment of just who Owain Glyndwr was and what he meant for European history.

Michael Livingston is assistant professor of English at the Citadel, the Military College of South Carolina. He is the author or editor of several books. He lives in Charleston, SC.

John K. Bollard is an independent scholar, translator, and lexicographic consultant.

Memoirs of a Leavisite
The Decline and Fall of Cambridge English
DAVID ELLIS

Few have influenced the teaching of English literature as much as F. R. Leavis and his wife, Q. D. Leavis. Iconic figures of modernist criticism, they levied impassioned and often provocative readings, invigorating English criticism with a sense of literature as alive and of crucial importance to shaping contemporary sensibility. Here David Ellis looks back through his own long career as an English professor—to his days as a student of F. R. Leavis—balancing the history of criticism with personal accounts of the Leavis style, exploring its lasting impact on him and why, ultimately, it was doomed to fail. In doing so he offers a fascinating exploration of just what English literature is and what it can be.

David Ellis is professor emeritus of English at the University of Kent. He is the author of many books, including Byron in Geneva, also published by Liverpool University Press. He lives in Canterbury, UK.
Women’s Experimental Poetry in Britain
1970–2010

Body, Time and Locale

DAVID KENNEDY and CHRISTINE KENNEDY

Women’s Experimental Poetry in Britain 1970–2010 examines writing ranging from Geraldine Monk’s ventriloquizing of the Pendle witches to Denise Riley’s fiercely self-critical lyric poems and from the multimedia experiments of Maggie O’Sullivan to the globally aware, politicized sequences of Andrea Brady and Jennifer Cooke. It offers a needed theoretical look at women’s experimental poetry in Britain over the past forty years, drawing on the likes of Julia Kristeva and others to show how the female poetic voice has constantly negotiated with dominant systems of representation.

David Kennedy is a senior lecturer in English and creative writing at the University of Hull. He is the author of Elegy and The Ekphrastic Encounter in Contemporary British Poetry and Elsewhere. Christine Kennedy is an artist, poet, and independent scholar.

Colombia’s Forgotten Frontier
A Literary Geography of the Putumayo

LESLEY WYLIE

Coming to prominence during the rubber fever of the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, the Putumayo has long been a site of political turmoil, a place of mass immigration, exile, subjugation, insurgency, and violence, all of which have fostered a long, international literary history. Colombia’s Forgotten Frontier maps this history for the first time. Lesley Wylie looks at works by writers from Latin America, the United States, and Europe—including works by Roger Casement, José Eustasio Rivera, and William Burroughs—in order to examine Colombia’s literary legacy of marginality and conflict.

Lesley Wylie is a lecturer in Latin American studies at the University of Leicester. She is the author of Colonial Tropes and Postcolonial Tricks, both also published by Liverpool University Press.

Surveying the American Tropics
A Literary Geography from New York to Rio

Edited by MARIA CRISTINA FUMAGALLI, PETER HULME, OWEN ROBINSON, and LESLEY WYLIE

Surveying the American Tropics brings together the likes of Neil Whitehead and Richard and Sally Price, among others, to examine the literary and cultural contributions of the American Tropics—an extended Caribbean that includes the southern United States, northern South America, and the Caribbean islands. Often separated, these regions share many similarities: massive influxes of Europeans and Africans, tropical and subtropical environments, and plantation-based economies, and their literature is collectively marked by fraught international relationships and the domination of indigenous groups—all driven by the desire to control America’s many resources.

Maria Cristina Fumagalli is professor of literature at the University of Essex. She is the author of Caribbean Perspectives on Modernity. Peter Hulme is professor of literature at the University of Essex. He is the author of Cuba’s Wild East, also published by Liverpool University Press. Owen Robinson is a senior lecturer in American literature at the University of Essex. Lesley Wylie is a lecturer in Latin American studies at the University of Leicester. She is the author of Colonial Tropes and Postcolonial Tricks, also published by Liverpool University Press.
Politics in a Glass Case
Feminism, Exhibition Cultures and Curatorial Transgressions
Edited by ANGELA DIMITRAKAKI and LARA PERRY

Bringing together an impressive lineup of contributors from across Europe, the United Kingdom, and the United States, Politics in a Glass Case examines how sexual politics play out in art exhibitions. Beginning with the feminist critique of the art exhibition in the 1970s and concluding with reflections on curatorial work and globalization after 2000, the contributors here explore a host of topics—including relational aesthetics, global exhibition, and feminism and technology in the museum—and review a variety of major exhibitions to address the intersection between gender struggle and the free market art economy. Along the way they build toward an alternative narrative of feminism’s impact on art.

Angela Dimitrakaki is a lecturer in contemporary art history and theory at the University of Edinburgh. She is the author of Gender, Art/Work and the Global Imperative. She lives in Edinburgh. Lara Perry is a principal lecturer in the School of Humanities at the University of Brighton. She lives in Brighton, UK.

Singularities
Technoculture, Transhumanism, and Science Fiction in the 21st Century
JOSHUA RAULERSON

Amid the seemingly exponential advancement of technology and the increasingly portentous implications of its continued development and proliferation, many futurists speculate about an imminent historical threshold when the nature of human existence will be forever changed—the Singularity. In Singularities, Joshua Raulerson mounts a wide-ranging study of the Singularity as a subject for theory and cultural studies, drawing science fiction texts into a complex dialogue with digital culture, transhumanist movements, political and economic theory, consumer gadgetry, gaming, and related areas of our high-tech postmodernity. By doing so, he shows how the Singularity greatly shapes many of our contemporary anxieties and aspirations.

Joshua Raulerson holds a PhD in English from the University of Iowa and is the Morning Edition host at Essential Public Radio in Pittsburgh.

Transvisuality—The Cultural Dimension of Visuality (Volume 1)
Boundaries and Creative Openings
Edited by TORE KRISTENSEN, ANDERS MICHELSEN, and FRAUKE WIEGAND

Transvisuality—The Cultural Dimension of Visuality brings together leading scholars from all over the globe to examine what the visual means today. From art to new media, from branding to urban design, visual culture is a fundamental aspect of contemporary life, and the contributors here use the past decade of visual studies as a springboard to offer new perspectives on visual theory, analysis, and design, while showing how the visual becomes transvisual by adapting and creating culture in the global world. Drawing from phenomenology, semiotics, art history, frame theory, and a variety of other disciplines, they offer a panoply of fresh approaches to this ever-evolving field.

Tore Kristensen is professor of strategic design at Copenhagen Business School. Anders Michelsen is associate professor of visual culture at the University of Copenhagen, where Frauke Wiegand is a PhD fellow in visual culture.
Interest in anchoritic life in Europe, especially in medieval England, has never been greater, but almost all recent scholarship centers on two texts—*De Institutione inclusarum* and *Ancrene Wisse*—which have focused on anchoritism as an almost exclusively female pursuit. In this first complete English translation of the *Speculum Inclusorum*, E. A. Jones offers an important contribution to the study of anchoritism among men. Written in the fifteenth century in Latin—which has been preserved here alongside the English translation—the *Speculum Inclusorum* engages a range of topics central to the anchoritic life, including a careful discernment of a prospective anchorite’s vocation, frank discussions of the temptations and dangers of a reclusive life, and the joys of intense contemplation. An invaluable resource for medieval scholars, this translation will also be of value to anyone interested in the radical devotion of this fascinating group of people.

E. A. Jones is a senior lecturer in English medieval literature and culture at the University of Exeter. He is the author of several books, most recently *Syon Abbey and Its Books*.

Pubs and Patriots
The Drink Crisis in Britain during World War One

ROBERT DUNCAN

*Pubs and Patriots* tells the fascinating story of the much-loathed Central Control Board (CCB), which was charged with controlling alcohol consumption in Britain during World War I. With concern rising during the war that boozing at home was having a detrimental effect on the military front, politicians were faced with the possibility of imposing an alcohol prohibition. Deeming that far too extreme, they opted instead to create the CCB, which would be responsible for one of the most radical and unique experiments in alcohol control ever conducted in Britain. By examining the control of a central civilian pastime during war years, *Pubs and Patriots* provides an unconventional but illuminating way of approaching one of the most significant events of the twentieth century.

Robert Duncan is an independent scholar.

Commemorating the Irish Famine
Memory and the Monument

EMILY MARK-FitzGERALD

While it was one of the watershed events in the history of Ireland, the famine of the 1840s received little public recognition until its 150th anniversary, when an unprecedented number of monuments commemorating it were constructed in Ireland, Britain, the United States, Canada, and Australia. In this book Emily Mark-FitzGerald examines this tremendous material output in an extensive global survey that touches on the history of Ireland and its diaspora. Situating memorials dedicated to the famine within a larger memorial culture, she explores why such memories matter, describing how they shape the ways the now-global Irish ethnic community defines itself.

Emily Mark-FitzGerald is a lecturer in the School of Art History and Cultural Policy at University College Dublin. She is the author of *Collaborations and Conversations*. 
**Reading the Irishwoman**

Studies in Cultural Encounters and Exchange, 1714–1960

**GERARDINE MEANEY, MARY O’DOWD, and BERNADETTE WHELAN**

Examining an impressive sweep of Irish cultural history, from 1700 to 1960, *Reading the Irishwoman* explores the dynamisms of cultural encounter and exchange in Irish women’s lives. Analyzing the popular and consumer cultures of a variety of eras, it traces how the circulation of ideas, fantasies, and aspirations shaped women’s lives both in actuality and in imagination. The authors uncover a huge array of different representations that Irish women have been able to identify with, including heroine, patriot, philanthropist, actress, singer, model, and missionary. By studying this diversity of viable roles in the Irish woman’s cultural world, the authors point to evidence of women’s agency and aspiration that reached far beyond the domestic sphere.

**Black Intersectionalities**

A Critique for the 21st Century

Edited by MONICA MICHLIN and JEAN-PAUL ROCCHI

*Black Intersectionalities* goes beyond conventional identity studies to offer a critique of identity categories themselves. Markers of identity are too often assigned, examined, and theorized as definitive binaries that fail to take into account the dynamism of individuality and its relationship to the social whole, relegating people to either male or female, straight or gay, black or white, and so on. Focusing on the way identity is both constructed and constructive, the contributors here progress beyond prescribed categories, seeking to develop new types of interdisciplinary frameworks in which subjective and political spaces can at once be universalized and kept particular. In doing so they offer a truer concept of identity—as imagined, plural, and continuously shifting.

**Imperial Emotions**

Cultural Responses to Myths of Empire in Fin-de-Siècle Spain

**JAVIER KRAUEL**

*Imperial Emotions* reconsiders the historical legacy of Spain’s empire by examining the role of emotions in mitigating it. Javier Krauel cogently argues that the fall of the Spanish empire in the late nineteenth century spurred a number of contradictory responses, ranging from mourning and melancholia to indignation, pride, and shame. He shows how intellectuals sought to reimagine a post-empire Spain by establishing attachments to imperial myths, which would have a profound impact not only on the collective memory of Spain but that of the Americas as well, where such emotional investments are still in conflict today.
“This is a wonderfully erudite but also congenial work, inviting the reader to a deeper understanding of Rio de Janeiro’s history over the past centuries through close investigation of the neighborhood of Cidade Nova, its changing population and architecture, and the many works of literature, visual arts, and popular song connected to those histories.”

—Bryan McCann, Georgetown University

Porous City
A Cultural History of Rio de Janeiro

BRUNO CARVALHO

Despite its famous image as a divided city—of wealthy high-rises and the surrounding, poverty-stricken favelas—Rio de Janeiro’s culture is a product of profound interaction between classes and races. Carvalho focuses on one of the most compelling sites of Rio’s cultural production—the Cidade Nova, or “New City,” neighborhood—which was razed during World War II for the construction of a grand avenue but is now being rediscovered as Rio prepares for the 2016 Olympic games. Carvalho examines literature, architecture, art, history, and music to show how once-marginalized cultural practices—like samba music—have become emblems of national identity, and in doing so he rethinks the history of Rio and its importance to the establishment of Brazil’s complex identity.

Imperialism as Diaspora
Race, Sexuality, and History in Anglo-India

RALPH CRANE and RADHIKA MOHANRAM

Nearly all studies of British people living in India during the British Raj examine the population within the context of imperialism, neglecting the sense of displacement, discontinuity, and discomfort that comprised everyday life for Anglo-Indians. In Imperialism as Diaspora, Ralph Crane and Radhika Mohanram set out to understand the real lives of Anglo-Indians from a new, interdisciplinary stance. Moving seamlessly between literature, history, and art—and examining many forgotten works—they show how the lives of Anglo-Indians constituted an intersection of imperalist and diasporic forces, which created a unique set of cultural fissures that played out in issues of race, gender, religion, and power as colonial history progressed.

Irish London
Middle-Class Migration in the Global Eighteenth Century

CRAIG BAILEY

The familiar story of Irish migration to London during the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries is one of severe poverty, hardship, and marginalization. But many Irish immigrants were middle class and had a vastly different experience within the global metropolis. Detailing studies of Irish lawyers, students, and merchants who moved to London during this period, Irish London overturns assumptions of easy assimilation that have led to scholarly neglect of this group, showing the ways that they depended on Irish culture—and a connection to it—to overcome the ordinary challenges of day-to-day life. In doing so, it offers a new perspective on the unique and tangible value of Irish culture for the many Irish who would call another country home.

Craig Bailey is associate professor at Villanova University.
Contesting Views
The Visual Economy of France and Algeria
EDWARD WELCH and JOSEPH McGONAGLE

Over fifty years after Algerian independence from France, Franco-Algerian relationships and the complexities of the colonial legacy remain a key concern for many citizens in both countries. In Contesting Views, Edward Welch and Joseph McGonagle explore the significant role visual culture has had in mitigating this fraught relationship. They trace the circulation of and connections between a diverse range of still and moving images from both sides of the Mediterranean, offering a new understanding of the postcolonial experience in Europe and North Africa and wider contemporary geopolitics as they play out in visual culture.

V. Y. Mudimbe
Undisciplined Africanism
PIERRE-PHILIPPE FRAITURE

V. Y. Mudimbe: Undisciplined Africanism is the first English-language monograph dedicated to the work of Valentin Yves Mudimbe. Pierre-Philippe Fraiture charts the intellectual history of the Congolese thinker, epistemologist, and philologist from the late 1960s to the present day, exploring his major essays and novels. He highlights Mudimbe’s trajectory through major debates on African nationalism, Pan-Africanism, neocolonialism, negritude, pedagogy, anthropology, postcolonial studies, and a variety of other subjects, using these as contexts for close readings of many of Mudimbe’s texts, both influential and lesser-known. A cutting-edge, interdisciplinary book, V. Y. Mudimbe elucidates the complex work of one of the most significant African thinkers working today.

Pierre-Philippe Fraiture is associate professor of French studies at the University of Warwick.

What is Québécois Literature?
Reflections on the Literary History of Francophone Writing in Canada
ROSEMARY CHAPMAN

The question “What is Québécois literature?” might seem innocent and easily answerable. But as Rosemary Chapman shows in this compelling study, answering that question requires no less than the charting of the entire cultural history of French Canada, the contextualizing of francophone writing in Canada within postcolonialism, and the challenging of literary history to rethink its nation-based framework. Brilliantly navigating these ambitions, she provides the first major literary history of Québec, which will be compulsory reading for scholars in francophone postcolonial studies and an ideal introduction for anglophone scholars of Canadian literature.

Rosemary Chapman is professor of francophone Canadian studies at the University of Nottingham. She is the author of Between Languages and Cultures: Colonial and Postcolonial Readings of Gabrielle Roy.
Remembering the South African War
Britain and the Memory of the Anglo-Boer War, from 1899 to the Present
Peter Donaldson

Fostered by an increasingly literate public and burgeoning populist press, the South African War—which ended the lives of many volunteer British soldiers—would catalyze a transition in British commemorative practice, foreshadowing the rituals of remembrance that engulfed Britain in the aftermath of World War I. In this book, Peter Donaldson provides the first comprehensive look at how the British remembered the South African War and its fighters. He examines the committees who managed memorials, the financing that supported them, and the aesthetic debates that determined their forms. Through this study, Donaldson illuminates the ways Britain has gone about managing history and its sense of self within it.

Peter Donaldson is a lecturer in modern British history at the University of Kent.

Sacred Modernity
Nature, Environment and the Postcolonial Geographies of Sri Lankan Nationhood
Tariq Jazeel

Sacred Modernity tours the natural places of Sri Lanka in order to examine the relationship between nature and religion that some Sinhalese Buddhists have developed there. Working through case studies of Sri Lanka’s most prominent national park, Ruhuna, and its post-1950s modernist architecture—known as tropical modernism—Tariq Jazeel reveals the ways Sinhalese Buddhists have interwoven their negotiation of nature with their continued production of a postcolonial identity. He shows how this production turns Tamil, Muslim, and Christian non-Sinhala into minorities in the nation’s natural, environmental, and historical order. Sacred Modernity also demonstrates how a social science can work beyond Eurocentric conceptions, offering new contexts for postcolonial theory, cultural studies, and geography.

Tariq Jazeel is a senior lecturer in human geography at the University of Sheffield.

The French Anarchists in London, 1880–1914
Exile and Transnationalism in the First Globalisation
Constance Bantman

Fleeing repression and persecution, nearly five hundred French-speaking anarchists moved to London between 1880 and 1914, where they developed a unique community deeply shaped by political exile and activism. This book explores the history of these largely unknown people and the ways they reinvented anarchism at a time of tremendous political change. It looks at how they struggled in the massive late-Victorian metropolis, tracing their social and political interactions and examining the effects British and French surveillance had on their lives. The French Anarchists in London lends historical insight into contemporary concerns about transnational terrorist groups and immigration in Europe.

Constance Bantman is a lecturer in French at the University of Surrey. She is coeditor of New Perspectives on Anarchism, Labour and Syndicalism: The Individual, the National and the Transnational.
The Knights Errant of Anarchy
London and the Diaspora of Italian Anarchists (1880–1917)
PIETRO DI PAOLA

Late-Victorian London was home to many exiled anarchist groups that had fled persecution in their home countries. In this book Pietro Di Paola looks at Italian anarchists, balancing an examination of their political organizations and activities with a study of their everyday lives as exiles and militants. Central to the book is an analysis of the processes by which the Italian anarchists created an international revolutionary network, which would be seen as an extremely dangerous threat by European and American governments. By investigating the political, social, and cultural aspects of this radical Italian group, The Knights Errant of Anarchy speaks to political radicalism within immigrant communities at large.

Pietro Di Paola is a senior lecturer in history at the University of Lincoln, UK.

Birds of the Heart of England
A Sixty-Year Study 1952–2011
TREVOR EASTERBROOK

Drawing on sixty years of ornithological surveys, this richly illustrated compendium provides an in-depth picture of bird life in the very heart of the United Kingdom, covering hundreds of square miles surrounding Banbury, northwest of London. Synthesizing data going back to 1952, it offers a rare and remarkable look at bird population changes through the years. Moreover, it renders that data in an impressive variety of visualizations, including color maps, species accounts, photographs, and illustrations. Required reading for anyone interested in this region’s ornithology, Birds of the Heart of England is a treat for any bird-watcher.

Trevor Easterbrook has been recording and writing on bird life for many years.

Sculpture Journal 22.2
Edited by KATHARINE EUSTACE

Britain’s foremost scholarly journal dedicated to sculpture in all its aspects, Sculpture Journal provides an international forum for writers and scholars in the field of postclassical and contemporary Western sculpture. Recent highlights include essays by art historian Catherine Speck on Jacob Epstein, Elyse Speaks on Louise Bourgeois, and Anna Seidel on Gian Lorenzo Bernini, alongside current exhibition news and book reviews. Academically focused but accessible—and richly illustrated throughout—Sculpture Journal is an insightful read for researchers, enthusiasts, collectors, or anyone interested in sculpture.

Katharine Eustace has an MA in medieval history from the University of St Andrews and an MA in art history from the Courtauld Institute of Art.
**Feeding the Spirit**  
*Food, Culture and Community*  
Edited by ELIZABETH E. MERRITT

From Michelle Obama’s antiobesity campaign to the health section of the *New York Times*, the United States is re-examining its relationship to food on a public and national level. Tied into concerns over the American diet are issues of sustainability, specifically concerns about the way that we grow, distribute, and eat food. But as communities increasingly self-sort by politics, race, and culture, eating still remains an important way for humans to come together and explore commonalities. In *Feeding the Spirit*, Elizabeth E. Merritt reveals how modes of eating in America are tied into cultural and communal identities. Presenting case studies of institutions from botanic gardens to art museums, *Feeding the Spirit* makes the case that these cultural organizations have an important role to play in increased food literacy, enabling visitors to learn more about making values-based decisions about their own diets. This publication is an initiative of the American Alliance of Museums’s Center for the Future of Museums, which helps institutions track and respond to the trends that shape our communities.

Elizabeth E. Merritt is founding director of the Center for the Future of Museums at the American Alliance of Museums.

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**Magnetic**  
*The Art and Science of Engagement*  
ANNE BERGERON and BETH TUTTLE

In this in-depth study of what makes a museum organization successful, Anne Bergeron and Beth Tuttle look at so-called magnetic organizations, namely ones that combine a powerful internal alignment with a compelling vision so that they are able to attract critical resources, such as talented and committed employees, loyal audiences, engaged donors, goodwill from the community at large, and the financial capital required to sustain programmatic excellence and growth. *Magnetic: The Art and Science of Engagement* analyzes six American museums: the Children’s Museum of Pittsburgh; Chrysler Museum of Art in Norfolk, Virginia; Conner Prairie Interactive History Park in Fishers, Indiana; Franklin Institute in Philadelphia; Natural Science Center of Greensboro in North Carolina; and Philbrook Museum of Art in Tulsa, Oklahoma. Each of these has embraced a shift in ideology and set a new course that has enabled it to achieve a positive reputation and a fruitful engagement with the community. This philosophy of magnetism provides a model not only for museum administration but for all types of organizations—from corporations to nonprofits—that wish to maximize their involvement with their customers and the wider public while strengthening their own organizational infrastructure.

Anne Bergeron is associate director of external affairs at the Dallas Museum of Art.  
Beth Tuttle is president and chief executive officer of the Cultural Data Project.
Museums in a Global Context
National Identity, International Understanding
Edited by JENNIFER DICKY, SAMIR EL AZHAR, and CATHERINE M. LEWIS

Most museum visitors can see how national character is reflected in the museum’s layout and collection. But museums do more than provide a mirror for national identity; they shape it. Museums in a Global Context looks at the way globalization has shaped museum culture, and in turn how museums have shaped the public’s understanding of various local, regional, and national identities. The contributors to this volume reflect upon a wide variety of issues in this field, including the politics of museum interpretation in a global context, issues of cultural patrimony and heritage tourism, and strategies for engaging both visitors and communities as a whole. To supplement these thematic essays, the editors offer case studies from around the globe, including Germany, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, and Vietnam. These in-depth accounts of specific national museum cultures underscore the common motives to educate and inspire, which can be found throughout the world.

Jennifer Dickey is associate professor and the coordinator of public history at Kennesaw State University, Georgia. Samir El Azhar is professor in the Department of English and American Studies in the Faculty of Arts and Humanities at Ben M’Sik University, Casablanca, Morocco. Catherine M. Lewis is executive director of museums, archives, and rare books, and professor of history at Kennesaw State University, Georgia.

Courbet: Mapping Realism
Edited by JEFFERY HOWE

Gustave Courbet (1819–77) was a French artist whose work heralded the realist movement of the nineteenth century, and his paintings have had a profound influence on other artists from around the world, including Claude Monet, James McNeill Whistler, and Paul Cézanne. This catalog is published to accompany an exhibition of the same name at the McMullen Museum, Boston College, in the autumn of 2013, which was put together in tandem with the Royal Museums of Fine Arts of Belgium. Approaching its subject from a unique perspective, Courbet: Mapping Realism looks at the artist’s reception on both sides of the Atlantic, and includes paintings by Courbet himself, as well as Belgian and American realist-influenced artists. American and Belgian scholars, including Jeffery Howe, Claude Cernuschi, Dominique Marechal, and Katharine Nahum, contribute essays that explore Courbet’s art in light of this expanded view of his career. Complete with color illustrations, Courbet: Mapping Realism showcases artworks from both the United States and Belgium that are rarely exhibited or published together.

Jeffery Howe is professor of fine arts at Boston College.
The Future of Development
A Radical Manifesto
GUSTAVO ESTEVA, SALVATORE J. BABONES, and PHILIPP BABCICKY

In his 1949 inaugural address, President Harry S. Truman heralded the era of international development, a “worldwide effort for the achievement of peace, plenty, and freedom” that would aim to “greatly increase the industrial activity in other nations and . . . raise substantially their standards of living.” At the time, more than half of the world’s population lived in areas defined as underdeveloped; today, that figure surprisingly remains the same. Arguing that such persistent stagnation has resulted partly from poor comprehension of the terms “developed” and “underdeveloped,” this provocative book revises our understanding of these fraught concepts.

Demystifying the statistics that international organizations use to measure development, the authors introduce the alternative concept of buen vivir: a state of living well. They contend that everyone on the planet can achieve this state, but only if we all begin living as communities rather than individuals and nurture our respective commons. With their unique take on a famously difficult issue, they offer new hope for the future of development—and of humankind.

Gustavo Esteva is an author and grassroots activist who collaborates with the Universidad de la Tierra, Mexico, and other organizations around the world. Salvatore J. Babones teaches sociology and social policy at the University of Sydney, Australia. Philipp Babcicky is a doctoral student at the University of Graz, Austria.

Education under Siege
Why There Is a Better Alternative
PETER MORTIMORE

Students are tested rather than educated, teachers bullied rather than trusted, parents cast as winners or losers in a battle for places at the best schools. Sound familiar? These contentions resemble criticism that has arisen in recent years among observers of American education, and here Peter Mortimore offers a similar, trenchant critique of schools in England.

In Education under Siege, he considers the English education system as it is and as it might be. Concluding that England has some of the best teachers in the world but one of the most muddled systems, Mortimore proposes radical changes to help all English schools become good schools. He argues that the government should outlaw selection practices; integrate private schools into the state system; and establish processes to ensure that each school has effective teachers and a fair balance of students who learn easily and those who do not. In a concluding call to action, he asks readers who share his concerns to demand that politicians alter the course of education policy.

This book will appeal to parents, teachers, and future educators, as well as anyone interested in the future of education on either side of the Atlantic.

Peter Mortimore has been a teacher, researcher, and administrator in education for nearly fifty years. He was formerly professor of education at the University of Southern Denmark; director of the Institute of Education, University of London; and an education columnist for the Guardian.
Global Social Policy in the Making
The Foundations of the Social Protection Floor

BOB DEACON

In 2012, organizations including the United Nations, G20, and International Labor Organization adopted a global policy initiative known as the social protection floor—a set of measures designed to ensure that all people have access to essential health care and income security over their lifespan. This book, authored by a leading authority on global social policy, traces the emergence of the social protection floor and identifies the major influences that shaped it: shifts in the world’s social structure, processes inside international institutions, attempts by global actors to create change, and changes in the global conversation about social protection.

Money for Everyone
Why We Need a Citizen’s Income

MALCOLM TORRY

Defining “citizen’s income” as a basic financial provision to which all citizens should have an unconditional right, Malcolm Torry examines its potential social and economic advantages in a British context. He argues that the establishment of a citizen’s income would reduce inequality; enhance individual freedom; improve social cohesion, family life, the economy, and the employment market; and be simple and inexpensive to administer. Informed by a comparative analysis of other countries’ approaches to poverty and inequality, Money for Everyone makes a valuable and timely contribution to current debates about the United Kingdom’s public benefits system.

Malcolm Torry is director of the Citizen’s Income Trust.

Race, Racism and Social Work
Contemporary Issues and Debates

Edited by MICHAEL LAVALETTE and LAURA PENKETH

This volume contends that British social work education has not fully acknowledged the evolution of structural and institutionalized racism in the United Kingdom and continental Europe. Tracing the ways in which racism toward Britain’s ethnic minority groups has changed, the contributors—many of them key practitioners in the field—argue that social work training should fully integrate antiracist practices that reflect contemporary realities. In doing so, they assert the importance of social work in addressing racism toward groups including Eastern European migrants, Roma people, and asylum seekers.

Michael Lavalette is professor of social work at Liverpool Hope University. He is the editor of Radical Social Work Today and Social Work in Extremis. Laura Penketh is a senior lecturer in social work at Liverpool Hope University. She is the author of Tackling Institutional Racism.
Why, despite the supposed desirability of cycling and walking, do so many people feel unable or unwilling to incorporate these modes of transportation into their everyday journeys? This problem, one of the most pressing questions facing transportation planners, has major implications for environmental policy, urban planning, and existing social and economic structures. Drawing on original research, the authors reveals the reasons behind our resistance and suggests evidence-based policy solutions that could significantly increase levels of walking and cycling. These informed perspectives will enlighten urban planners and policy makers, as well as students and scholars of transportation and mobility issues.

Colin Pooley is professor of social and historical geography in the Lancaster Environment Centre at Lancaster University, UK.

**The Future of Planning**
Beyond Growth Dependence

YVONNE RYDIN

For the past fifty years, urban planning has revolved around the presumed necessity of perpetual growth and development. Contending that the supposed benefits of endless growth cannot—and should not—be taken for granted, *The Future of Planning* comprises a timely exploration of alternative urban development models. Filled with practical suggestions that establish a new planning agenda, it proposes new ways to protect and enhance existing low-value land uses as well as the means of managing community assets within the built environment. This book will be essential reading for planning students, scholars, and practitioners.

Yvonne Rydin is professor of planning, environment, and public policy at the Bartlett School of Planning at University College London.

**The Impact of Research in Education**
An International Perspective

Edited by BEN LEVIN, JIE QI, and HILARY EDELSTEIN

With a Foreword by Andreas Schleicher

Scholarly research plays an important role in shaping education policy around the world, but the process of disseminating and applying research findings remains complicated and difficult. Analyzing efforts to mobilize such knowledge in nine countries, the contributors to this volume provide an unprecedented international perspective on the way education research is produced and shared. By detailing the many factors that support or inhibit these endeavors, they identify global trends and point the way toward improvements that could increase the positive impact of research in education.

Ben Levin is professor and Canada Research Chair at the University of Toronto. Jie Qi recently earned a doctoral degree from the Ontario Institute for Studies in Education. Hilary Edelstein is a doctoral candidate at the Ontario Institute for Studies in Education.
Education and Social Justice in a Digital Age

ROSAMUND SUTHERLAND

In many countries, the focus of school curriculum shifts back and forth between traditional subjects like mathematics and history and the development of skills such as problem solving. Rosamund Sutherland argues here that skills-focused curriculum—often seen as preparing students to work in our digital age—can actually exacerbate existing social inequalities. Arguing from a social justice perspective, she contends that schools should prioritize instruction in traditional subjects, which can provide disadvantaged students with formal knowledge they are not likely to learn outside of school. Sutherland’s theoretical and practical insights point toward changes in policy and practice that could help improve students’ lives.

Rosamund Sutherland is the former head of the Graduate School of Education at the University of Bristol.

Now in Paperback

Youth and Community Empowerment in Europe
International Perspectives

PETER EVANS and ANGELIKA KRÜGER

Spanning eight European countries, the Youth Empowerment Partnership Programme aims to enable young people in disadvantaged communities by involving them in new decision-making processes that span the public, private, and independent sectors. Youth Community and Empowerment in Europe explains the theory behind this unique collaborative program funded by a consortium of European and American foundations. Tracing the program’s development and outcomes across its ten years of existence, the authors extract lessons that can improve future policy and evaluation strategies.

Peter Evans is a consultant in special education and former senior analyst at the Centre for Educational Research and Innovation at the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. Angelika Krüger is vice president of the International Academy of Innovative Pedagogy, Psychology and Economy at the Free University of Berlin and director of the Institute for Community Education.

Now in Paperback

Children’s Agency, Children’s Welfare
A Dialogical Approach to Child Development, Policy and Practice

CAROLUS VAN NIJNATTEN

Children develop agency by interacting with their parents and families; if parental agency proves insufficient, child welfare workers must fill in the gaps. In this holistic study of the development of agency, Carolus van Nijnatten engages social, psychological, and developmental perspectives while maintaining a special focus on child welfare structures and the role of the social worker. A significant contribution to current debates about child welfare and protection, Children’s Agency, Children’s Welfare will be essential reading for specialists in social work, childhood studies, and social policy.

Carolus van Nijnatten is a developmental psychologist and professor of the social studies of child welfare at Utrecht University.
Continuing professional development has become an important and widespread practice in twenty-first-century social work. This volume traces its emergence and evolution, identifying the characteristics of continuing professional development, the barriers to undertaking it, and the way social workers view it. Drawing on an international survey of practitioners and interviews with social workers and their managers, the authors provide unique insight into the possibilities and challenges of continuing professional development for newly qualified and experienced social workers alike.

*Carmel Halton* is director of practice in the master's program in social work, *Frederick Powell* is dean of social science and professor of social policy, and *Margaret Scanlon* is a postdoctoral researcher in the School of Applied Social Studies, all at the University College Cork, National University of Ireland.

Now in Paperback

**Risk and Rehabilitation**
Management and Treatment of Substance Misuse and Mental Health Problems in the Criminal Justice System

*Edited by Aaron Pycroft and Suzie Clift*

Substance abuse and mental health problems constitute a significant proportion of the concerns of the criminal justice system. In answer to the rise of these issues, the justice system increasingly uses court orders to force individuals into treatment programs. In this volume, the contributors examine rehabilitation as it works under these court orders, analyzing the efficacy of the judicial approach. Exploring key features of service delivery, partnership arrangements, and the professional and ethical dilemmas that arise, they highlight perspectives from service users themselves, providing rare and valuable insight for criminal justice research.

*Aaron Pycroft* is a senior lecturer in addiction studies at the Institute of Criminal Justice Studies at the University of Portsmouth. *Suzie Clift* is a senior lecturer in criminology at the University of Greenwich.

**Housing Finance**
An Introduction

*Cathy Davis*

In the years since distressed mortgage-backed securities sparked the 2008 economic crisis, several nations have implemented austerity programs that aim to reduce their debt by stabilizing shaky financial institutions. Cathy Davis contends that the British coalition government is actually using its austerity plan as a way to dismantle the welfare state—and that housing remains at the heart of the matter. Explaining why mortgages and rental costs are rising even as people with low incomes receive substantially less help from the government, she reveals the long-standing links between housing finance and broader social and political issues.

*Cathy Davis* is a freelance writer and housing and social policy researcher.
Policy Analysis in Brazil
Edited by LENAURA LOBATO, JENI VAITSMAN, and JOSE M. RIBEIRO

An inaugural volume in the International Library of Policy Analysis series, this book brings together eighteen leading Brazilian social scientists who paint the first comprehensive portrait of policy analysis in Brazil. Their contributions trace policy analysis from the 1930s, when it emerged as a tool of Brazilian state building, through the 1980s, when increasing democratization began to allow for citizen participation in public management. Ultimately, policy analysis emerges as a multifaceted activity pursued in an array of contexts, and through a variety of methods, by both governmental and nongovernmental actors.

Lenaura Lobato is a sociologist at the Federal University of Rio de Janeiro. Jeni Vaitzman is a senior researcher at the Oswaldo Cruz Foundation at the National School of Public Health in Brazil. Jose M. Ribeiro is a senior researcher and professor at the Oswaldo Cruz Foundation at the National School of Public Health in Brazil.

Policy Analysis in Germany
Edited by SONJA BLUM and KLAUS SCHUBERT

The first systemic overview of policy analysis in Germany, this volume traces the development of the discipline, identifies its role in education and research, and analyzes its methods. The contributors—many of them leading scholars and practitioners in the field—assess the role of policy analysis in institutions ranging from governments and political parties to interest groups and private organizations. Broadening current perspectives, this inaugural volume in the International Library of Policy Analysis series will make a significant contribution to debates surrounding the future of the discipline in Germany.

Sonja Blum is a political scientist and senior researcher at the University of Vienna, Austria. Klaus Schubert holds the chair in German politics and policy analysis at the Institute for Political Science of the University of Münster, Germany.

Values in Criminology and Community Justice
Edited by MALCOLM COWBURN, MARIAN DUGGAN, ANNE ROBINSON, and PAUL SENIOR

The stated values of criminologists, policy makers, and researchers don’t always correspond with their responses to crime. This collection parses the many different “sides” these professionals take on issues relating to victims and offenders, punishment and protection, and rights and responsibilities. Drawing on empirical research, crime theory, and criminal justice practice, the contributors explore such topics as the dynamics of race, gender, and age; the workings of the criminal justice system; the ethics of research; and current debates about new criminological issues such as the green movement and Islamophobia.

Malcolm Cowburn is professor of applied social science, Marian Duggan is a lecturer in criminology, and Anne Robinson is a senior lecturer in criminology, all at Sheffield Hallam University, UK. Paul Senior is professor of probation studies and director of the Hallam Centre for Community Justice.
Although codes of conduct and ethics can offer guidance, professionals who provide services to other people must regularly exercise their own judgment in increasingly complex and demanding work situations. Because of their complexity, these situations can lead to conflict between personal, professional, and interprofessional ethics in social work and other people-centered fields. Drawing on theory, research, and practice, the contributors to this interdisciplinary volume systematically analyze these ethical dilemmas and offer practical suggestions that are sure to interest students, academics, and professionals.

**Divya Jindal-Snape** is professor of education, inclusion, and life transitions at the University of Dundee in Scotland, where **Elizabeth S. F. Hannah** is a senior lecturer in educational psychology.

**Negotiating Cohesion, Inequality and Change**

**Uncomfortable Positions in Local Government**

**HANNAH JONES**

This unique study explores how local bureaucrats and politicians negotiate diversity, discrimination, migration, and class, in the midst of many other issues that affect community cohesion. Based on original empirical research, Hannah Jones contends that local government workers must often occupy “uncomfortable positions” when managing ethical, professional, and political commitments. Ultimately, she reveals the surprising extent to which governmental power affects the lives and emotions of the people who wield it.

**Hannah Jones** is a research associate in the Faculty of Social Sciences at the Open University, UK.

**Education without Schools**

**Discovering Alternatives**

**HELEN E. LEEs**

*Education without Schools* explores what happens when parents learn that there are legal alternatives to conventional schooling. Based on an empirical case study of families in England who discovered the possibility of elective home education, this book offers a globally relevant analysis of the state’s relationship to education, parental choice, and related human rights issues. Underscoring the fact that education occurs in many different contexts around the world, Helen E. Lees argues that schooling’s dominance has ultimately limited our ability to imagine the full range of educational possibilities.

**Helen E. Lees** is a research fellow at the Laboratory for Educational Theory in the School of Education at the University of Stirling and associate research fellow in the Faculty of Education and Theology at York St John University.
Regulating International Students’ Wellbeing
GABY RAMIA, SIMON MARGINSON, and ERLENAWATI SAWIR

Despite the increasing global popularity of international study, little research has been done on the lives of students who undertake it. Based on detailed case studies conducted in Australia and New Zealand, this volume explores how governments influence the welfare of newly arrived students and how students shape their own experiences with the help of family, friends, and peer networks. With implications for international study in countries around the world, Regulating International Students’ Wellbeing makes a significant contribution to our understanding of a little-examined global population.

Gaby Ramia is associate professor in the Graduate School of Government, University of Sydney. Simon Marginson is professor of higher education at the University of Melbourne and joint editor-in-chief of the journal Higher Education. Elenawati Sawir is a research fellow at the International Education Research Centre at Central Queensland University.

Environmental Harm
An Eco-justice Perspective
ROB WHITE

Challenging conventional definitions of environmental harm, this book considers the problem from an eco-justice perspective. Rob White here identifies and systematically analyzes three interconnected approaches to environmental harm: environmental justice (which focuses on harm to humans), ecological justice (which focuses on harm to the environment), and species justice (which focuses on harm to nonhuman animals). Examining the efforts of activists and social movements engaged in these causes, White describes the tensions between the three approaches and calls for a new eco-justice framework that will allow for the reconciliation of these differences.

Rob White is professor of criminology in the School of Social Sciences at the University of Tasmania, Australia. He is the author of Transnational Environmental Crime: Toward an Eco-Global Criminology and Crimes against Nature.

Ageing in the Mediterranean
Edited by JOSEPH TROISI and HANS-JOACHIM VON KONDRATOWITZ

In almost all of the world’s nations, improved life expectancy and decreasing birth rates have made people older than sixty the fastest-growing demographic group. Ageing in the Mediterranean fills a gap in the literature on our aging societies, providing a detailed portrait of the diverse factors responsible for shaping aging policies across the region. Analyzing rich data from countries including Israel, Italy, Lebanon, Malta, Portugal, Tunisia, and Turkey, this volume’s global cast of contributors highlight the idiosyncratic ways in which these nations approach such issues as migration, caregiving, employment, health care, and many others.

Joseph Troisi is professor of social gerontology and director of the European Centre for Gerontology at the University of Malta. He directs the International Institute on Ageing, United Nations-Malta. Hans-Joachim von Kondratowitz is a senior adviser and researcher at the German Centre of Gerontology in Berlin and an affiliated lecturer in social and political sciences at the Free University of Berlin.
Gypsies and Travellers in Housing
The Decline of Nomadism
DAVID M. SMITH and MARGARET GREENFIELDS

This book examines the increasing—and increasingly forced—settlement of Gypsies and Travellers into conventional housing. The authors evaluate a range of Gypsy- and Traveller-related policies in areas such as social housing, community cohesion and regeneration, and race relations and equality. Analyzing the impact of these policies, they offer an unprecedented look into the changing culture and dynamics of ethnic Gypsy and Traveller communities. Ultimately, this volume demonstrates the tenacity and adaptability of cultural formations in the face of policy-driven constraints that are antithetical to traditional lifestyles.

David M. Smith is a principal lecturer in sociology at the University of Greenwich. He is the author of On the Margins of Inclusion. Margaret Greenfields is the director of the Institute for Diversity Research at Buckinghamshire New University.

Policing Gypsies and Travellers
Managing Identity and Controlling Nomadism
ZOË JAMES

Across the United Kingdom and continental Europe, multiple agencies police Gypsies and Travellers. Their goal often is to remove them from a given jurisdiction, by force if necessary. In the first comprehensive study of the relationship between these policing agencies and the nomadic peoples they aim to control, Zoë James shows how this relationship has shaped Gypsy and Traveller identities and exacerbated their social exclusion and victimization. Theoretically informed and empirically grounded, this book sheds new light on how we police diversity as well as how Gypsy and Traveller communities face the realities of their way of life.

Zoë James is a senior lecturer in criminology at the Plymouth Law School at Plymouth University, UK.

Regenerating Deprived Urban Areas
A Cross-National Analysis of Area-based Initiatives
RENE PETER HOHMANN

In response to the challenges posed by urban decline, local policy activism has increased in countries across Europe. Rene Peter Hohmann argues here that we should view these area-based community initiatives, such as England’s New Deal for Communities and Germany’s Social City Program, as incubators for new forms of urban governance that seek to foster the active participation of residents and nonprofit groups. Based on his comparative analysis of initiatives in Bristol, England, and Duisburg, Germany, Hohmann’s study provides a richly informed assessment of local policy activism and its impact on neighborhood organizations and developers.

Rene Peter Hohmann works as an urban policy expert for international development programs.
Return Migration in Later Life
International Perspectives
Edited by JOHN PERCIVAL

Little research has been done on expatriates who return to their countries of origin in later life—an important issue in a time of aging populations and increasing mobility. Bringing together studies of older adults’ migration patterns in North America, Latin America, the Caribbean, Europe, South Asia, and Australia, this collection offers the first comprehensive explanation of how and why they return to their homelands. In the process, it addresses such key factors as the strength of family ties; the quality and cost of health and welfare provisions; and psychological adjustment, belonging, and attachment to place.

John Percival is a research officer at the Open University, UK.

The Responsiveness of Social Policies in Europe
The Netherlands in Comparative Perspective
MENNO FENCER, MARTIJN VAN DER STEEN, and LIESKE VAN DER TORRE

This comparative study explains how public policies in welfare states have been affected by social and economic factors, including secularization, globalization, and changes in the preferences and ideologies of citizens. Illuminating developments across Europe with insights drawn from their case study of the Netherlands, the authors show that policy makers must continually balance the changing and often conflicting interests of multiple institutions and social forces. Their insights make essential reading for academics and students interested in the institutional development of social policies.

Menno Fenger is associate professor in public administration at Erasmus University Rotterdam in the Netherlands. Martijn van der Steen is associate dean and deputy director of the Netherlands School of Public Administration. Lieske van der Torre is a doctoral candidate in public administration at Erasmus University Rotterdam.

From Quirky Case to Representing Space
Papers in Honor of Annie Zaenen
Edited by TRACY HOLLOWAY KING and VALERIA DE PAIVA

Annie Zaenen’s research has broadly influenced the field of linguistics, from the underlying architecture of formal theories to the minute details of lexical representation. This volume assembles a wide range of essays from linguists who have been profoundly influenced by Zaenen’s work. Taking Zaenen as a model, the contributors explore a variety of topics, including the mapping of syntax onto argument and the relationship between syntax and semantics. From Quirky Case to Representing Space presents new research in linguistics, but also reasserts Zaenen’s crucial role in the evolution of linguistic theory.

Tracy Holloway King is a principal product manager with the Search Science team at eBay Inc. Valeria de Paiva is a senior research scientist at Nuance Communications and an honorary fellow in the School of Computer Science at the University of Birmingham, UK.
De se statements are emphatic assertions in which speakers make fundamental claims about either themselves or others. In English, they are usually conveyed via “I” statements or third person reflexive pronouns, such as “she herself,” or “he himself.” De se attitudes appear often in our day-to-day lives, but they also pose a series of challenging problems for both linguists and philosophers. This interdisciplinary volume teases out what de se attitudes connote linguistically and also what these statements reveal about how humans think about themselves and how they understand the world around them.

Neil Feit is chair of the Department of Philosophy at SUNY Fredonia and the author of Belief about the Self: A Defense of the Property Theory of Content. Alessandro Capone teaches semantics at the University of Palermo.

This volume brings together papers from the Eleventh Conceptual Structure, Discourse, and Language Conference, held in Vancouver in May 2012. Cognitive studies of linguistics have begun to examine the interaction between language and other modes of communication, namely gesture, music, and visual images. Focusing on the interaction between creativity, cognition, and language, the contributors explore topics as diverse as metaphor theory, construction grammar, blending theory, and cognitive grammar. The interrelation of embodied cognition and language will be of interest not only to linguists, but to writers, artists, and academics from a range of fields.

Michael Borkent is a doctoral candidate in the Department of English at the University of British Columbia, where Barbara Dancygier is professor. Jennifer Hinnell is a doctoral candidate in the Department of Linguistics at the University of Alberta, Edmonton.

This volume contains essays that explore explicit and implicit communication through linguistic research. Taking as a framework Paul Grice’s theories on “what is said,” the contributors explore a number of areas, including the boundary between semantics and pragmatics; the concept of implicit communication; the idea of the logical form of our assertions; the notion of conventional meaning; the phenomenon of deixis, which refers to an utterance that requires context in order to be fully understood; the treatment of definite descriptions; and the different kinds of pragmatic processes.

Carlo Penco is director of the Graduate School in Humanities at the University of Genoa, where Filippo Domaneschi is a graduate student.
Arthur in Medieval Welsh Literature

New Edition

O. J. Padel

Although the legends of Arthur have been popular throughout Europe from the Middle Ages on, the earliest references to Arthur are actually found in Welsh literature, beginning with the Welsh-Latin Historia Brittonum, which dates from the ninth century. In *Arthur in Medieval Welsh Literature*, O. J. Padel provides a survey of medieval Welsh literary references to Arthur and emphasizes their importance to Arthurian studies as a whole. Padel considers texts from different genres alongside one another, from the folk legends associated with magic and animals to those portraying Arthur as literary hero, soldier, and defender of country and faith. Other figures associated with Arthur, such as Cai, Bedwyr, and Gwenhwyfar, are also discussed.

O. J. Padel is an honorary research fellow in the Department of Anglo-Saxon, Norse, and Celtic at the University of Cambridge.

Gwenlyn Parry

ROGER OWEN

This is the first book-length study in English of Gwenlyn Parry (1932–91), the Welsh writer best known for his major stage plays, including *Saer Doliau*, *Y Twr*, and *Panto*, as well as his works for television and film, such as the soap opera *Pobol y Cwm*, the sitcom *Fo a Fe*, and the cult BBC TV film *Grand Slam*. Roger Owen takes into consideration the scope and variety of Parry’s work, which often dwells on a despairing and solitary search for meaning in existence. He reveals Parry as a writer whose theatrical vision was both facilitated and impeded by his dedication to the spoken dialect of his native Arfon and whose work mediated between the extremes in his life and work: the personal and private, absurdism and populism.

Roger Owen is a lecturer in the Department of Theatre, Film, and Television Studies at Aberystwyth University, UK.

Edward Thomas and World Literary Studies

Wales, Anglocentrism and English Literature

ANDREW WEBB

*Edward Thomas and World Literary Studies* offers a revelatory rereading of the early twentieth century English poet Edward Thomas (1878–1917). Adapting Pascale Casanova’s vision of world literature as a system of competing national traditions, Andrew Webb analyzes Thomas’s appropriation of Anglocentric British literary culture during key moments of historical crisis in the twentieth century: after World War I, before and after World War II, and the resumption of war in Ireland in the 1970s. Webb shows how the dominant linguistic assumptions underpinning the discipline of English literature marginalize the Welshness of Thomas’s work. He then combines this revised world literature model with fresh archival research to reveal how Thomas’s reading of Welsh culture—its folk and literary traditions—is central to both his creation of an innovative body of poetry and to his extensive prose.

Andrew Webb is a lecturer in English literature at Bangor University, UK.
After Raymond Williams
Cultural Materialism and the Break-Up of Britain
New Edition
HYWEL DIX

Raymond Williams (1921–88) was a Welsh, working-class academic writer and novelist, influential in both the creation of cultural studies as an academic subject and in his attempts to democratize access to education. Here Hywel Dix applies Williams’s theory—that literary texts not only reflect what is happening in a society but also cause certain changes to occur—to literature and film produced in the years since Williams’s death, particularly during the years of political devolution in the United Kingdom. Dix explores the ways in which contemporary Welsh and Scottish writing contributes to devolution and how these writers carry out an imaginative critique of the unitary British state.

Hywel Dix is a lecturer in the Media School at Bournemouth University, UK.

Amy Dillwyn
New Edition
DAVID PAINTING

Born into one of Swansea’s most distinguished families, Amy Dillwyn (1845–1935) was a Welsh novelist who tackled complex class issues in her works. Following the deaths of her brother in 1890 and her father in 1892, Dillwyn inherited her father’s bankrupt business and, employing an aggressive management style, restored it to prosperity. In this biography, based largely on Dillwyn’s diaries, David Painting sheds light on this extraordinary woman of exceptional spirit and personality, revealing her to be not just a pioneering female British industrialist and novelist but also an ardent proponent of social justice.

“A thoroughly readable and entertaining account of a quite remarkable Victorian gentlewoman.”—Welsh History Review

David Painting was law librarian at Swansea University, UK, and honorary librarian of the Royal Institution of South Wales.

Poetry, Geography, Gender
Women Rewriting Contemporary Wales
ALICE ENTWISTLE

Poetry, Geography, Gender explores how questions of place, identity, and creative practice intersect in the work of some of Wales’s best-known contemporary poets, including Gillian Clarke, Gwyneth Lewis, Ruth Bidgood, and Sheenagh Pugh. Alice Entwistle illustrates how each writer’s relationship with her complex cultural hinterland—its languages, history, and imaginative and political geography—is staged and tested in the kinds of poems that each poet writes, as well as what she writes about. In doing so, Entwistle proposes a new way of reading both poetry and place, arguing that the Wales represented, in and through their choices of form and language, is precisely the kind of dynamic, outward-looking, and culturally confident nation that theorists of devolution and the fin de siècle might have envisioned.

Alice Entwistle is a lecturer in English at the University of Glamorgan, UK.
Welsh Periodicals in English
1882–2012
MALCOLM BALLIN

Welsh Periodicals in English celebrates the contribution of English-language periodicals to the careers of Welsh writers—from Lewis Morris to Owen Sheers—and to their editors, from Charles Wilkins to Emily Trahair. These periodicals have helped create an active Anglophone public sphere in Wales and continue to stimulate discussion on a wide range of topics: tensions surrounding tradition, the role of magazines in developing new writers, gender issues, relations with Welsh-language journals, the involvement of the periodicals in social and political issues, and their contribution to cultural developments in Wales. A detailed study of the design, content, and editorial practice of the periodicals is illuminated by discussions with living editors, and the book concludes with a discussion of the strengths and weaknesses of contemporary productions and a comparison with their successful equivalents in Ireland.

Malcolm Ballin is an independent researcher at Cardiff University, UK, and the author of Irish Periodical Culture, 1937–1972: Genre in Ireland, Wales, and Scotland.

The Jews of South Wales
New Edition
Edited by URSULA R. Q. HENRIQUES

With a new Introduction by Paul O’Leary

The Jews of South Wales focuses on the Jewish communities in Cardiff, Swansea, and the South Wales valleys in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, examining their everyday lives as well as more dramatic and sensational events, such as the Tredegar Riots in 1911 and the Jewess Abduction Case of 1867. A new introduction by Paul O’Leary considers scholarship published since the book’s first publication and also discusses the polarized views of the Tredegar Riots: Were the riots the result of anti-Semitism, or was South Wales a philo-Semitic place, where the Welsh and Jewish communities had much in common?

Ursula R. Q. Henriques (1914–2008) was professor emeritus of history at Cardiff University, UK.
The South Wales Miners
1964–1985
BEN CURTIS

The booming coal industry of the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries was paramount in the rise of modern south Wales, and the miners played a key role in shaping the region’s economics, politics, and society. This book explores the history of Welsh mining between 1964 and 1985, covering the challenges the miners faced, including the concerted effort to diminish the coal industry under the Wilson government, the growth of miners’ resistance, and the eventual defeat of the epic strike of 1984–5. The first full-length academic study of the miners and their union in the later twentieth century, The South Wales Miners will appeal to anyone interested in this significant group of workers within the British labor force.

Ben Curtis is a research associate in the Department of History and Welsh History at Aberystwyth University and part-time history tutor at the Centre for Lifelong Learning at Cardiff University, both in the UK.

Shipping at Cardiff
Photographs from the Hansen Collection
New Edition
DAVID JENKINS

In 1891, Lars Peter Hansen, a native of Copenhagen, settled in Cardiff and, with his third son, Leslie, established a photographic business at the Cardiff Docks, selling pictures of ships to seamen and shipowners. Following the retirement of Leslie Hansen in 1975, the Welsh Industrial and Maritime Museum purchased the Hansen Collection, consisting of over 4,500 negatives of photographs taken at the docks between 1920 and 1975. This volume, which gorgeously reproduces a number of these images, is intended as a tribute to the Hansens, who through their work have bequeathed to Wales a pictorial record of shipping activity at the nation’s premier port.

David Jenkins has worked for Amgueddfa Cymru–National Museum Wales since 1982 and is currently senior curator of the National Waterfront Museum, Swansea, UK. He has written numerous books and articles on aspects of Welsh maritime and transport history and is also a frequent broadcaster on these topics.

Shipowners of Cardiff:
A Class by Themselves
A History of the Cardiff and Bristol Channel Incorporated Shipowners’ Association
New Edition
DAVID JENKINS

From 1875 to the present day, the Cardiff and Bristol Channel Incorporated Shipowners’ Association has been the representative body for shipowners in Cardiff and other Bristol Channel ports. Here David Jenkins looks at some of the most representative moments in its history: the reaction of the association to the proposal to build new docks in Barry in the 1880s, the Seamen’s Strike in 1911, and the schism that split the Association in 1912–14, among others.

David Jenkins has worked for Amgueddfa Cymru–National Museum Wales since 1982 and is currently senior curator of the National Waterfront Museum, Swansea, UK. He has written numerous books and articles on aspects of Welsh maritime and transport history and is also a frequent broadcaster on these topics.
**Welsh Gothic**

**JANE AARON**

*Welsh Gothic* introduces readers to the array of Welsh Gothic literature published from 1780 to the present day. Calling on postcolonial and psychoanalytic theory, Jane Aaron argues that many of the fears encoded in Welsh Gothic writing are specific to the history of Welsh and reveal much about the varying ways in which the Welsh people have been perceived and viewed themselves throughout history. The first part of the book explores Welsh Gothic writing from its beginnings in the last decades of the eighteenth century to 1997. The second part focuses on the figures specific to the Welsh Gothic genre who have entered literature from folklore and local superstition, such as the sin-eater, hellhounds, dark druids, and Welsh witches.

*Jane Aaron* is professor of literature at the University of Glamorgan, UK. She is the author of *Nineteenth-Century Women’s Writing in Wales*, also published by the University of Wales Press.

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**Identity, Politics and the Novel**

**IAN FRASER**

*Identity, Politics and the Novel* is a diverse and wide-ranging book that offers an innovative and unique approach to several works by four critically acclaimed novelists: Milan Kundera, Ian McEwan, Michel Houellebecq, and J. M. Coetzee. Drawing from classical and contemporary political, philosophical, and social theory—including foundational texts by Adorno, Aquinas, Camus, Hegel, and Nietzsche—Ian Fraser tracks these novelists’ use of the aesthetic self and, in turn, develops the notion of a Marxist aesthetic identity through the medium of contemporary fiction.

*Ian Fraser* is a senior lecturer in politics at Loughborough University, UK.

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**Polemical Austria**

**ANTHONY BUSHELL**

Today Austria is a small, neutral, and economically successful country in the heart of Europe. Yet modern Austria is the product of a complex and turbulent history. Following World War I, Vienna lost its position as the capital of a large continental and multiethnic empire and became an alpine republic surrounded by larger states. Anthony Bushell’s *Polemical Austria* examines this transition, asking how such an abrupt change has affected the way Austrians perceive themselves today. Bushell places particular emphasis on the role of language in Austrian national identity.

*Anthony Bushell* is professor of modern languages at Bangor University and a visiting scholar at St John’s College, University of Oxford, both in the UK.
The Brazilian Road Movie
Journeys of (Self) Discovery
Edited by SARA BRANDELLERO

The Brazilian Road Movie explores some of the key trends and films in the development of the road movie in Brazil. A collection of essays by distinguished scholars, covering a broad range of case studies, this text spans Brazilian film production from the silent era to the present day. Contributors examine such issues as the reworking of the genre in a Brazilian context and the relationships between documentary and fiction; history, politics, and cinema; gender and race; the wilderness and the urban space; and the national and the transnational. As a whole, the volume sheds light on the significance of the journey and the experience of life on the road as represented in Brazilian cinema.

Sara Brandellero is a lecturer in Brazilian studies at Leiden University, the Netherlands. Her numerous publications include On a Knife-Edge: The Poetry of João Cabral de Melo Neto.

Galicia, A Sentimental Nation
Gender, Culture and Politics
HELENA MIGUÉLÉZ-CARBALLEIRA

Galicia, a culturally distinct region in northwest Spain, has often been portrayed as a sentimental nation, a misty land of poets and legends. Here Helena Miguélez-Carballeira argues that this trope is a feminizing, colonial stereotype that has plagued Galician cultural history since the late nineteenth century. Miguélez-Carballeira combs the classic texts of Galician literary history to show how this trope has helped sustain the unequal power relation between Galicia and the Spanish state and how, as a consequence, questions of masculinity, morality, and respectability have played an essential role in Galicia’s national construction. By examining how national discourses in Galicia have been affected by questions of gender and sexuality, Miguélez-Carballeira seeks to construct a new paradigm from which to study Galician cultural history and production.

Helena Miguélez-Carballeira is a lecturer in Hispanic studies and director of the Centre for Galician Studies at Bangor University, UK.

Cinema and the Republic
Filming on the Margins in Contemporary France
JONATHAN ERVINE

Cinema and the Republic analyzes how contemporary French films represent immigrants as well as the residents of HLMs, suburban low-income housing estates in France. These groups have been and continue to be at the center of heated debates about security in France, and here Jonathan Ervine documents how French filmmakers have responded to such debates. Among the subjects he engages are the representations of undocumented migrants known as sans-papiers, the depictions of deportations made possible by the controversial double peine law, the relationships between young people and the police in suburban France, and stereotypes about these groups.

Jonathan Ervine is head of French in the School of Modern Languages at Bangor University, UK.
The Art of the Text

Visuality in Nineteenth- and Twentieth-Century Literary and Other Media

Edited by SUSAN HARROW

The Art of the Text contributes to the dialogue of textual studies with visual culture studies by focusing on the processes through which writers think and readers respond visually. This volume’s contributors apply their backgrounds in literature, screen, and visual studies, to explore the visuality of the literary and nonliterary text with a sustained focus on French works of the late nineteenth and twentieth centuries. Visuality is appraised here, not as a state, but as a means of adaptation, resistance, negotiation, and transformation. In the process of reading visually, the contributors offer new insights on visual-textual relations in canonical texts drawn from romanticism, naturalism, surrealism, and high modernism, and across a range of media, from film, textiles, and television, to fan literature and picture language.

Susan Harrow is the Ashley Watkins Professor of French at the University of Bristol, UK. She is the author of Zola, the Body Modern: Pressures and Prospects of Representation and The Material, the Real, and the Fractured Self: Subjectivity and Representation from Rimbaud to Réda.

Adapting Nineteenth-Century France

Literature in Film, Theatre, Television, Radio and Print

KATE GRIFFITHS and ANDREW WATTS

Adapting Nineteenth-Century France draws on six canonical novelists and the ways their works have been transformed in a variety of media to reconsider our approach to the study of adaptation. Kate Griffiths and Andrew Watts examine film, theater, television, radio, and print adaptations of the works of Balzac, Hugo, Flaubert, Zola, Maupassant, and Verne, and, in doing so, cast new light on their source texts and on notions of originality and authorial borrowing. This volume will serve as an invaluable reference for students and scholars of both film and multimedia studies and French literature.

Kate Griffiths is a lecturer in French and translation at Cardiff University, UK. Andrew Watts is a lecturer in French studies at the University of Birmingham, UK.
France’s Colonial Legacies
Memory, Identity and Narrative
Edited by FIONA BARCLAY

France’s Colonial Legacies contributes to the debates taking place in France about the place of empire in the contemporary life of the nation, debates that have been underway since the 1990s and now reach across public life and society, with manifestations in the French parliament, media, and universities. Fiona Barclay brings together distinguished scholars from a wide range of disciplines, including history, sociology, politics, literature, and film, to examine the extent to which the French colonial empire and its collapse have contributed to and shaped contemporary France.

Fiona Barclay is a lecturer in postcolonial studies and French at the University of Stirling, UK.

The Settlements of Northwest Wales
From the Late Bronze Age to the Early Medieval Period
KATE WADDINGTON

The Settlements of Northwest Wales documents the long-term processes of social change and settlement practices in late prehistoric and early medieval Wales. It examines the settlement archaeology of northwest Wales, which encompasses the counties of Gwynedd, Anglesey, and west Conwy, and covers a period of two millennia, from 1150 BC to 1050 AD. The shifting dynamics underlying society reveal new information about the exploration of settlement and hillfort architectures, the distribution patterns of site-types, and the histories of particular places. Later chapters compare the findings with the evidence from other regions in Britain and Ireland to investigate the roles of settlement architectures in defining groups and articulating identities in general. A detailed and illustrated guide summarizing the fieldwork results is also provided.

Kate Waddington is a lecturer in archaeology at Bangor University, UK.

The Gwent County History, Volume 5
The Twentieth Century
Edited by CHRIS WILLIAMS and ANDY CROLL

Here Chris Williams and Andy Croll, two distinguished historians of twentieth-century Britain, particularly Wales, marshal seventeen fellow historians to describe the momentous twentieth-century history of southeast Wales. The book is the fifth and last volume in a comprehensive history of Gwent/ Monmouthshire from prehistoric times to the present day. Chapters detail the two world wars and deep depression that tested the resilience of the county’s people, as well as how the decline of mining and heavy industry shifted the balance of the county’s economy. Others analyze the life and leisure of ordinary people; their cultural, intellectual, and sporting interests; their religion, which formerly bulked so large in their lives; and the changes in the landscape of town and country.

Chris Williams is professor of Welsh history and director of research in the arts and humanities at Swansea University, UK. Andy Croll is a principal lecturer in history at the University of Glamorgan, UK.
Traditionally, migration has been studied at either the beginning or the end of the journey. Surprisingly little research has been devoted to what actually happens to people in between. The contributors to this collection draw on a variety of primary and secondary sources, including travel writings, fiction, and diaries, to explore immigrants’ liminal experiences on ships and in exit ports on both sides of the Atlantic. Combining scholarship from the field of transportation history with that of social history and translation studies, Tales of Transit reveals the complexity of what people experience as they get uprooted or reattach themselves to a community. A novel addition to the literature of transatlantic movements of the mid-nineteenth and twentieth centuries, Tales of Transit demonstrates in vivid detail how migration was seldom a straightforward progression.

“Taking as its key concepts liminality and contact zones this volume shows how migrants, mediators, and ties changed, and moved back and forth between being visible and invisible, or both at the same time. Together the contributions to this volume bring out what the rules and rituals of engagement, disengagement, and re-engagement were on the way from ‘here’ to ‘there,’ thus taking a novel approach.”—Marlon Schrover, Leiden University

Michael Boyden and Liselotte Vandenbussche are assistant professors in the Faculty of Arts and Philosophy at Ghent University, Belgium. Hans Krabbendam is assistant director of the Roosevelt Study Center in Middelburg, the Netherlands.
Installation art has become mainstream in artistic practice. However, acquiring and displaying such artworks means that curators and conservators are challenged to deal with obsolete technologies, ephemeral materials, and other issues concerning care and management of these artworks. By analyzing three in-depth case studies, the author sheds new light on the key concepts of traditional conservation—authenticity, artist’s intention, and the notion of ownership—while exploring how these concepts apply in contemporary art conservation.

“Installation Art and the Museum will become essential reading for scholars and professionals who work in the art world, along with anyone with serious interest in contemporary art and its display.”—Glenn Wharton, time-based media conservator at the Museum of Modern Art and research scholar in museum studies, New York University

Vivian Van saaze is a postdoctoral researcher at the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences of Maastricht University in the Netherlands.

Ghosts and Spirits from the Tikotin Museum of Japanese Art

Felix Tikotin: A Life Devoted to Japanese Art

Edited by JARON BORENSTAJN

He donated his huge collection of Japanese Art to the city of Haifa in 1960 and founded the Tikotin Museum of Japanese Art there. This catalog contains more than one hundred works of art featuring Japanese ghosts and spirits, including paintings, prints, and miniature carvings called netsuke.

Jaron Borensztajn is Felix Tikotin’s grandson. He has a background in theoretical computer science, cofounded a mid-sized consultancy firm in the 1990s, and currently serves as an advisor for start-ups.

The artist, at least according to Henri de Balzac, is at work when he seems to be at rest; his labor is not labor but repose. This observation provides a model for modern artists and their relationship to both their place of work—the studio—and what they do there. Examining the complex relationship between process, product, artistic identity, and the artist’s studio—in all its various manifestations—the contributors to this volume consider the dichotomy between conceptual and material aspects of art production. The essays here also explore the studio as a form of inspiration, meaning, function, and medium, from the nineteenth century up to the present.

Rachel Esner is assistant professor of art of the modern period at University of Amsterdam. Sandra Kisters is assistant professor of art history at the University of Utrecht. Ann-Sophie Lehmann is associate professor of theatre, film, and television studies at the University of Utrecht.
Television is evolving rapidly. How, then, might we respond to television today in light of its past? And do the old theoretical concepts still apply, or must we invent a new framework for this mutable medium? To answer these fundamental questions, the contributors to this provocative collection examine diverse case studies, including up-to-date scholarship on the current television zeitgeist, nostalgic programming on broadcast television, YouTube, and public television art programming of the 1980s. As a whole, these essays challenge the supposed crisis in television in the light of its burgeoning development.

Marijke de Valck and Jan Teurlings are lecturers in media studies at University of Amsterdam.

Television Theory Today
Edited by MARIJKE DE VALCK and JAN TEURLINGS

Battlefields of Negotiation
Control, Agency, and Ownership in World of Warcraft
RENÉ GLAS

The multiplayer online role-playing game World of Warcraft has become one of the most popular computer games of the past decade, introducing millions around the world to community-based play. Within the boundaries set by its design, the game encourages players to appropriate and shape the game, resulting in highly diverse and creative forms of participation. Battlefields of Negotiation analyzes the complex relationship between groups of World of Warcraft players and the game’s owners and developers. A timely look at an important digital phenomenon, the book sheds new light on complex consumer and producer relationships in the increasingly participatory but still tightly controlled world of online games.

René Glas is assistant professor of new media and digital culture at Utrecht University.

Contemporary Culture
New Directions in Arts and Humanities Research
Edited by JUDITH THISSEN, ROBERT ZWIJNENBERG, and KITTY ZIJLMANS

Are the humanities still relevant in the twenty-first century? In the context of pervasive economic liberalism and shrinking budgets, the importance of humanities research for society is increasingly put into question. This volume argues that the humanities do indeed matter by offering empirically grounded critical reflections on contemporary cultural practices, thereby opening up new ways of understanding social life and new directions in humanities scholarship. The contributors argue that the humanities can regain their relevance for society, pose new questions and provide fresh answers, while maintaining their core values: critical reflection, historical consciousness, and analytical distance.

Judith Thissen is associate professor in media history in the Department of Media and Culture at Utrecht University. Robert Zwijnenberg is professor of art history at Leiden University and director of the Arts and Genomics Centre in Leiden. Kitty Zijlmans is professor of contemporary art history and theory/world art studies at Leiden University and director of the Leiden University Centre for the Arts in Society.
In 1923, the film director Victor Sjöström (né Sjöström), then Sweden’s most renowned filmmaker, was recruited to Hollywood by Goldwyn Pictures, where he made eight silent pictures and one talkie in seven years, among them a 1926 version of *The Scarlet Letter*. What elements of Swedish cinema did he bring with him to the States, and how were these techniques transformed by Hollywood? This is the first book-length study dedicated to the films of Sjöström (1879–1960) and how he functioned in the studio system of 1920s Hollywood. Bo Florin explores the ways the director applied his austere and naturalistic film style in a radically different context and discusses how his films were received in Hollywood.

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*Bo Florin* is associate professor of cinema studies at Stockholm University.

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Once at the margins of the art world, film now occupies a prominent place in museums and galleries. *Exhibiting Cinema in Contemporary Art* explores the emergence of cinema as a primary medium of artistic production, offering an in-depth inquiry into its genesis, defining features, and ramifications. Erika Balsom also tackles cinema studies’ great disciplinary obsession—namely, what cinema was, is, and will become in a digital future. Rich in theoretical reflections and critical analyses, *Exhibiting Cinema in Contemporary Art* offers insights into the whole history of cinema from the vantage point of today’s art.

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*Erika Balsom* is assistant professor of film studies at Carleton University in Ottawa.

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The essays in this collection consider the creation, perception, and projection of images, both mental and material, and their specific relationship with light and imagination. With contributions from scholars working at the interdisciplinary intersections of art, science, and the humanities, *Light Image Imagination* extends disciplinary boundaries in order to amplify and enrich the current thinking about mediated images. The unique layout of the book, which juxtaposes text and image essays, is intended to stimulate dialogue and associative connections.

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*Martha Blassnigg* is a research fellow at the School of Art and Media at Plymouth University in the UK.
Improvising Cinema
GILLES MOUËLLIC

This spirited volume explores the history and diversity of improvisation in the cinema, including works by Jean Renoir, Jean-Luc Godard, and Nobuhiro Suwa. Gilles Mouëllic examines improvisational practices that can be specifically attributed to the cinema and argues in favor of their powers as instigators of unprecedented forms of expression. Improvising Cinema reflects on both the permanence of attempting improvisation and the relationship between technology and aesthetics. Mouëllic concludes that preservation becomes even more invaluable in the case of improvisation, as the creative act exists only within the brief time span of the performance.

Gilles Mouëllic is professor of film studies and music at the University of Rennes 2 in France.

Writing India Anew
Indian English Fiction 2000–2010
Edited by KRISHNA SEN and RITU PARNA ROY

An assessment of twenty-first-century Indian English fiction, Writing India Anew features fifteen essays by some of the most prominent scholars in the field and explores a range of themes, including the remapping of mythology and history, the reassessment of globalized India, and technical experimentation in epic, science fiction, and the graphic novel. Ultimately, the contributors to this volume contend that the current body of work in Indian English fiction is so varied and vibrant that it can no longer be dismissed as derivative or dispossessed, or even as mere postcolonial “writing back” or compensatory national allegory.

Krishna Sen is professor in the Department of English at the University of Calcutta and a founding member of the University’s Women’s Studies Research Centre. Rituparna Roy is an independent scholar.

Verbal and Visual Rhetoric in a Media World
Edited by HILDE VAN BELLE et al.

This collection presents work that examines how tradition and renewal relate in contemporary rhetoric. Discussing new theoretical perspectives and proposing different rhetorical analyses of actual topics, the contributors focus specifically on the issue of new media discourse and visual rhetoric as it appears in pictures, graphics, cartoons, documentaries, and videos.

“This collection of papers makes a significant contribution to the field of rhetoric and the ways in which it needs to develop to help us understand the arguments of today.”—Leo Groarke, University of Windsor

Hilde van Belle is associate professor in the Faculty of Arts at KU Leuven’s Antwerp Campus and a board member of the Rhetoric Society of Europe.
European Coasts of Bohemia
Negotiating the Danube-Oder-Elbe Canal in a Troubled Twentieth Century
JIRÍ JANÁČ

The Danube-Oder-Elbe Canal promised to create an integrated waterway system across Europe, linking Black Sea ports to Atlantic markets and giving the landlocked Czech nation its own connections to the ocean. The fascinating history of this never-completed project, European Coasts of Bohemia tells the story of the experts who confronted and contributed to different and often conflicting geopolitical visions of Europe. Jiří Janáč shows how the canal backers adapted themselves to various political developments, such as the breakup of the Austro-Hungarian Empire and its integration into the Soviet Bloc, while still managing to keep the canal project alive.

JIRÍ JANÁČ works at the Institute of World History at Charles University, Prague.

Now in Paperback
Forces of Form
The Vrolik Museum
Edited by LAURENS DE ROOY

Established from the private collections of Gerardus Vrolik (1775–1859) and his son Willem (1801–63), the Vrolik Museum in Amsterdam contains five thousand specimens of human and animal anatomy, embryology, pathology, and congenital anomalies. Famous among scientists and medical men all over Europe since the nineteenth century, the museum—with artifacts ranging from curious stillbirths to human skeletons and all kinds of animals—helped establish Amsterdam’s great tradition of anatomical collecting. Forces of Form explores the museum’s rich history and displays 150 color illustrations of the museum’s most fascinating specimens.

Laurens de Rooy works in the Department of Anatomy and Embryology at the Amsterdam Medical Center and is a curator at the Vrolik Museum.

Spectacle and the City
Chinese Urbanities in Art and Popular Culture
Edited by JEROEN DE KLOET and LENA SCHEEN

As China becomes increasingly modern and urban, artists have responded by imagining the Chinese city at the intersections of the social, material, and political realities of modern life. This volume explores how the city-as-spectacle has been visualized and contested in art and popular culture. Featuring essays by an interdisciplinary team of scholars, Spectacle and the City is as broad as the terrain it covers. With essays by experts on Chinese cities, as well as leading cultural critics, it goes beyond mainland China to include cities with cultural significance, such as Singapore and Hong Kong.

Jeroen de Kloet is professor of globalization studies at the University of Amsterdam and director of the Amsterdam Centre for Globalization Studies. Lena Scheen is a postdoctoral fellow at the International Institute for Asian Studies and teaches at the University of Amsterdam.
From Symbolic Exile to Physical Exile
Turkey’s Imam Hatip Schools, the Emergence of a Conservative Counter-Elite, and Its Knowledge Migration to Europe
İSMAIL ÇAĞLAR

Turkey’s Imam Hatip schools, which offer a combination of Islamic and secular subjects, operate in a country ostensibly committed to secular education. This thoughtful study examines the routes of these schools’ graduates to various European universities. Against the backdrop of the largely secular Turkish academic establishment, the Imam Hatip students frequently choose Europe for their university education because they are excluded or banned from native universities. This important book contributes to the discussion of the role these schools play in the social mobility of religious conservatives in Turkey, as well as offering new research in the study of Turkish transnational religious movements.

İsmail Çağlar is a lecturer in the Department of Sociology at Fatih University in Istanbul.

Professionals under Pressure
The Reconfiguration of Professional Work in Changing Public Services
Edited by MIRKO NOORDEGRAAF and BRAM STEIJN

Over the past few decades, professional public services have been burdened with demands for accountability and with businesslike managerial systems that are endemic to the private sector. In this volume, a team of international experts shows that these influences are relative. They present theoretical and empirical insights on broader changes in and around professional work in health care, social welfare, education, and policing. They also analyze coping mechanisms of professionals, which vary from sector to sector, and they argue that public professionals will need to develop new skills for working in reconfigured public services.

Mirko Noordegraaf is professor of public management at Utrecht University. Bram Steijn is professor of public administration at Erasmus University Rotterdam.

Resources for our Future
Key Issues and Best Practices in Resource Efficiency
Edited by ROB WETERINGS et al.

Compiling years of research into the geopolitical, economic, and ecological dimensions of material scarcity and resource efficiency, Resources for our Future provides a concise analysis of international resource efficiency. Offering an inspiring account of industrial best practices, the editors have put together a broad range of case studies that focus on the chemical, textile, and food industries.

Rob Weterings is a sustainable innovation strategic advisor at TNO and program leader in the Strategy & Change program.
Applying Shari‘a in the West
Facts, Fears and the Future of Islamic Rules on Family Relations in the West
Edited by MAURITS S. BERGER

Shari‘a, the framework of Islamic rules and norms, governs many aspects of human behavior. The contributors to Applying Shari‘a in the West examine in depth how Muslims in the West shape their normative behavior on the basis of shari‘a and how Western societies and legal systems react thereto. With its explicit focus on social and family relations, these country and thematic studies provide a timely overview of the current state of shari‘a and outline aspects of possible future developments, studies, and policies.

Maurits S. Berger holds the Sultan of Oman Chair for Oriental Studies and is professor of Islam in the contemporary West at Leiden University. He is a senior research associate at the Clingendael Institute for International Relations in The Hague.

The Story of Barzu
As Told by Two Storytellers From Boysun, Uzbekistan
Edited and Translated by RAVSHAN RAHMONI and GABRIELLE VAN DEN BERG

In the village of Pasurxi, near Boysun in the Surxondaryo region of contemporary Uzbekistan, a vivid oral tradition exists on the basis of stories from the Persian Book of Kings, or Šāhnāmeh (Shahnameh) composed more than a thousand years ago by the poet Firdavsi (Ferdowsi). These stories deal with the hero, Barzu, who is presented in the stories from Boysun as the offspring of Suhrob, one of the most tragic heroes of the Šāhnāmeh, and the legendary champion Rustam, ruler of Sistan. The storytellers JurA Kamol and Mullo Ravšan composed two different versions of the story of Barzu in Tajik, and the volumes present them as transcribed and analyzed by Ravshan Rahmoni and translated by Gabrielle van den Berg.

Ravshan Rahmoni is professor of Tajik literature at the University of Dushanbe, Tajikistan. Gabrielle van den Berg is a lecturer in Persian at Leiden University.

Conflict and Development in Iranian Film
Edited by A. A. SEYED-GOH Rab and K. TALATTOF

The contributors to this timely volume explore the philosophical underpinnings and cinematic techniques characteristic of contemporary Iranian film. Collectively, they demonstrate how the pervasive themes of Iranian cinema—such as martyrdom and war, traditional gender roles and their recent subversion, as well as broader social policy issues—have been addressed and how various directors, including the acclaimed Abbas Kiarostami, have approached them using a variety of techniques. Capturing the unique poetic and mystical dimensions of Iranian cinema, these essays consider the effects of the Islamic Revolution on cinema’s ethical and aesthetic aspects.

A. A. Seyed-Gohrab is associate professor of Persian and Iranian Studies at Leiden University. K. Talattof, professor of Persian and Iranian studies at the University of Arizona, is cotranslator of Touba and the Meaning of Night, a controversial novel banned by the mullahs on publication.
Min-chin Chiang is assistant professor at the Taipei National University of the Arts, Taiwan.

Since the 1990s, Taiwan has experienced a “memory boom”—an acute interest in the country’s past—which has led to an increasing number of museum and heritage sites. Remains of the Japanese colonial reign are part of this shared history, and their preservation plays a fundamental part in the new identity and cultural narratives of Taiwan at the end of the twentieth and beginning of the twenty-first century. Delving into the colonial power structure arena, Memory Contested, Locality Transformed presents the extreme complexity of sharing the Japanese colonial past in postcolonial Taiwanese society.

Min-Chin Chiang

A Crusader, Ottoman, and Early Modern Aegean Archaeology

Built Environment and Domestic Material Culture in the Medieval and Post-Medieval Cyclades, Greece (13th–20th Centuries AD)

Athanasios K. Vionis

What did everyday domestic life in towns and villages in the Cyclades in medieval and postmedieval Greece look like? Using primary archaeological data gathered by the Cyclades Research Project, the author identifies, among other things, settlement layouts, which included fortified settlements and undefended nucleated villages; domestic buildings, such as housing of urban character, peasant housing, and farmsteads; ceramics, specifically locally produced and imported glazed tableware; built structures and mobile fittings; and clothing.

Athanasios K. Vionis is a lecturer in Byzantine art and archaeology at the University of Cyprus. He has been involved with survey and excavation projects in Greece, Cyprus, and Turkey.

Magna Commoditas—Leiden University’s ‘Great Asset’

425 Years Library Collections and Services

Christiane Berkvens-Stevelinck

The origins of the Leiden University Library date to 1575, when William of Orange donated the first book to its collection. Since opening its first reading room in 1587, the library has been a great asset to the university community, and since the Enlightenment it has helped direct the development and dissemination of knowledge. Now, as the library enters the digital age, Christiane Berkvens-Stevelinck brings to life the interactions between generations of librarians and thousands of library visitors over the centuries, from readers of chained books to current users of web services.

Christiane Berkvens-Stevelinck is professor of European culture at Radboud University Nijmegen in the Netherlands.
The Institutionalisation of Political Parties in Post-authoritarian Indonesia

From the Grass-roots Up

ULLA FIONNA

Indonesia’s democratic political parties developed rapidly after the end of the New Order era (1966–98). Based on extensive fieldwork, this book provides a new and necessary perspective on the activities, administration, and membership of the local branches of four large parties. The author also addresses why some political parties in Indonesia have managed to strengthen their institutional base while others have failed to do the same. A significant contribution to understanding grassroots party organization in Indonesia, this timely volume provides insight into the state of parties in advance of the 2014 elections.

Ulla Fionna is a visiting research fellow at the Institute of Southeast Asian Studies in Singapore and honorary associate at the Department of Indonesian Studies of the University of Sydney, Australia.

The Making of the Asia Pacific

Knowledge Brokers and the Politics of Representation

SEE SENG TAN

Critically surveying the power of narratives in shaping the discourse on the post–Cold War Asia Pacific, See Seng Tan examines the purposes, practices, power relations, and protagonists behind policy networks such as the Council for Security Cooperation in the Asia Pacific and the Pacific Economic Co-operation Council. The author argues that the policy and academic discourses regarding the Asia Pacific and its sub-regions authorize and provoke certain understandings while preventing counter-narratives from emerging.

See Seng Tan is associate professor and deputy director of the Institute of Defense and Strategic Studies at the Nanyang Technological University in Singapore.

Physical Safety

A Matter of Balancing Responsibilities

THE SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL FOR GOVERNMENT POLICY (WRR)

Ensuring the population’s physical safety is one of the core tasks of any government. In general, a government is held accountable for safe handling of hazardous substances, food safety, flood protection, and controlling and preventing infectious diseases, as well as managing risks engendered by new technologies. In 2011, the Dutch Ministry of the Interior asked the Scientific Council for Government Policy to investigate the development of a generic risk policy in relation to physical safety. This work contains the Council’s survey and recommendations for good governance in the area of general public safety.

The Scientific Council for Government Policy (WRR) is an independent think tank advising the Dutch government.
The E-Primer
An Introduction to Creating Psychological Experiments in E-Prime
MICHIEL SAPPÉ, RINUS VERDONSCHOT, SASKIA VAN DANTZIG, and HENK VAN STEENBERGEN

This timely volume provides a much needed, down-to-earth introduction to the wide range of experiments that can be set up using E-Prime, a software package of Psychology Software Tools used around the world to design and run custom psychology experiments. Guiding the reader through the software step-by-step, from an elementary to an advanced level, this guide explores the enormous possibilities of E-Prime for experimental design. Apart from explaining the basic structure of the software suite and describing how it suits daily scientific practice, this book also introduces programming via E-Prime’s own language: E-Basic.

Michiel Sappé is a postdoctoral research fellow at the Helsinki Institute for Information Technology. Rinus Verdonschot works at Nagoya University in Japan. Saskia van Dantzig is a research scientist at Philips Research. Henk van Steenbergen is assistant professor at Leiden University.

New Players, New Game?
The Impact of Emerging Economies on Global Governance
Edited by SIJBREN DE JONG, REM KORTEWEG, JOSHUA POLCHAR, and ARTUR USANOV

How have emerging economies, such as Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa, as well as Indonesia, Turkey, and South Korea—known as “BRICS+”—affected the international power balance? And to what extent are these countries cooperating strategically on economic, diplomatic, and security matters? The editors of New Player, New Game? consider the potential for the BRICS+ to fuel the emergence of a bipolar world of “the West against the Rest,” thus potentially leading to an increased cost of doing business, reduced chances of promoting human rights, increased diplomatic and military tensions, and a decrease in economic globalization.

Sijbren de Jong, Joshua Polchar, and Artur Usanov are strategic analysts at The Hague Center for Strategic Studies. Rem Korteweg is a senior research fellow at the Centre for European Reform in London.

Settling in a Changing World
Villa Development in the Northern Provinces of the Roman Empire
DIEDERICK HABERMELH

Offering a broad analysis of the complex developments in rural habitation of the northern provinces of the Roman Empire, Settling in a Changing World reconstructs the colonial villa from social and economic perspectives to create a broad geographical and chronological framework that sheds light on both local and regional patterns. Considering data from the Netherlands, Belgium, Germany, and France, Diederick Habermehl analyzes, visualizes, and reconstructs the developments in settlement space and architecture. Applying theoretical concepts from both archaeology and cultural studies, this groundbreaking book ultimately offers a new perspective on the Roman villa as an architectural and cultural phenomenon.

Diederick Habermehl is an archaeologist at VU University Amsterdam.
Gathering essays from prominent scholars of medieval insular manuscripts, *Writing in Context* explores various aspects of written culture, with an emphasis on physical appearance, including the development of insular scripts, book culture in Mercia, the layout of Anglo-Saxon charters, and the transition from Anglo-Saxon to Norman-inspired script and book production. Ultimately, the book highlights, in different ways, the relationship between the paleographical and codicological features of manuscripts and the culture in which the objects were produced and used.

**Erik Kwakkel** is a paleographer at Leiden University, where he directs the project Turning Over a New Leaf: Manuscript Innovation in the Twelfth-Century Renaissance, funded by the Netherlands Organization for Scientific Research.

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**Laminar Technology and the Onset of the Upper Paleolithic in the Altai, Siberia**

**NICOLAS ZWYNS**

The Siberian Altai region is home to a number of recently excavated Middle and Upper Paleolithic stratified sites. The data yielded from these sites provide key evidence illustrating changes in material culture corresponding to the transition from the Middle to the Upper Paleolithic. A detailed examination of the early development of Upper Paleolithic technical traditions in the Altai, this book presents a chronocultural model that combines archaeological, environmental, genetic, and paleontological data and represents a major contribution to our understanding of population growth during the Late Pleistocene in Asia.

**Nicolas Zwyns** is affiliated with the Department of Human Evolution of the Max Planck Institute for Evolutionary Anthropology.

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**Digging Holes Abroad**

**An Ethnography of Dutch Archaeological Research Projects Abroad**

**SJOERD VAN DER LINDE**

This thoroughly researched study discusses two archaeological undertakings—the Deir Alla Joint Archaeological Project in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and the Santa Barbara Project in Curacao. The author offers a critical reflection on the role and responsibility of archaeologists in relation to the values and demands of other actors in society. *Digging Holes Abroad* contributes to critical debates in archaeology that call for a self-reflexive, ethnographic archaeology that actively engages with community concerns.

**Sjoerd van der Linde** is affiliated with the Faculty of Archaeology of Leiden University.
Il Marmo Spirante
Sculpture and Experience in Seventeenth-Century Rome
JORIS VAN GASTEL

The sculptors of the Roman Baroque, including masters such as Gian Lorenzo Bernini, Alessandro Algardi, and Giuliano Finelli, managed to achieve unprecedented vivaciousness in their works. Yet the apparent life of these sculptures is persistently obscured by their materiality. Soft, undulating flesh and fluttering draperies are captured in hard and lifeless marble. Taking the manner in which the beholder’s engagement with sculpture plays out in contemporaneous poetry and other sources as a point of departure, this study explores the various ways viewers at the time dealt with sculpture’s double character, introducing ideas from modern psychology along the way.

Joris van Gastel is a research fellow at the University of Warwick.

The Animated Image
Roman Theory on Naturalism, Vividness and Divine Power
STIJN BUSSELS

The Animated Image develops a new theoretical concept for understanding the Roman art of images. The prevalent conviction at the time was that the painter, writer, orator, and dancer created images that represented living beings. However, the viewers or listeners sometimes believed they were not observing a representation but something that contained aspects of life or spirit. This book touches upon ontological and epistemological problems of this representational tension.

Stijn Bussels is assistant professor at the Leiden University Institute for the Arts in Society.

The Universal Art of Samuel van Hoogstraten (1627–1678)
Painter, Writer, and Courtier
Edited by THIJS WESTSTEIJN

Samuel van Hoogstraten was not only one of Rembrandt’s most successful pupils but also a versatile painter in his own right. His experiments in optical illusion also attracted the interest of the natural scientists of his time, and he wrote some of the first Dutch novels, plays, and a treatise on painting. This rich interdisciplinary study examines how Van Hoogstraten understood the relationship between art, literature, and science and how these reflected the general views of his time. Bringing to the fore hitherto unknown works, the book is an important contribution to our understanding of Van Hoogstraten’s life and art.

Thijs Weststeijn is associate professor in cultural heritage studies at the University of Amsterdam.
Although rarely explored in academic literature, most inhabitants’ and visitors’ interaction with urban landscapes takes place at the street level. Storefronts, first-floor apartments, and sidewalks are the most immediate and common experience of a city. These “plinths” are the ground floors that negotiate between the inside and outside, the public and private spheres. *The City at Eye Level* qualitatively evaluates plinths by exploring specific examples from all over the world. Over twenty-five experts investigate the design, land use, and road and foot traffic in rigorously researched essays, case studies, and interviews. These pieces are supplemented by over two hundred beautiful color images and engage not only with issues in design, but also the concerns of urban communities. The editors have put together a comprehensive guide for anyone concerned with improving or building plinths, including planners, building owners, property and shop managers, designers, and architects.

*Meredith Glaser* works at Stipo Rotterdam, where she leads the company’s international projects with a focus on urban development after crises. *Mattijs van ’t Hoff* is an urbanist working in the Department of Planning and Development of the municipality of Rotterdam. *Hans Karssenberg* is a founding partner of Stipo Rotterdam and a board member of the international network Inspiring Cities. *Jeroen Laven* is an urban planner and a board member of Inspiring Cities. *Jan van Teeffelen* is a former senior urbanist in the Department of Urban Planning in the municipality of Rotterdam.

The adjustment from living on one’s own to moving into an assisted living facility is never easy for a senior. But as Hans Marcel Becker reveals in this important new study, a single additional amenity at a senior home—in this case a restaurant—can drastically improve life for its inhabitants. A restaurant can nurture a senior citizen’s appetite, mind, heart, and soul by creating a space where seniors feel comfortable in their community and among their friends, family, and caregivers. Becker advocates “humanistic care” that starts with the supposition that sharing memories is one of the vital ingredients for a happy and fulfilled old age. The senior citizens’ restaurant provides not only a forum to discuss the past, but means to stimulate memory. Complete with over 250 color photographs, *A Taste of Good Living* is both a practical guide for care professionals, teachers, volunteers, and family members who are interested in establishing a seniors’ restaurant and a convincing case for the importance of such social centers.

*Hans Marcel Becker* is the chairman of the board of the Humanistic Foundation Rotterdam and professor of humanizing care at Utrecht University.
In 1730, noted painter and miniaturist Claude Aubriet created ninety-seven color plates that depicted a wide-range of mushrooms. Because of their high quality, the paintings were used by numerous scientists from the period, including Carl Linnaeus. In this book, Xavier Carteret and Aline Hamonou-Mahieu reproduce Aubriet’s stunning images, describing the rarity of color illustrations of mushrooms before the end of the eighteenth century. They reveal that these drawings reflected the period’s lack of understanding of fungi, when the structure, reproduction, and general existence of mushrooms remained a mystery. A welcome volume for mycologists and for fans of Aubriet, this book underlines the decisive role scientific illustration has played throughout history.

Xavier Carteret has a PhD in history and philosophy of sciences from the École des hautes études en sciences sociales in Paris. Aline Hamonou-Mahieu has a PhD in modern art history and is the author of numerous articles on the history of art and natural sciences.

The Drawings of Mushrooms by Claude Aubriet
XAVIER CARTERET and ALINE HAMONOU-MAHIEU

In 1730, noted painter and miniaturist Claude Aubriet created ninety-seven color plates that depicted a wide-range of mushrooms. Because of their high quality, the paintings were used by numerous scientists from the period, including Carl Linnaeus. In this book, Xavier Carteret and Aline Hamonou-Mahieu reproduce Aubriet’s stunning images, describing the rarity of color illustrations of mushrooms before the end of the eighteenth century. They reveal that these drawings reflected the period’s lack of understanding of fungi, when the structure, reproduction, and general existence of mushrooms remained a mystery. A welcome volume for mycologists and for fans of Aubriet, this book underlines the decisive role scientific illustration has played throughout history.

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Cuvier’s History of the Natural Sciences
Twenty-four Lessons from Antiquity to the Renaissance
Edited by THEODORE W. PIETSCH
With a Foreword by Philippe Taquet

Available for the first time in English, Georges Cuvier’s extraordinary History of the Natural Sciences provides a detailed chronological survey of the natural sciences spanning more than three millennia. Cuvier was gifted with encyclopedic knowledge, an incomparable memory, and fluency in many languages, making him the ideal person to investigate and interpret firsthand the scientific literature of Europe. Supplying a set of useful references to a vast ancient literature not easily found elsewhere, this first of five volumes offers new insight into the renowned French naturalist’s concept of the natural sciences and the breadth of this human endeavor.

Theodore W. Pietsch is the Dorothy T. Gilbert Professor in the School of Aquatic and Fishery Sciences and Curator of Fishes at the Burke Museum of Natural History and Culture at the University of Washington in Seattle. He is the author of many books, including The Curious Death of Peter Artedi: A Mystery in the History of Science.

The Natural History of Santo
Edited by PHILIPPE BOUCHET, HERVÉ LE GUYADER, and OLIVIER PASCAL

Santo, the largest island in the South Pacific nation of Vanuatu, is an extraordinary geographical and cultural microcosm, combining reefs, caves, mountains, and satellite isles—with human history that dates back 3,000 years. Collecting contributions from more than one hundred authors, The Natural History of Santo is the result of a 2006 Santo expedition, which brought together scientists, volunteers, and students from twenty-five countries. This lavishly illustrated book pays homage to the biodiversity of this “planet-island” and bridges the gaps between scientific knowledge, conservation, and education.

Philippe Bouchet is professor at the French National Museum of Natural History in Paris. Hervé Le Guyader is professor of evolutionary biology at the Université Pierre et Marie Curie and director of the Laboratory for Systematics, Adaptation, and Evolution in Paris. Olivier Pascal is head of biodiversity for Pro-Natura International.
This book offers a wealth of information about oarfish and their remarkable biology. Quelling debates about the number of species in existence, Tyson R. Roberts demonstrates that there are at least two and presents new information on the oarfish’s distribution, food habits, predators, behavior, reproduction, and early life. He also puts forward several fascinating hypotheses about the fish, including one theorizing that the distinctive scar on the body of nearly all large oarfish is the result of self-amputation. This book features over seventy paintings and engravings of these charismatic creatures.

**Systematics, Biology, and Distribution of the Species of the Oceanic Oarfish Genus *Regalecus* (Teleostei, Lampridiformes, Regalecidae)**

**TYSON R. ROBERTS**

Numbering nearly ten thousand species, Foraminifera constitute the most diverse group of shelled microorganisms in the ocean. They are also one of the most valuable tools for environmental assessment and monitoring programs. This guide provides a description of the environmental conditions around New Caledonia, an accessible introduction to Foraminifera, and a summary of the research that has been carried out from the island nation. It also describes more than one thousand species of Foraminifera, pairing each entry with SEM micrographs and notes on distribution. Organized into groups to make it easy to identify each species, this book will be a practical reference.

**A Guide to 1,000 Foraminifera from Southwestern Pacific, New Caledonia**

**JEAN-PIERRE DEBENAY**

**Tropical Deep-Sea Benthos 27**

**Edited by SHANE T. AHYONG, TIN-YAM CHAN, LAURE CORBARI, and PETER K. L. NG**

Tropical Deep-Sea Benthos is a series dedicated to the inventory of the world’s deep-sea fauna, especially those found in the little-explored Indo-West Pacific. Growing out of the French National Museum of Natural History and Institut de Recherche pour le Développement’s recent expeditions off Mozambique, Madagascar, and Papua New Guinea, this volume provides descriptions of more than two hundred species—including twenty-seven new species of crabs, shrimp, lobsters, and more.

**Shane T. Ahyong** is a senior research scientist at the Australian Museum in Sydney. **Tin-Yam Chan** is professor and director of the Institute of Marine Biology at the National Taiwan Ocean University. **Laure Corbari** is a research scientist at the French National Museum of Natural History. **Peter K. L. Ng** is professor in the Department of Biological Science at the National University of Singapore.
**Around the Globe**

Rethinking Oral History with Its Protagonists

*Edited by MIROSLAV VANĚK*

In this unusual and important new work, Miroslav Vaněk interviews twelve experts on oral history to discuss the medium’s current status within the social sciences in light of recent technological breakthroughs. *Around the Globe* addresses many of the challenges of oral history, from its inherent subjectivity to whether it should be treated as a discipline or simply a method for research. The interviewees also include their own accounts of how they began to study oral history, giving each section of the book a personal element that makes it a unique handbook for anyone using oral history in their research.

*Miroslav Vaněk* teaches at Charles University, Prague, and is head of the Oral History Center at the Institute of Contemporary History, Czech Academy of Sciences. From 2010 to 2012, he was president of the International Oral History Association.

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**The Birth of the State**

Ancient Egypt, Mesopotamia, India and China

*PETR CHARVÁT*

*The Birth of the State* provides an overview of four of the most significant cultural centers in the ancient world, now in Egypt, the Persian Gulf region, India, and China. Petr Charvát approaches his subjects from a variety of perspectives and offers information on the economy, society, political climate, and religion within each of the empires. Using the most up-to-date research and theories available, Charvát not only delves into each of these nation states individually, but also synthesizes the material to reveal overarching themes in the birth and decline of civilizations.

*Petr Charvát* teaches at Charles University, Prague, and the University of West Bohemia in Pilsen.

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**Thinking about Ordinary Things**

A Short Invitation to Philosophy

*JAN SOKOL*

In this compact yet informative book, former dissident, occasional politician, software developer, and noted Czech philosopher Jan Sokol offers a way to teach young radical students about philosophy. Drawing on his own experiences, Sokol explains that one does not start teaching by talking about philosophers and theories specifically, but by aiming to excite students and from there leading them to think philosophically about the important questions that have faced humans for centuries. Divided into thirty short chapters, *Thinking about Ordinary Things* is a unique perspective on the teaching of philosophy.

*Jan Sokol* teaches courses in phenomenology, philosophic anthropology, religious science, and anthropology of law at Charles University, Prague.
Greek Gods in the East
Hellenistic Iconographic Schemes in Central Asia
LADISLAV STANČO

In *Greek Gods in the East*, Ladislav Stančo explores the exportation of religious imagery and themes from the Hellenistic Mediterranean to Gandhara, in present-day Pakistan and Afghanistan, and Bactria, now Uzbekistan. As Stančo shows clearly and effectively, while Eastern cultures borrowed heavily from the iconography of Greek mythology, they also adapted and amended images and stories to reflect their own tastes and ideas over the centuries. This volume includes nearly four hundred images and presents an important comparative study for art historians and scholars of ancient history.

Ladislav Stančo is a member of the Institute for Classical Archaeology, Charles University, Prague.

Contemporary Funeral Rituals of Sa’dan Toraja
From Aluk Todolo to “New” Religions
MICHAELA BUDIMAN

The Sa’dan Toraja are an ethnic group who live primarily on the Indonesian island of Sulawesi. This rigorous academic study by Michaela Budiman examines the deep cultural shifts among the Toraja during the last century through the lens of their most important ritual—funerals. This book specifically addresses the conversion of the Toraja from their indigenous religion, Aluk Todolo, to Christianity and how this shift is reflected in their contemporary funeral practices and understanding of both death and grief.

Michaela Budiman teaches Indonesian Studies at the Faculty of Arts, Charles University, Prague.
**Singing Simpkin and Other Bawdy Jigs**  
Musical Comedy on the Shakespearean Stage:  
Scripts, Music and Context  
**ROGER CLEGG and LUCIE SKEAPING**

A popular crowd pleaser from the late sixteenth to the mid-seventeenth century, the dramatic jig was a short, comic, bawdy musical-drama that included elements of dance, slapstick, and disguise. For the first time in four hundred years, the lyrics and musical notation for nine jigs from this period are presented, as well as an appendix for dance instruction. With *Singing Simpkin and Other Bawdy Jigs*, the authors provide a comprehensive account of a genre that was highly popular in its day and demonstrate the influence of jigs on other forms of theater in Shakespearean England.

**Marking Time**  
Performance, Archaeology and the City  
**MIKE PEARSON**

In *Marking Time*, Mike Pearson investigates alternative theater making in Cardiff from the 1960s through the present. Using “theater archaeology,” or recreating theater experiences through interviews with those present at specific performances, revisiting the site of the theater production, and looking at other first-person documentation, Pearson offers his readers a unique approach to theater history. An unusual blend of oral history, academic rigor, and creative writing, *Marking Time* reveals a city and its working artists in a new and fascinating light.

**Charles Urban**  
Pioneering the Non-Fiction Film in Britain and America, 1897–1925  
**LUKE MCKERNAN**

*Charles Urban* examines the career and legacy of the eponymous Anglo-American film producer. Urban is a well-known and crucial figure in early film history for his development of Kinemacolor, the world’s first successful natural color moving picture system. But Urban’s influence was even more far-reaching, according to Luke McKernan. As McKernan reveals, Urban’s deep belief in film as an educational tool led him to become an innovator of wartime propaganda. Drawing on material found in Urban’s own papers and a deep knowledge of early film, Luke McKernan has put together an accessible, exciting, and informative biography.

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Mike Pearson is professor of performance studies and a Leverhulme Research Fellow in the Department of Theatre, Film and Television Studies at Aberystwyth University, Wales.

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Exeter Studies in Film History

University of Exeter Press 317
The latest volume in this acclaimed series furthers the mission of investigating and elucidating the nature of Cornish identity, as well as discussing its implications for society and governance in contemporary Cornwall.

“For the past twenty years, Cornish Studies has stood at the very heart of the ongoing scholarly conversation over what it means—and what is has meant—to be Cornish. Interdisciplinary and internationalist in its approach, the series adopts a wide variety of perspectives in order to set the people of Cornwall—and the wider Cornish diaspora—in a truly global context.”—Mark Stoyle, University of Southampton

Philip Payton is professor of Cornish and Australian studies at the University of Exeter and director of the Institute of Cornish Studies at the university’s Cornwall campus.

Timor-Leste is situated at the heart of the Coral Triangle and is home to some of the earth’s most significant marine biodiversity. This report describes the results of an expedition to assess Timor-Leste’s marine biodiversity, conservation status, and the resilience of hard corals and coral reef fishes of twenty-two sites along the north coast and in the Nino Konis Santana National Park. The editors have included maps, color images, and concrete recommendations for future conservation efforts in the region.

Mark V. Erdmann is senior advisor for the Indonesia Marine Program for Conservation International. Candice Mohan is country director for Conservation International in Timor-Leste.

This report contains the findings from a rapid marine biological assessment of Bird’s Head Seascape in western Indonesia. The scientists researching the area offer detailed accounts of reef communities, as well as information on the flora and fauna in the region, including several species new to science. The editors have assembled conservation recommendations based on the results.

Emre Turak is a coral reef expert with Conservation International. Laure Katz is senior manager of the Seascapes Program for Conservation International.
This report contains the findings from a rapid biological assessment of the Grensgerbergte and Kasikasima mountains of southeastern Suriname. Suriname is one of the last places on Earth where an opportunity still exists to conserve huge tracts of pristine, diverse tropical forests. This volume is part of a series of surveys in Suriname designed to support the protection of biodiversity and freshwater and other ecosystem services through collection of baseline biological and socioeconomic data. The researchers in southeastern Suriname investigated plants, mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fishes, insects, and water quality. Over one hundred new species were discovered, including fish, beetles, and katydids.

This report contains the findings from a rapid marine biological assessment of the Anambas Islands in western Indonesia conducted in May 2012. The scientists researching the area offer detailed accounts of reef communities, as well as information on the flora and fauna in the region, including several species new to science. The editors have assembled conservation recommendations based on the results.
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